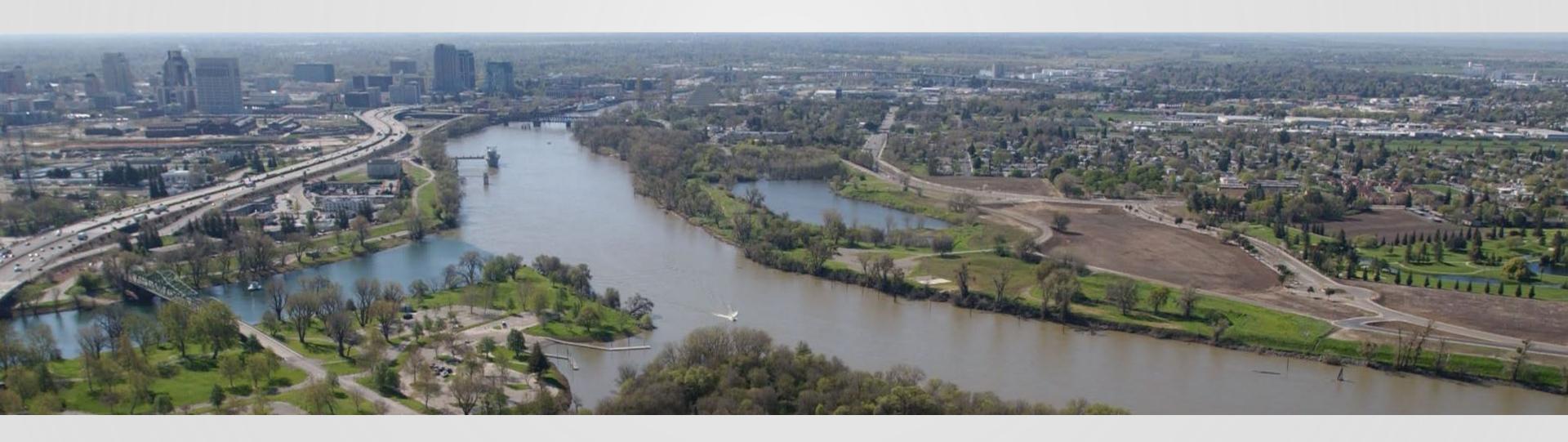
The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act and Climate Change

Napa Valley GSP Advisory Committee, November 12, 2020



Overview of Presentation

- SGMA Overview.
- Incorporating climate change data into a GSP.
- SGMA climate change tools and resources.
- How are GSAs incorporating climate change data into GSPs?



SGMA Overview





"Groundwater management in California is best accomplished locally."

Governor Jerry Brown, September 2014



Sustainability Indicators







Lowering GW Levels

Reduction of Storage

Seawater Intrusion



Degraded Quality

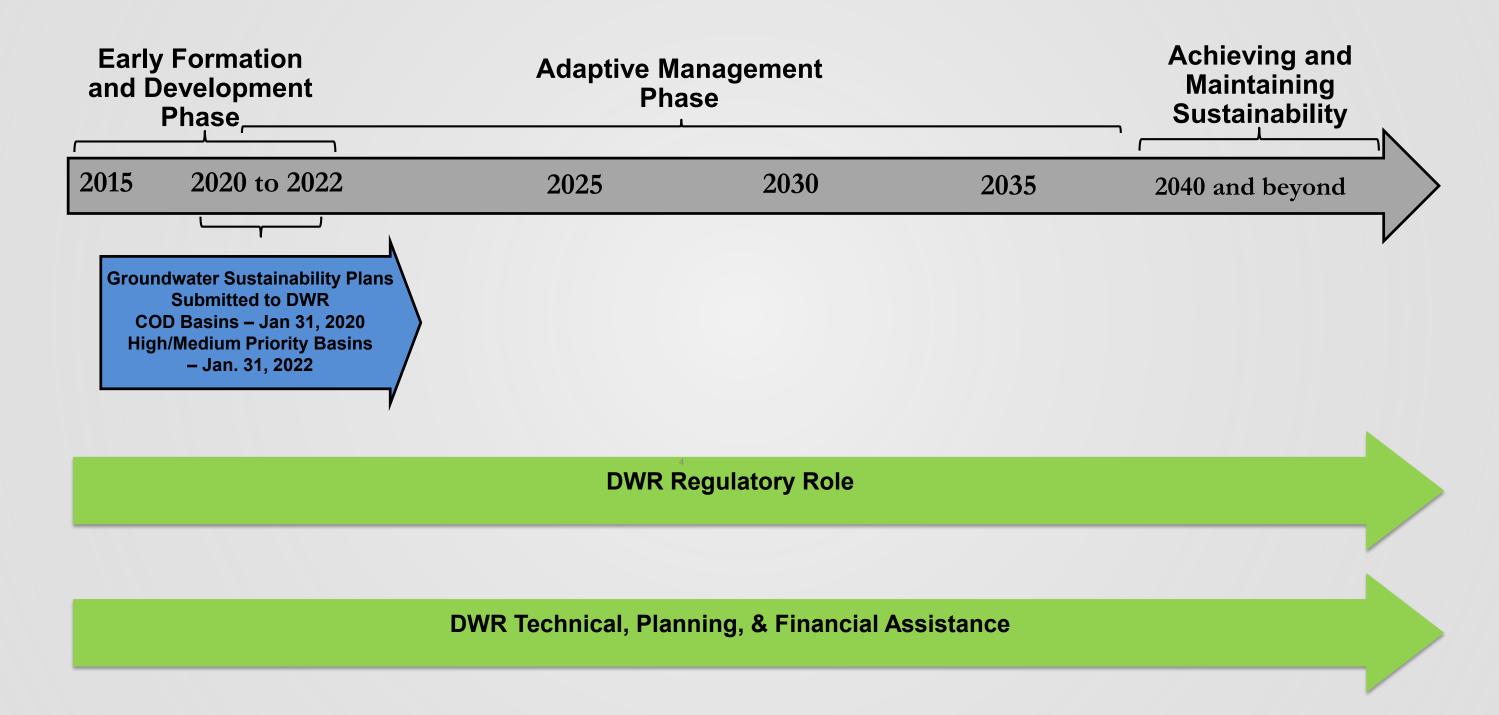


Land Subsidence



Surface Water Depletion

SGMA 20-Year Plan Horizon





Incorporating Climate Change into a GSP

1. Administrative Information

General Information
Agency Information
Description of Plan Area
Notice & Communication

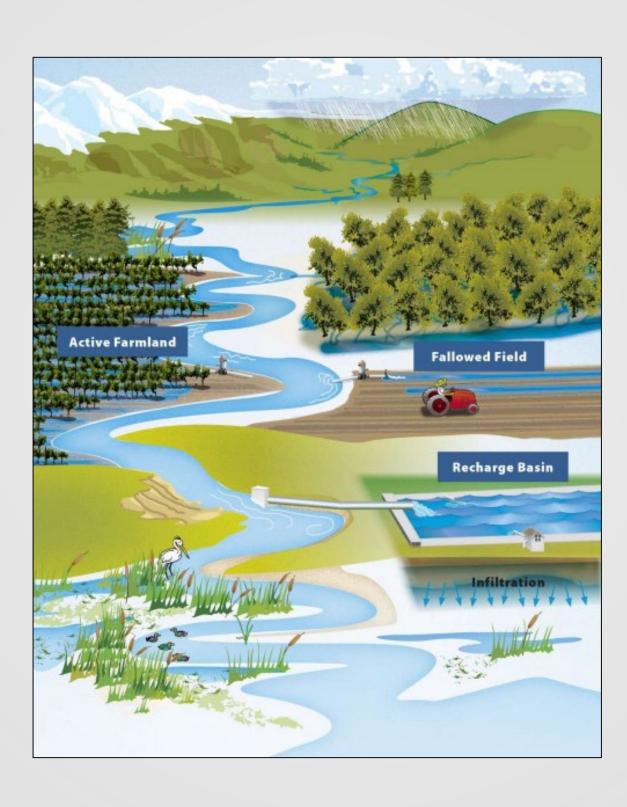
2. Basin Setting

Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model

Groundwater Conditions

Water Budget

Management Areas



3. Sustainable Management Criteria

Sustainability Goal
Undesirable Results
Minimum Thresholds
Measurable Objectives

4. Monitoring Networks

Monitoring Network
Representative Monitoring
Assessment & Improvement
Reporting Monitoring Data to the
Department

5. Projects and Management Actions

Projects & Management Actions



GSP Regulations – Climate Change

354.18 Water Budget

(c) (3) Projected water budgets shall be used to estimate future baseline conditions of supply, demand, and aquifer response to Plan implementation, and to identify the uncertainties of these projected water budget components.

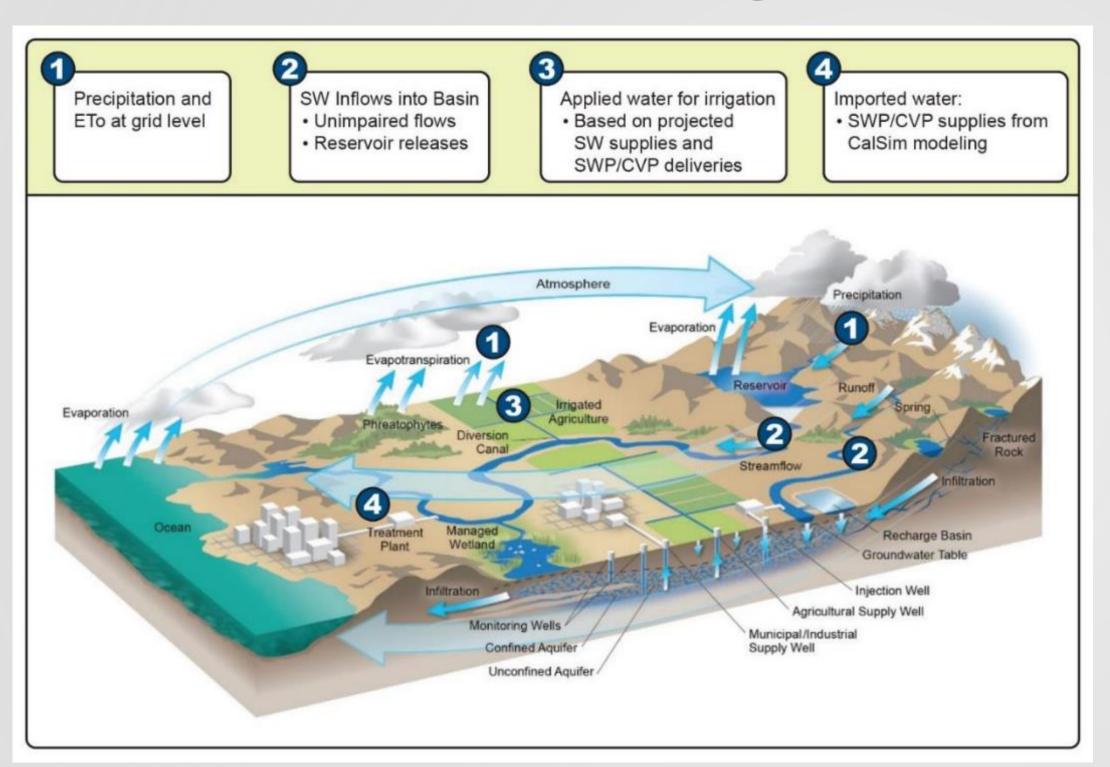
(A) Projected hydrology shall utilize 50 years of historical precipitation, evapotranspiration, and streamflow information as the baseline condition for estimating future hydrology. The projected hydrology information shall also be applied as the baseline condition used to evaluate future scenarios of hydrologic uncertainty associated with projections of climate change and sea level rise.

354.18 (e) Modeling

Each Plan shall rely on the best available information and best available science to quantify the water budget for the basin in order to provide an understanding of historical and projected hydrology, water demand, water supply, land use, population, climate change, sea level rise, groundwater and surface water interaction, and subsurface groundwater flow. If a numerical groundwater and surface water model is not used to quantify and evaluate the projected water budget conditions and the potential impacts to beneficial uses and users of groundwater, the Plan shall identify and describe an equally effective method, tool, or analytical model to evaluate projected water budget conditions.



Water Budget



Historical Water Budget



Incorporate
Climate Change
and Other
Components



Projected Water Budget



Climate Change Resource Guide

- The Resource Guide gives an overview of the climate change resources including:
 - Datasets provided by DWR.
 - Tools for working with the DWR-provided datasets.
 - Guidance for using DWR-provided data and tools in developing GSPs.
- The datasets and methods can provide technical assistance to GSAs for developing projected water budgets.

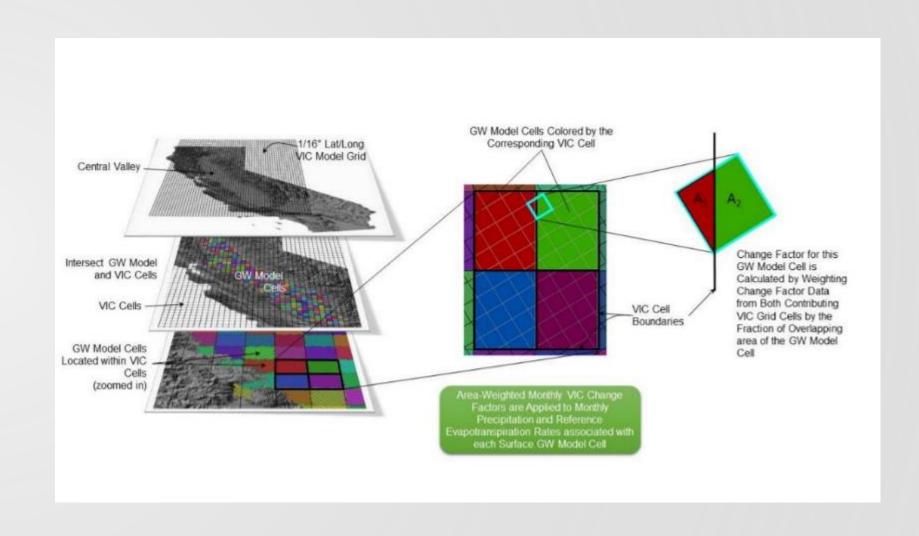




SGMA Climate Change Data and Analysis for GSP Development

The climate data source is consistent with other State programs and leverages Water Storage Investment Program developed products.

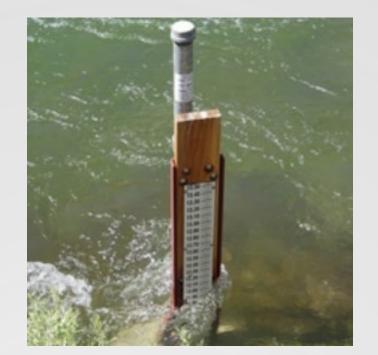
- Data related to future projected climate conditions around 2030 and 2070.
- Statewide gridded datasets of change factors for precipitation and reference evapotranspiration (6km by 6km).
- Routed streamflow change factors for watersheds.





Monitoring

- Monitoring networks must include:
 - Monitoring objectives.
 - Monitoring protocols.
 - Data reporting requirements.
- Must promote the collection of data of sufficient quantity, frequency, and distribution to characterize groundwater and related surface water conditions.
- Monitoring network must be able to evaluate changing conditions in the basin.









Lowering GW Levels



Reduction of Storage



Degraded Quality



Land Subsidence



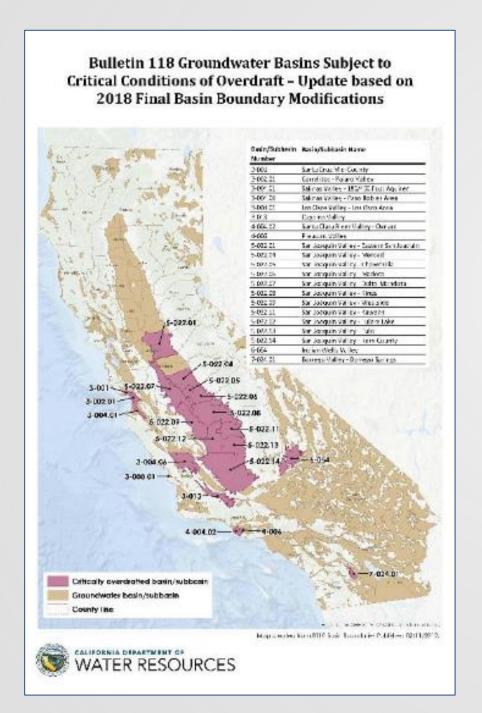
Surface Water Depletion

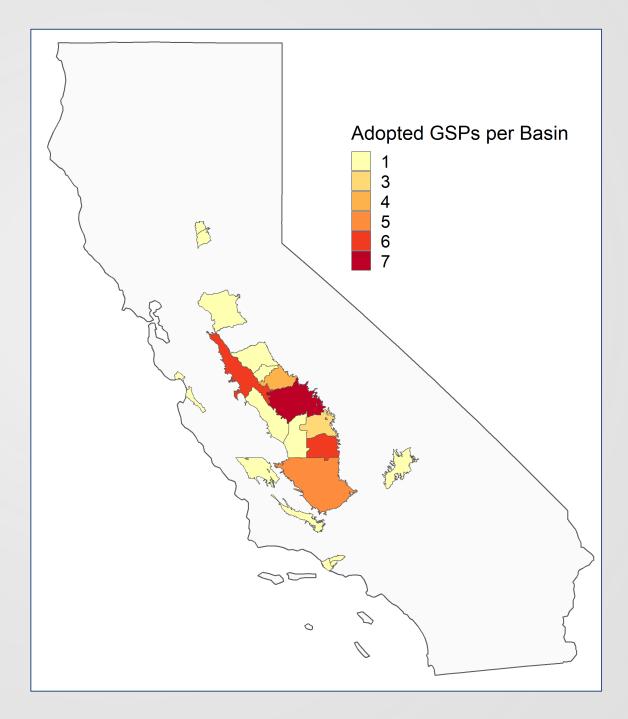


Seawater Intrusion



How are GSAs Addressing Climate Change?

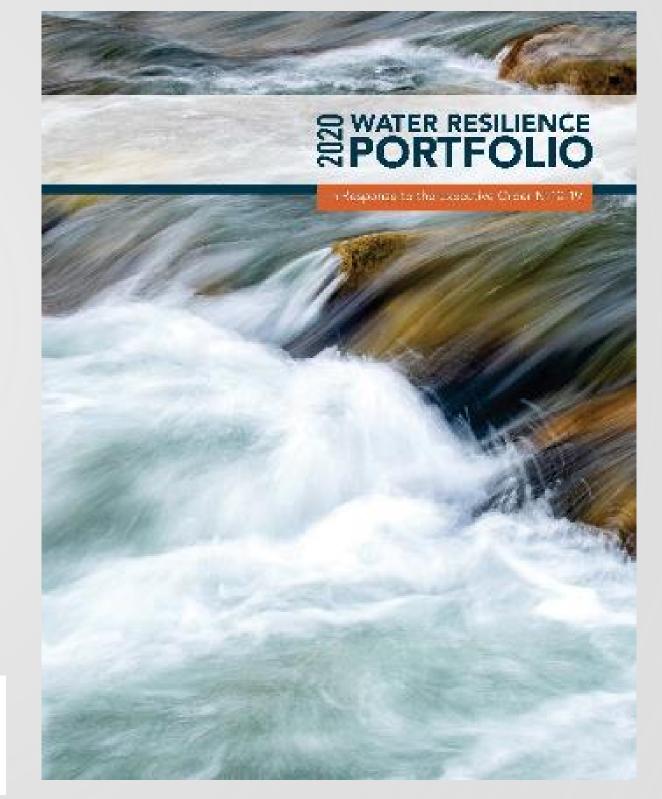




Water Resilience Portfolio

Climate Change Impacts

California's climate is warming and becoming even more variable, which reduces winter snowpack, intensifies drought and wildfire, and drives more intense storms that worsen flooding.

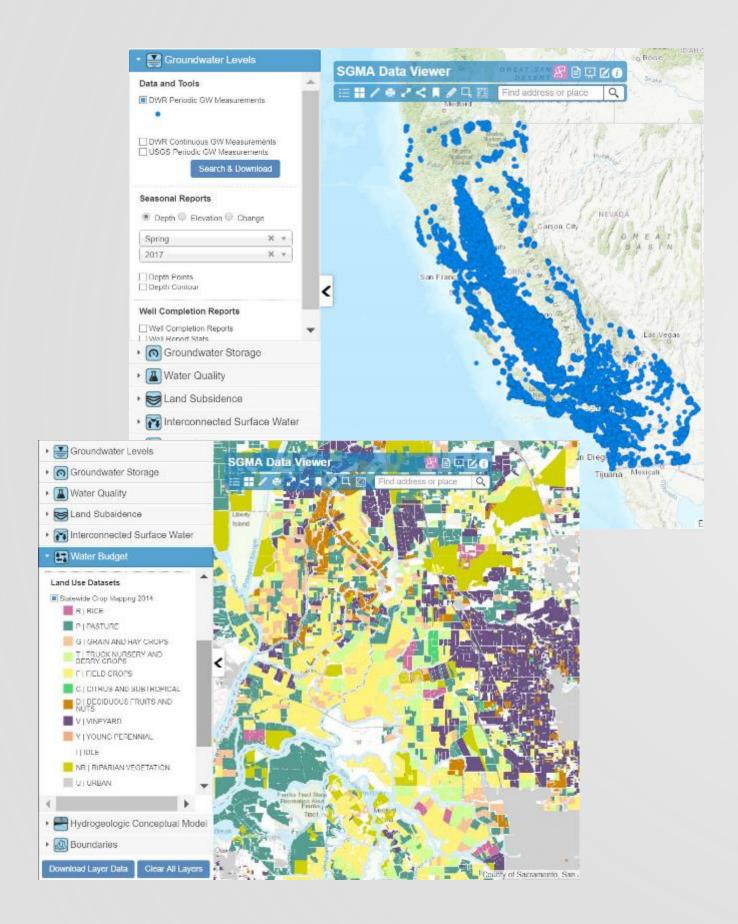


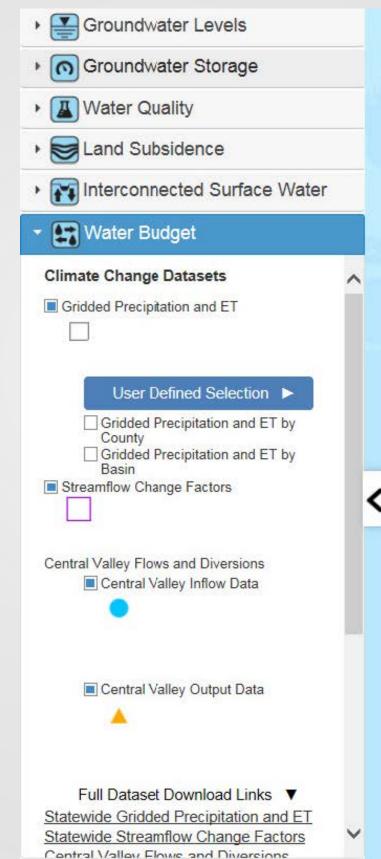


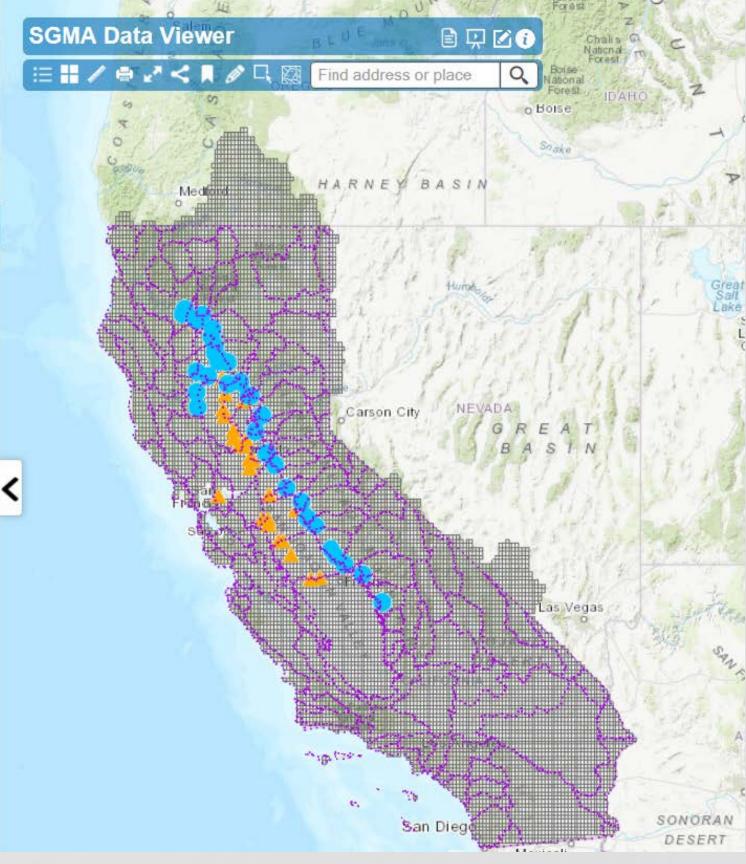




SGMA Data Viewer







SGMA Assistance To Date

Since 2015 DWR has provided ~\$180M in assistance to support locals with SGMA implementation:

- Planning Assistance (~\$10M to date)
 - GSA Formation
 - Basin POCs
 - Facilitation Support
 - Written Translation Services
- Technical Assistance (~\$20M to Date)
 - Technical Support Services
 - Data and Tools
- Financial Assistance (~\$150M to Date)
 - Sustainable Groundwater Management (SGM)
 Planning Grant Program









Future Assistance

Another ~\$200M in assistance will be provided over the next four years which will be continually refined to respond to local needs:

- Planning Assistance (~\$8M over next four years)
 - Basin POCs
 - Facilitation Support
 - Written Translation Services
- Technical Assistance (~\$90M over next four years)
 - Technical Support Services
 - Data and Tools
- Financial Assistance (~\$100M over next four years)
 - SGM Implementation Grant Program

