AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Financial Section	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-6
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Governmental Funds	10
Notes to the Financial Statements	11-13
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule	15
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	16
Other Report	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government</i>	
Auditing Standards	17-18

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Directors Upper Valley Waste Management Agency Napa, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Upper Valley Waste Management Agency (Agency), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Agency's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Upper Valley Waste Management Agency, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

1

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Directors Upper Valley Waste Management Agency

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 10, 2014, on our consideration of the Upper Valley Waste Management Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Upper Valley Waste Management Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Roseville, California October 10, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

On September 29, 1992, the Upper Valley Waste Management Agency (Agency) was formed by the County of Napa, the City of St. Helena, the City of Calistoga and the Town of Yountville (hereinafter referred to collectively as "Members") as a joint powers entity to provide economical coordination of regional waste management services to the Members, including but not limited to uniform rate review and rate recommendations, acting as the regional agency for purposes of implementing the provisions of the California Integrated Waste Management Act, and the rate setting franchisor for solid waste handling services within the Agency's service area. The Agency is a public entity legally separate and apart from any of the Members.

As management of the Agency, we offer readers of our financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the Agency's Financial Statements, which follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Agency's basic financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet, and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance provide information about the activities of the Agency. The financial statements also include various footnote disclosures, which further describe the Agency's activities.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Agency's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position and governmental fund balance sheet presents information on all of the Agency's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*.

The statement of activities and governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance presents information showing how the Agency's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Agency, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements report essentially the same functions as those reported in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and government wide statements.

The Agency adopts an annual appropriated budget for its fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

RSI is presented concerning the Agency's General Fund budgetary schedule. The Agency adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This Agency presents its financial statements under the new reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) – for State and Local Governments. The Agency has provided comparative data for the years ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013.

Condensed Statement of Net Position As of June 30,

2014		2013		V	ariance
\$	87,028	\$	100,583	\$	(13,555)
	87,028		100,583		(13,555)
	3,847		12,674		8,827
	3,847		12,674		8,827
	83,181		87,909		(4,728)
\$	83,181	\$	87,909	\$	(4,728)
	\$	\$ 87,028 87,028 3,847 3,847 83,181	\$ 87,028 \$ 87,028 \$ 3,847 \$ 3,847 \$ 83,181 \$	\$ 87,028 \$ 100,583 87,028 100,583 100,583 3,847 12,674 3,847 12,674 83,181 87,909	\$ 87,028 \$ 100,583 \$ 87,028 100,583 100,583 \$ 3,847 12,674

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Agency, assets exceed liabilities by \$83,181 as of June 30, 2014. The most significant portion of the Agency's net position is cash surplus from a surcharge on the tipping fee at Clover Flat Landfill (CFL), the disposal franchisee. This fee was initially set in 1992 by the County of Napa, on the Agency's behalf, at \$1.75 per ton on waste disposed. When the Agency became the franchisor in 1995, they continued the surcharge at that rate. Effective January 1, 2004, the surcharge was raised to \$3.75 per ton on material received at the landfill. Effective July 1, 2012, the surcharge was raised to \$4.75.

Cash and investments are maintained in the County's cash and investment pool where interest earned on the Agency's balance is apportioned to the Agency.

Changes in Net Position

The Agency's net position decreased overall by approximately \$4,728 during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. The government-wide financial statement analysis presented represents an analysis of the Agency's governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Condensed Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

	2014	2013	Variance
Revenues:			
Charges for services	150,142	156,882	(6,740)
Intergovernmental	25,000	25,000	
Interest	424	236	188
Total Revenues	175,566	182,118	(6,552)
Expenses:			
Administrative charges	46,928	61,159	14,231
Advertising	5,702	9,542	3,840
Insurance	7,615	6,668	(947)
Printing and binding	1,556	2,813	1,257
Publication and legal notices	2,025		(2,025)
Communication	326	294	(32)
Postage		24	24
Accounting and auditing services	15,719	14,193	(1,526)
Small tools		215	215
Legal services	3,081	4,042	961
Consulting Charges	8,898		(8,898)
Recycling program costs	32,398	16,585	(15,813)
Household hazardous waste disposal	56,026	55,079	(947)
Business travel	20	343	323
Total Expenses	180,294	170,957	(9,337)
Change in Net Position	(4,728)	11,161	(15,889)
Net Position - Beginning of Fiscal Year	87,909	76,748	11,161
Net Position - End of Fiscal Year	\$ 83,181	\$ 87,909	\$ (4,728)

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used by the Agency to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the Agency reported an ending fund balance of \$83,181, a decrease of \$4,728 from the prior year. This decrease in fund balance was caused primarily by a one time purchase of a security camera system.

In October 2000, the Agency Board set a goal to achieve minimum fund balance at \$35,000. This goal has been met and the Agency intends to control costs as needed to maintain this fund balance.

Total revenues decreased from \$182,118 to \$175,566 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. This decrease was primarily due to slightly lower landfill volumes, resulting in lower landfill surcharges.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Total expenditures increased from \$170,957 to \$180,294 from the prior fiscal year. This small increase was due to the purchase of security cameras to monitor illegal dumping activities.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Total revenues were under final budget by \$11,849, and total expenditures were under budget by \$12,121. The revenue variance is the result of slightly lower landfill volumes than expected, resulting in lower landfill surcharges. The expenditure variance is due to careful management of overall expenses as compared to available revenue.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Agency is committed to maintaining the minimum reserve and controlling discretionary expenditures while providing services that benefit the ratepayers. The Agency is committed to reduce the amount of waste currently being land-filled and instead keep valuable materials and resources within the economic cycle.

The following economic factors were considered in preparing the Agency's financial plan for fiscal year 2014-2015:

- Continued revenue (at the same level as 2013-2014) from the landfill surcharge;
- Continued annual receipt of Department of Conservation (DOC) funds.
- Plan to conduct two household hazardous waste collection events, funded by the \$1.00 per ton increase in the landfill surcharge authorized by the Board.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the Agency did not have any long-term obligations outstanding.

CAPITAL ASSETS

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the Agency did not have any capital assets.

CONTACTING THE AGENCY

This audit report is designed to provide a general overview of the Upper Valley Waste Management Agency finances for all those interested. The County of Napa provides certain management and administrative functions, including all financial management and accounting. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Upper Valley Waste Management Agency, 1195 Third Street, Suite 101, Napa California, 94559.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

ASSETS Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 74,920 12,108
Total Assets	87,028
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	3,847
Total Liabilities	3,847
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	83,181
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 83,181</u>

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

EXPENSES

Administration Advertising Insurance Printing and binding Publication and legal notices Communication Accounting and auditing services Legal services Consulting charges Recycling program costs Household hazardous waste disposal Business travel	\$ 46,928 5,702 7,615 1,556 2,025 326 15,719 3,081 8,898 32,398 56,026 20
Net Program Expense	180,294
PROGRAM REVENUES	
Charges for services Intergovernmental	150,142 25,000
Total Program Revenues	175,142
Net Program Revenue (Expense)	(5,152)
GENERAL REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	424
Change in Net Position	(4,728)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	87,909
Net Position - End of Year	<u>\$ 83,181</u>

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

ASSETS

Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 74,920 12,108
Total Assets	\$ 87,028
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 3,847
Total Liabilities	 3,847
FUND BALANCE	
Unassigned	 83,181
Total Fund Balance	 83,181
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 87,028

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

REVENUES

Charges for services Interest Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$ 150,142 424 25,000 175,566
EXPENDITURES	
Administration Advertising Insurance Printing and binding Publications and legal notices Communication Accounting and auditing services Legal services Consulting charges Recycling program costs Household hazardous waste disposal Business travel Total Expenditures	 46,928 5,702 7,615 1,556 2,025 326 15,719 3,081 8,898 32,398 56,026 20 180,294
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,728)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 87,909
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 83,181

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Upper Valley Waste Management Agency (Agency) was established September 29, 1992, to provide economical coordination of regional waste management services. The Agency consists of four members; the County of Napa (County), the Cities of Calistoga and St. Helena, and the Town of Yountville. Each member appoints a representative(s) to the governing board of the Agency. The County appoints two representatives and each city and town appoints one representative.

The Agency includes all activities (operations of its administrative staff and Agency officers) considered to be a part of the Agency. The Agency reviewed the criteria developed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its issuance of Statement No. 14, relating to the financial reporting entity to determine whether the Agency is financially accountable for other entities. The Agency has determined that no other outside entity meets the above criteria, and therefore, no other entity has been included as a component unit in the financial statements. In addition, the Agency is not aware of any entity that would be financially accountable for the Agency being considered a component unit of that entity.

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting

Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (Agency). These statements include the financial activities of the overall Agency.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, restricted resources are used for non-restricted purposes only after the unrestricted resources are depleted.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources method and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This method recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Agency considers revenues available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Significant revenues that have been treated as "susceptible" to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting include taxes, charges, interest and intergovernmental revenues. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the Agency gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) value in exchange, include sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from sales taxes are recognized when the underlying transactions take place and have met the availability criteria. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2014

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basis of Presentation and Accounting (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The Agency reports the following major governmental fund:

• The General Fund is the Agency's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

C. Accounts Receivable

The Agency believes its accounts receivable to be fully collectible and, accordingly, no allowance is necessary.

D. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash at June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

Cash in County Treasury \$ 74,920

The Agency maintains all of its cash and investments with the Napa County Treasurer in an investment pool. On a quarterly basis the Treasurer allocates interest to participants based upon their average daily balances. Required disclosure information regarding categorization of investments and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in the County's financial statements. Napa County's financial statements may be obtained by contacting the Napa County Auditor-Controller's Office at 1195 Third Street, Room B-10, Napa, California 94559. The Napa County Treasury Oversight Committee oversees the Treasurer's investments and policies.

Required disclosures for the Agency's deposit and investment risks at June 30, 2014, were as follows:

Credit risk	Not rated
Custodial risk	Not applicable
Concentration of credit risk	Not applicable
Interest rate risk	Not available

Investments held in the County's investment pool are available on demand and are stated at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. The Agency follows the County's deposit and investment policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2014

NOTE 3: NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Net Position

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operating and non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three components: investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The Agency has unrestricted funds only. Debt related to unspent proceeds or other restricted cash and investments is excluded from the determination. Unrestricted net position consist of all other net position not included in the above categories.

Fund Balance

Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Agency is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance amount constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Agency itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Agency takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the Agency intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the Agency's board or by an official or body to which the Agency's board delegates the
 authority.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

NOTE 4: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the Agency paid Napa County, a related party, \$12,369 for accounting and audit services, \$3,081 for legal services, and \$46,928 for administration and Local Enforcement Agency services.

NOTE 5: **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. Insurance to cover risk of loss for the Agency is secured through commercial carriers.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Charges for Services	162,215	162,215	150,142	(12,073)
Intergovernmental	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Interest	200	200	424	224
Total Revenues	187,415	187,415	175,566	(11,849)
EXPENDITURES				
Administration services	70,000	70,000	46,928	23,072
Advertising	10,000	10,000	5,702	4,298
Insurance	7,615	7,615	7,615	-
Printing and binding	2,000	2,000	1,556	444
Publications and legal notices	1,000	1,000	2,025	(1,025)
Communication	300	300	326	(26)
Postage	100	100		100
Accounting and auditing services	15,000	15,000	15,719	(719)
Small tools	300	300		300
Legal services	7,500	7,500	3,081	4,419
Consulting charges			8,898	(8,898)
Recycling program costs	22,600	22,600	32,398	(9,798)
Hazardous waste disposal services	50,000	55,000	56,026	(1,026)
Business travel and mileage	400	400	20	380
Training and conference expenses	500	500		500
Office supplies	100	100		100
Total Expenditures	187,415	192,415	180,294	12,121
Net Change in Fund Balance		(5,000)	(4,728)	272
Fund Balance - Beginning of the Year			87,909	
Fund Balance - End of the Year			83,181	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Agency operates under the general laws of the State of California and annually adopts a budget to be effective July 1 of the ensuing fiscal year. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all governmental fund types. The level of control (level at when expenditures may not exceed budget) is the fund. Unused appropriations for all of the above annually budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Budget information is presented for the Agency's only fund. The Agency makes adjustments to its original budget during the year. This enables the effectiveness of the Agency in meeting budget objectives to be evaluated and the adequacy of the budget itself to be judged. The only exceptions to this are the appropriations of unanticipated revenues and the revision of appropriations to reflect major economic up or down turns materially affecting estimated revenues. Expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts are approved individually by the Board. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the Agency. It is this final revised budget that is presented in these financial statements.

The legal level of budgetary control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the object level.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budgeted amounts without any significant reconciling items.

OTHER REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Directors Upper Valley Waste Management Agency Napa, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Upper Valley Waste Management Agency, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Upper Valley Waste Management Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Upper Valley Waste Management Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Upper Valley Waste Management Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Agency's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Upper Valley Waste Management Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Directors Upper Valley Waste Management Agency

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

allina 22P

Roseville, California October 10, 2014