

Water Availability Analysis Pickett Road Wine Company Major Modification P19-00172-MOD

Pickett Road Wine Company Major Modification, P19-00172-MOD Planning Commission Hearing – June 2, 2021

Water Availability Analysis

Kelly Fleming Wines 2339 Pickett Road Calistoga, CA 94515 APN 018-050-067 P05-0441-UP & P19-00172-MOD

Kelly Fleming

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NAPA PBES REVIEW DRAFT

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August 18, 2020 Revised March 19, 2021

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Introduction

Kelly Fleming Winery located at 2339 Pickett Road (APN 018-050-067) is proposing a modification to existing Use Permit P05-0441-UP. The project parcel is part of a block of four parcels owned by Kelly Fleming located within the Simmons Canyon Creek watershed approximately one and one-half miles east of Calistoga (Figure 1) within the County of Napa's Hillside Groundwater Zone. Four groundwater wells serve the project parcel and adjacent parcels (Figure 2). Well 4 is the main well serving nearly all the winery water demand while the remaining wells (Wells 1, 2 and 3) provide water for the remaining demands on the project parcels. The existing use permit issued by Napa County allows 12,000 gallons of wine production (including crushing, fermenting, aging, and bottling) three full-time and two part-time employees, 1,040 tasting visitors and 1,392 catered event guests. The proposed use modification would increase the employee count to six full-time and four part-time employees and increase daily tasting visitors to 8,184 annually while reducing catered event visitors to 1,115 annually. All increases in groundwater use associated with the proposed permit modification will be supplied by Well 4.

This Water Availability Analysis (WAA) was developed based on the guidance provided in the Napa County Department of Planning, Building, & Environmental Services' Water Availability Analysis Guidance Document formally adopted by the Napa County Board of Supervisors in May 2015. The WAA includes the following elements: estimates of existing and proposed water uses within the project recharge area, compilation of drillers' logs from the area and characterization of local hydrogeologic conditions, analyses to estimate groundwater recharge relative to proposed uses (Tier 1), and an of the potential for well interference at neighboring wells located within 500 ft of project wells or springs within 1500 ft (Tier 2).

This revision, completed on March 19, 2021, includes updates to visitation numbers, updates to well numbering to be consistent with the project site plan and a supplementary discussion of water use associated with non-project wells located on the project parcels (Wells 2, 3 and 5 in this revision of the report).

Limitations

Groundwater systems of Napa County and the Coast Range are typically complex, and available data rarely allows for more than general assessment of groundwater conditions and delineation of aquifers. Hydrogeologic interpretations are based on the drillers' reports made available to us through the California Department of Water Resources, available geologic maps and hydrogeologic studies, and professional judgment. This analysis is based on limited available data and relies significantly on interpretation of data from disparate sources of disparate quality. Existing and proposed future water use on and near the project site is estimated based on information received from the applicant and on regionally appropriate water duties for the observed and expected uses. The recharge estimates presented below are based on established soil water balance modeling techniques for calculating infiltration recharge and they do not explicitly simulate surface water/groundwater interaction in perennial streams or bedrock geology in controlling percolation of infiltrating water to aquifers.



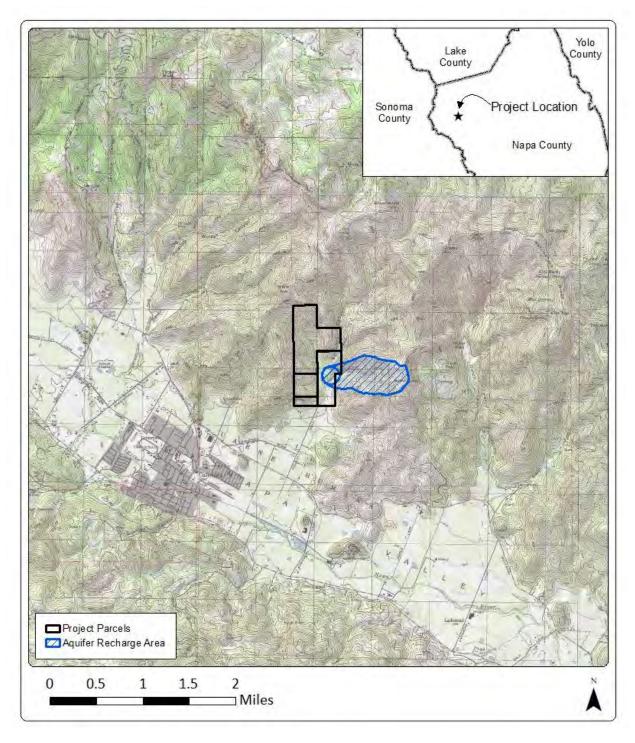


Figure 1: Project location map.



Hydrogeologic Conditions

The project parcel is located along the eastern edge of the northern Napa Valley and, aside from quaternary alluvial fan deposits (unit Qhf) in the valley bottom of Simmons Canyon Creek, is underlain by a sequence of the Sonoma Volcanics associated with the Mount St. Helena Caldera. Geologic maps prepared by the California Geologic Survey (CGS) for the Calistoga 7.5' Quadrangle (Delattre and Gutierrez, 2013) identify the project parcel as being underlain by a large unit of rhyolite flows known as the Pliocene-aged Rhyolite of Calistoga (map unit Tsrc, Figure 2). All four active wells (Wells 1-4) on the project parcels are mapped within this unit. The Rhyolite of Calistoga is described by the CGS as "rhyolitic to rhyodacitic domes and flows... composed of highly variable assemblages of massive or flow banded rhyolite, intercalated crystal and lithic tuff, lithoidal welded tuff, and agglomerate". Hydrothermal alteration is believed to be widespread, increasing clay content throughout and leading to localized mineralization along faults. Regionally the Rhyolite of Calistoga is believed to be underlain by the Tuff of Petrified Forest (Fox et al., 1985) but may locally be underlain by the Andesite of Jericho Canyon (Delattre and Gutierrez, 2013).

The northern portion of the project parcel block (outside of the project recharge and project impact area as shown in Figure 2) includes other units of the Sonoma Volcanics. Mafic plugs and dikes (Tsal) are mapped at the top of a ridge on the northern parcel boundary overlying agglomerate (Tsag) which in turn overlies the Tsrc unit. No wells were located within these two more northerly units in Simmons Canyon.

The Sonoma Volcanics (which includes the Rhyolite of Calistoga) is considered a low-yielding aquifer with reported well yields typically ranging between 16 and 50 gpm. However, yields over 100 gpm have been reported (LSCE and MBK, 2013). Some units, such as unwelded tuff and volcanic sediments, are somewhat more productive but overall are still considered low yielding. Bedrock units such as the andesite and rhyolite lava flows have very low primary porosity and groundwater occurs primarily in fractures, resulting in highly variable well production. Where these fracture networks are extensive, aquifers can have relatively high transmissivities (Nishikawa, 2013).

Two quaternary-aged landslides (Qls) are also mapped on or near parcels in the ownership but are not affected by the project and were not investigated.



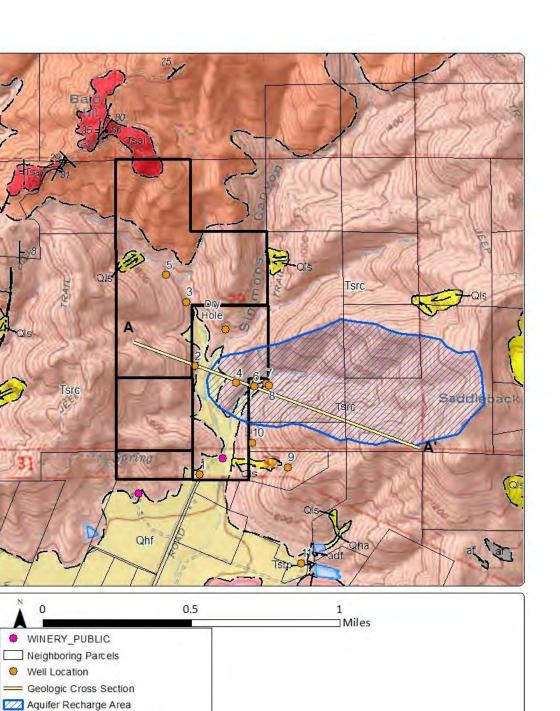


Figure 2: Surficial geology and locations of wells in the vicinity of the project parcel. Surficial geology based on data from the California Geologic Survey Map Preliminary Geologic Map of the Calistoga 7.5' Quadrangle, Napa and Sonoma Counties, California: A Digital Database (Delattre and Guitierrez, 2013); relevant geologic legend on following page.

Approximate Project Parcel Boundaries



Qhf	Alluvial fan deposits (Holocene) – Sediment emanating from canyons to produce relatively undissected, fan-shaped deposits on alluvial valley floors. Sediments are typically moderately to poorly sorted and composed of sand, gravel, silt, and occasionally clay.
QIs	Landslide deposits (historical to Pleistocene) – Arrows indicate direction of movement; queried where landslide existence is questionable.
Tsag	Agglomerate – Interlayered agglomerate, laharic tuff breccia, and welded or partially welded tuff. Includes a coarse breccia with abundant blocks of porphyritic vitrophyrenear the base of the unit where exposed along Oat Hill Road. The unit is relatively resistant and lightly vegetated, forming craggy outcrops including the prominent cliffs of the Palisades.
Tsai	Mafic plugs and dikes – Fine-grained basaltic andesite and andesite intrusions. Mapped at several locations on the south side of the Napa Valley where they appear to represent the source vents for flows that cap the volcanic section in the area. On the north side of the Napa Valley, includes areas of agglomerate and rhyolite intruded by abundant small plugs and dikes not separately mapped.
Tsrc	Rhyolite of Calistoga – Rhyolitic to rhyodacitic domes and flows found on both sides of the upper Napa Valley and forming domical hills protruding from the valley alluvium in and around Calistoga. Composed of highly variable assemblages of massive or flow banded rhyolite; intercalated crystal and lithic tuff, and lithoidal welded tuff grading to vitrophyre, locally perlitic; and agglomerate with glassy bombs. The unit has experienced widespread hydrothermal alteration to kaolinite and other clay minerals with finely disseminated pyrite, and more pronounced mineralization locally and along faults. Fission-track dating of zircons from this unit yielded ages of 2.6 Ma from near the east end of Franz Valley, and 3.7 Ma from lower Kortum Canyon Rd., although the latter age appears marginally too old based on contact relations with other dated units (Fox et. Al, 1985). More recent radiometric dating of this unit from near Glass Mountain to the east and Pepperwood Ranch to the west yielded ages of 2.78 Ma and 3.19 Ma, respectively (McLaughlin and others, 2005).

SYMBOL EXPLANATION

?-	Contact between map units - Solid where accurately located, dashed where approximately located; short dash where inferred; dotted where concealed; queried where uncertain.
<u>†²⁷</u>	Fault - Solid where accurately located, dashed where approximately located; short dash where inferred; dotted where concealed, queried where uncertain. Ball and bar on downthrown block. Arrow and number indicate direction and angle of dip of fault plane.
<u>▲ ▲ ▲ ▲</u>	Thrust Fault - Solid where accurately located; dashed where approximately located; dotted where concealed; queried where uncertain. Barbs located on upper plate.
25	Strike and dip of inclined beds.
-25	Strike and dip of volcanic flow.



Well Data

Well Completion Reports for wells on and near the project parcel were obtained from the project applicant along with the California Department of Water Resources' Well Completion Report Map Application. The subset of the logs which could be accurately georeferenced based on specific information provided by the applicant, parcel numbers and location sketch information are discussed below (Figure 2); these logs are compiled in Appendix A. Of the eleven well logs identified, five wells are located on the project parcels. Well 4 ("Winery Well") is the main project well providing all water used for winery needs including process water and guest use. The well completion report for Well 4 indicates that this well has a 52 ft cement sanitary seal. Wells 2,3 and 5 supply water to the winery landscaping and small fountain at the wineryalong with additional uses across the project parcels including the main residence and all vineyard, orchard and garden irrigation. Well 1 is unproductive and is not in use. Additionally, a dry hole was identified approximately 960 ft north of Well 4 in a previous geologic assessment of the project parcels (Slade and Associates, 2005).

Well 4 is the main project well and is located on the winery parcel (APN 018-050-067) within an existing vineyard block. This well is registered as a public water supply (Napa Co. #10662, CA #2800113) and supplies all winery process water and provides water used by the public during tasting and catered events. In April of 2005 Well 4 was completed to a depth of 599 feet and had an estimated yield of 25 gpm after 2 hours airlift testing. Depth to first water is reported to be 250 feet and post development the depth to static water was 183 feet on April 26, 2005. Throughout the log of geologic materials, the driller reported a sequence of unspecified volcanics with varying color including white, light tan, tan, gray, dark gray, green, and dark gray green. This description is consistent with typical colors of volcanic rocks found within the Sonoma Volcanics and likely represent various layers of tuffs and rhyolitic flows associated with the Tsrc unit. Well 4 is screened from 179 to 399 feet and from 419 to 579 feet below ground surface indicating that the main project aquifer is comprised of Sonoma Volcanics.

On February 3, 2015 Rays Well Testing Services Inc. performed an 8 hour pump test (Appendix B); the initial depth to static water at that time was 343.7 feet (Table2). This potentially represents a drop in water level in the well over the 10 years since development; however, it is unknown if pumping prior to the 8 hour test impacted the initial static water level. Moreover, 2015 was the third consecutive drought year and a drop in groundwater elevation might be expected. After an initial period of pumping at 12 gallons per minute (gpm), the pumping rate was adjusted down to 2.6 gpm and a stable water surface elevation was maintained for 5.5 hours (Table 2). The water level recovered 99% of the total drawdown of 223.3 ft within 7.5 hours after the cessation of pumping.

Well 2, also known as the Garden well is located about 700 ft west of Well 4 on the winery parcel (Figure 2). The Garden Well was drilled in 1993 and completed to a depth of 320 ft with a reported yield estimate of 7 gpm after 4 hours of airlift testing. Static water level after development is reported to be 45 feet. After 18 feet of "soil and creek cobbles" consistent with



the mapped Qhf unit, the driller reported encountering "[rhyolite], very hard" for the remaining 302 feet. A 7 hour pump test performed by Rays Well Testing Services Inc. in February 2015 reported an initial water level of 152 feet indicating a drop in static water level since initial development; this drop in water elevation is at least partially attributable to drought conditions 2013-2015. After two hours of pumping a stable water surface elevation was reached; however, the pumping rate was being reduced until the conclusion of the test. For the final hour of pumping the pumping rate was 0.81 gpm (Table 2).

Well 3, known as the Road Well, is located northwest of Wells 4 and 2 on an adjacent parcel (APN 018-050-042) owned by the project applicant (Figure 2). Well 3 was drilled to a depth of 260 feet and cased to a depth of 120 feet in September 1993. Materials encountered include green, gray, blue and white rhyolite and tuff consistent with other wells drilled in the Tsrc unit. Static water after development was reported to be 35 feet and after a four hour air lift test the driller estimated a yield of 18 gpm. In February 2015 Rays Well Testing Services Inc. performed a 5 hour pump test, an initial depth static water level of 8 feet, potentially indicating an increase in the local groundwater surface since development in 1993. After 45 minutes of pumping a stable water surface elevation and pumping rate of 20 gpm were maintained for the remainder of the test (Table 2).

Well 5 is also called the Big Tanks well and is located further up the hill northwest of Well 2 on the same parcel adjacent to the winery parcel (Figure 2). The Big Tanks well was drilled to a depth of 530 feet and cased to a depth of 220 feet in 1999. The driller reports "brown clay, gray rock" for the first 25 feet followed by "gray ash with white ash" for the remaining 505 feet in the geologic log. The first water was encountered at a depth of 40 feet and after development of the well the static water level remained at 40 ft. A four-hour airlift yield test conducted at the time of development (September 1999) produced an estimated yield of 25 gpm. In February 2015 Rays Well Testing Services Inc. performed a 5 hour pump test; at that time the initial depth static water level was 26.5 feet and representing a potential increase in the local groundwater surface since development in 1999. Water elevation in this well appears unaffected by the drought of 2013-2015. After a stable water surface elevation was maintained for last 2.5 hours of the test, while pumping at a rate of 12.6 gpm (Table 2).

Well yield estimates reported on most WCR's are based on relatively short (2-4 hours) airlift tests associated with well development and are typically overestimates of the actual production of the well. To properly estimate well yield a constant rate pumping test should be performed over a longer period (typically 8 hours or more) and achieve a stabilized pumping water surface elevation. Wells 2, 3 and 5 on the project parcels were all subjected to 7- to 8-hour constant rate pumping tests in February 2005 and each achieved a stabilized water surface elevation. Yields reported for Wells 2, 4 and 5 are less than yields reported at time of development while Well 3 was reported to have a slightly higher yield than what was estimated initially in 1993 (Tables 1 and 2).



Water surface elevations (wsel) were also measured at the time of the four 2015 pumping tests of the project parcel wells. Compared to levels reported at the time of development, Wells 2 and 4 show a decline in static water surface elevation while Wells 3 and 5 show increases. These changes could represent a change in the water table over the years since development and/or be attributed to the time of year when the observations were made and/or the effects of the severe drought years 2013-2015. The initial wsel measurements were made in the driest month of the year (September) at Wells 2, 3 and 5 when depth to water is typically greatest whereas the observations from 2015 were in February when depth to water is typically near an annual minimum. Hence, some of the decline in wsel in Well 2 observed in 2015 could be attributed to normal seasonal variation whereas at Well 4, both the initial and 2015 wsel observations were taken in the same season, so the change in Well 4 is not likely due to normal seasonal variation. The static wsel in Wells 2 & 4 declined significantly (107 ft and 161 ft, respectively) it appears these changes are more likely in response to drought effects of reduced recharge in relation to groundwater withdrawals. Increases in static water levels in Wells 3 and 5 may be a result of original dry month measurements versus more recent wet month (February) measurements however this trend is very different from Wells 2 and 4 located to southeast (Figure 2). This suggests that Wells 3 and 5, are intersecting a portion of the regional aquifer connected to a more productive fracture system located to the north.

Well completion reports could be accurately georeferenced for six other nearby wells (Figure 2). One dry hole was also located on the neighboring parcel east of the project well where Wells 6, 7, and 8 are located. Nearby wells report volcanic rocks of similar color and specifically report encountering ash and rhyolitic rocks. Characteristics of these wells vary, with depths ranging from 180 to 500 feet and estimated yields ranging from 0.5 to 20 gpm. Although highly variable, these are consistent with properties of wells completed elsewhere in the Sonoma Volcanics.

Along with variable well yields reported at the time of development, declines in production have been reported for wells in the area. Well 1, located on the winery parcel (Figure 2) had a reported yield of 4 gpm at the time of development in 1993 but has since been put out of use due to insufficient yield. Also, it has been reported that neighboring wells located in the vicinity of the project well have declined in production since their initial development. Although initial yield estimates for Wells 6, 7 and 8 (located just east of the project well)(Figure 2, Table 1, Appendix A) appear to be sufficient for normal residential and agricultural use, neighbors on this parcel recently reported to the project applicant (Kelly Flemming) that they have supplementary water delivered to meet demands, suggesting that well yields are insufficient.



Well ID	1	2	3	4	5	6
CA WCR ID	462607	462606	462608	e023056	814587	324028
Year Completed	1993	1993	1993	2005	1999	1998
Depth (ft)	240	320	120	599	220	250
Static Water Level at time of completion (ft)	15	45	35	183	40	60
Estimated Yield at time of completion (gpm)	4	7	18	25	25	20
Top of Screen (ft)	60	60	40	179	75	130
Bottom of Screen (ft)	140	320	120	399	220	250
Geologic Map Unit	Tsrc	Qa	Tsrc	Tsrc	Tsrc	Qhf

Table 1: Well completion details for wells in the vicinity of the project parcel.

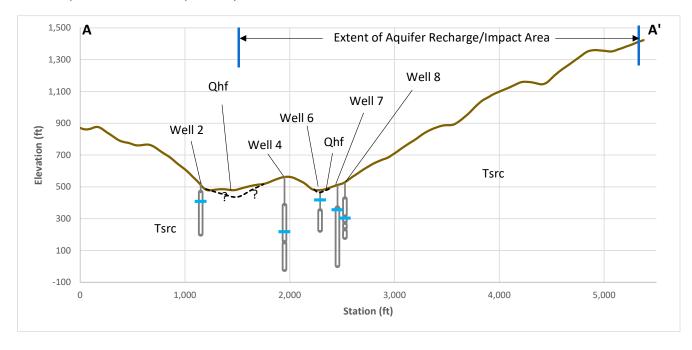
Well ID	7	8	9	10	11
CA WCR ID	939889	939890	95190	324030	e067538
Year Completed	2013	2008	1983	1998	2008
Depth (ft)	500	340	180	450	218
Static Water Level at time of completion (ft)	150	200	60	80	119
Estimated Yield at time of completion (gpm)	15	5	20	0.5	4
Top of Screen (ft)	140	100	60	65	98
Bottom of Screen (ft)	500	340	160	445	198
Geologic Map Unit	Tsrc	Tsrc	Tsrc	Tsrc	Qhf

Table 2. Summary of 2015 pump test details for wells on project parcels.

Well ID	2	3	4	5
CA WCR ID	462606	462608	e023056	814587
Date of Test	2/3/2015	2/2/2015	2/3/2015	2/2/2015
Static Water Level at time of completion (ft)	320	120	599	220
Estimated Yield at time of completion (gpm)	152	8.2	343.7	26.5

Geologic Cross Section

A geologic cross-section oriented west-northwest to east-southeast is shown in Figure 3 (see Figure 2 for location). Elevations along this cross-section range from close to 500 ft where the section crosses the main stem and tributary channels of Simmons Canyon Creek to over 1,400 feet at the east end. Static water elevations shown are from various years, Wells 2 and 4 were most recently recorded in 2015 during pump tests (Table 2). Well 7 was measured at the time of development in 2013 while Well 8 was observed in 2008 and Well 6 was developed in 1998. As mentioned previously, water levels in Wells 2 and 4 have declined since their development and these data reflect the impact of the drought years 2013-2015. Water levels shown for Wells 6, 7 and 8 are from observations at the time of their development and these levels may have declined as their production has reportedly declined.



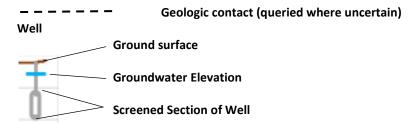


Figure 3: Hydrogeologic cross section A -A' through the project parcel and extending to upper edge of aquifer recharge/impact area (see Figure 2 for location and geologic map units). Note water surface elevations shown reflect most recent observations, Wells 2 and 4 were most recently recorded in 2015 during pump tests. Well 7 was measured at the time of development in 2013 while Well 8 was observed in 2008 and Well 6 was recorded in 1998.

Project Recharge Area

The project aquifer is located within a significant portion of a large block of the Rhyolite of Calistoga underlying the project parcels and the hills encompassing the Simmons Canyon Creek watershed surrounding and to the east of Well 4. As mentioned earlier, groundwater is stored and transmitted throughout the rocks of the Sonoma Volcanics aquifer almost exclusively via fractures. Although the project aquifer intersected by Well 4 is understood to be connected in varying degrees across the larger extent of the Tsrc block owing to the highly variable nature of fracturing within the aquifer, we conceptualize a project recharge/ impact area as a smaller portion of the larger aquifer. Scaling the impact area down from the full extent of the regional aquifer allows us to conservatively assess the impacts of the proposed change in water use at a project scale. The northern, southern and eastern boundaries of this recharge/impact area are largely defined by the drainage divides of an eastern tributary to Simmons Creek (Figure 2) while the western edge of the area is defined by the main channel of Simmons Creek. It is acknowledged that aquifer recharge affecting the project well may occur over a larger area, and that the use of the surface drainage boundary is an approximation.

Wells 2, 3, and 5 provide water for landscaping of the winery, demands associated with the main residence and all vineyard, orchard and garden irrigation. Although these wells are completed within the same block of the Rhyolite of Calistoga as Well 4 they have not been included in the project impact/recharge area and are not considered in the subsequent water balance calculations. As noted above Wells 3 and 5 appear to be located in a distinct portion of the Tsrc block as they have shown increases in static water elevations since development in contrast to Wells 2 and 4. This portion of the Tsrc is located at somewhat higher elevation at the foot of Mt. St Helena where it is may be connected to a larger network of fractures with a greater area for recharge. Although Well 2 is located relatively close to the project well (Well 4) and has displayed a similar decline in water surface elevation over time and is likely cased within aquifer materials that may be connected hydrogeologically, the horizontal distance (900 ft) and intervening creek between the two wells make it unlikely that the two wells would significantly interact or share a significant recharge area.

Water Demand

Within the project recharge/impact area, water demand was estimated for both the existing and proposed conditions. Uses on the project parcel were determined using site details provided in the Applied Civil Engineering (ACE) Onsite Wastewater Disposal Feasibility Study dated September 2019 and Statement of Request prepared by Albion Surveys Inc. in January 2020. Uses on other neighboring parcels within the project recharge area were determined using satellite imagery and publicly available parcel information. All water use rates were estimated using data from the County of Napa's Water Availability Analysis Guidance Document dated May 12, 2015.



Existing Use

Under existing conditions ACE reports that Kelly Fleming Winery produces 12,000 gallons of wine (including crushing, fermenting, aging, and bottling), maintains three full-time and two part-time employees, and serves 3,128 tasting visitors and 490 catered event guests. Table 3 summarizes all water usage associated with the winery applying use rates listed in the County of Napa's WAA Guidance. Although the winery landscaping is not irrigated using water from the project well Well 4, Napa County guidance includes an estimate that lumps landscaping and general domestic use so for the purpose of our estimates we are assuming existing landscaping is included.

Neighboring parcels within the project recharge area contain one oversized residence, one swimming pool and 0.25 acres of vineyard (Table 4). In total, estimated existing groundwater water use within the project recharge area is estimated to be 1.65 acre-ft/yr (Table 5). Of this, 0.42 acre-ft/yr is used on the project parcel.

As noted earlier, additional uses on the project parcels include landscaping of the winery, one main residence with a pool and approximately 12 acres of vineyard, 0.5 acres of olive trees and about 0.1 acres of garden irrigation. Based on the applicant's records, for the one-year period between May 2019 and May 2020 6.13 acre-ft was used for these additional uses. Compared to an estimate using County Guidance rates, which would roughly total to 9.32 acre-ft annual use, this is slightly lower but well within a normal range of use. These uses are supplied by Wells 2, 3 and 5 which are located outside of the project recharge area and therefore are not included in the use calculations associated with the Winery project well (Well 4).

Proposed Use

The proposed use modification would increase the employee count to six full-time and four parttime employees. Daily tasting visitors would increase by 3,129to 6,257 annually and the number of event visitors would increase by 625 to 1,115 annually. No changes in winery landscape irrigation (supplied by Wells 1-3) is proposed and wine production would remain the same at 12,000 gallons annually (Figure 4). Wastewater estimates (assumed to be equivalent to water demand) provided in ACE's Onsite Wastewater Disposal Feasibility Study state that events with up to 24 people will have on-site catering with a water usage of 15 gallons /guest. The remainder of proposed winery events will serve food prepared off-site and include portable toilets which reduces estimated to use 3 gallons/guest while employee use is set at 15 gallons/shift. Considering these use updates, the project is estimated to increase groundwater use on the parcel by approximately 22,800 gallons or 0.07 acre-ft/yr (Table 6). Total water use within the project recharge area is estimated to increase to 1.72 acre-ft/yr (Table 5).



	# of Units	Use per Unit	Annual Water Use (AF/yr)
Winery Use			0.32
Process Water	12000 Gallons	2.15 AF/100,000 gal.	0.26
Domestic & Landscaping	12000 Gallons	0.50 AF/100,000 gal.	0.06
Guest & Employee Use			0.10
Tasting Room Visitations	3128 Guests	3 gal./Guest	0.03
Events w/ On-Site Catering	490 Guests	15 gal./Guest	0.02
Full-Time Employees	3 Employees	15 gal./shift @ 250 shifts/yr	0.03
Part-Time Employees	2 Employees	15 gal./shift @ 125 shifts/yr	0.01
Total			0.42

Table 3: Estimated groundwater uses on the project parcel in the existing condition.

Table 4: Estimated groundwater uses on neighboring parcels within the project recharge area in the existing and proposed conditions

	# of Units	Use per Unit	Annual Water Use (AF/yr)
Residential Use Residences, Oversized Pools	1 Residence 1 Pool	1.00 AF/Residence 0.10 AF/Pool	1.10 1.00 0.10
Agricultural Use Vineyard	0.25 Acres	0.50 AF/acre/yr	0.13 0.13
Total			1.23

Table 5: Estimated groundwater use within the project recharge area in the existing and proposed conditions.

	Existing Condition (acre-ft/yr)	Proposed Condition (acre-ft/yr)
Project Parcel	0.42	0.49
Winery Use	0.32	0.32
Employee/Guest Use	0.10	0.17
Neighboring Parcels	1.23	1.23
Residential Use	1.10	1.10
Irrigation Use	0.13	0.13
Total	1.65	1.72



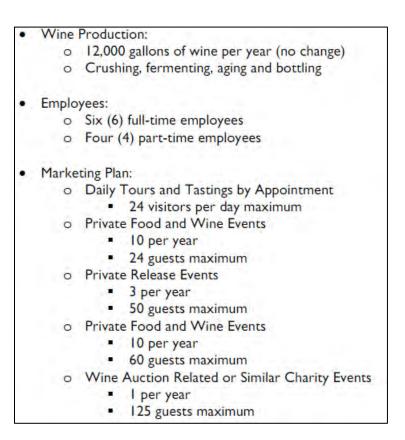


Figure 4: Summary of proposed winery operations from ACE's Onsite Wastewater Disposal Feasibility Study.

Table 6: Estimated proposed water demand from the project parcel.

	# of Units	Use per Unit	Annual Water Use (AF/yr)
Winery Use			0.32
Process Water	12000 Gallons	2.15 AF/100,000 gal.	0.26
Domestic & Landscaping	12000 Gallons	0.50 AF/100,000 gal.	0.06
Guest & Employee Use			0.17
Tasting Room Visitations	6257 Guests	3 gal./Guest	0.06
Events w/ On-Site Catering	240 Guests	15 gal./Guest	0.011
Events w/ Off-Site Catering	875 Guests	5 gal./Guest	0.013
Full-Time Employees	6 Employees	15 gal./shift @ 250 shifts/yr	0.07
Part-Time Employees	4 Employees	15 gal./shift @ 125 shifts/yr	0.02
Total			0.49

Groundwater Recharge Analysis

Groundwater recharge within the project recharge area was estimated using a Soil Water Balance (SWB) of Napa County developed by OEI. This model implements the U.S. Geologic Survey's SWB modeling software and produces a spatially distributed estimate of annual recharge. This model operates on a daily timestep and calculates runoff based on the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) curve number approach and Actual Evapotranspiration (AET) and recharge based on a modified Thornthwaite-Mather soil-water-balance approach (Westenbroek et al., 2010). Details of this model are included in Appendix C.

Groundwater recharge was simulated for Water Year 2010 which was chosen to represent average annual conditions. During Water Year 2010 annual precipitation totals across most of Napa County were close to their long-term 30-year averages. Simulated precipitation averaged 43.6 inches across the project recharge area and simulated actual evapotranspiration (AET) averaged 22.6 inches. Simulated groundwater recharge varied from 7.4 to 18.6 inches across the recharge area, with a spatial average of 11.4 inches. Components of the water balance were also calculated for the project parcel and are very similar to those calculated for the project recharge area (Table 7).

Groundwater recharge estimates can also be expressed as a total volume by multiplying the estimated recharge rate by a representative area. For the 181.5-acre project recharge area, these calculations yield an estimated average annual recharge of 172.1 acre-ft/yr (Table 8). Typically, an estimate of recharge across the project parcel is also made to provide additional perspective however this analysis ignores all uses other than those associated with Well 4. To provide perspective at the project parcel scale while focusing on uses only relate to the winery an alternative area that could be considered is the portion of the project parcel intersecting the recharge area. This area is approximately 20.7 acres and would yield an estimated average recharge of 19.7 ac-ft/yr (Table 8).

	2010 Average Year		
	inches	% of	
	menes	precip	
Precipitation	43.6	-	
AET	22.6	52%	
Runoff	10.2	23%	
∆ Soil Moisture	-0.6	-1%	
Recharge	11.4	26%	

Table 7: Summary of water balance results estimated by the SWB model for Water Year 2010.

Water balance estimates are available for several nearby watersheds that are predominately underlain by the Sonoma Volcanics including Conn, Redwood, Milliken, and Tulucay Creeks. Average annual recharge for these watersheds is estimated to range from 5% in Tulucay Creek to



21% in Conn Creek (LSCE, 2013). Regional estimates are also available for the Napa River watershed, the Santa Rosa Plain, Sonoma Valley, and the Green Valley Creek watershed. These regional analyses estimated that mean annual recharge was equivalent to between 7% and 28% of mean annual precipitation (Farrar et. al., 2006; Flint and Flint 2014, Kobor and O'Connor, 2016; Wolfenden and Hevesi, 2014).

Comparisons to these water balances are useful for determining the overall reasonableness of the results; precise agreement among these estimates is not expected owing to significant variations in climate, land cover, soil types, and underlying hydrogeologic conditions and owing to differences in spatial scale and methods for water balances. A local factor that is highly influential in our local-scale water balance is the high annual precipitation on Mount St. Helena, believed to be the greatest in Napa County (PRISM, 2010). Due largely to these higher precipitation rates, SWB modeling shows that more water was available for groundwater recharge, both in terms of annual depth and as a percentage of the annual water balance, than anywhere else in Napa County (Appendix C). The watersheds referenced above, particularly Milliken and Tulucay Creeks, receive significantly less precipitation than the project parcel and recharge rates in these watersheds may be significantly less than in the project recharge area.

Comparison of Water Demand and Groundwater Recharge

The total proposed groundwater use for the project recharge area is estimated to be 1.7 acreft/yr. This use is equivalent to 1% of the estimated 172.1 acre-ft of recharge the project recharge area is estimated to receive during an average water year. A similar comparison can be drawn for the portion of the project parcel intersecting the recharge area, the estimated winery use of 1.7 acre-ft/yr is equivalent to 9% of 19.7 acre-ft/yr of recharge estimated to occur on this portion of the project parcel during an average year (Table 8). Given the estimated large surplus of groundwater recharge available, water use associated with the proposed project is highly unlikely to result in reductions in groundwater levels or depletion of groundwater resources over time. This conclusion does not account for spatial variability of groundwater availability in the fractured bedrock aquifer; access to groundwater may be highly variable from well to well.

	Total	Average Water Year (2010)			
Domain	Proposed Demand (ac-ft/yr)	Recharge (ac-ft/yr)	Recharge Surplus (ac-ft/yr)	Demand as % of Recharge	
Project Recharge Area	1.7	172.1	170.4	1%	
Portion of Project Parcel within Recharge Area	1.7	19.7	17.9	9%	

Table 8: Comparison of proposed water use to average annual groundwater recharge for the project recharge area and for the project parcel.



Well Interference Analysis

The County of Napa's WAA Guidance Document indicates that a well interference analysis (Tier 2 Analysis) is required if neighboring wells are located within 500 feet of a project well or if a spring is located within 1,500 ft of a project well. No springs were identified within 1,500 ft of the project well however, based on the locations of wells on neighboring parcels provided by the project applicant, one well (Well 6) is located in the valley bottom 328 feet east of Well 4, requiring that an interference analysis be performed (Figure 5). As shown in Figure 3, the screened interval of Well 4, overlaps with the entire screened interval in Well 6 and review of well logs for each well indicate that these wells are completed within the same aquifer (Rhyolite of Calistoga).

The magnitude of potential drawdown caused by pumping from Well 4 was estimated at Well 6 using the Theis equation (Eq. 1). This approach is recommended by the County of Napa's WAA Guidance Document. The Theis equation (from Driscoll, 1986) is as follows:

$$s' = (Q/4\pi T) W(u)$$

with W(u) being the well function where

$$u = (r^2S/4Tt)$$

and the well function integral expanded as a series as:

$$W(u) = -0.5772 - \ln(u) + u - (u^2/2 \cdot 2!) + (u^3/3 \cdot 3!) - (u^4/4 \cdot 4!)...$$

where:

s' = drawdown (units in ft)	T = transmissivity (units in ft ² /day)
r = radial distance (units in ft)	Q = pumping rate (gpm)
S = storativity (dimensionless)	t = time (days)

Several assumptions are made when using the Theis equation:

- 1. The aquifer is homogeneous, isotropic, uniformly thick and of infinite areal extent.
- 2. Prior to pumping, the piezometric surface is horizontal
- 3. The fully penetrating well is pumped at a constant rate.
- 4. Flow is horizontal within the aquifer.
- 5. Storage within the well can be neglected.
- 6. Water removed from storage responds instantaneously with a declining head.

The County of Napa's WAA Guidance document pertaining to WAA's allows for 10 to 15 feet of water level drawdown attributable to well interference. For wells with a casing diameter of six inches or less, such as Well 4, drawdown of 10 feet is recommended as a threshold of concern.



To estimate potential drawdown at Well 6, the Theis equation requires estimates of aquifer transmissivity and storativity, as well as pumping rate and duration.

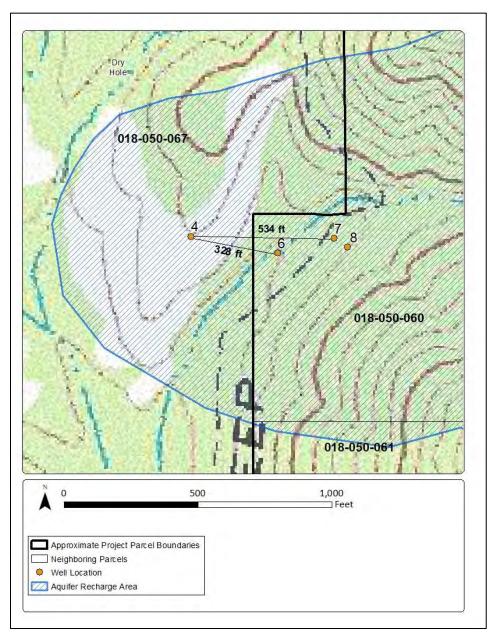


Figure 5: Locations of nearby wells

Hydrogeologic Properties

The storativity of a confined aquifer may be calculated as the product of specific storage (S_s) and saturated aquifer thickness (b). The Napa County WAA Guidance Document reports the specific storage of fissured rocks similar to the project aquifer as $1x10^{-6}$ to $2.1x10^{-5}$ feet⁻¹. The screened



interval of Well 4 extends to 579 feet, while the static water level most recently measured at 343.7 feet in 2015. From these measurements, aquifer thickness is estimated as the difference between the observed static water level and the bottom of the screened interval. This gives an estimated aquifer thickness of 235.3 ft. Although pressure heads likely exist in confined or semiconfined aquifers such as the one Well 4 is completed in, Well Completion Reports from other nearby wells do not report significant pressure heads (interpreted as the difference between static water levels and the depth to first water) and using the static water level is appropriate for this application. Using these estimates, the storativity of the project aquifer is believed to between 2.4×10^{-4} and 4.9×10^{-3} .

The transmissivity of the project aquifer was estimated using observed drawdown data from a single-well pump test performed on Well 4 on February 3, 2015. In this test Well 4 was pumped at a rate of 2.6 to 12 gpm for 8 hours. Drawdown stabilized at 567 feet with a steady rate of 2.6 gpm and was stable for approximately 6 hours. From these data transmissivity was estimated using a standard type-curve fitting approach performed using AQTESOLV software. Several type curves were considered, including the Theis equation for confined aquifer conditions and the Gringarten-Witherspoon and Gringarten-Ramey equations for confined aquifers with fracture systems. Because the pump test did not include an observation well, meaningful estimates of storativity cannot be developed from this data. The AQTESOLV analysis assumed the range of possible storativity estimated above and estimated transmissivities assuming low- and high-end storativity values. For all combinations of type curve and storativity evaluated, estimated transmissivities fell within a relatively narrow range (1.2 - 16 feet²/day). Converting transmissivity to hydraulic conductivity (K) by dividing transmissivity (T) by aquifer thickness (b), aquifer hydraulic conductivities ranges from 0.003 to 0.04 ft/d (Table 9). These estimated conductivities are in the center of the range of values estimated for fractured volcanic rocks (0.002 to 85 feet/day; Domenico and Schwartz, 1990).

Type Curve	S ()	T (ft²/day)	K (ft/day)	L _f (ft)
Theis	2.4E-04	1.7	0.01	-
Theis	4.9E-03	1.2	0.003	-
Gringarten-Witherspoon	2.4E-04	1.2	0.003	10
Gringarten-Witherspoon	4.9E-03	1.5	0.005	1
Gringarten-Ramey	2.4E-04	16	0.04	10
Gringarten-Ramey	4.9E-03	15	0.04	10

Table 9: Range of estimated storativity (S), transmissivity (T), hydraulic conductivity (K) and characteristic fracture length (L_f) for the project aquifer.

Pumping Regime

Pumping rate and maximum daily pumping duration are dependent on peak winery demands. Annually, peak usage would occur on a day with an event held during crush the Applied Civil Engineering (ACE) Onsite Wastewater Disposal Feasibility Study reports peak daily demand of 600 gallons/day for processing and 582 gallons/day for domestic use which includes employee and guest use during an event with on-site catering. This Tier 2 analysis assumes a peak daily demand of 1,182 gallons to estimate the maximum potential effects of drawdown from Well 4 at neighboring Well 6 located 328 feet to the east.

Assuming Well 4 pumps at a rate of 12 gpm the max rate used during the 2015 pumping test (Appendix B), this will require Well 4 to be pumped for 1.6 hours to meet the peak daily demand of 1,182 gallons.

Estimated Drawdown

The Theis equation was evaluated to estimate drawdown induced by Well 4 at the nearby well (Well 6). Given the range of estimated storativity and transmissivity, the Theis equation was evaluated for several combinations of these parameters. Drawdown at Well 6 is estimated to range from less than 0.001 to 0.01 ft (Table 10). Given that estimated drawdown at both wells is less than screening criteria of 10 feet, this drawdown is not considered significant and no site-specific analysis is required.

Table 10: Estimated drawdown at nearby wells.

Combination	1	2	3	4
Storativity ()	2.4E-04	2.4E-04	7.9E-03	7.9E-03
Transmissivity (ft²/day) Drawdown, Well 6 (ft)	1.2 <0.001	16 0.01	1.2 <0.001	16 <0.001

Summary

Application of the Soil Water Balance model (SWB) to the project recharge area revealed that average water year recharge was approximately 11.4 inches/yr or 172.1 acre-ft/yr. The total proposed water use for the project aquifer recharge area is estimated to be 1.7 acre-ft/yr. This represents about 1% of the mean annual recharge indicating that the project is unlikely to result in declines in groundwater elevations or depletion of groundwater resources over time. The nearest neighboring well to project Well 4 is Well 6 which is located 328 feet to the east. An evaluation of potential well interference revealed that the proposed increase in pumping required at Well 4 is unlikely to result in significant drawdown at Well 6.



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APPENDIX A

WELL COMPLETION REPORTS



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Page 1 of 1 Owner's \	Well No.	Well #5	5-'0	5						e023							11	
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_	Well Co	instruction D		am				NAME H	UCKFELD	T WELL	DRI	LLING, INC.						
-		ical Log(s) er Chemical		alvs	is			2110 Per	nny Lane	IL OKPO	T	I AI		Napa			CA	94559
-	Other _						-	ADDRESS		kan h	Mal	kelt		CITY	04/27/		STATE	ZIP 439-746
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QUADRUPLICATELL 5 (BIG TANKS) STATE OF CALIF	ORNIA 18- DE ONLY - DO FILL IN -
For Local Requirements WELL COMPLETIC	ON REPORT
Page of No	
Date Work Began, Ended	LATITUDE LONGITUDE
Local Permit Agency	APN/TRS/OTHER
Permit No. <u>16-11014</u> Permit Date <u>8 30</u> GEOLOGIC LOG	WELL OWNER -
ORIENTATION () VERTICAL HORIZONTAL ANGLE (SPECIFY)	Name TICHING
DEPTH FROM SURFACE DESCRIPTION	Mailing Address DOX 312 A.
Ft. to EL Describe material, grain size, color, etc.	CITY WELL LOCATION STATE ZIP
0 00 ibras crap graphak	Address Addres
35 530grapish With White	County March
in in the second	APN Book Page Parcel OIA - 0.00 - 04-
	Township Range Section Latitude NORTH Longitude WEST
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and state in the second	NORTH NEW WELL
aller som	MODIFICATION/REPAIR Deepen Other (Specify)
	DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Material Under "GEOLOGIC LOG
	PLANNED USES (
	WATER SUPPLY Domestic Public
	LISE MONITORING
	CATHODIC PROTECTION
	HEAT EXCHANGE
	DIRECT PUSH
	VAPOR EXTRACTION
RECEIVED	SOUTH
JAN 3 2000	necessary. PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE.
	WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL DEPTH TO FIRST WATER 40 (Ft.) BELOW SURFACE
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT	DEPTH OF STATIC
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	WATER LEVEL
TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING 5 30 (Feet)	TEST LENGTH (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN 180 (Ft.)
TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL <u>440</u> (Feet)	* May not be representative of a well's long-term yield.
DEPTH FROM SURFACE BORE- HOLE TYPE (∠)	DEPTH ANNULAR MATERIAL FROM SURFACE TYPE
DIA. K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	SLOT SIZE CE- BEN- IF ANY MENT TONITE FILL FILTER PACK
	SS (Inches) Ft. to Ft. (\preceq) (\preceq) (\preceq) (\preceq)
0 75 9 Mostric 5 200	0 143 1
15:220 9	Factory 25 1220 Peabrave
	172
ATTACHMENTS (≤)	CERTIFICATION STATEMENT
Geologic Log	This report is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.
Well Construction Diagram Geophysical Log(s)	TYPED OR PRINTEDY A AL REALIZED
Soil/Water Chemical Analyses	CITY STATE 218
Other Other Other	128-19348677
ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS.	

IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

•	
WELL	6

STATE OF CALIFORNIA THE RESOURCES AGENCY DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

Do not fill in

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ORIGINAL	THE RESOURC	1				L	Do not fill in
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		(12) WH	ĽLL	LOG; Total dep	th ft C	ompleted o	lepth ft
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(2) LOCATION OF WELL (See ins	structions); AP#018-050-060	12	<u> </u>	20 brown cl			
A NaDa A		20	~	30 lt gray :			
Well address if different from above End o	f Pickett Road, Calistoga	30	-	130 lt gray :	rock solt		and D Immer an
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the there are the	(3) TYPE OF WORK:	210	-		A DEGEL & CA	r Arda Tr	JK BAL
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Ser and the	Reconditioning		<u> </u>	\\	- {}/_ -		
Z month const	Horizontal Well	<u> </u>		\rightarrow	╤╲╦╲──		
	Destruction 🗌 (Describe destruction materials and pro-	-~-	-/		\overline{x}	····-	
	cedures in Item 12)	4/-	\Rightarrow		$\sim - \sqrt{6}$	<u>}</u>	<u> </u>
	(4) PROPOSED USE	\succ	\succeq	<u> </u>		\$ <u> </u>	
Summons	Domestic			<u>alla</u>	<u>-44-8</u>	·	
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	Industrial	× (c	1-1	∕, ∕∖	<u>`</u> @		·
	Test Well	10.	ঠা	\checkmark	<u>~</u>		
	Municipal 🗸 🗆		Ť.	sling		<u></u>	
	Other S	∇	- /		•		
WELL LOCATION SKETCH	(Describe)	2	-((
(5) EQUIPMENT:	GRAVEN MACK		\sum_{n}	ଅ			
	No No Siza		$\langle \boldsymbol{\varsigma} \rangle$				•
	meter of hore	\square	$\underline{\mathbb{N}}$				
	ked from20 v250	(())				<u> </u>	
()			<u>→</u>				
	PERFORATIONS:	<u>ي</u>				<u> </u>	
Steel D Plastic A Concrete Tyr	ne of performing or size of server		_			<u> </u>	
From To Dia Gage or	Room Is Shot		<u> </u>				
0 250 6 F480	130 (250) factory		-				
	- Shilo					<u> </u>	·
		·	_		-		
(9) WELL SEAL:	— 20		-				
	a 🗆 If yes, to depth <u>20</u> ft. No 🕅 Interval ft.						
	No 🖾 Interval		<u> </u>		-98		10-29 98
Method of sealing		Work start		18		ied	19
(10) WATER LEVELS:		1		LER'S STATI			
Depth of first water, if known	60 it	This well	was d	rilled under my j	urisdiction and	this report	t is true to the
Standing level after well completion	π.	1 5	JN	ledge and belief.			
(11) WELL TESTS: Was well test made? Yes 🛛 No 🗍 If	yes, by whom? <u>driller</u>	Signed		<u>نى جىسە</u>	(Well Drillor)	<u>~</u>	
Type of test Pump 🖾 🚬 B	ailer 🗍 Air lift 🕅	NAME		ien & Villi			<u> </u>
Depth to water at start of test $\underline{60}$ ft.	At end of test ft.		8	78 El Cenhor	or corporation) (Ty	ped or printe	zd)
Discharge 20. gal/min after 3 hours		Address		apa	-		94558
•	f yes, by whom?	City	7	6352	Thete -f +1	ZIP	11/27/98
Was electric log made Yes 🗌 No 💢 If	yes, attach copy to this report	License No	<u>ب</u> ،		, Date of t	his report	

* DWR 188 (REV. 12-86)

IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

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WELL 7 ORIGINAL STATE OF CALIFORNIA File with DWR WELL COMPLETION REPORT Refer to Instruction Pamphlet No. 0955793 Page ____ of _ **Owner's Well No.** anded 💪 Date Work Began roun Local Permit Agency APN/TRS/OTHER 36 Permit filte Permit No. <u>005</u> -GEOLOGIC LOG HORIZONTAL ORIENTATION (∠) VERTICAL ANGLE (SPECIFY) METHOD COLO FLUID TIR DEPTH FROM SURFACE DESCR TION CITY ATE ZIF Describe materi n size, colo Addresse d City 10 County _____ Parcel 018-050-060 I <u>≥</u>Page APN Book Towńship 🕰 _Range _ Section . Ν Lat. Long _ DEG. DEG. MIN. SEC MIN. SEC. ACTIVITY (∠) LOCATION SKETCH K NEW WELL - NORTH MODIFICATION/REPAIR _ Deepen _ Other (Specify) DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG", USES (≤) WATER SUPPLY Domestic _ Public X Irrigation Industrial WEST MONITORING TEST WELL CATHODIC PROTECTION HEAT EXCHANGE DIRECT PUSH INJECTION VAPOR EXTRACTION SPARGING - SOUTH REMEDIATION Illustrate or Describe Distance of Well from Roads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc. and attach a map. Use additional paper if necessary. PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE. OTHER (SPECIFY) WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL DEPTH TO FIRST WATER 150 (Ft.) BELOW SURFACE DEPTH OF STATIC 150 (FL) & DATE MEASURED 6-6-13 ESTIMATED YIELD . 15 (GPM) & TEST TYPE AIR LEFT TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING TEST LENGTH 3 (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN 480. (Ft.) TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL SOOD eet) * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield. CASING (S) ANNULAR MATERIAL DEPTH FROM SURFACE DEPTH FROM SURFACE BORE TYPE (∠) TYPE HOLE DIA. INTERNAL GAUGE SLOT SIZE SCREEN CON-DUCTOR FILL PIPE MATERIAL / CE-BEN-BLANK FILTER PACK DIAMETER OR WALL IF ANY FILL (Inches) MENT TONITE GRADE Ft. (TYPE/SIZE) Ft. Ft. Ft. THICKNESS to to (Inches) (Inches) (∠) (⊻) (∠) 200 X 5 11" 50 0 A X 5 KASTIC C 911 11 11 50 X #6 140 50 500 WELL BLK 11 0" 11 11 140 FACT 500 CERTIFICATION STATEMENT ATTACHMENTS (∠) rate to the best of my knowledge and belief. I, the undersigned certify that this report is complete and ac Geologic Log Well Construction Diagram Geophysical Log(s) Soil/Water Chemical Analyses Other ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS. WELL CONTRACTOR UNKIN LARE OSP 03 78836

IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

ORIGIN/ File with		Ţ	NFI	1.5	WFII	STATE Q	F CALIFO	N REPOR			<u>e onl</u>	<u>y" — /</u> A) /		OT FILL IN
Page		_		י בב ר י		Refer to In	struction Po	amphlet				ELL NO	./STATIC	
-	Well No						093	9890	3	835	41	- 1	122	4321517
Date Wo	ork Began	7/29				/5/08				LATITUDI			LO	NGITUDE
Local J	Permit Ag nit No. <u>–</u>	gency _	Napa	Count	у				_ ∟			<u> </u>		
Pern	nit No. 🔆	E08-003	<u> 30 · </u>		Permit	: Date <u>6</u>	/26/08		, Ŀ	~	AF	PN/TRS/	OTHER	•
		<u>_</u>	GEOL	OGIC	LOG					1	~****	-		
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	to Ft.				rial, grain siz	e, color, etc				WELL LO	CATI	ON:		
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20	60	brown	-			$\overline{(0,0)}$	$ \rightarrow \downarrow$	<u> </u>	<u>alistoo</u>	101°				
60	80	white		1 4_4		V C			Apa V					
80	<u> 100</u> 120			<u>k wni</u>	te ash 🔿	$ \longrightarrow $	$\langle \langle \rangle \rangle$	APN Book	18 Page .		Parce	C		
<u> 100 </u> 120	120	white		<u>ماد می</u>	Solution and a large	$\langle \langle \cdot \rangle \rangle$	\leftarrow 1	Township 10	Range		Sectio		0 250	
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200	240		black			$\overline{\langle () \rangle}$					d a	20 20	MODIF	ICATION/REPAIR Deepen
240	240		ned`\bl			tor	<u> </u>				E.		-	Other (Specify)
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300	320		& whit				·.					**		Inder "GEOLOGIC L
320	340		róck		<u>^</u>								USES	i(⊻) ISUPPLY
340	360		dk qra		*~				Z 1	1100	Napa	River	<u>~</u> 0	omestic Public
5-10			<u> An</u> gra	y Ia				WEST	~ * · ·		-U.S.	s=E	Ir	rigation Indus
	<u>.</u>		•					N .	do I	2	BN Raile	Т Ш		MONITORING _ TEST WELL _
		1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•			SMeto	1000 H	-		САТНО	DIC PROTECTION _
	i · ·	1	·					1	all all and a second	0//	1			HEAT EXCHANGE
· · ·	1	۲						Silverado_Irl:			-			DIRECT PUSH
	1	1						from the second	River	in the second	an	ongr		INJECTION _
	1	1							(B) THINK I WANT		hard	1 miles	. •••	SPARGING _
	4 · · · ·	1					Ē	Illustrate or Describe	SOUTH	Rose	de Ruil	dinge		REMEDIATION _
	1	1						Illustrate or Describe Fences, Rivers, etc. an necessary. PLEASE	nd attach a m	ap. Use addit	ional paj	per if		OTHER (SPECIFY) _
	· ·	1 1-												·
	1 I	т							R LEVEL					WELL
	1	1 -	•					DEPTH TO FIRST V	VATER	(Ft.) B	ELOW S	URFACE	Ξ	
	1	· ·	• .					DEPTH OF STATIC WATER LEVEL	220	_ (Ft.) & DATI		IBED	8/5/0	8
	i	i						ESTIMATED YIELD	5.	_ (GPM) &	TEST T	 YPE_		
TOTAL E	DEPTH OF	BORING	360)(Fe	et)			TEST LENGTH					(Ft.)	
TOTAL C	DEPTH OF	COMPLET	ed wei	L	340 (Feet)			* May not be repr						
		ľ				during (c)								
	PTH SURFACE	BORE-	TYPE	: (~)		CASING (S)	, 			PTH SURFACE		ANN		MATERIAL PE
		HOLE DIA.		<u>, </u>	MATERIAL /	INTERNAL	GAUGE	SLOT SIZE			CE-	BEN-		-
Ft. t	to Ft.	(Inches)	BLANK	DUCTOR FILL PIPE	GRADE	DIAMETER (Inches)	OR WALL THICKNES		Ft.	to Ft.	MENT	TONITE		FILTER PACK (TYPE/SIZE)
				으 푼						, ,	<u> (∠)</u>	(≚)	(⊻)	
~	<u>† 55</u>	14	X		F480	5"	200							
0		<u>9 7/8</u>	X		<u>F480</u>	5''	200			55	X			
5					F480	5"	200	factory	55	340		ļ		pea gravel
<u>55</u> 100	200	9 7/8	1 I T		<u>.F480</u>	5"				1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
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WELL COMPLETION REPORT NO. 0939890	Mark Ambruster	2395 Pickett Road, Calistoga
Casing list continued	1 · · · ·	

	260 - 280	9 7/8	Perf	F480	. 5"	200	DWR-CENTRAL DISTRICTODA	j.
,	280 - 300	9 7/8	Blank	F480	5"	200	2009 111 01	
	300 - 340	9 7/8	Perf	F480	5"	200	blank TJ:01 HA IS JUL 2005	

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Wel	4
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ź ORIGINAL

File with DWR

of Intent No.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA THE RESOURCES AGENCY DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES WATER WELL DRILLERS REPORT

No. 095190

Do not fill in

State Well No._____ Other Well No.09N06W32B

Permit No. or Date

WELL 9

	(12) WELL LOC: 7 11 1200 1 7
	(12) WELL LOG: Total depth 180 ft. Depth of completed well 180 ft.
	a contract (Deventer by color, character, size or material)
	<u> </u>
(2) LOCATION OF WELL (See instructions); #18-050-3	<u>10 - 15 Brown clay with bolders.</u>
Owner's Well Number	
Well address if different from above 2375 Pickett Road	25 - 50 Gray sandstone.
TownshipRangeSection	50 - 80 Gray blue sandstone and
Distance from cities, roads, railroads, fences, etc	- gravels.
	80 - 119 Fractored brown rock.
	119 - 185 Gray blue rock.
(3) TYPE OF WORK	
New Well K Deepening	
Reconditioning	
Horizontal Well	
Destruction 🗌 (Describe	
destruction materials and procedures in Item 12	
(4) PROPOSED USE	
Domestic	$\sim \alpha \otimes - \alpha \otimes \alpha \otimes$
Test Well	
Stock	
Municipal	
WELL LOCATION SKETCH Other	
(5) EQUIPMENT: (6) GRAVED PACK:	
Rotary Z Reverse C Nes Z No Size	
Cable Air Diameter of bore 834	
Other D Bucket D Redeed from 1.80 to 21	
(7) CASING INSTALLED: (8) PERFORATIONS:	
	<u> </u>
Steel Plastic & Concrete Type of perforation or size of screen	Y
From To Dia Gage or From To Shot	>
ft. ft(Vin. Wall ft ft. size	
0 180 6 160 60 160 160 170 160	_
(9) WELL SEAL:	
Was surface sanitary seal provided? Yes 🐹 No 🖂 If yes, to depth_21f	
Were strata sealed against pollution? Yes No X Interval	
Method of sealing Concrete	
(10) WATER LEVELS:	
Doubh of first writes if I	WELL DRILLER'S STATEMENT
Standing land (for all 1)	This well was drilled under my jurisdiction and this report is true to the best of my knowledge and metici.
(11) WELL TESTS:	SIGNED MAR MARINA
Was well test made? Yes X No I If yes, by whom? Driller	(Well Driller)
Type of test Pump Bailer Air lift 🕅	NAME McLean & Williams, Inc.
Depth to water at start of test <u>60 ft</u> . At end of test <u>95</u>	(Person, firm, or corporation) (Typed or printed)
pinkarge 20 gal/min after 24 hours Water temperature	Address 878 El Centro Ave.
The second state of the se	CA
Was electric log made? Yes 🗌 No 🔏 If yes, attach copy to this report	License No. 396352 Date of this report 8-10-83

DWR 188 (REV. 7-76) IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED. USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

WELL 10) · .		
	STATE OF C		Do not fill to
ORIGINAL	THE RESOUR		Do not fill in
File with DWR	WATER WELL D		N₀. 324030
	WAIER WELL DI	MILLALIS MELONI	State Well No. 09(N 06W 29
Notice of Intent No.			
Local Permit No. or Date	•		Other Well No.
			pth <u>450</u> ft. Completed depth <u>445</u> ft.
			Describe by color, character, size or material)
		<u>0 - 2 topsoil</u>	
(2) LOCATION OF WELL (See instru	otions)-A_P.#18-050-061		l & brown rock & clay
County Napa Owned		20 - 30 red & broa	
Well address if different from above EndO	Pickett Road	30 - 50 red brown	& gray rock med
Well address if different from above	Castler.		reddish brown rock
Township Range	Section	70 – 130 It gray &	whitewook
Distance from cities, roads, railroads, fences, etc.		130 - 150 dk & 1t g	ray white & black rock fract
••••	····	150 - 270 dk & lt g	say white mack stringers brown
·	•	270 - 310 lt gray n	Ne hand
		310 - 330 lt aray &	R grey rock fract hard
B Minston Ter 8-26 Patr Tres OL . 1.45 Vermo At.	(3) TYPE OF WORK:	330 - 450 lt sneen (& Le gray rock fract hard
5 Moli CL Mars Perster L-22 Victoria CL.	New Well 🎽 Deepening 🗆	L COL - UCC - UCC	x se gray wer mar hard
	Reconstruction		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Reconditioning 🛛		- (2,
Street	Horizontal Well		
M Na Astoin Av.	Destruction [] (Describe		\underline{S}^{\vee}
Anna St.	destruction materials and pro-	10 121	<u> </u>
N Anstea Spo	cedures in Item 12)		
Bernity B. Berry St. Branista S	(4) PROPOSED USE		
Calistoga	Domestic ·	$\sim - \langle 0 \rangle$	
Camp St. Codar St.	Irrigation 👝 🗋	A	RY N
Debbie W- Dena Wy.	Industrial	-1/2 V	
Barrow Barrow Denise Di	Test Well		<u> </u>
Denaweral Earl St.	Municipal 🗸	All' All'AD	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Eddy St.	Other N R		•
WELL DOCATION SKETCH	(Pesotibe)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
·	\bigvee		
	AVER FRACE:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Rotary Reverse 🗆 🗸 Par R	No 2 State Perav		
Cable 🗌 🕆 Air 🔲 🖌 Riamet	en of bare		·
Other 🗌 Bucket 🔲 Recked	from 21 445	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		<u> </u>	
(7) CASING INSTALLED: (8) PEI	FORATIONS: perimution or size of series	¥	
Steel D Plastic A concrete Type of	Regitantion at size of series		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
From To Dia Gage or Re	an Text Shot		
ft. ft in Wall	ft. Vsize		
0 445 6 F480 6	5 (445) Factory	r	·
	OBIN	-	
(9) WELL SEAL:		-	· · · · · ·
	If yes, to depth 21 ft.	_	
	🔺 Interval		
Method of sealing CONCrete		Work started 11/02	9 <u>96 Completed 11/7 19</u> 98
(10) WATER LEVELS:	· · · · ·	WELL DRILLER'S STAT	'EMENT:
Depth of first water, if known	ft.		
Standing level after well completion	80 ft.	This well was drilled under my best of my knowledge and belief.	jurisdiction and this report is true to the
		1	
(11) WELL TESTS: Was well test made? Yes KK No 🗆 If yes	by whom? <u>driller</u>	Signed	(Well Driller)
🖝 Type of test 🛛 👘 🔲 🗰 Bailer	r ☐ Airlift 4		dillians, Inc.
Depth to water at start of test80 ft.	At end of test400t	979 El Car	a, or corporation) (Typed or printed)
Discharge 5. gal/min after 2 hours	Water temperature	Norra	OAFTO
Chemical analysis made? Yes 🔲 No 🕱 If yes	, by whom?	206252	
Was electric log made Yes 🗌 No 🏋 If yes	, attach copy to this report	241001100 1 100	Date of this report01/14/99
DWR 188 (REV. 12-86)	VAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE	NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBER	RED FORM 86 96355

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DRIGINA		•	/♥.	C.	LI		11		OF CALIFOR		$\frac{1}{10000000000000000000000000000000000$
Page 1 of 1							WELL	Refer to In	LEIIU struction Pi	N REPOH	
Owner's V	Well No.	3-'08							[•] e067		
Date Work	Began	4/30/200	.8				Ended 5/14/2	008		000	
Local P	Permit A	ency N	an:	a C	ະດາມ	ntv	Environmenta	al Mamt			
Permi	t No. E	08-0013	5			,	Permit	Date 4/1	5/2008		APN/TRS/OTHER
			GE	οι	00	GIC	LOG Permit	D40	i		
ORIENTAT	「ION (上)		RTIC	CAL		– н	ORIZONTAL	ANGLE	(SPECIFY)		
		DRILLING	R	οτ	AR	Y	FL		· · · · ·		
DEPTH I	FROM ACE					D	ESCRIPTION				
Ft. to		1	<u>Desc</u>	<u>rib</u>	e n	nate	erial, grain, size	e, color, el	с.	UIT .	
0							C TUFF WITH	I COBBLI			Pickett Road
30							C TUFF				СА
45						_	CANIC ASH				
110							CANIC ROCK				Page 050 Parcel 064
340							AY VOLCAN				Range Section
390							CANICS W/ A		NGERS	Latitude	
730	1000	HARUL	<u>_IG</u>	<u>HI</u>	G	RA	Y VOLCANIC	RUCK			MIN. SEC. DEG. MIN. SEC. DCATION SKETCH
									ł		DCATION SKETCH ACTIVITY (2)
							· · · · ·				MODIFICATION/REPAIR
											Deepen
										\sim	- Other (Specify
											DESTROY (Describe
										/	Procedures and Mat Under "GEOLOGIC
				<u> </u>						4	PLANNED USES
											WATER SUPPLY
										WEST	HAMSE (S Inigation Indu
				<u> </u>						^ \	MONITORING -
											A GOKN TEST WELL.
					· · · -						ATHODIC PROTECTION.
											WELL DIRECT PUSH.
											HO-A INJECTION
				<u> </u>							VAPOR EXTRACTION -
										<u> </u>	SOUTH
			—								e Distance of Well from Roads, Buildings, ad attach a map. Use additional paper if OTHER (SPECIFY).
										necessary. PLEASE	BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE.
							• • • • •	·	[WATI	ER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL
									· · · · · ·	DEPTH TO FIRST	WATER 110 (FL) BELOW SURFACE 1
										DEPTH OF STATIC	5 E 11 4/2008
TOTAL DE			10(00							• 4 (GPM) & TEST TYPE AIR LIFT
TOTAL DE							eet) 8 (Feet)				(Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN N/A (Ft.)
		COMILL								<u>May not be rep</u>	presentative of a well's long-term yield.
							C	ASING (S)			DEPTH ANNULAR MATERIAL
DEPT	IM	BORE - HOLE	T	YPĘ	<u>(</u>	$\overline{\boldsymbol{\lambda}}$					FROM SURFACE
DEP1 FROM SUF				E.	CON-	H H	MATERIAL /	INTERNAL DIAMETER	GAUGE OR WALL	SLOT SIZE	CE- BEN-
		DIA.	1 2		83	Ē	GRADE	(inches)	THICKNES		Ft. to Ft. $(\cancel{\cancel{1}})$ $(\cancel{\cancel{1}})$ $(\cancel{\cancel{1}})$
		DIA. (Inches)	BLAN	ц К							0 55 V CONCRETE
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APPENDIX B

PUMPING TEST RECORDS





Ray's Well Testing Service Inc. 4031 Shadowhill Dr, Santa Rosa Ca 95404 Phone 707 823 3191 Fax 707 317 0057 Lic# 903708 WELL 2 (GARDEN) PUMP TEST

CUSTOMER INFORMATION

REPORT #: 7008-2 By: Matt Owens	DATE OF TEST: 2/3/2015						
CUSTOMER NAME: Kelly Fleming Winery	CONTACT: 707 942 6849						
AGENT NAME:	CONTACT:						
PROPERTY ADDRESS: 2339 Pickett Rd, Calistoga CA 94515	SENT TO: kelly@kellyflemingwines.com						

WELL DATA

LOCATION OF WELL:	Well #2				
TYPE OF WELL:	Drilled				
DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL:	313 Feet per pump installer records. 320 Feet per well log.				
DIAMETER OF WELL CASING:	5" PVC				
SANITARY WELL SEAL (PLATE SEAL AT OPENING OF WELL CASING): Yes					
ANNULAR SEAL (IN-GROUND S	EAL OF BOREHOLE): 25 Feet - Per well log				
PUMP HP AND TYPE: 2	Hp 230V 1Ph. Submersible 10GS20				
DEPTH OF PUMP SUCTION: 29	6 Feet. 1.25" Tee at well head. #10-4 Sub cable				

WATER PRODUCTION RESULTS

WATER LEVEL AT START (STATIC LEVEL):	152 Feet	FLOW RATE AT START:	16.4 GPM
FINAL PUMPING LEVEL:	296 Feet	FINAL FLOW RATE:	0.81 GPM
WATER LEVEL DRAWDOWN:	144 Feet	TOTAL LENGTH OF TEST:	see pumping log

CONSTANT PUMPING LEVEL INFORMATION

STABILIZED PUMPING LEVEL:	296 Feet	STABILIZED FLOW RATE (YIELD):	0.81 GPM
DURATION OF CONSTANT PUMPING LEVEL:	see pumping log	TOTAL YIELD:	see pumping log

WATER SYSTEM INSPECTION						
WELL PUMP	Functional	TECHNICAL INFO: 8.6 GPM @ 100 PSI @ 161', 10.5 amps, installed 2010				
ELECTRICAL	Functional	TECHNICAL INFO: 15 amp breaker in sub panel at well				
PRESSURE TANK	Not observed	TECHNICAL INFO:				
STORAGE TANK	Not observed	TECHNICAL INFO:				
BOOSTER PUMP	Not observed	TECHNICAL INFO:				

WATER QUALITY TESTING

THE FOLLOWING SAMPLES ARE BEING ANALYZED. PLEASE REFER TO FOLLOW-UP REPORT FOR RESULTS.							
Basic Irrigation PackageDATED: 2/3/2015TURNAROUND: Due 2/18/2015							
Bacteria, Arsenic, Basic Minerals - Not Tested	DATED: Not Tested	TURNAROUND: Not Tested					
	DATED:	TURNAROUND:					
	DATED:	TURNAROUND:					

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR FURTHER INFORMATION...

PAGE 1 OF 2

ADDRESS: 2339 Pickett Rd, Calistoga CA 94515

COMMENTS:

1. The recharge rate at the end of the test was 0.81 gallons per minute. This may not represent the long term or seasonal yield.

ГІМЕ	WATER LEVEL	COLOR	ODOR	SEDIMENT	GPM
10:30 AM	152'	CLEAR	NO	NO	16.4
10:45 AM	176'	CLEAR	NO	NO	15
11:00 AM	184.8'	CLEAR	NO	NO	14.6
11:15 AM	195.8'	CLEAR	NO	NO	14.4
11:30 AM	211.3'	CLEAR	NO	NO	14.1
12:00 PM	251.6'	CLEAR	NO	NO	13.6
12:30 PM	296'	CLEAR	NO	NO	4.1
1:00 PM	296'	CLEAR	NO	NO	2.8
1:30 PM	296'	CLEAR	NO	NO	2.3
2:00 PM	296'	CLEAR	NO	NO	1.4
2:30 PM	296'	CLEAR	NO	NO	1.1
3:30 PM	296'	CLEAR	NO	NO	1
4:30 PM	296'	CLEAR	NO	NO	0.9
5:30 PM	296'	CLEAR	NO	NO	0.81
RECOVERY (2	2/4/15):				
TIME	WATER LEVEL	PERCENT OF TOTAL I	DRAWDOWN		
8:10 AM	181.1'	79.79%			

Thank you for allowing us to do your well inspection!

APPROVED BY: NICK BRASESCO

in Brow

Water levels and well depth are measured as feet below top of well casing unless otherwise noted.

All wells and springs are subject to seasonal and yearly changes in regards to water yield, production and quality. Wells may be influenced by creeks or other water sources and are likely to yield less water during dry months of the year; typically August, September, & October. We make no predictions of future water production or water quality.

This report is for informational use only and is in lieu of and supercedes any other representation or statements of the agent or employee of the company, and all other such representations or statements shall be relied upon at the customer's own risk. The data and conclusions provided herein are based upon the best information available to the company using standard and accepted practices of the water well drilling industry. However, conditions in water wells are subject to dramatic changes in short periods of time. Therefore, the data and conclusions are valid only as of the date of the test and should not be relied upon to predict either the future quantity or quality the well will produce. The company makes no warranties either expressed or implied as to future water production and expressly disclaims and excludes any liability for consequential or incidental damages arising out of the breach of any expressed or implied warranty of future water production or out of any further use of the report by the customer.

PAGE 2 of 2

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Well #3 Road Well







Ray's Well Testing Service Inc. 4031 Shadowhill Dr, Santa Rosa Ca 95404 Phone 707 823 3191 Fax 707 317 0057 Lic# 903708 WELL 3 (ROAD) PUMP TEST

CUSTOMER INFORMATION

REPORT #: 7008-3 By: Matt Owens	DATE OF TEST: 2/2/2015						
CUSTOMER NAME: Kelly Fleming Winery	CONTACT: 707 942 6849						
AGENT NAME:	CONTACT:						
PROPERTY ADDRESS: 2339 Pickett Rd, Calistoga CA 94515	SENT TO: kelly@kellyflemingwines.com						

WELL DATA

LOCATION OF WELL:	Well #3					
TYPE OF WELL:	Drilled					
DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL:	117 Feet per pump installer records. 120 Feet per well log.					
DIAMETER OF WELL CASING:	5" PVC					
SANITARY WELL SEAL (PLATE	SANITARY WELL SEAL (PLATE SEAL AT OPENING OF WELL CASING): Yes					
ANNULAR SEAL (IN-GROUND S	SEAL OF BOREHOLE): 21 Feet - Per well log					
PUMP HP AND TYPE: 3	Hp 230V 1Ph. Submersible 18GS30					
DEPTH OF PUMP SUCTION: 11	2 Feet. 1.25" Tee at well head. #10-4 sub cable.					

WATER PRODUCTION RESULTS

WATER LEVEL AT START (STATIC LEVEL):	8.2 Feet	FLOW RATE AT START:	27 GPM
FINAL PUMPING LEVEL:	112 Feet	FINAL FLOW RATE:	20 GPM
WATER LEVEL DRAWDOWN:	103.8 Feet	TOTAL LENGTH OF TEST:	5 Hours

CONSTANT PUMPING LEVEL INFORMATION

STABILIZED PUMPING LEVEL:	112 Feet	STABILIZED FLOW RATE (YIELD):	20 GPM
DURATION OF CONSTANT PUMPING LEVEL:	4 Hours 30 Minutes	TOTAL YIELD:	see pumping log

WATER SYSTEM INSPECTION

WELL PUMP	Functional	TECHNICAL INFO: 27 GPM @ 100 PSI @ 10', 14.2 amps, control box dated 2006				
ELECTRICAL	Functional	TECHNICAL INFO: 30 amp breaker at well head				
PRESSURE TANK	Not observed	TECHNICAL INFO:				
STORAGE TANK	Not observed	TECHNICAL INFO:				
BOOSTER PUMP	Not observed	TECHNICAL INFO:				

WATER QUALITY TESTING

THE FOLLOWING SAMPLES ARE BEING ANALYZED. PLEASE REFER TO FOLLOW-UP REPORT FOR RESULTS.							
Basic Irrigation PackageDATED: 2/2/2015TURNAROUND: Due 2/18/2015							
Bacteria, Arsenic, Basic Minerals - Not Tested	DATED: Not Tested	TURNAROUND: Not Tested					
	DATED:	TURNAROUND:					
	DATED:	TURNAROUND:					

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR FURTHER INFORMATION...

PAGE 1 OF 2

ADDRESS: 2339 Pickett Rd, Calistoga CA 94515

COMMENTS:

1. The recharge rate at the end of the test was 20 gallons per minute. This may not represent the long term or seasonal yield.

TIME	WATER LEVEL	COLOR	ODOR	SEDIMENT	GPM
12:15 PM	8.2'	ORANGE	SLIGHT METALLI	C PINCH FINE BLACK	27
12:30 PM	73.5'	ORANGE	SLIGHT METALLI	C PINCH FINE BLACK	34.4
12:45 PM	112'	ORANGE HAZE	NO	PINCH IRON PARTICULATE	26
1:00 PM	112'	CLOUDY YELLOW HAZ	ZE NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	25.1
1:15 PM	112'	CLOUDY YELLOW HAZ	E NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	24.3
1:45 PM	112'	CLOUDY YELLOW HAZ	E NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	23.1
2:15 PM	112'	SLIGHT YELLOW HAZI	E NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	22.5
2:45 PM	112'	SLIGHT YELLOW HAZI	E NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	21.5
3:15 PM	112'	SLIGHT YELLOW HAZI	E NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	21.1
3:45 PM	112'	SLIGHT YELLOW HAZ	E NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	21
4:15 PM	112'	SLIGHT YELLOW HAZI	E NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	20.3
4:45 PM	112'	SLIGHT YELLOW HAZI	E NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	20.1
5:15 PM	112'	SLIGHT YELLOW HAZI	E NO	TRACE FINE BLACK	20
RECOVERY	Y (2/3/15):				
TIME	WATER LEVEL	PERCENT OF TOTAL DR	AWDOWN		
5:00 PM	8.6'	99.61 %			

Thank you for allowing us to do your well inspection!

APPROVED BY: NICK BRASESCO

M Bron

Water levels and well depth are measured as feet below top of well casing unless otherwise noted.

All wells and springs are subject to seasonal and yearly changes in regards to water yield, production and quality. Wells may be influenced by creeks or other water sources and are likely to yield less water during dry months of the year; typically August, September, & October. We make no predictions of future water production or water quality.

This report is for informational use only and is in lieu of and supercedes any other representation or statements of the agent or employee of the company, and all other such representations or statements shall be relied upon at the customer's own risk. The data and conclusions provided herein are based upon the best information available to the company using standard and accepted practices of the water well drilling industry. However, conditions in water wells are subject to dramatic changes in short periods of time. Therefore, the data and conclusions are valid only as of the date of the test and should not be relied upon to predict either the future quantity or quality the well will produce. The company makes no warranties either expressed or implied as to future water production and expressly disclaims and excludes any liability for consequential or incidental damages arising out of the breach of any expressed or implied warranty of future water production or out of any further use of the report by the customer.

WELL # 3 ROAD WELL QUADRUPLICATE STATE OF CALIFORNIA For Local Requirements WELL COMPLETION REPORT STATE WELL NO /STATION Refer to Instruction Pamphlet Page ____ of _ Owner's Well No. . No. 462608 93 1-2-17 LATITUDE LONGITUDE Date Work Began ____ _ . Ended Local Permit Agency Must-9-8-9 APN/TRS/OTHER Permit No. 335 Permit Date GEOLOGIC LOG WELL-OWNER Riase 11-125. KALINGVA Name NEV ORIENTATION (∠) VERTICAL HORIZONTAL ANGLE (SPECIEX) Mailing-Address. DEPTH TO FIRST WATER. (Ft.) BELOW SURFACE DEPTH FROM DESCRIPTION Ft Describe material, grain size, color, etc Ft to WELL EPCATION 21 alist MA Address <-(FT 1003 County _ 50. 14 ÅPN Book _ Page -Parcel 14 Township -_ Range _ Section GNGON Latitude _ NORTH Longitude _ <u>west</u> DEG. MIN. SEC. DEG. MIN. SEC. AZTIVITY (∠) - LOCATION SKETCH -NORTH NEW WELL MODIFICATION/REPAIR Deepen Other (Specify) Ę THE STROY (Describe . میر Procedures and Materials Under "GEOLOGIC LOG" VCAN vest) PLANNED USE(S) EAST (⊻) MONITORING 1." WATER SUPPLY rem Domestic れいい Public Irrigation Industrial TEST WELL" CATHODIC PROTEC-SOUTH TION OTHER (Specify) SOUTH SUBJECTIVE Distance of Well from Landmarks such as Roads, Buildings, Fences, Rivers, etc. PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE. 0 MANNGENENT -Of DEPT DRILLING ENVIRONMENTAL rotory CIE METHOD . FLUID WATER LEVEL & YIELD OF COMPLETED WELL -_ (Ft.) & DATE MEASURED 9-16-7.3 TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING 260 (Feet) TEST LENGTH _____ (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN _____ (Ft.) TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL 120 (Feet) * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield. **CASING(S)** ANNULAR MATERIAL DEPTH FROM SURFACE DEPTH FROM SURFACE BORE TYPE (∠) TYPE HOLE DIA. INTERNAL GAUGE SLOT SIZE MATERIAL/ SCREEN CON-DUCTOR CE- BEN MENT TONITE FILL BLANK DIAMETER OR WALL THICKNESS IE ANY FILTER PACK (TYPE/SIZE) (Inches) GRADE Et. FŤ (Inches) (Inches) **Ft**: to Ft. to (ビ) (ビ) (∠) 200 3 \sim Mustic. \leq TAN Men avan C 11 63 11 3/23 11 CERTIFICATION STATEMENT ATTACHMENTS (∠) I, the undersigned, certify that this report is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief. Geologic Log NAÏNE Well Construction Diagram Geophysical Log(s) 11 Soil/Water Chemical Analyses Other ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION. IF IT EXISTS. Signed C-57 LICENSE NUMBER IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM DWR 188 REV. 7:90







WELL 4 (BLOCK 4, PROJECT WELL) PUMP TEST

 Phone: (707) 823-3191
 Fax: (707) 317-0057
 Email: rayswelltesting@gmail.com

 Address: 4853 Vine Hill Rd, Sebastopol Ca 95472
 CA Lic. #: 903708

Well Yield Pump Test for Water Supply Permit

The following test was performed for:

Kelly Fleming Winery 2339 Pickett Rd Calistoga Ca 94515

Water flow rate measurements were determined by Master Meter multijet water meters and verified using a container and stopwatch. Water levels were measured with Solinst water level sounding device.

Please contact Ray's Well Testing Service, Inc. with any questions: 707 823 3191

Respectfully submitted, Nick Brasesco

Sheet1

Ray's Well Testing Service Inc. Phone Number: 707 823 3191 Address: 2339 Pickett Rd., Calistoga, CA 94515 Water System Name: Kelly Fleming Winery Water System Number: Well Permit Number:

Page1 8 -Hour Pump Test Form with Recovery DatStatic Water Level: 343.7

Date	Time	Interval	Water Level	GPM	Water color:	Odor:	Sand:
02/03/15	08:55:00 AM	10 Mins	343.7	12	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	09:05:00 AM	10 Mins	365	12	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	09:15:00 AM	10 Mins	372.8	12	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	09:25:00 AM	10 Mins	378.7	12	Clear	No	No
02/03/15 02/03/15 02/03/15	09:25:00 AM 09:35:00 AM 09:45:00 AM	10 Mins 10 Mins 10 Mins	378.7 382.5 385.3	12 12 12	Clear Clear Clear	No No	No No
02/03/15 02/03/15 02/03/15 02/03/15 02/03/15 02/03/15	09:55:00 AM 10:05:00 AM 10:15:00 AM 10:25:00 AM 10:35:00 AM 10:45:00 AM	10 Mins 10 Mins 10 Mins 10 Mins 10 Mins 10 Mins	386.8 390.2 391.4 392.9 394 395.3	12 12 12 12 12 12 12	Clear Clear Clear Clear Clear Clear	No No No No No	No No No No No
02/03/15	10:55:00 AM	20 Mins	396.8	11.2	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	11:15:00 AM	20 Mins	413.7	10.8	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	11:35:00 AM	20 Mins	439	9.8	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	11:55:00 AM	30 Mins	481	8.7	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	12:25:00 PM	30 Mins	538	7.4	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	12:55:00 PM	30 Mins	567	5.4	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	01:25:00 PM 01:55:00 PM	30 Mins 30 Mins 30 Mins	567 567	4.3 3.8	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	02:25:00 PM	30 Mins	567 567	2.6 2.6	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	03:25:00 PM	30 Mins	567	2.6	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	03:55:00 PM	30 Mins	567	2.6	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	04:25:00 PM	30 Mins	567	2.6	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	04:55:00 PM	30 Mins	567	2.6	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	05:25:00 PM	30 Mins	567	2.6	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	05:55:00 PM	30 Mins	567	2.6	Clear	No	No
02/03/15	06:25:00 PM	30 Mins	567	2.6	Clear	No	No

Sheet1

Static level:	343.7
Water level drawdown:	223.3
Final Pumping level:	567

Page 2 8 -Hour Pump Test Form with Recovery Data

Date	Time	Interval	Water Level	Recovery %
02/03/15	06:40:00 PM	15 Mins	538.5	12.76%
02/03/15	06:55:00 PM	15 Mins	514.5	23.51%
02/03/15	07:10:00 PM	15 Mins	495	32.24%
02/03/15	07:25:00 PM	15 Mins	477	40.30%
02/03/15	07:40:00 PM	15 Mins	461.2	47.38%
02/03/15	07:55:00 PM	15 Mins	446.1	54.14%
02/03/15	08:10:00 PM	15 Mins	431.1	60.86%
02/03/15	08:25:00 PM	15 Mins	416.3	67.49%
02/04/15	03:55:00 AM	7.5 Hours	345.3	99.28%

-Water level recovered 99.28%

-Water levels recorded as feet below surface.

Well Data:

-Well pump: 3HP 10S30-34 230V 1ph Submersible -#4-4 sub cable

-Depth as measured by pump installer - 595 Feet -Pump setting - 567 Feet on 1.25" galvanized

WELL 4 PROJECT WELL

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60	160	GRAY &	& G	RE	EEN	V	OLCANIC	S			100	ounty Napa						
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DWR 188 REV. 11-97 .

IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

Well #5 BIG TANKS WELL







Ray's Well Testing Service Inc. 4031 Shadowhill Dr, Santa Rosa Ca 95404 Phone 707 823 3191 Fax 707 317 0057 Lic# 903708 WELL 5 (BIG TANKS) PUMP TEST

CUSTOMER INFORMATION

REPORT #: 7008-4 By: Matt Owens	DATE OF TEST: 2/2/2015						
CUSTOMER NAME: Kelly Fleming Winery	CONTACT: 707 942 6849						
AGENT NAME:	CONTACT:						
PROPERTY ADDRESS: 2339 Pickett Rd, Calistoga CA 94515	SENT TO: kelly@kellyflemingwines.com						

WELL DATA

LOCATION OF WELL:	Well #4
TYPE OF WELL:	Drilled
DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL:	218 Feet per installer records. 220 Feet per well log.
DIAMETER OF WELL CASING:	5" PVC
SANITARY WELL SEAL (PLATE	SEAL AT OPENING OF WELL CASING): Yes
ANNULAR SEAL (IN-GROUND S	EAL OF BOREHOLE): 25 Feet - Per well log
PUMP HP AND TYPE: 1H	P 230V 1 Ph. Submersible 10S10
DEPTH OF PUMP SUCTION: Un	known - Refer to installer (Mclean Williams).

WATER PRODUCTION RESULTS

WATER LEVEL AT START (STATIC LEVEL):	26.5 Feet	FLOW RATE AT START:	16 GPM
FINAL PUMPING LEVEL:	40.5 Feet	FINAL FLOW RATE:	12.6 GPM
WATER LEVEL DRAWDOWN:	14 Feet	TOTAL LENGTH OF TEST:	5 Hours

CONSTANT PUMPING LEVEL INFORMATION

STABILIZED PUMPING LEVEL:	40.5 Feet	STABILIZED FLOW RATE (YIELD):	12.6 GPM
DURATION OF CONSTANT PUMPING LEVEL:	3 Hours	TOTAL YIELD:	see pumping log

WATED SVOTEM INODECTION

		WATER SYSTEM INSPECTION
WELL PUMP	Functional	TECHNICAL INFO: 13.2 GPM @ 70 PSI @ 30', Installed 2/3/2015
ELECTRICAL	Functional	TECHNICAL INFO: 20 amp breaker at well head
PRESSURE TANK	Not observed	TECHNICAL INFO:
STORAGE TANK	Not observed	TECHNICAL INFO:
BOOSTER PUMP	Not observed	TECHNICAL INFO:

WATER QUALITY TESTING

THE FOLLOWING SAMPLES ARE BEING ANALYZED. PLEASE REFER TO FOLLOW-UP REPORT FOR RESULTS.				
Basic Irrigation Package	DATED: 2/4/2015	TURNAROUND: Due 2/19/2015		
Bacteria, Arsenic, Basic Minerals - Not Tested	DATED: Not Tested	TURNAROUND: Not Tested		
	DATED:	TURNAROUND:		
	DATED:	TURNAROUND:		

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR FURTHER INFORMATION...

PAGE 1 OF 2

ADDRESS: 2339 Pickett Rd, Calistoga CA 94515

COMMENTS:

1. The recharge rate at the end of the test was 12.6 gallons per minute. This may not represent the long term or seasonal yield.

TIME	WATER LEVEL	COLOR	ODOR	SEDIMENT	GPM
1:00 PM	26.5'	NO	NO	TRACE IRON PARTICULATE	16
1:15 PM	34'	NO	NO	NO	15.6
1:30 PM	35.5'	NO	NO	NO	15.6
1:45 PM	37'	NO	NO	NO	15.6
2:00 PM	37.8'	NO	NO	NO	15.6
2:15 PM	38.4'	NO	NO	NO	15.6
2:30 PM	39.3'	NO	NO	NO	15.6
2:45 PM	40'	NO	NO	NO	15.6
3:00 PM	40.5'	NO	NO	NO	14.2
3:30 PM	40.5'	NO	NO	NO	13.7
4:00 PM	40.5'	NO	NO	NO	13
4:30 PM	40.5'	NO	NO	NO	12.6
5:00 PM	40.5'	NO	NO	NO	12.6
5:30 PM	40.5'	NO	NO	NO	12.6
6:00 PM	40.5'	NO	NO	NO	12.6
RECOVERY	(2/5/2015):				
TIME	WATER LEVEL	PERCENT OF TOTAL D	DRAWDOWN		
8:40 AM	26.7'	98.5%			

Thank you for allowing us to do your well inspection!

APPROVED BY: NICK BRASESCO

in Brow

Water levels and well depth are measured as feet below top of well casing unless otherwise noted.

All wells and springs are subject to seasonal and yearly changes in regards to water yield, production and quality. Wells may be influenced by creeks or other water sources and are likely to yield less water during dry months of the year; typically August, September, & October. We make no predictions of future water production or water quality.

This report is for informational use only and is in lieu of and supercedes any other representation or statements of the agent or employee of the company, and all other such representations or statements shall be relied upon at the customer's own risk. The data and conclusions provided herein are based upon the best information available to the company using standard and accepted practices of the water well drilling industry. However, conditions in water wells are subject to dramatic changes in short periods of time. Therefore, the data and conclusions are valid only as of the date of the test and should not be relied upon to predict either the future quantity or quality the well will produce. The company makes no warranties either expressed or implied as to future water production and expressly disclaims and excludes any liability for consequential or incidental damages arising out of the breach of any expressed or implied warranty of future water production or out of any further use of the report by the customer.

PAGE 2 of 2

WELL # 5 BIG TANKS WELI	10.000.00				
QUADRUPLICATE STATE OF CALIF For Local Requirements WELL COMPLETI	ON REPORT				
Page of Refer to Instruction					
Owner's Well No. Date Work Began 1-19-11, Ended 1-20-99 81	4587				
Local Permit Agency	APN/TRS/OTHER				
Permit No. <u>16-11214</u> Permit Date <u>8-30</u>	WELL OWNER				
	Name + ICry NGL				
DEPTH FROM DEPTH FROM METHOD	Mailing Address D 131				
SURFACE DESCRIPTION FL to E Describe material, grain size, color, etc.	CITY WELL LOCATION STATE ZIP				
033 Drawn Chap, graprock	Address and of TACKET Y C				
asissign institute white	City County Notes				
	APN Book Page Parcel OIA - OOC - 04-				
	Township Range Section Latitude NORTH Longitude WES				
	LOCATION SKETCH				
	NORTH NEW WELL				
	MODIFICATION/REPAIR Deepen				
	Other (Specify)				
	DESTROY (Describe Procedures and Materiu Under "GEOLOGIC LO				
	PLANNED USES (
	P. I. TT R.I. Domestic Public				
	CATHODIC PROTECTION				
	HEAT EXCHANGE DIRECT PUSH				
	INJECTION				
Dross	VAPOR EXTRACTION				
RECEIVED					
JAN 3 2000	necessary. PLEASE BE ACCURATE & COMPLETE.				
	DEPTH TO FIRST WATER (FL) BELOW SURFACE				
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT	DEPTH OF STATIC 40 (FL) & DATE MEASURED 1-20-99				
1 1	ESTIMATED VIELD . 25 (GPM) & TEST TYPE (1)				
TOTAL DEPTH OF BORING <u>J</u> (Feet) TOTAL DEPTH OF COMPLETED WELL <u>Z</u> (Feet)	TEST LENGTH (Hrs.) TOTAL DRAWDOWN (FL) * May not be representative of a well's long-term yield.				
CASING (S)	ANNULAR MATERIAL				
FROM SURFACE HOLE TYPE ()	FROM SURFACE TYPE				
Ft. to Ft.	ALL IF ANY FSS (Inches) Ft. to Ft. MENT TONITE FILL (TYPE/SIZE)				
1 15 9 Platu 5 201	$(\underline{\checkmark})$ $(\underline{\checkmark})$ $(\underline{\checkmark})$				
76 220 9 1	- Factory 26 220 Peabrow				
	172				
ATTACHMENTS (\leq)	CERTIFICATION STATEMENT				
Geologic Log	this report is complete and accurate to the best of my knowledge and belief.				
Well Construction Diagram NAME (PERSON, FIRM, OR, CORPORATION)	TYPED OR PRINTED				
Geophysical Log(s) Soil/Water Chemical Analyses	Imont He Maja a. 7455				
Other ADDRESS ADDRESSADDRESS ADDRESS ADDRESS ADDR	City -> 8-99 STATE 34151 7-				
ATTACH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION, IF IT EXISTS. Signed WELL DRILLER/AUTHORIZED REPRE	ESENTATIVE DATE SIGNED C-57 LICENSE NUMBER				

DWR	188	REV	11-97

IF ADDITIONAL SPACE IS NEEDED, USE NEXT CONSECUTIVELY NUMBERED FORM

APPENDIX C

NAPA COUNTY GROUNDWATER RECHARGE ANALYSIS

24

Napa County Groundwater Recharge Analysis

Introduction

Developing accurate estimates of the spatial and temporal distribution of groundwater recharge is a key component of sustainable groundwater management. Efforts to quantify recharge are inherently difficult owing to the wide variability of factors controlling hydrologic processes, the wide range of available tools/methods for estimating recharge, and the difficulty in assessing the accuracy of estimates because direct measurement of recharge rates is, for the most part, infeasible (Healy 2010, Seiler and Gat 2007).

Numerical modeling is a common approach for developing recharge estimates. Soil-waterbalance modeling is one category of numerical models particularly well-suited for estimating recharge across large areas with modest data requirements. This study describes an application of the U.S. Geological Survey's (USGS) Soil Water Balance Model (SWB) (Westenbroek et al. 2010) to develop spatial and temporal distributions of groundwater recharge across Napa County. This model operates on a daily timestep and calculates surface runoff based on the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) curve number method and potential evapotranspiration based on the Hargreaves-Samani methods (Hargreaves and Samani 1985). Actual evapotranspiration (AET) and recharge are calculated using a modified Thornthwaite-Mather soil-water-balance approach (Westenbroek et al. 2010).

It is important to note that the SWB model focuses on surface and soil-zone processes and does not simulate the groundwater system or track groundwater storage over time. The model also does not simulate surface water/groundwater interaction or baseflow; thus, the runoff estimates represent only the surface runoff component of streamflow resulting from rainstorms and the recharge estimates represent only the infiltration recharge component (also referred to as diffuse recharge) of total recharge (stream-channel recharge is not simulated).

This modeling work and summary report has been prepared by O'Connor Environmental, Inc., for it's private use in relation to Water Availability Analyses (WAA) prepared on behalf of private clients for projects using groundwater in "hillside" areas of Napa County as required by Napa Planning, Building & Environmental Services. The modeling to-date is complete in its current form but remains subject to revision; it is considered a working draft with information suitable for use to support WAA projects. Parties interested in obtaining more information regarding the modeling or who may wish to offer comments should contact O'Connor Environmental, Inc.



Model Development

The model was developed using a 30-meter (98.4 ft) resolution rectangular grid. Water budget calculations were made on a daily time step. Key spatial inputs included a flow direction map developed from the USGS 1 arc-second resolution Digital Elevation Model (DEM), a land cover map derived from the U.S. Forest Service (USFS) CALVEG dataset that was supplemented by a database of agricultural areas maintained by the County of Napa (Figure 1), a distribution of Hydrologic Soil Groups (A through D classification from lowest to highest runoff potential; Figure 2), and a distribution of Available Water Capacity (AWC) developed from the NRCS Soil Survey Geographic Database (SSURGO) (Figure 3).

A series of model parameters were assigned for each land cover type/soil group combination including an infiltration rate, a curve number, dormant and growing season interception storage values, and a rooting depth (Table 1).

Infiltration rates for hydrologic soil groups A through D were applied based on Cronshey et al. (1986) (Table 2) along with default soil-moisture-retention relationships based on Thornthwaite and Mather (1957) (Figure 4). Curve numbers were assigned based on standard NRCS methods. Interception storage values and rooting depths were assigned based on literature values and from previous modeling experience including a SWB model covering Sonoma County and calibrated using runoff volumes from several stream gages (OEI 2017).



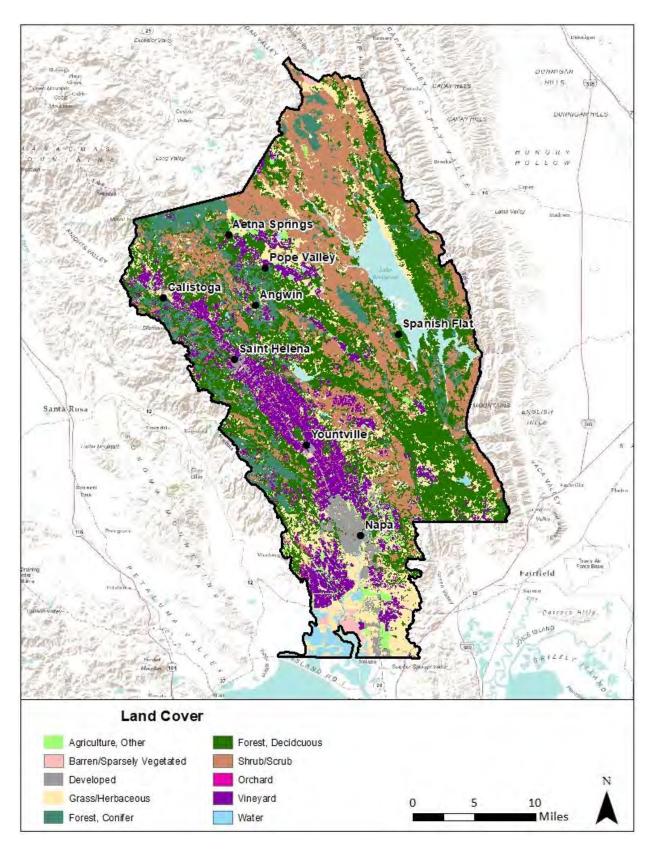


Figure 1: Land cover distribution used in the Napa County SWB model.



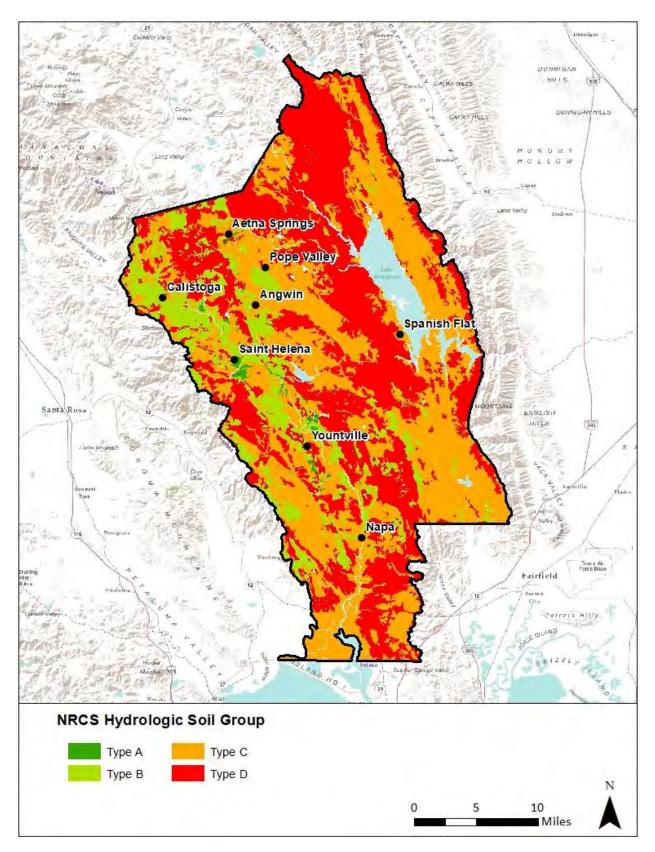


Figure 2: Hydrologic soil group distribution used in the Napa County SWB model.



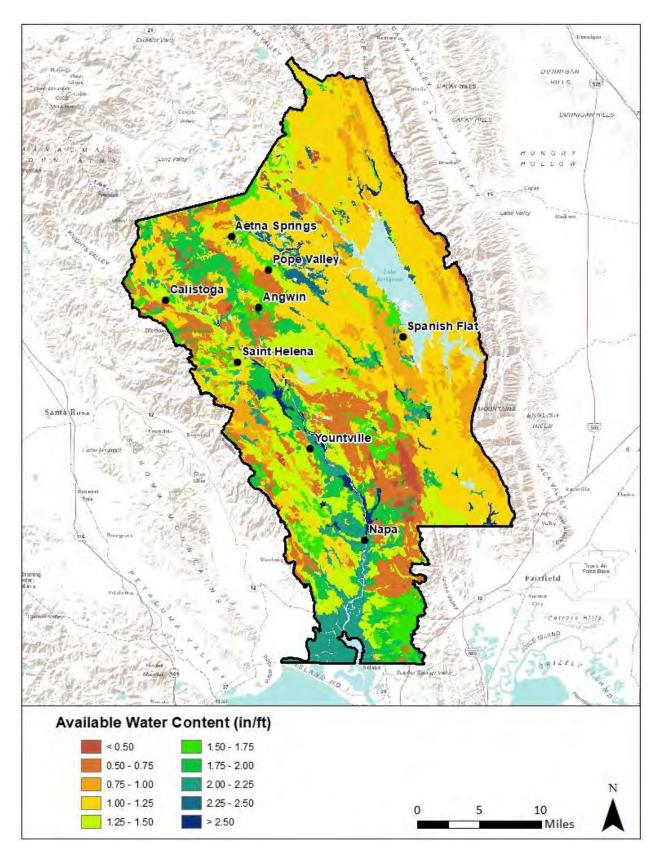


Figure 3: Available water capacity distribution used in the Napa County SWB model.



Land Cover		eption Values ()		Curve Nu NRCS Soi	•			•	Depth by Type (ft)	
	Growing Season	Dormant Season	Туре А	Туре В	Туре С	Type D	Туре А	Туре В	Туре С	Type D
Agriculture, Other	0.080	0.040	38	61	75	81	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7
Barren	0.000	0.000	77	86	91	94	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Developed	0.005	0.002	61	75	83	87	2.3	2.1	2.0	1.8
Grassland/Herbaceous	0.005	0.004	30	58	71	78	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.0
Forest, Coniferous	0.050	0.050	30	55	70	77	5.9	5.1	4.9	4.7
Forest, Deciduous	0.050	0.020	30	55	70	77	5.9	5.1	4.9	4.7
Shrub/Scrub	0.080	0.015	30	48	65	73	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.6
Orchard	0.050	0.015	38	61	75	81	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.6
Vineyard	0.080	0.015	38	61	75	81	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.9
Water	0.000	0.000	100	100	100	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Table 1: Soil and land cover properties used in the Napa County SWB model.

Table 2: Infiltration rates for NRCS hydrologicsoil groups (Cronshey et al. 1986).

Soil Group	Infiltration Rate (in/hr)
А	> 0.3
В	0.15 - 0.3
С	0.05 - 0.15
D	<0.05

ACCUMULATED POTENTIAL WATER LOSS, IN INCHES MAXIMUM SOIL-MOISTURE CAPACITY, IN INCHES

SOIL MOISTURE RETAINED, IN INCHES

Figure 4: Soil-moisture-retention table (Thornthwaite and Mather 1957).



The SWB model utilizes daily precipitation and mean daily temperature data derived from climate stations. To account for the spatial variability of these parameters, daily precipitation and mean daily temperature were input as gridded (spatially-distributed) time-series. The gridded precipitation time-series was created using data from 15 weather stations in Napa County, and the gridded mean temperature time-series was created using data from 8 stations (Table 3). These stations were selected based on completeness of the records and to provide station data representative of the range of climates experienced in the county. Data was obtained from the California Data Exchange Center (CDEC), the National Climatic Data Center (NCDC), and from Napa One Rain.

To create the gridded time-series, the model domain was divided into discrete areas represented by individual weather stations (Figures 5 and 6). This delineation was based on climate variations described by existing gridded mean annual (1981-2010) precipitation and temperature data (PRISM 2010) and local knowledge of climatic variations across the county.

For the precipitation time-series, each area representing a weather station was subdivided into four to twenty-three zones based on 1-inch average annual precipitation contours. Within each zone the raw station data was multiplied by a unique scaling factor. This scaling factor was calculated as the ratio of average annual precipitation within a zone to average annual precipitation at the representative rain gage. In certain locations, typically near the boundary of areas represented by gages located on the valley bottom and at higher elevations, this scaling was unable to smoothly resolve differences in annual and event precipitation totals. To more accurately estimate precipitation near these boundaries, precipitation records from the two gages in question were averaged using weights calculated proportionally to the difference between PRISM mean annual precipitation at a rain gage and within a selected zone. The resulting gridded time-series is comprised of 220 individual time-series based on the scaled station data from 15 stations.

The assignment of temperature stations was based on the understanding that the spatial variability of temperatures across Napa County is relatively homogenous, with elevation being the primary variable. Temperature records were classified either as Mountain, Valley Bottom, or East County and applied within areas the PRISM datasets described as being similar. To smooth the transition from Mountain zones to Valley Bottom and East County zones, Hillside zones were created where the temperature records of the two nearest gages were averaged.

Missing and suspect data was encountered in the raw precipitation and temperature data from the weather stations used by the model. Values that were significantly outside the typical range, and where similar observations were not found at nearby stations, were removed from the datasets. These and missing values were filled using scaled data from other nearby stations. Precipitation data used for gap filling was scaled using the ratio of the 1981 to 2010 mean annual precipitation (PRISM 2010) between the two stations. Temperature data was scaled using the ratio of the 1981 to 2010 mean monthly minimum and maximum temperatures (PRISM 2010) between the two stations.



The current analysis focuses on Water Year 2010 (October 1, 2009 – September 30, 2010) and Water Year 2014 (October 1, 2013 – September 30, 2014). These years were selected because they represent periods with data available from most weather stations in the county and where most stations reported annual precipitation totals close to the long-term average (WY 2010) and significantly below the long term average (WY 2014). Based on a comparison between station data and PRISM average precipitation depths during Water Year 2010, rainfall averaged 101% of long-term average conditions and ranged from 78% at Lake Hennessey to 111% at the Napa County Airport. In Water Year 2014, rainfall averaged 55% of long-term average conditions and ranged from 41% at Lake Hennessey to 73% at the Napa State Hospital (Table 3).

Station	Data Used	1981 - 2010 Mean Annual Precip (in)	WY 20 Precip (in)	010 % Avg	WY 20 Precip (in))14 % Avg
Angwin ¹	Precip & Temp	42.54	44.64	105%	25.04	59%
Atlas Peak ¹	Precip & Temp	41.76	39.04	93%	20.08	48%
Berryessa ¹	Precip & Temp	28.97	28.16	97%	13.97	48%
Calistoga ²	Precip	39.41	41.75	106%	18.18	46%
Knoxville Creek ¹	Temp Only	-	-	-	-	-
Lake Hennessey ³	Precip Only	34.09	26.52	78%	13.92	41%
Mt. George ³	Precip Only	31.15	29.64	95%	18.24	59%
Mt. Veeder ³	Precip Only	44.81	46.44	104%	28.6	64%
Napa County Airport ²	Precip & Temp	21.14	23.56	111%	9.87	47%
Napa River at Yountville Cross Rd ³	Precip Only	31.86	32.72	103%	14.93	47%
Napa State Hospital ²	Precip & Temp	26.81	28.85	108%	19.66	73%
Petrified Forest ³	Precip Only	42.39	46.6	110%	22.84	54%
Redwood Creek At Mt. Veeder Road ³	Precip Only	34.71	37.36	108%	23.48	68%
Saint Helena ²	Precip & Temp	37.43	39.11	104%	19.11	51%
Saint Helena 4WSW ¹	Precip & Temp	45.44	47.88	105%	28.88	64%
Sugarloaf Peak ³	Precip Only	32.20	26.16	81%	17.12	53%

Table 3: Weather stations used in the Nana Coun	ty SWB model. See Figures 7-9 for associated timeseries.
Table 5: Weather Stations used in the Napa court	cy swb model. See figures 7 - 5 for associated timescries.

1 – Data accessed from California Data Exchange Center (CDEC)

2 – Data accessed from National Climate Data Center (NCDC)

3 - Data access from Napa One Rain



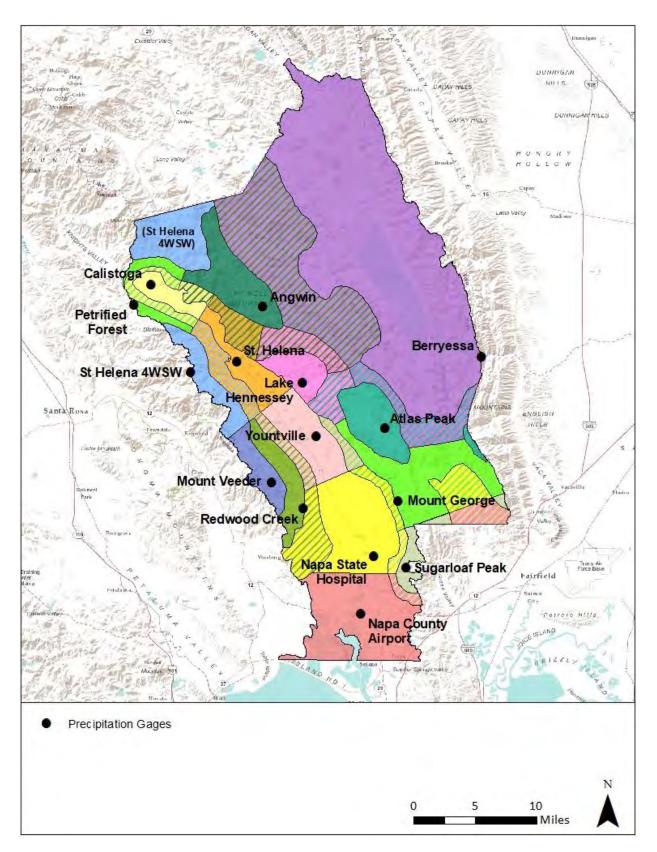


Figure 5: Precipitation zones used in the Napa County SWB model. Hatching indicates areas where two precipitation records were averaged across a zone.



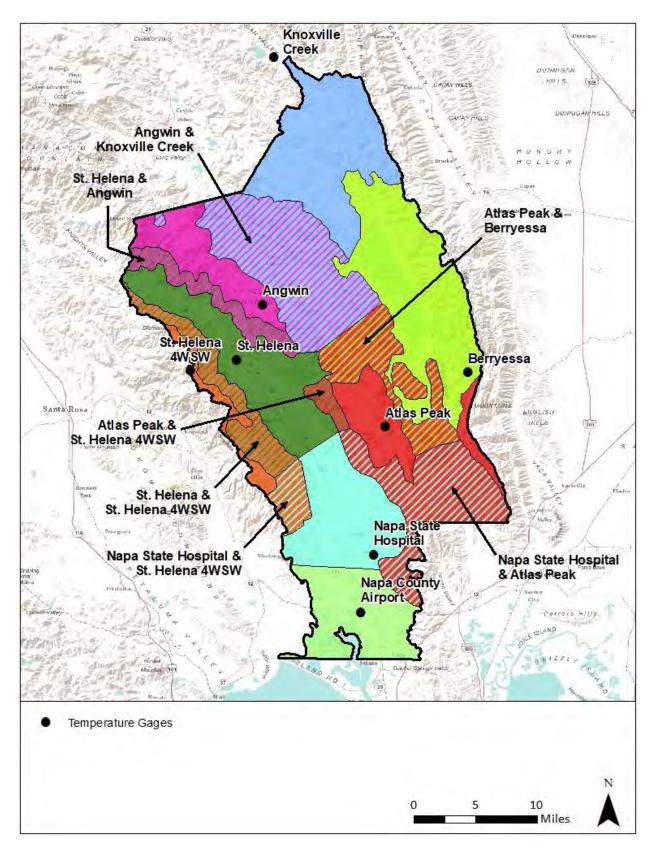


Figure 6: Temperature zones used in the Napa County SWB model. Hatching indicates areas where two temperature records were averaged across a zone.



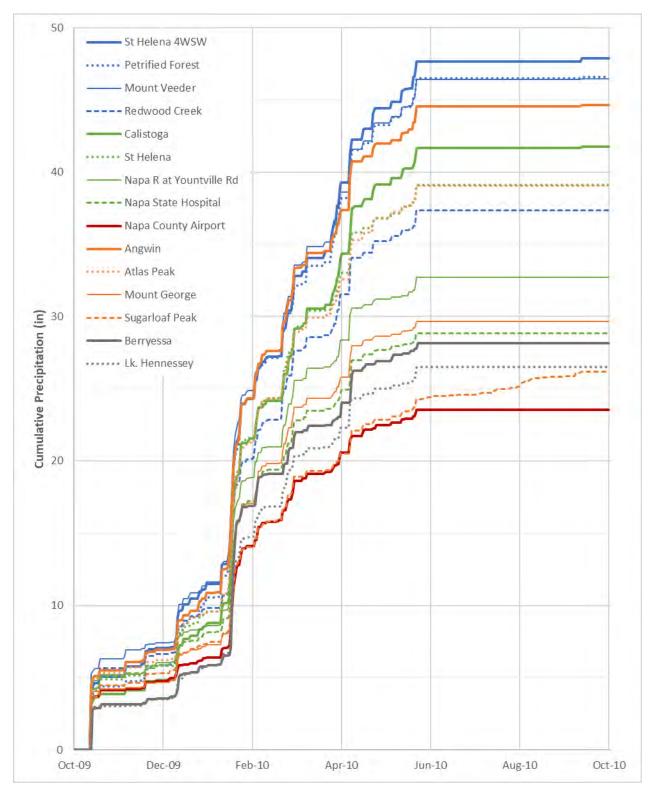


Figure 7a: Daily precipitation data used in the Napa County SWB model for WY 2010.



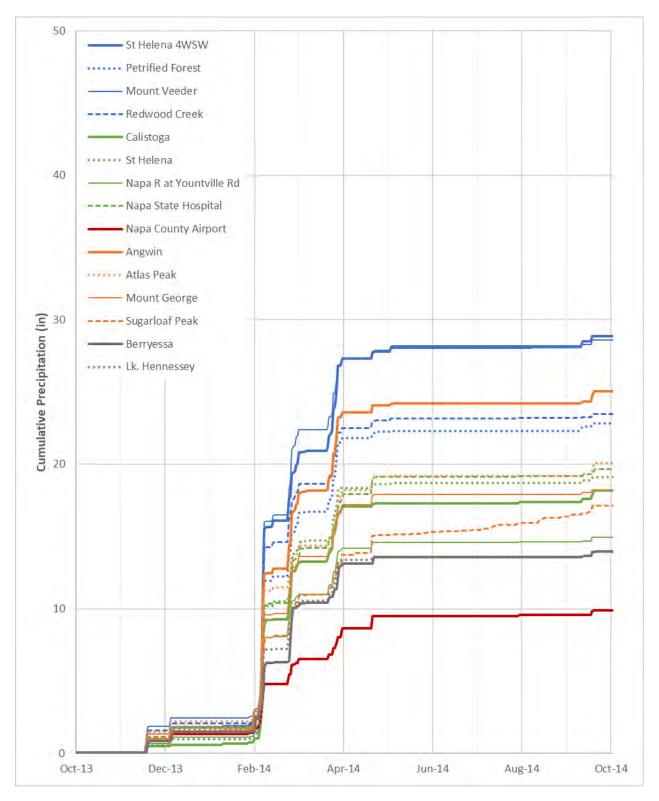


Figure 7b: Daily precipitation data used in the Napa County SWB model for WY 2014.



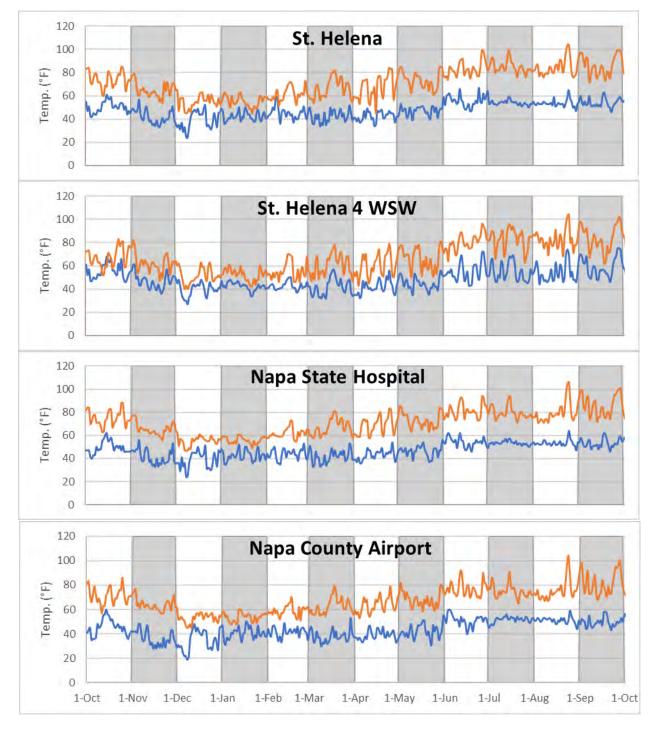


Figure 8: Daily minimum and maximum temperature data used in the Sonoma County SWB model for WY 2010.



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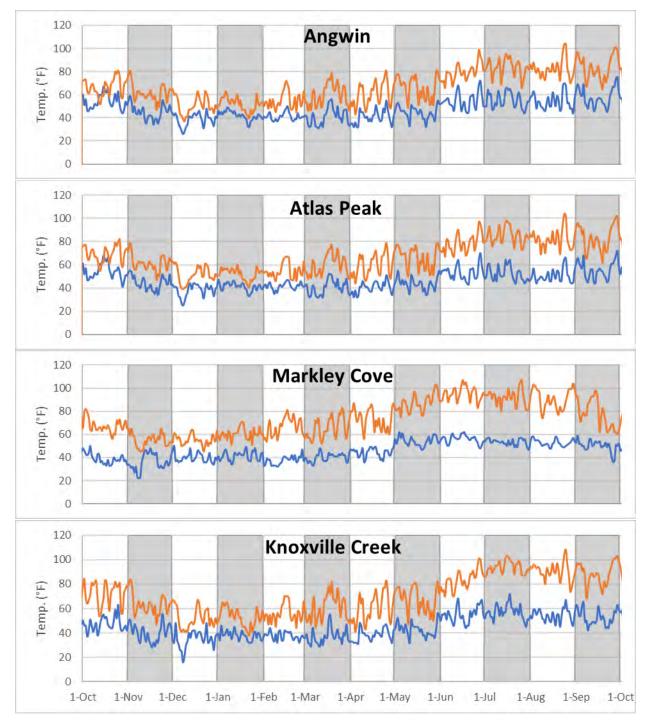


Figure 8 – cont.



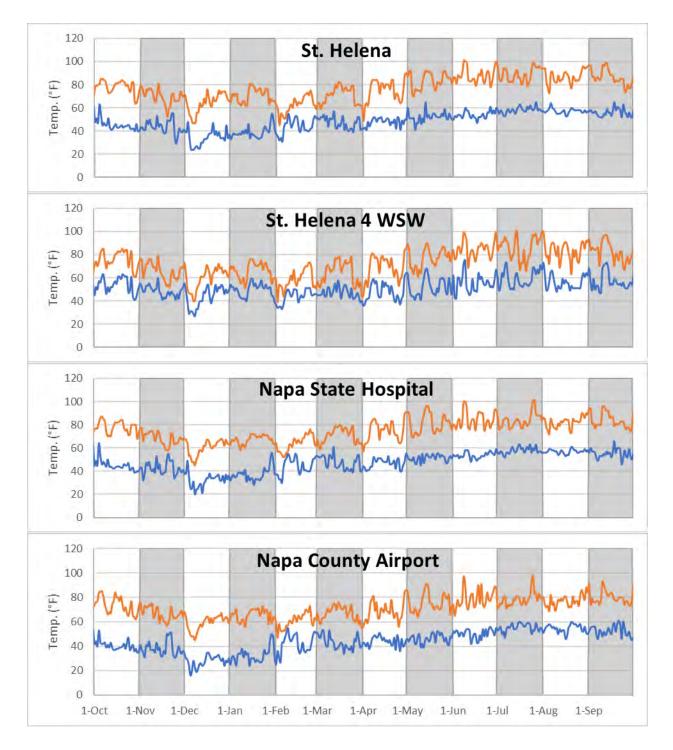


Figure 9: Daily minimum and maximum temperature data used in the Sonoma County SWB model for WY 2010.



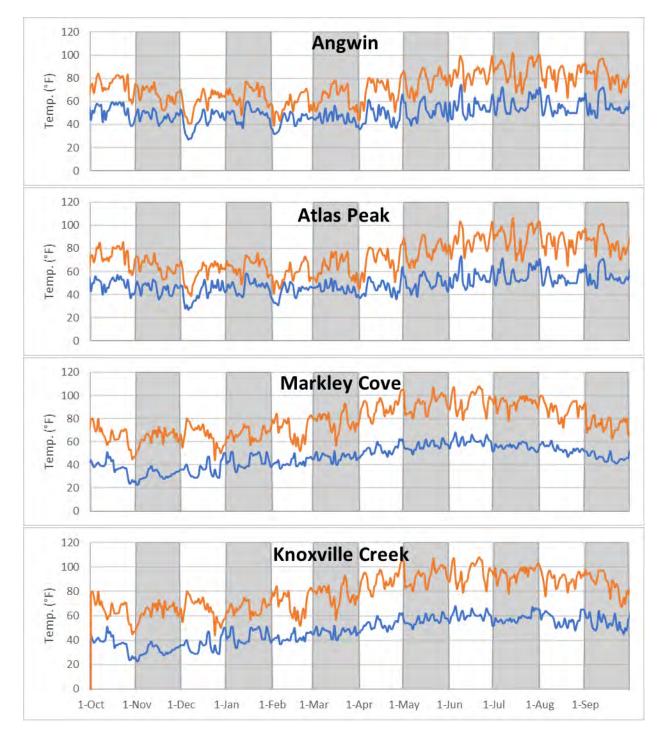


Figure 9 – cont.



Model Calibration

Available data are insufficient to calibrate the Water Year 2010 and 2014 SWB simulations; however, the land cover and soil properties used in the model were obtained from a previously prepared and calibrated SWB model of Sonoma County (OEI 2017). The Sonoma County model was calibrated against total monthly runoff volumes derived using baseflow separation of streamflow data for five watersheds within Sonoma County. Gages were selected because they represented relatively small watersheds ($1.2 - 14.3 \text{ mi}^2$) without significant urbanization, diversions, groundwater abstraction, reservoir impoundments, or large alluvial bodies where significant exchanges between surface water and groundwater may be expected. These attributes are desirable because the hydrographs can more readily be separated into surface runoff and baseflow components and the surface runoff pattern is more directly comparable to the SWB simulated surface runoff which does not account for water use, reservoir operations, or surface water/groundwater exchange.

SWB utilizes a simplified routing scheme whereby surface runoff is routed to downslope cells or out of the model domain on the same day in which it originates as rainfall, thus it is not capable of accurately estimating streamflow over short time periods. The use of the total monthly surface runoff volumes provided a means of calibrating the Sonoma County SWB model to measured surface runoff data within the limitations of the model's approach to simulating surface runoff.

The SWB model of Sonoma County reproduced seasonal variations in surface runoff in all five calibration watersheds. Monthly Mean Errors (ME) ranged from -0.2 to 0.4 inches with a mean value of 0.1 inches. Annual surface runoff totals ranged from an under-prediction of approximately 10% at Franchini Creek to an over-prediction of approximately 19% at Buckeye Creek, with a mean over-prediction of approximately 6% across the five watersheds. These results indicate that the SWB model was able to reproduce monthly surface runoff volumes with a reasonable degree of accuracy and that the model tends to over-predict surface runoff somewhat, suggesting that the model may generate a low-range estimate of recharge.

Although the climate in Napa County is slightly drier than in Sonoma County, the vegetation, soils, and geology are similar and parameters calibrated using data from Sonoma County should be applicable to Napa County. Calibration of the Napa County SWB model was not performed due to a lack of publicly-available contemporary discharge records in suitable watersheds. Contemporary discharge records exist for USGS gaging stations located along the Napa River near St. Helena and Napa, but the watersheds above these gages are large and contain significant groundwater abstraction, reservoir impoundments, and alluvial bodies. USGS gages on smaller watersheds in Napa County have been inactive since 1983 or earlier. Discharge records exist through Napa One Rain for several streams gaged by the Napa County Resource Conservation District (RCD) but the RCD has cautioned against use of these discharge records for calibration purposes due to incomplete rating curve development.



Estimates of groundwater recharge are also available from an earlier model prepared by Luhdorff and Scalmanini Engineers and MBK Engineers (LSCE 2013). This report provided estimates of average annual recharge as a percentage of average annual precipitation for nine watersheds in Napa County. Averaged across the same nine watersheds, the SWB model predicts significantly higher rates of recharge than the model prepared by LSCE, which predicts slightly lower AET but significantly more runoff (Table 4). Differences in methodology between these two models complicate direct comparisons. The LSCE model calculated infiltration into the soil as the difference between monthly precipitation and discharge volumes within each watershed. Discharge volumes were calculated from USGS stream gages and included both direct runoff and baseflow from groundwater. Inclusion of baseflow with direct runoff in these calculations may inappropriately reduce the estimated volume of water infiltrated into the soil and available for recharge.

USGS Gage	HUC	Mean Precip, 2010 (in)	Mean AET, 2010 (% Precip)		Mean Runoff, 2010 (% Precip)		Mean Recharge, 2010 (% Precip)	
			SWB	LSCE	SWB	LSCE	SWB	LSCE
Conn Ck nr Oakville	11456500	34.8	59%	53%	21%	25%	21%	21%
Dry Ck nr Napa	11457000	41.5	56%	50%	18%	43%	25%	6%
Milliken Ck nr Napa	11458100	32.3	52%	41%	20%	51%	28%	8%
Napa Ck at Napa	11458300	36.6	61%	43%	16%	46%	23%	11%
Napa R nr Napa	11458000	39.5	56%	48%	20%	35%	24%	17%
Napa R nr St Helena	11456000	47.9	46%	45%	23%	42%	30%	14%
Redwood Ck nr Napa	11458200	39.6	53%	49%	26%	40%	22%	10%
Tulucay Ck nr Napa	11458300	27.0	64%	49%	16%	47%	20%	5%

Table 4: Comparison of results from SWB model and Luhdorff and Scalmanini model.

Model Results

The principal elements of the annual water budget simulated with the Napa County SWB model for Water Years 2010 and 2014 are presented in map form in Figures 10 - 19 and in tabular form for 27 major watershed areas in Napa County (Tables 5 - 8). The watersheds are based on USGS HUC-12 watersheds and are named for the stream which comprises the largest proportion of the area; in many cases the areas consist of multiple tributary streams (Figure 20).

In Water Year 2010 (representing "average" hydrologic conditions) precipitation varied from 21.8 inches in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 53.3 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 10, Table 5). Actual evapotranspiration (AET) ranged from 13.4 inches in the Jackson Creek watershed to 25.2 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 11). Surface runoff ranged from 3.4 inches in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 13.5 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 12). Recharge ranged from 3.3 inches in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 14.4 inches in the Saint Helena watershed. (Figure 13). Small decreases in soil moisture storage (up to 1.8 inches) occurred in most watersheds, with changes in most



watersheds being less than an inch (Figure 14). Note that the San Pablo Bay estuaries have been excluded from these comparisons.

Expressed as a percentage of the annual precipitation, AET ranged from 77% in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 45% in the Jackson Creek watershed (Table 6). Surface runoff ranged from 15% of precipitation in the Ledgewood Creek watershed to 42% in the Jackson Creek watershed. Recharge ranged from 10% of the precipitation in the Jackson Creek watershed to 27% in the Saint Helena watershed.

In Water Year 2014 (representing "dry" hydrologic conditions during the second year of an extreme three-year drought) precipitation varied from 10.1 inches in the American Canyon Creek watershed to 32.2 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 15, Table 7). Actual evapotranspiration (AET) ranged from 10.3 inches in the Jackson Creek watershed to 17.8 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 16). Surface runoff ranged from 0.7 inches in the American Canyon Creek watershed to 13.2 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed to 13.2 inches in the Saint Helena Creek watershed (Figure 17). Recharge ranged from 0.6 inches in the Wragg Canyon watershed to 4.1 inches in the Saint Helena watershed. (Figure 18). Large decreases in soil moisture storage of between 2.3 and 4.3 inches were also simulated (Figure 19).

Expressed as a percentage of the annual precipitation, AET ranged from 55% in the Saint Helena Creek watershed to 121% in the Jackson Creek watershed (Table 8). These very large AET rates caused significant decreases in soil moisture. Decreases in soil moisture ranged from 9% of precipitation in the Saint Helena watershed to 36% in the American Canyon Creek watershed. Surface runoff ranged from 7% of precipitation in the American Canyon Creek watershed to 41% in the Saint Helena Watershed. Recharge ranged from 18% in the Milliken Creek Watershed to 5% in the Jackson Creek and Wragg Canyon watersheds.



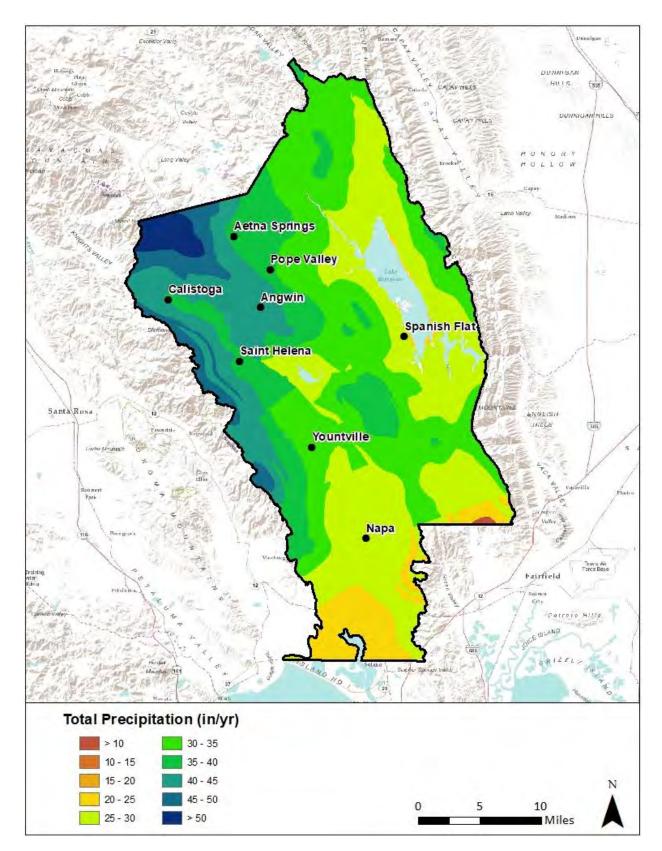


Figure 10: Water Year 2010 precipitation simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



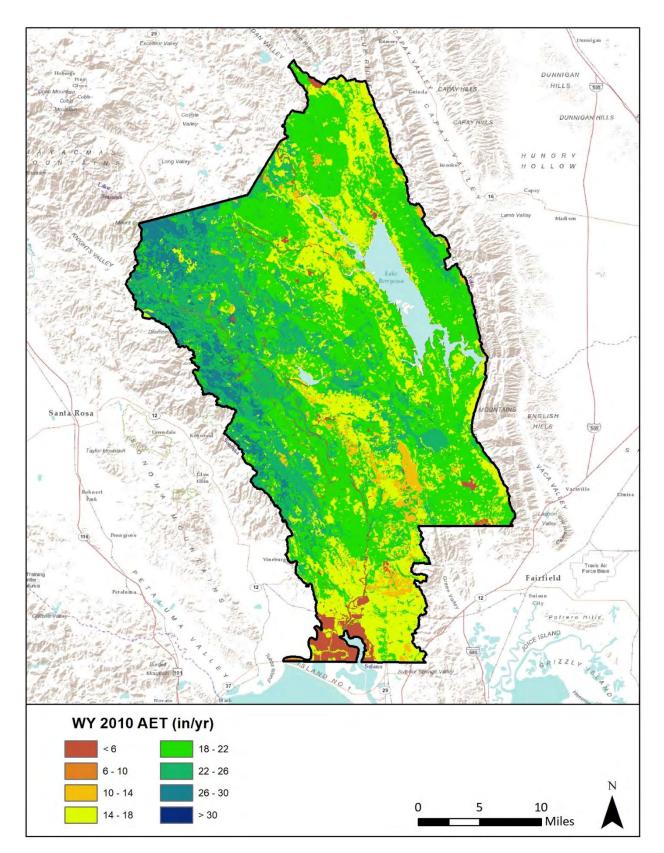


Figure 11: Water Year 2010 AET simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



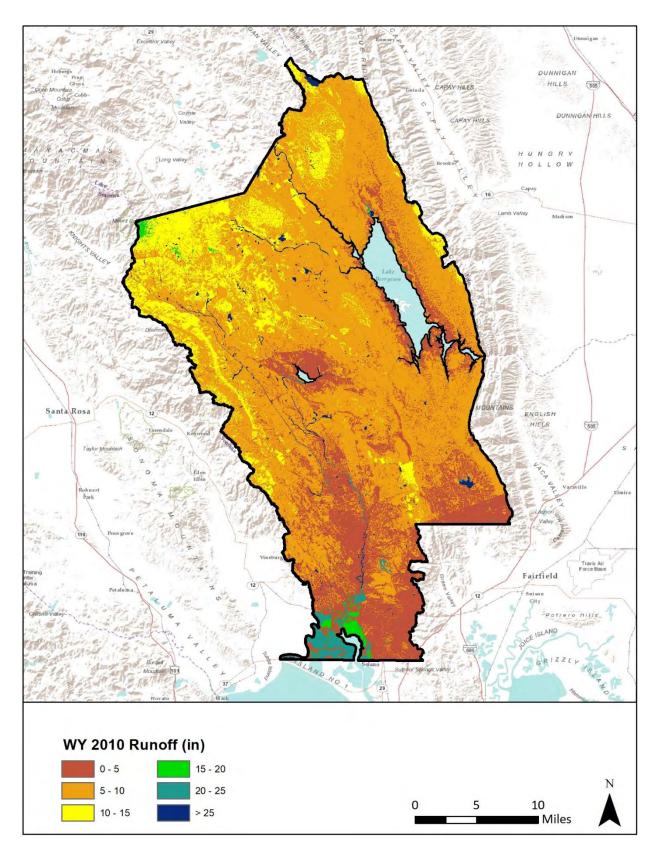


Figure 12: Water Year 2010 runoff simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



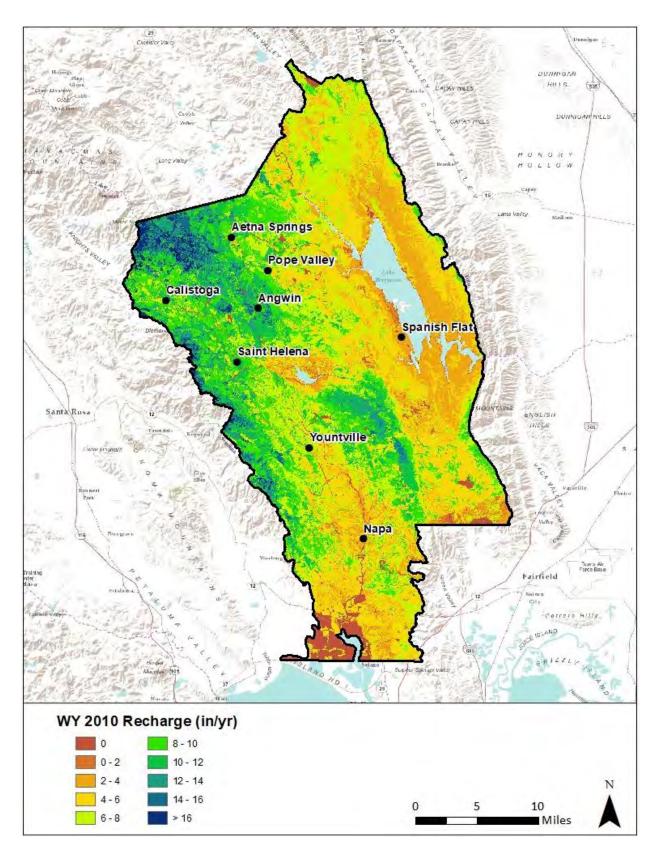


Figure 13: Water Year 2010 recharge simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



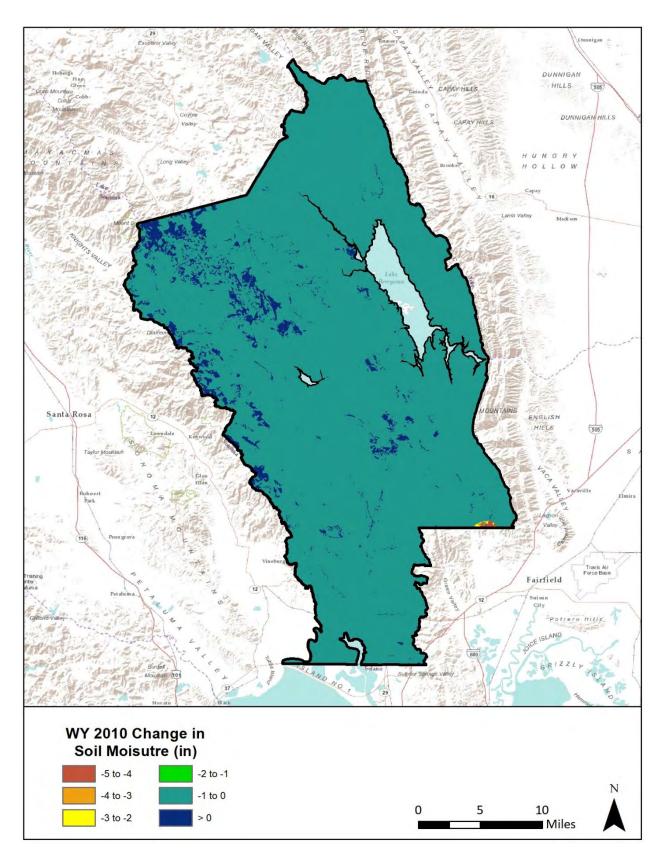


Figure 14: Water Year 2010 change in soil moisture content simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



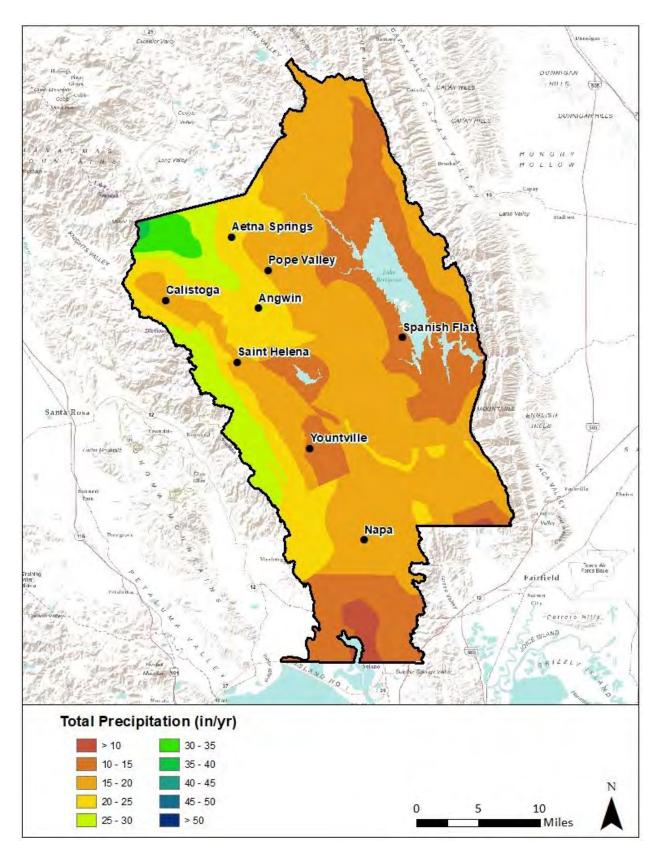


Figure 15: Water Year 2014 precipitation simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



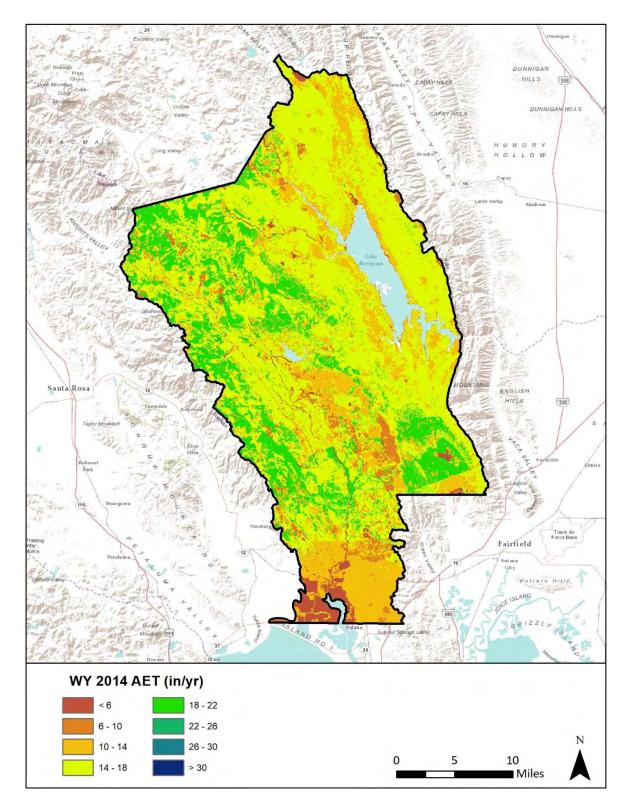


Figure 16: Water Year 2014 AET simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



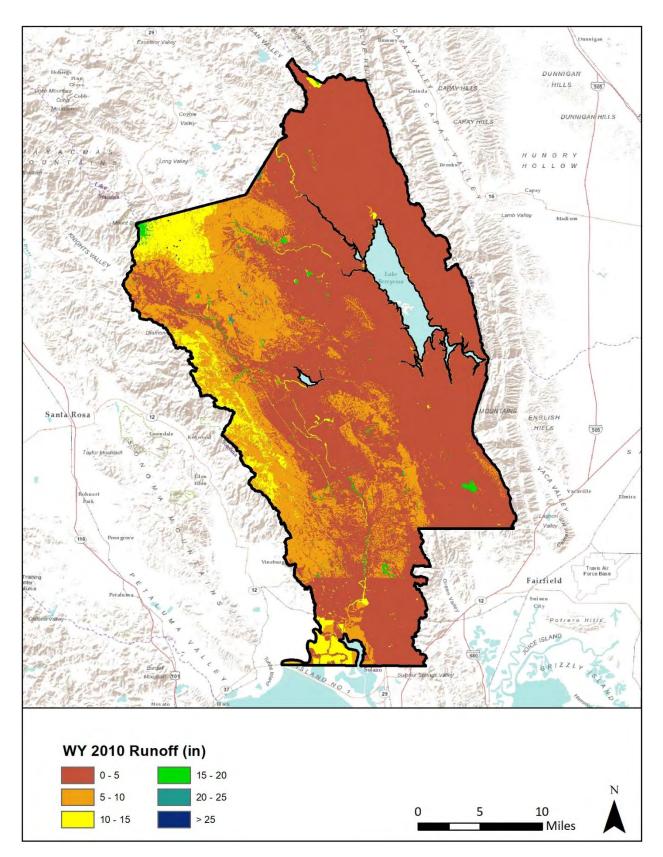


Figure 17: Water Year 2014 recharge simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



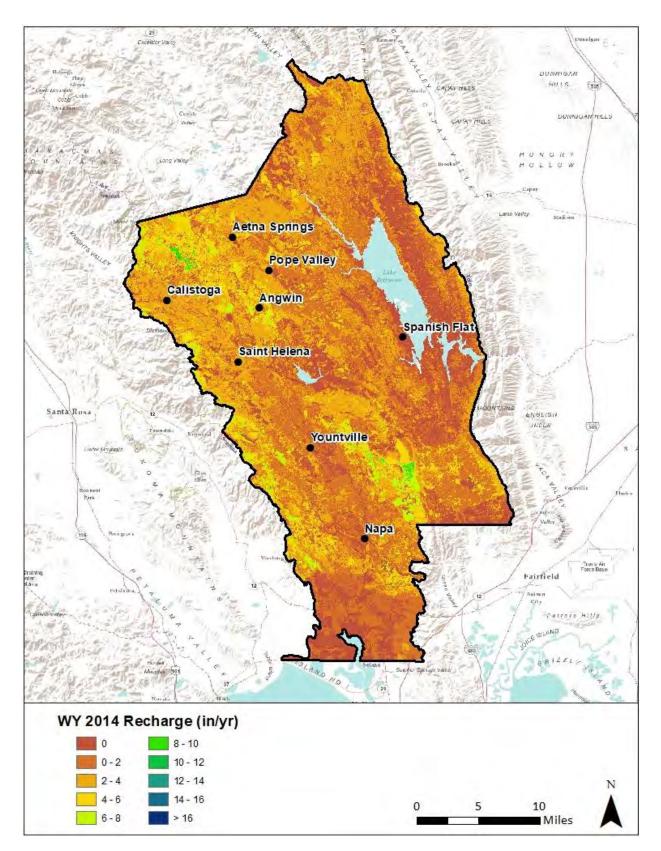


Figure 18: Water Year 2014 recharge simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



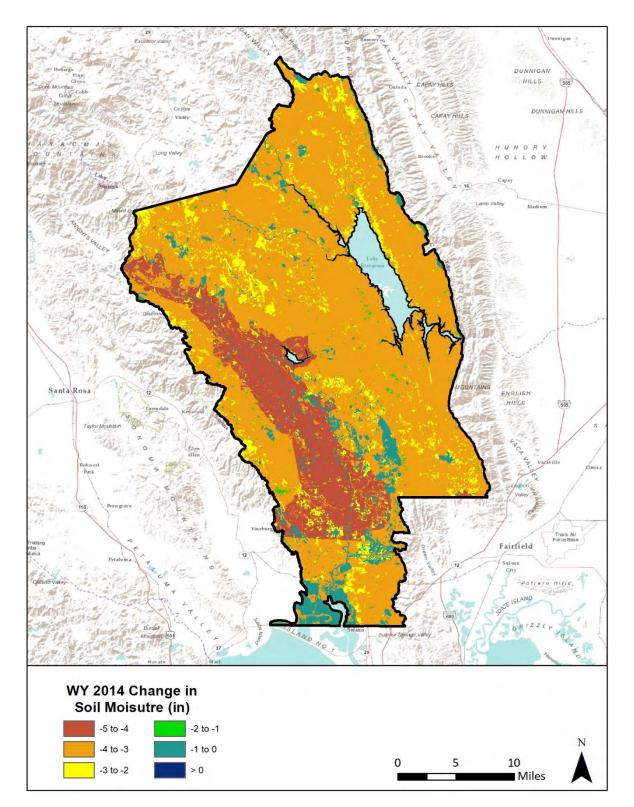


Figure 19: Water Year 2014 change in soil moisture content simulated with the Napa County SWB model.



 Table 5: Simulated precipitation and recharge values averaged across HUC-12 watersheds in Napa County for

 Water Year 2010 expressed as depths.
 See Figure 20 for watershed locations.

Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Precipitation (in)	AET (in)	Surface Runoff (in)	Recharge (in)	Soil Moisture Change (in)
American Canyon Creek	10.8	24.1	16.3	3.7	4.7	-0.6
Bucksnort Creek	1.9	47.9	24.5	12.1	11.1	0.1
Butts Creek-Putah Creek	49.9	33.0	17.4	9.7	6.2	-0.7
Capell Creek	43.0	31.1	19.1	7.4	5.0	-0.6
Carneros Creek	29.7	28.0	18.6	5.2	5.5	-0.6
Chiles Creek	32.0	34.6	21.1	7.1	6.8	-0.5
Dry Creek	28.8	37.0	22.2	7.2	8.4	-0.5
Hunting Creek	12.0	33.7	19.0	9.7	5.7	-0.8
Jackson Creek-Putah Creek	54.5	29.9	13.4	12.6	3.0	-0.5
Lake Curry-Suisun Creek	16.4	30.7	18.9	6.5	5.9	-0.6
Lake Hennessey-Conn Creek	20.0	35.1	19.6	8.5	7.3	-0.4
Ledgewood Creek	6.4	21.8	16.9	3.4	3.3	-1.8
Lower Eticuera Creek	44.0	30.0	17.7	8.1	4.7	-0.7
Lower Napa River	45.0	31.7	19.9	5.6	6.7	-0.6
Lower Pope Creek	31.8	33.9	18.0	9.7	6.5	-0.6
Maxwell Creek	35.1	34.7	19.6	8.7	6.9	-0.6
Middle Napa River	60.3	39.9	22.8	8.5	9.2	-0.5
Milliken Creek	29.7	30.9	16.9	6.6	7.9	-0.6
Rector Creek-Conn Creek	22.3	32.8	18.0	7.1	8.2	-0.7
Saint Helena Creek	7.7	53.3	25.2	13.5	14.4	0.1
San Pablo Bay Estuaries	19.5	23.9	8.1	13.8	2.3	-0.3
Tulucay Creek	34.2	26.1	16.7	4.6	5.4	-0.7
Upper Eticuera Creek	25.6	31.2	17.2	8.6	6.1	-0.8
Upper Napa River	44.6	44.7	23.6	10.6	10.8	-0.4
Upper Pope Creek	21.7	44.5	22.7	10.5	11.5	-0.3
Wooden Valley & Suisun Creeks	23.3	29.0	19.0	5.1	5.5	-0.6
Wragg Canyon-Putah Creek	34.2	28.3	16.3	8.6	3.3	-0.6



 Table 6: Simulated precipitation and recharge values averaged across HUC-12 watersheds in Napa County for

 Water Year 2010 expressed as a percentage of precipitation.

 See Figure 20 for watershed locations.

Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Precipitation (in)	AET (%)	Surface Runoff (%)	Recharge (%)	Soil Moisture Change (%)
American Canyon Creek	10.8	24.1	67%	15%	19%	-3%
Bucksnort Creek	1.9	47.9	51%	25%	23%	0%
Butts Creek-Putah Creek	49.9	33.0	53%	29%	19%	-2%
Capell Creek	43.0	31.2	61%	24%	16%	-2%
Carneros Creek	29.7	29.7	66%	19%	20%	-2%
Chiles Creek	32.0	34.6	61%	21%	20%	-1%
Dry Creek	28.8	37.8	60%	20%	23%	-1%
Hunting Creek	12.0	33.7	56%	29%	17%	-2%
Jackson Creek-Putah Creek	54.5	29.7	45%	42%	10%	-2%
Lake Curry-Suisun Creek	16.4	30.7	61%	21%	19%	-2%
Lake Hennessey-Conn Creek	20.0	36.0	56%	24%	21%	-1%
Ledgewood Creek	6.4	21.8	77%	15%	15%	-8%
Lower Eticuera Creek	44.0	30.0	59%	27%	16%	-2%
Lower Napa River	45.0	31.7	63%	18%	21%	-2%
Lower Pope Creek	31.8	33.9	53%	29%	19%	-2%
Maxwell Creek	35.1	34.7	56%	25%	20%	-2%
Middle Napa River	60.3	40.4	57%	21%	23%	-1%
Milliken Creek	29.7	30.9	55%	21%	26%	-2%
Rector Creek-Conn Creek	22.3	32.8	55%	22%	25%	-2%
Saint Helena Creek	7.7	53.3	47%	25%	27%	0%
San Pablo Bay Estuaries	19.5	23.9	34%	58%	10%	-1%
Tulucay Creek	34.2	26.1	64%	18%	21%	-3%
Upper Eticuera Creek	25.6	31.2	55%	28%	19%	-3%
Upper Napa River	44.6	44.7	53%	24%	24%	-1%
Upper Pope Creek	21.7	44.5	51%	23%	26%	-1%
Wooden Valley & Suisun Creeks	23.3	29.0	65%	18%	19%	-2%
Wragg Canyon-Putah Creek	34.2	28.3	58%	31%	12%	-2%



 Table 7: Simulated precipitation and recharge values averaged across HUC-12 watersheds in Napa County for

 Water Year 2014 expressed as depths.
 See Figure 20 for watershed locations.

Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Precipitation (in)	AET (in)	Surface Runoff (in)	Recharge (in)	Soil Moisture Change (in)
American Canyon Creek	10.8	10.1	12.3	0.7	0.7	-3.6
Bucksnort Creek	1.9	28.8	17.6	11.5	2.6	-3.0
Butts Creek-Putah Creek	49.9	16.9	14.2	3.9	1.9	-3.2
Capell Creek	43.0	15.8	14.8	3.1	1.1	-3.1
Carneros Creek	29.7	15.0	14.7	4.6	2.0	-3.7
Chiles Creek	32.0	18.3	16.5	3.7	1.5	-3.3
Dry Creek	28.8	21.5	16.5	6.8	2.5	-3.7
Hunting Creek	12.0	16.7	15.4	3.1	1.6	-3.4
Jackson Creek-Putah Creek	54.5	14.9	10.3	6.1	0.7	-2.3
Lake Curry-Suisun Creek	16.4	18.4	16.1	3.7	1.9	-3.4
Lake Hennessey-Conn Creek	20.0	19.1	14.8	5.7	2.2	-3.2
Ledgewood Creek	6.4	12.2	13.9	1.7	0.8	-4.3
Lower Eticuera Creek	44.0	14.9	14.0	2.6	1.3	-3.1
Lower Napa River	45.0	19.4	15.9	5.0	2.2	-3.6
Lower Pope Creek	31.8	17.8	14.5	4.5	2.0	-3.2
Maxwell Creek	35.1	18.3	15.9	3.8	2.0	-3.3
Middle Napa River	60.3	21.3	16.5	6.6	2.5	-3.7
Milliken Creek	29.7	18.7	13.7	4.5	3.4	-2.9
Rector Creek-Conn Creek	22.3	16.5	13.6	4.0	2.3	-3.4
Saint Helena Creek	7.7	32.2	17.8	13.2	4.1	-3.0
San Pablo Bay Estuaries	19.5	10.4	6.0	5.6	0.5	-1.6
Tulucay Creek	34.2	14.6	13.5	2.6	1.7	-3.3
Upper Eticuera Creek	25.6	15.5	14.1	2.5	2.1	-3.2
Upper Napa River	44.6	22.9	16.2	6.9	3.3	-3.5
Upper Pope Creek	21.7	25.6	16.8	8.5	3.5	-3.2
Wooden Valley & Suisun Creeks	23.3	17.9	16.4	3.1	2.0	-3.5
Wragg Canyon-Putah Creek	34.2	14.1	12.6	3.6	0.6	-2.8



 Table 8: Simulated precipitation and recharge values averaged across HUC-12 watersheds in Napa County for

 Water Year 2014 expressed as a percentage of precipitation.

 See Figure 20 for watershed locations.

Name	Drainage Area (mi ²)	Precipitation (in)	AET (%)	Surface Runoff (%)	Recharge (%)	Soil Moisture Change (%)
American Canyon Creek	10.8	10.1	121%	7%	7%	-36%
Bucksnort Creek	1.9	28.8	61%	40%	9%	-10%
Butts Creek-Putah Creek	49.9	16.8	84%	23%	11%	-19%
Capell Creek	43.0	15.8	94%	20%	7%	-20%
Carneros Creek	29.7	17.6	98%	30%	13%	-25%
Chiles Creek	32.0	18.4	90%	20%	8%	-18%
Dry Creek	28.8	22.1	77%	32%	12%	-17%
Hunting Creek	12.0	16.7	92%	18%	10%	-20%
Jackson Creek-Putah Creek	54.5	14.7	69%	41%	5%	-16%
Lake Curry-Suisun Creek	16.4	18.4	88%	20%	10%	-19%
Lake Hennessey-Conn Creek	20.0	19.6	78%	30%	12%	-17%
Ledgewood Creek	6.4	12.2	114%	14%	7%	-35%
Lower Eticuera Creek	44.0	14.9	94%	18%	9%	-21%
Lower Napa River	45.0	19.4	82%	26%	11%	-19%
Lower Pope Creek	31.8	17.8	81%	25%	11%	-18%
Maxwell Creek	35.1	18.3	87%	21%	11%	-18%
Middle Napa River	60.3	21.8	77%	31%	12%	-18%
Milliken Creek	29.7	18.7	74%	24%	18%	-16%
Rector Creek-Conn Creek	22.3	16.5	83%	24%	14%	-21%
Saint Helena Creek	7.7	32.2	55%	41%	13%	-9%
San Pablo Bay Estuaries	19.5	10.4	58%	53%	4%	-16%
Tulucay Creek	34.2	14.6	93%	18%	12%	-23%
Upper Eticuera Creek	25.6	15.5	91%	16%	14%	-21%
Upper Napa River	44.6	22.9	71%	30%	14%	-15%
Upper Pope Creek	21.7	25.6	66%	33%	14%	-12%
Wooden Valley & Suisun Creeks	23.3	17.9	91%	17%	11%	-20%
Wragg Canyon-Putah Creek	34.2	14.1	90%	26%	5%	-20%



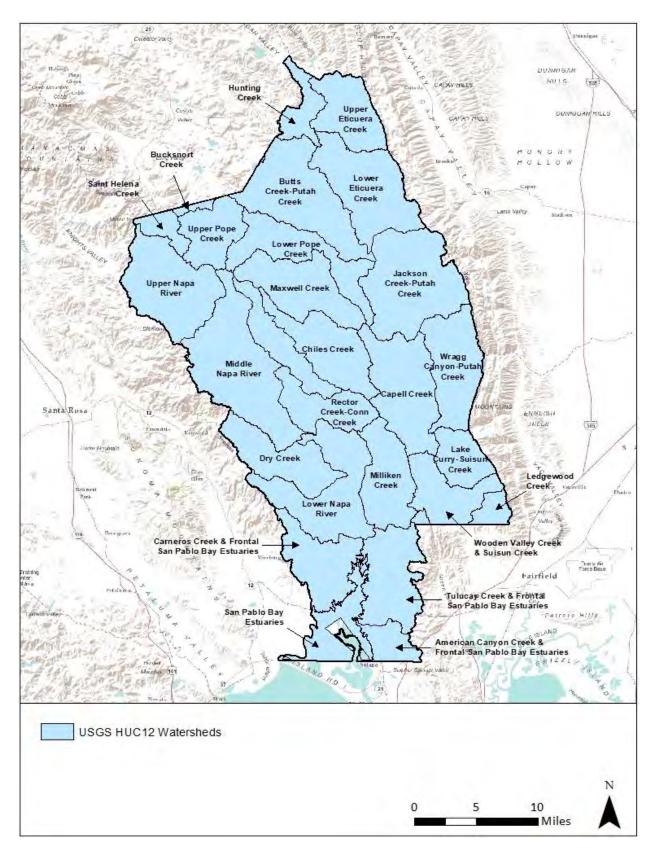


Figure 20: Major watersheds areas used to summarize water budget information in Tables 5 - 8.



Discussion and Conclusion

Numerous previous modeling studies have estimated water budget components in several larger watershed areas in Sonoma and Napa Counties including the Santa Rosa Plain, the Green Valley and Dutch Bill Creek watersheds, and the Sonoma Valley (Farrar et. al., 2006; Kobor and O'Connor, 2016; Woolfenden and Hevesi, 2014). Comparisons to these water budgets are useful for evaluating the SWB results, but one would not expect precise agreement owing to significant variations in climate, land cover, soil types, underlying hydrogeologic conditions, and different spatial scales of modeling studies. These regional analyses estimate that average annual recharge varies from 7% to 19% of the annual precipitation. The equivalent county-wide value from this study is slightly higher at 20%.

Water budgets for the Napa River and selected sub-basins were also estimated in a previous study by Luhdorff and Scalmanini Engineers and MBK Engineers (LSCE 2013). The LSCE study estimated that, as a percentage of annual precipitation, AET comprised slightly less, runoff significantly more, and recharge substantially less of the typical annual water budget. LSCE (2013) calculated infiltration of precipitation based on the difference between total monthly streamflow at selected gaging stations and total monthly precipitation for the gages' drainage area. Streamflow volumes include both direct runoff (overland flow and interflow) and baseflow Inclusion of baseflow with direct runoff in these calculations may from groundwater. inappropriately reduce the estimated volume of water infiltrated into the soil and available for recharge; the LSCE approach therefore tends to underestimate groundwater recharge. Additionally, many of the gauging stations used for the analysis are located in reaches that may be significantly influenced by upstream reservoir releases, surface water diversions, groundwater abstraction, and/or surface water groundwater exchanges, further complicating the interpretation of the LSCE (2013) runoff rates and the interrelated calculations of AET and recharge rates. In contrast, the SWB model presented here is based on calibrated parameter values developed for a similar model in Sonoma County which was calibrated to gauges specifically selected to minimize the effects of reservoir releases, water use, or significant surface water/groundwater interaction, and after separating and removing the baseflow component of streamflow.

The recharge estimates presented here arguably represent the best available county-wide estimates produced at a fine spatial resolution using a consistent and objective data-driven approach. This analysis focused on two Water Years, 2010 and 2014, which represent average and drought conditions respectively. Input parameters were determined based on literature values and values calibrated through prior modeling experience in Sonoma County.



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