

Wastewater Feasibility Study



February 26, 2016

Job No. 14-102

Kim Withrow, REHS
Environmental Health Division
Napa County Planning, Building & Environmental Services Department
1195 Third Street, Suite 210
Napa, CA 94559

Re: So

Sodhani Winery Onsite Wastewater Disposal Feasibility Study Supplemental Information 3283 St. Helena Highway, St. Helena, CA 94574 APN 022-080-004 (P14-00402)

Dear Ms. Withrow:

The Onsite Wastewater Disposal Feasibility Study for the Sodhani Winery prepared by this office, dated December 5, 2014 was submitted with the original Use Permit application package. That report outlined two options for wastewater disposal. Option I is Sanitary Wastewater Subsurface Drip Disposal Field and Process Wastewater Hold and Haul. Option 2 is Sanitary Wastewater Subsurface Drip Disposal Field and Process Wastewater Pretreatment for Irrigation.

The purpose of this letter is to present a third option for onsite wastewater disposal as outlined below:

Option #3 Sanitary and Process Wastewater Subsurface Drip Disposal Field

In this scenario the sanitary and process wastewater streams from the winery and residence would be combined, pretreated and disposed of via a subsurface drip disposal field similar to the disposal field described in Option #1 and Option #2 in the original report.

Required Disposal Field Area

The disposal field area is calculated based upon the design hydraulic loading rate for the soil conditions and the proposed design flow. Since the slope of the natural ground surface in the area of the proposed disposal field is more than 20% a 150% adjustment factor is required to accommodate for the steep slopes. The system must accommodate the peak flow from the winery sanitary wastewater (60 gpd), the winery process wastewater (600 gpd) and residential sanitary wastewater (300 gpd) for a total of 960 gpd. Based on these design parameters, the required disposal field area is calculated as follows:

Required Disposal Field Area =
$$\frac{\text{Peak Flow}}{\text{Soil Application Rate}} \times 150\%$$

Require Disposal Field Area =
$$\frac{960 \text{ gpd}}{0.6 \text{ gpd per square foot}} \times 150\%$$

Required Disposal Field Area = 2,400 square feet

Available Disposal Field Area

Based on the proposed site layout and topographic data prepared by Albion Surveys, we have determined that there is enough area to install approximately 2,400 square feet of subsurface drip disposal field in the vicinity of Test Pits #6 & #7. The conceptual layout of the disposal field is shown on the Sodhani Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans attached to this letter.

Pretreatment and Septic Tank Capacity

Pretreatment must be provided to treat the sanitary and process wastewater to meet Napa County pretreated effluent standards (BOD<30 mg/l, TSS < 30 mg/l). There are several options for pretreatment systems that are available to meet this requirement. The Applicant and the Engineer will review options and select a suitable pretreatment system designed to meet this requirement prior to application for a sewage permit for the winery. Septic tanks will be sized in accordance with the requirements of the selected pretreatment system.

Reserve Area

Napa County code requires that an area be set aside to accommodate a future onsite wastewater disposal system in the event that the primary system fails or the soil in the primary area is otherwise rendered unsuitable for wastewater disposal. For subsurface drip type septic systems the reserve area must be 200% of the size of the disposal field area. The required reserve area is calculated as follows:

Required Reserve Area =
$$200\% \times \frac{\text{Peak Flow}}{\text{Soil Application Rate}} \times 150\%$$

Require Reserve Field Area =
$$200\% \times \frac{960 \text{ gpd}}{0.6 \text{ gpd per square foot}} \times 150\%$$

Required Reserve Area =4,800 square feet

Based on the proposed site plan we have determined that there is enough area to set aside for an additional 4,800 square feet of subsurface drip disposal field in the vicinity of Test Pits #6 and #7 as shown on the Sodhani Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans attached to this letter.

These calculations and the attached plans show that it is feasible to install an onsite subsurface drip disposal system that can accommodate both the sanitary and process wastewater flows on the property. We hereby request that this option be included in the Use Permit review process and that the Applicant and Engineer be allowed to select the preferred option at the time of building permit submittal.

Please feel free to contact us at (707) 320-4968 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Applied Civil Engineering Incorporated

By:



Michael R. Muelrath

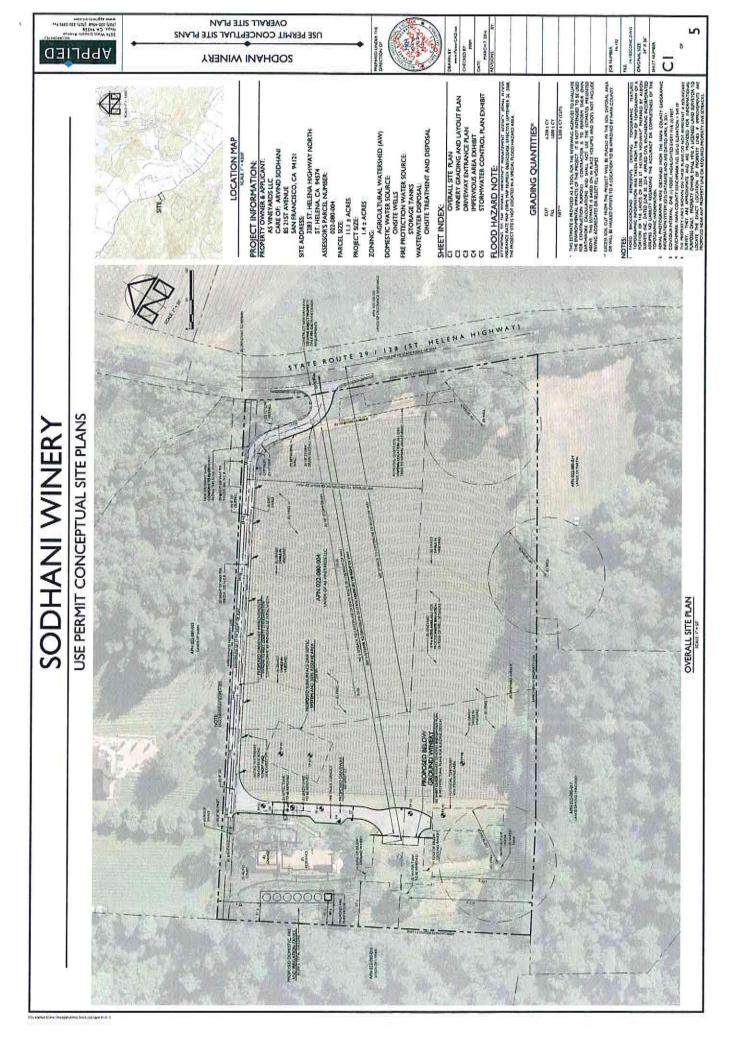
Michael R. Muelrath RCE 67435 Principal

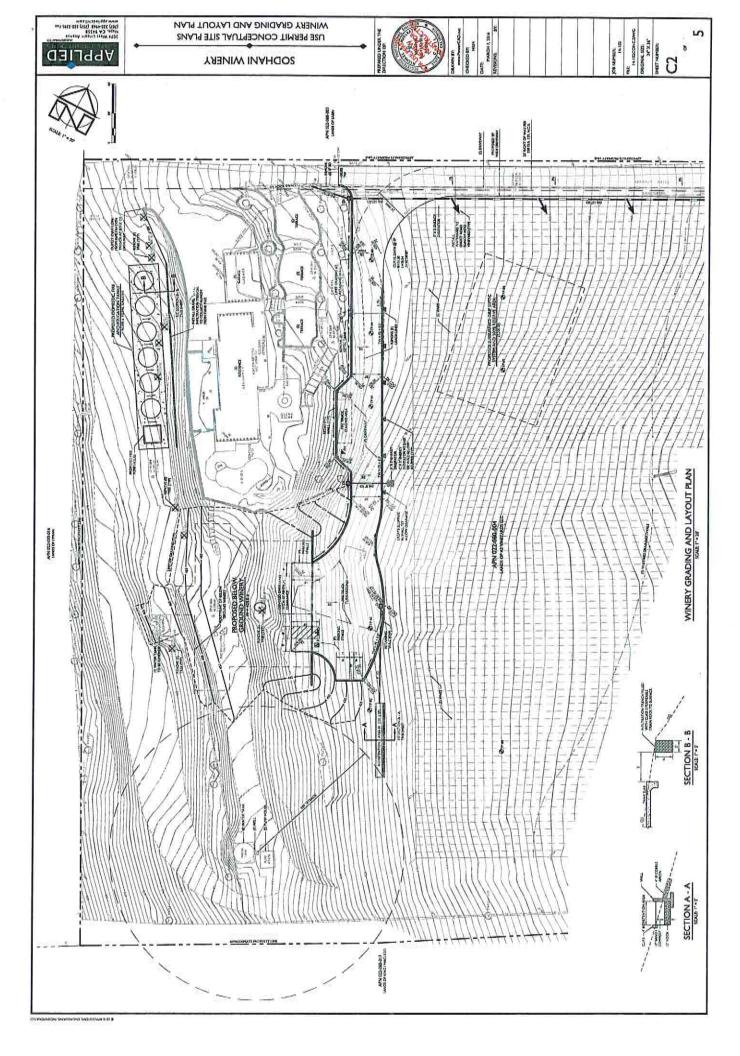
Enclosures:

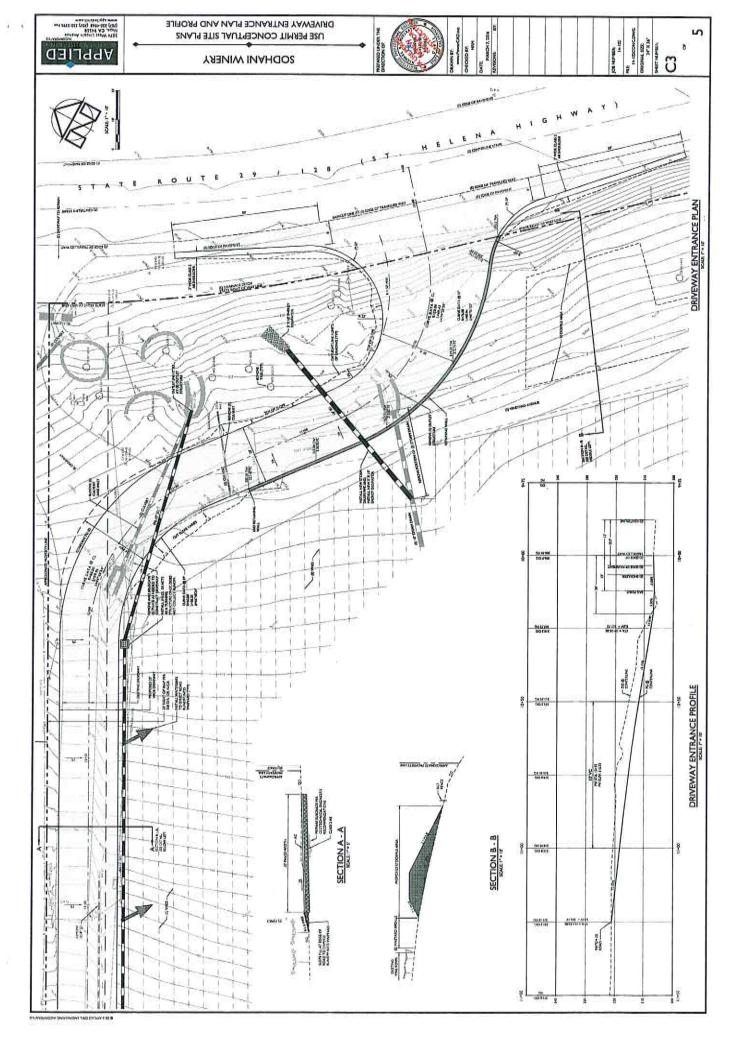
Sodhani Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans

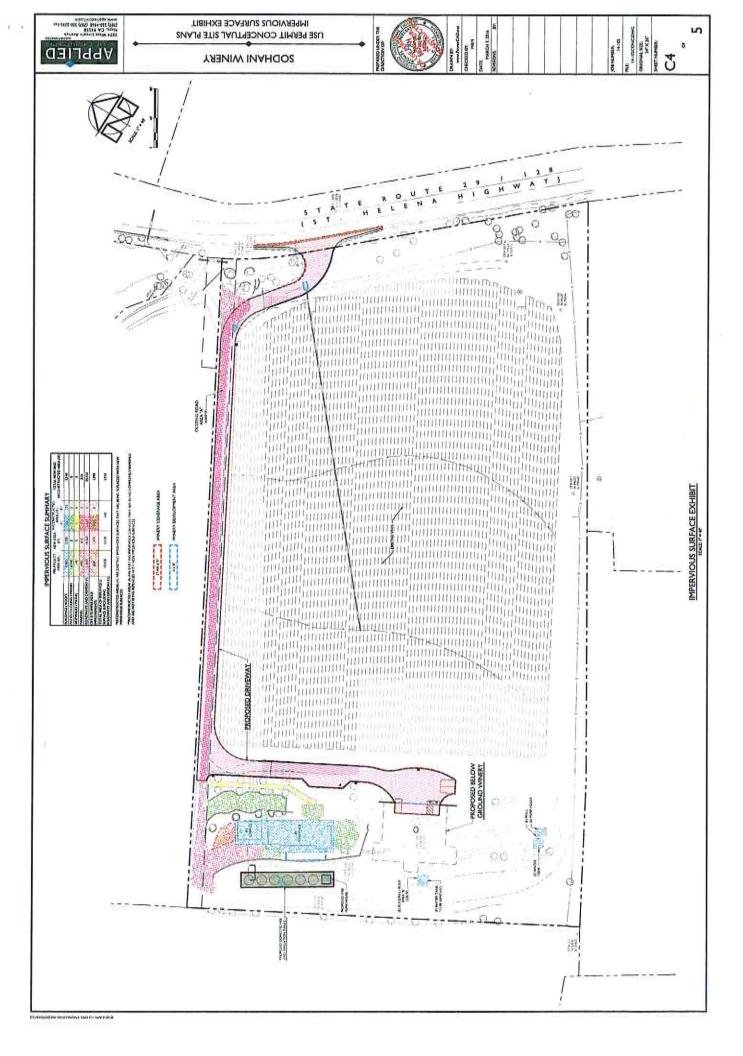
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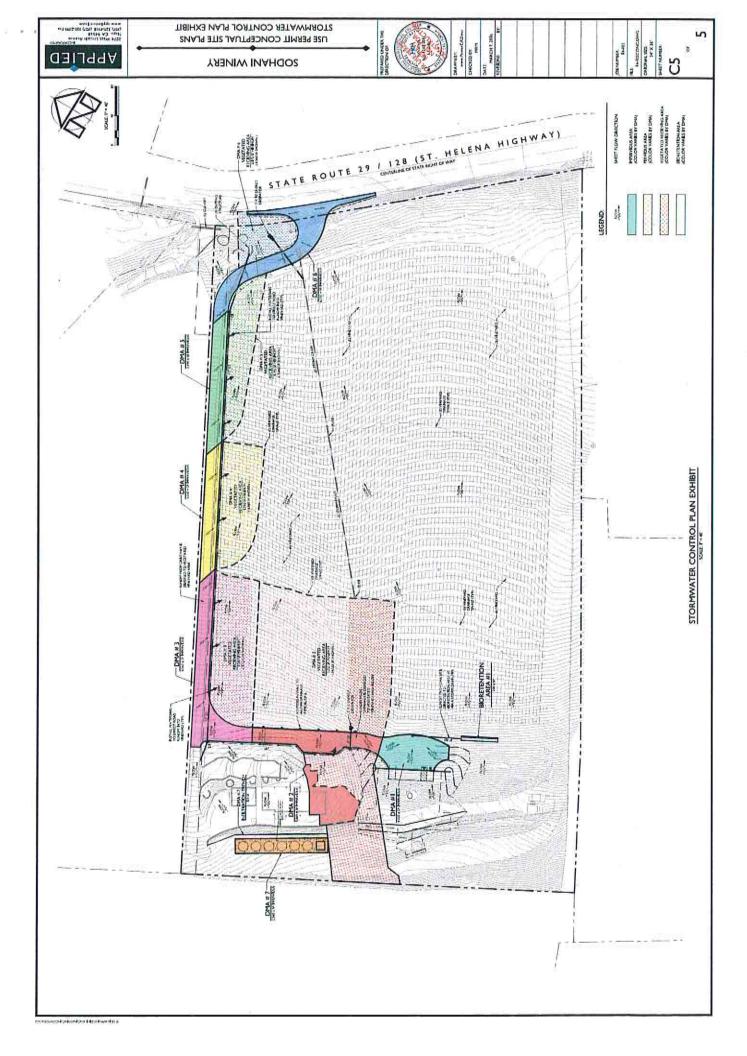
Jason Hade, Napa County PB&ES – Planning Division Arvind Sodhani Donna Oldford, Plans 4 Wine











ONSITE WASTEWATER DISPOSAL FEASIBILITY STUDY

FOR THE

SODHANI WINERY

LOCATED AT: 3283 St. Helena Highway North St. Helena, CA 94574 NAPA COUNTY APN 022-080-004

PREPARED FOR:
Arvind Sodhani
85 21st Avenue
San Francisco, CA 94121

Telephone: (415) 608-1565

PREPARED BY:



2074 West Lincoln Avenue Napa, California 94558 Telephone: (707) 320-4968 www.appliedcivil.com

Job Number: 14-102



Michael R. Muelrath R.C.E. 67435

12/5/2014

Date



TABLE OF CONTENTS

LIST OF APPENDICES	iii
INTRODUCTION	1
SOILS INFORMATION	1
PREDICTED WASTEWATER FLOW	2
Winery Process Wastewater	2
Winery Sanitary Wastewater	2
Employees	2
Residential Sanitary Wastewater	3
Combined Peak Wastewater Flow	3
RECOMMENDATIONS	3
Option #1 – Sanitary Wastewater Subsurface Drip Disposal Field and Process Wastewater Hold and Haul	3
Required Disposal Field Area	3
Available Disposal Field Area	4
Pretreatment and Septic Tank Capacity	4
Reserve Area	4
Winery Process Wastewater Disposal	4
Option #2 – Sanitary Wastewater Subsurface Drip Disposal Field and Process Wastewater Treatment for Irrigation	5
Required Disposal Field and Reserve Area	5
Pretreatment and Septic Tank Capacity	5
Process Wastewater Treatment & Disposal	5
Process Wastewater Disposal	6
CONCLUSION	6

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: Site Topography Map	7
APPENDIX 2: Sodhani Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans	9
Reduced to 8.5" x 11"	9
APPENDIX 3: Water Storage Tank Water Balance Calculations	. 4
APPENDIX 4: Site Evaluation Report	. 18

INTRODUCTION

Arvind Sodhani is applying for a Use Permit to construct and operate a new winery at his property located at 3283 St. Helena Highway North in Napa County, California. The subject property, known as Napa County Assessor's Parcel Number 022-080-004, is accessed directly off of State Route 29, approximately 0.5 miles north of the intersection of State Route 29 and Ehlers Lane.

The Use Permit application under consideration proposes the construction and operation of a new production only winery with the following characteristics:

- Wine Production:
 - 12,000 gallons of wine per year
 - o Crushing, fermenting, aging and bottling
- Employees:
 - o 2 full time employees
 - 2 part time employees

There is no visitor or marketing plan proposed as part of this application.

Existing improvements on the property include a single family residence, accessory structures, approximately 6.3 acres of vineyard and the related access and utility infrastructure. Domestic wastewater from the existing residence is collected in a septic tank and disposed of in a leach field located just northeast of the residence, above the vineyard. Please refer to the Sodhani Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans for approximate locations of existing and proposed features.

Arvind Sodhani has requested that Applied Civil Engineering Incorporated (ACE) evaluate the feasibility of disposing of the winery process wastewater as well as the domestic sanitary wastewater that will be generated by the proposed winery via a new onsite wastewater disposal system. The remainder of this report describes the onsite soil conditions, the predicted process and sanitary wastewater flows and outlines the conceptual design of an onsite wastewater disposal system to serve the new winery facility.

SOILS INFORMATION

The United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service Soils Map for Napa County shows the entire property mapped as Boomer gravelly loam, 15 to 30 percent slopes.

A site specific soils analysis was conducted during site evaluations performed by Napa County on April 10, 2003 and April 23, 2003. The site evaluation consisted of the excavation and observation of eight test pits in vineyard portion of the property. The test pits generally revealed uniform soil conditions consisting of approximately 72 inches of acceptable clay loam soil.

Please refer to the Site Evaluation Report in Appendix 4 for additional details.

PREDICTED WASTEWATER FLOW

The onsite wastewater disposal system will be designed for the peak winery process wastewater flow and the peak sanitary wastewater flow from the proposed winery. The existing residence septic system will be displaced by the new driveway so the flow from the existing two bedroom residence will also be included in the design of the new septic system.

Winery Process Wastewater

We have used the generally accepted standard that six gallons of winery process wastewater are generated for each gallon of wine that is produced each year and that 1.5 gallons of wastewater are generated during the crush period for each gallon of wine that is produced. Based on the size of the winery and our understanding that both red and white wines will be produced we have assumed a 30 day crush period. Using these assumptions, the average and peak winery process wastewater flows are calculated as follows:

Annual Winery Process Wastewater Flow =
$$\frac{12,000 \text{ gallons wine}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{6 \text{ gallons wastewater}}{\text{I gallon wine}}$$

Annual Winery Process Wastewater Flow = 72,000 gallons per year

Average Daily Winery Process Wastewater Flow =
$$\frac{72,000 \text{ gallons}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{1 \text{ year}}{365 \text{ days}}$$

Average Daily Winery Process Wastewater Flow = 197 gallons per day (gpd)

Peak Winery Process Wastewater Flow =
$$\frac{12,000 \text{ gallons wine}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{1.5 \text{ gallons wastewater}}{\text{I gallon wine}} \times \frac{1 \text{ year}}{30 \text{ crush days}}$$

Peak Winery Process Wastewater Flow = 600 gpd

Winery Sanitary Wastewater

The peak sanitary wastewater flow from the winery is calculated based on the number of winery employees. There are no plans for daily visitors for tours and tastings or private marketing events. In accordance with Table 4 of Napa County's "Regulations for Design, Construction, and Installation of Alternative Sewage Treatment Systems" we have used a design flow rate of 15 gallons per day per employee. Based on these assumptions, the peak winery sanitary wastewater flows are calculated as follows:

Employees

Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 4 employees X 15 gpd per employee

Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 60 gpd

Total Peak Winery Sanitary Wastewater Flow =60 gpd

Residential Sanitary Wastewater

The peak sanitary wastewater flow from the existing residence is calculated based on the number of potential bedrooms in the residence.

In accordance with Napa County Code, the peak flow for a single family residences is calculated as 150 gpd per bedroom. Therefore the peak residential sanitary wastewater flow is calculated as follows:

Peak Residential Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 2 bedrooms X 150 gpd per bedroom

Peak Residential Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 300 gpd

Combined Peak Wastewater Flow

Combined Peak Wastewater Flow = Peak Winery Process Wastewater Flow + Total Peak Winery Sanitary Wastewater Flow + Peak Residential Sanitary Wastewater Flow

Combined Peak Flow = 600 gpd + 60 gpd + 300 gpd

Combined Peak Flow = 960 gpd

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the proposed site configuration, onsite soil conditions and estimated wastewater flows we have determined that there are at least two options for properly disposing of the process and sanitary wastewater generated at the proposed winery. A summary of each option is presented in the following sections of this report.

Option #I - Sanitary Wastewater Subsurface Drip Disposal Field and Process Wastewater Hold and Haul

In this scenario the sanitary wastewater would be disposed of in a subsurface drip type septic system and the winery process wastewater would be collected separately, temporarily stored and then would be hauled offsite for treatment and disposal by the Napa Sanitation District, East Bay Municipal Utility District or a similar municipal wastewater treatment plant.

Required Disposal Field Area

The disposal field area is calculated based upon the design hydraulic loading rate for the soil conditions and the proposed design flow. Since the slope of the natural ground surface in the area of the proposed disposal field is more than 20% a 150% adjustment factor is required to accommodate for the steep slopes. Based on these design parameters, the required disposal field area is calculated as follows:

Required Disposal Field Area =
$$\frac{\text{Peak Flow}}{\text{Soil Application Rate}} \times 150\%$$

Require Disposal Field Area =
$$\frac{360 \text{ gpd}}{0.6 \text{ gpd per square foot}} \times 150\%$$

Required Disposal Field Area = 900 square feet

Available Disposal Field Area

Based on the proposed site layout and topographic data prepared by Albion Surveys, we have determined that there is enough area to install approximately 900 square feet of subsurface drip disposal field in the vicinity of Test Pits #6 & #7. The conceptual layout of the disposal field is shown on the Sodhani Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans in Appendix 2.

Pretreatment and Septic Tank Capacity

Pretreatment must be provided to treat the wastewater to meet Napa County pretreated effluent standards (BOD<30 mg/l, TSS < 30 mg/l). There are several options for pretreatment systems that are available to meet this requirement. The Applicant and the Engineer will review options and select a suitable pretreatment system designed to meet this requirement prior to application for a sewage permit for the winery. Septic tanks will be sized in accordance with the requirements of the selected pretreatment system.

Reserve Area

Napa County code requires that an area be set aside to accommodate a future onsite wastewater disposal system in the event that the primary system fails or the soil in the primary area is otherwise rendered unsuitable for wastewater disposal. For subsurface drip type septic systems the reserve area must be 200% of the size of the disposal field area. The required reserve area is calculated as follows:

Required Reserve Area =
$$200\% \times \frac{\text{Peak Flow}}{\text{Soil Application Rate}} \times 150\%$$

Require Reserve Field Area = $200\% \times \frac{360 \text{ gpd}}{0.6 \text{ gpd per square foot}} \times 150\%$

Required Reserve Area = 1,800 square feet

Based on the proposed site plan we have determined that there is enough area to set aside for an additional 1,800 square feet of subsurface drip disposal field in the vicinity of Test Pits #6 and #7 as shown on the Sodhani Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans in Appendix 2.

Winery Process Wastewater Disposal

The winery process wastewater hold and haul system must be designed to hold at least seven days of peak flow (7 days \times 600 gallons per day = 4,200 gallons), have a water level alarm and be designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements for hold and haul systems as outlined in Napa County Code Section 13.52.035.

Winery Process Wastewater Disposal Reserve Area

Napa County Code requires that an onsite "reserve area" be designated for process wastewater hold and haul systems. The reserve area will be onsite pre-treatment and irrigation as described in Option #2 below.

Option #2 - Sanitary Wastewater Subsurface Drip Disposal Field and Process Wastewater Treatment for Irrigation

In this scenario the sanitary wastewater would be disposed of in a subsurface drip type septic system and the winery process wastewater would be collected separately, pretreated, stored and disposed of via surface irrigation in the vineyard, landscaping or on natural vegetation outside of the required 100 foot well setbacks.

Required Disposal Field and Reserve Area

Sanitary wastewater disposal field and reserve areas are the same as described in Option #I above.

Pretreatment and Septic Tank Capacity

Sanitary wastewater pretreatment and septic tank requirements in this scenario are the same as previously described in Option #1 above.

Process Wastewater Treatment & Disposal

We recommend that treatment be achieved through the use of a package plant type system or other treatment system designed to accept winery process wastewater that is capable of meeting the following treatment requirements:

Parameter	Pre-treatment*	Post Treatment**
pН	3 to 10	6 to 9
BOD₅	500 to 12,000 mg/l	<160 mg/l
TSS	40 to 800 mg/l	<80 mg/l
SS	25 to 100 mg/l	< mg/l

^{*} Reference California Regional Water Quality Control Board Central Coast Region General Waste Discharge Requirements Order No. R3-2008-0018 for winery process wastewater characteristics

^{**} Required for discharge to land via surface irrigation by Napa County for samples taken at the discharge of the treatment unit.

Process Wastewater Disposal

To simplify this analysis we have assumed that final disposal of the treated effluent will be via surface drip irrigation in the vineyard. There are approximately 5.9 acres of vineyard area available outside of the required well setbacks. The treated process wastewater may also be able to be used for landscape irrigation outside of all required setbacks which would provide additional flexibility in operation of the disposal system. All application of treated winery process wastewater must comply with the requirements of the Napa County Winery Process Wastewater Guidelines for Surface Drip Irrigation and general wastewater setback requirements.

In order to accommodate differences in the timing of wastewater generation, irrigation demand and prohibitions on applying water to the land during rainy periods a storage tank will be required. We have prepared a water balance calculation to size a tank that will temporarily store wastewater generated at the winery before it is applied to the vineyard. The water balance calculation assumes a monthly wastewater generation rate and a monthly vineyard irrigation schedule based on our past experience with projects of this type. The water balance calculations show that the water generated by winery production operations each month can be effectively managed after treatment by applying it to the identified vineyard area. We recommend a minimum storage tank capacity of 10,000 gallons to provide operational flexibility in timing of land applications (see Appendix 4).

CONCLUSION

It is our opinion that the wastewater from the proposed winery can be accommodated in either of the two options previously described. Full design calculations and construction plans for the wastewater system(s) must be prepared in accordance with Napa County standards at the time of building permit application.

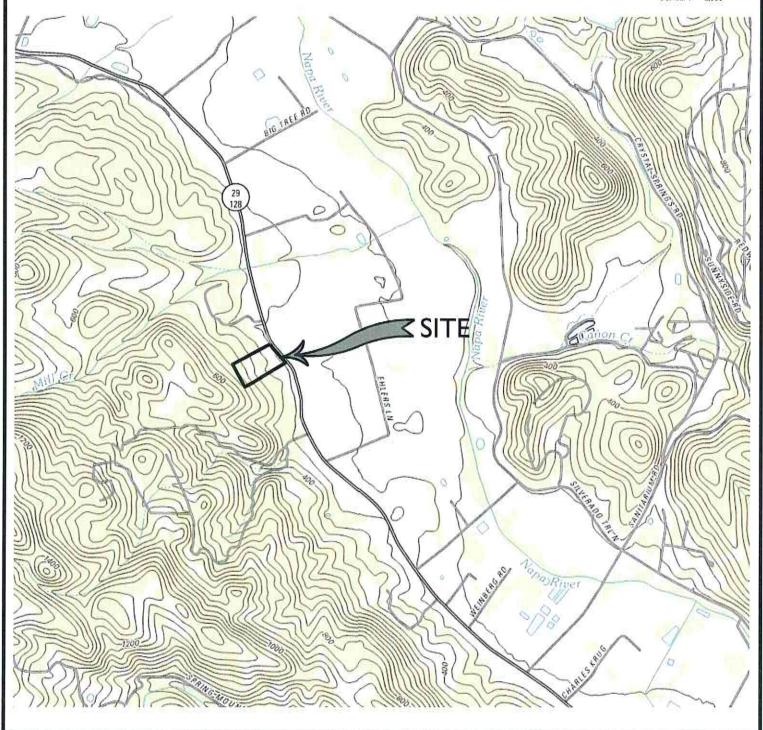
APPENDIX I: Site Topography Map

SITE TOPOGRAPHY MAP

REPRESENTS A PORTION OF THE UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLES "CALISTOGA AND SAINT HELENA, CA"



SCALE: I" = 2,000'





2074 West Lincoln Avenue Napa, CA 94558 (707) 320-4968 (707) 320-2395 Fax www.appliedcivil.com

SODHANI WINERY

3283 ST. HELENA HIGHWAY NORTH ST. HELENA, CA 94574 APN 022-080-004

JOB NO. 14-102

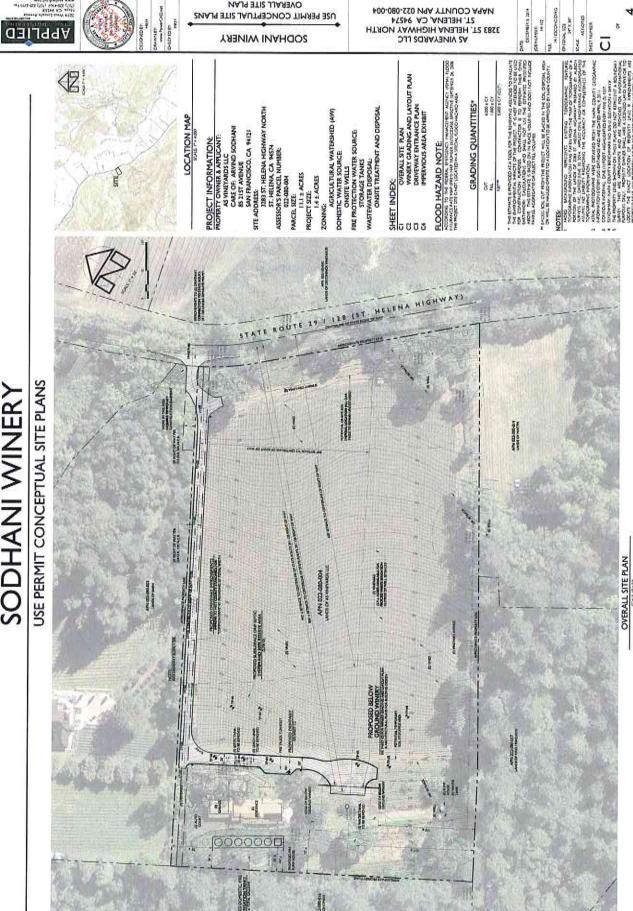
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DECEMBER 2014

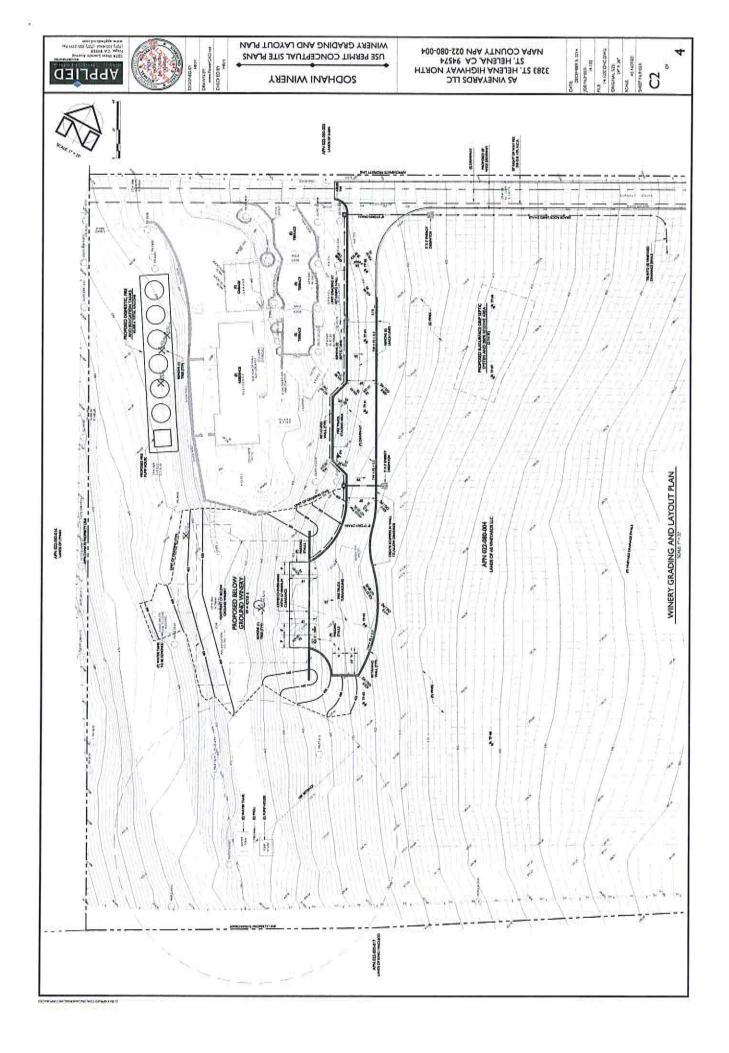
APPENDIX 2: Sodhani Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans Reduced to 8.5" \times 11"

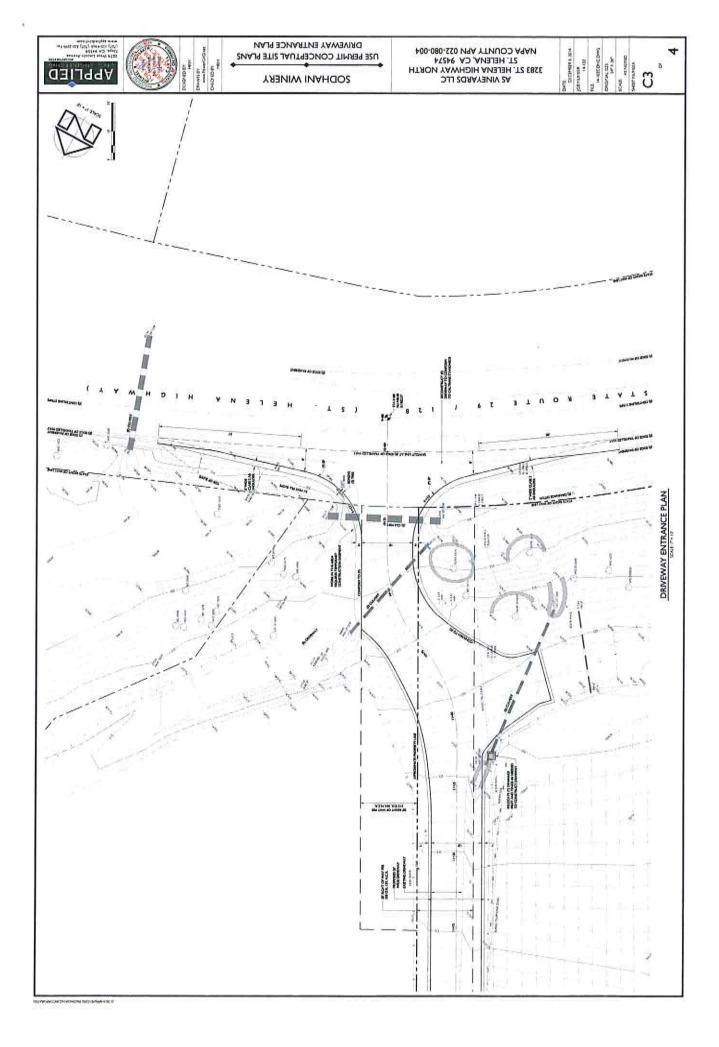


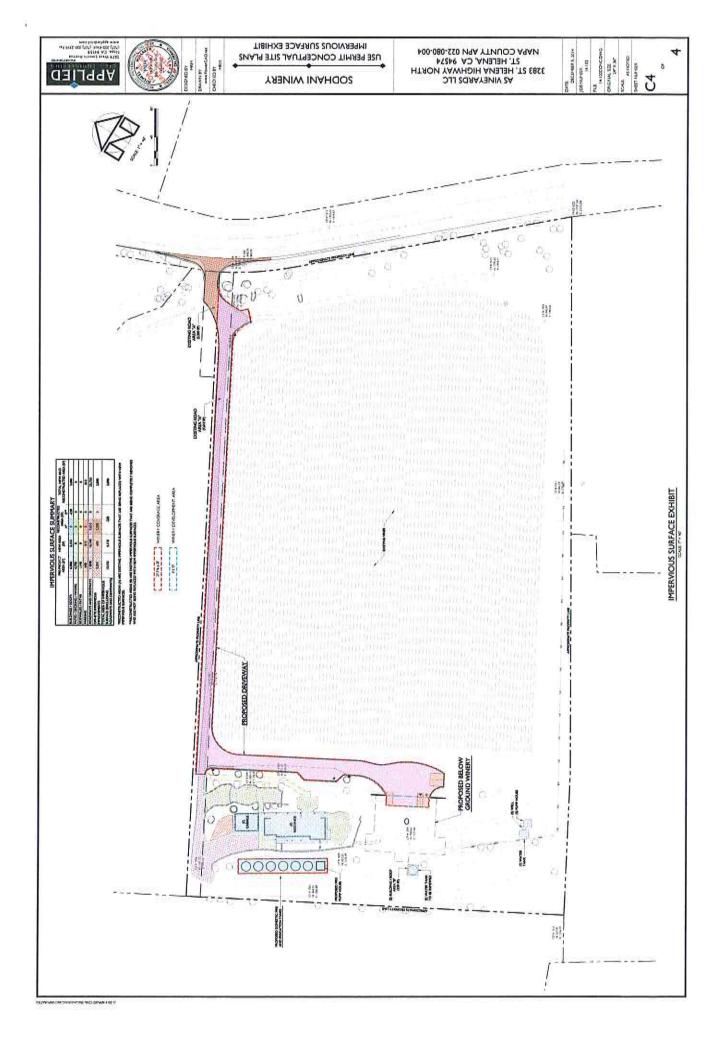
USE PERMIT CONCEPTUAL SITE PLANS



USE PERMIT CONCEPTUAL SITE PLANS OVERALL SITE PLAN







APPENDIX 3: Water Storage Tank Water Balance Calculations

Irrigation Storage Tank Water Balance

Month	Beginning Balance	Process Wastewater	Land Application Capacity	Ending Balance
January	0	3,600	128,159	0
February	0	3,600	128,159	0
March	0	3,600	128,159	0
April	0	2,880	128,159	0
May	0	2,880	71,104	0
June	0	3,600	177,761	0
July	0	7,200	177,761	0
August	0	9,360	234,816	0
September	0	18,000	234,816	0
October	0	9,360	199,264	0
November	0	4,320	128,159	0
December	0	3,600	128,159	0
		72.000	1 044 470	

72,000 1,864,478

Notes:

- 1. All values shown above for beginning balance, inflow, outflow and ending balance are in units of gallons.
- 2. See attached tables for detailed explanation of process wastewater and irrigation data presented in this table.
- 3. This water balance is based on the assumption that the tank is empy in August, just prior to crush.
- Where irrigation demand exceeds available treated wastewater availability additional irrigation water will be provided by another source.

Winery Process Wastewater Generation Analysis

6 gallons per gallon of wine 1.5 gallons per gallon of wine 600 gallons per day 12,000 gallons 72,000 gallons 30 days Wastewater Generated During Crush Peak Wastewater Generation Rate Annual Wasewater Generation Wastewater Generation Rate Annual Wine Production Crush Season Length

	Winery Process Wastewater Generation Table	water Generation	Table
	Percentage of	Monthy Flow	Average Flow
	Annual Total	(gallons)	(pdg)
	2.0%	3,600	911
	2.0%	3,600	129
	2.0%	3,600	911
	4.0%	2,880	96
_	4.0%	2,880	93
_	2.0%	3,600	120
	10.0%	7,200	232
_	13.0%	6,360	302
_	25.0%	18,000	009
_	13.0%	9,360	302
$\overline{}$	%0.9	4,320	144
_	2.0%	3,600	911
l			

Notes:

1. Wastewater generation rates and monthly proportioning are based on our past experience with similar projects.

72,000

100.0%

Total

Irrigation Schedule Analsysis

Vineyard Information:

Total acres of vines

5.9 acres

Vine Row Spacing

5 feet

Vine Spacing

3 feet

Vine density

2,904 vines per acre (average)

Total Vine Count

17,134 vines

Irrigation Information:

Seasonal Irrigation

41.5 gallons per vine (May through October)

Non-Irrigation Application

0.8 inches

October through April

		Irrigation	Schedule		
Month	Monthly Percentage ²	Irrigation per Vine (gallons)	Irrigation (gallons)	Non-Seasonal Irrigation Application (gallons)	Total (gallons)
January		0.0	0	128,159	128,159
February		0.0	0	128,159	128,159
March		0.0	0	128,159	128,159
April		0.0	0	128,159	128,159
May	10%	4.2	71,104	0	71,104
June	25%	10.4	177,761	0	177,761
July	25%	10.4	177,761	0	177,761
August	15%	6.2	106,657	128,159	234,816
September	15%	6.2	106,657	128,159	234,816
October	10%	4.2	71,104	128,159	199,264
November		0.0	0	128,159	128,159
December		0.0	0	128,159	128,159
Total	100%	41.5	711,044	1,153,434	1,864,478

Notes:

- 1. Irrigation per vine is based on 0.37 acre-feet per acre of vines per Vineyard Manager.
- 2. Monthly vineyard irrigation percentages are based on our past experience with projects of this type.
- 3. Non-Irrigation Application is for managing tank levels and assumes a maximum of 5 operational days per month based on historic weather data (Summit Engineering NBRID Capacity Study, 1996) and a saturated soil infiltration rate of 0.1 gallons per square foot per day uniformly over the entire area.

APPENDIX 4: Site Evaluation Report

NAPA COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT REQUEST FOR SITE EVALUATION INSPECTION

92-39

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DEPT. USE ONLY	ř.
FEE: \$348,00	PARCEL NUMBER: 22-080-04
DATE: 10/29/02.	TOB ADDRESS: 3283 St Hel, Hely
RECEIPT: 24857	OWNER: SOSKO SOFTED A GOOG
ву: С9	TEST CONDUCTED BY: BOTTELT
TYPE OF TEST: FIELD ANALYSIS	PERCOLATION TEST
To be run on 11/12/02 at 10:00 mpr	To be run onpm
PURPOSE OF TEST: HOUSE: X QWIN	ERY: X OTHER:
PROJECTED WASTEWATER FLOWS:	maybe 1050 gpd

4	N TEST INSPECTION RESULTS
Pre-soak checked? yes no Le	ngth of pre-soak:
Checked by:	Date:
Rate at time of inspection:	Stabilized perc rate:
Gravel and Pipe Used? yes no	If so, take the perc rate x .6 =in/hr
	···· *********************************
STANDARD SYSTEM	OF SYSTEM APPROVED
72"	1030
Acceptable soil to: 77 / Assign	ned perc range: 1-3 / 3-6 / 6-12
bepth of clenches	under pripe
Lineal feet of leachline required: Depte	rdo μροκ / Plot plan received:
Slope: ~10% / Surface drainage prof	orgical Plot plan received:
	NG - Size constraints:
Perc rate too slow:/Perc ra	te too fast:/Steep slope:
	/High seasonal groundwater:
	/Other problems:
Specialist Kim WHMW	Date 4-10-03
AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	

TEXTURE (In the proposed treuch zone)

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High (>40) -		 		Selection	-
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