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1		NAPA COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION
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4		IN RE: ITEM 9A
5		GIRARD WINERY USE PERMIT #P14-00053-UP
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9		TRANSCRIPT OF VIDEO-RECORDED PROCEEDINGS MEETING OF DECEMBER 17, 2014
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13	PRESENT:	
14		BOB FIDDAMAN, Chair HEATHER PHILLIPS, Vice-Chair MICHAEL BASAYNE, Commissioner
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CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Okay. That brings us to Item 9A, the

1 Girard Winery Use Permit Number P14-00053-UP. And I might 2 comment at this point, that there have been at least two 3 requests for a continuance on this item. But I'm not inviting a motion to continue at this point, since I know there are people here who would like to comment on this. So, what I anticipate is 6 that we will start the Public Hearing, and then depending on the will of this Commission, we may continue the item later, or not. 8 So. 9

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DEPUTY DIRECTOR JOHN MCDOWELL: Thank you, Chairman Fiddaman, that's exactly the way I was going to introduce the item, was...

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Sorry.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: ...to--how dare you steal my thunder. [Laughter.] I was going to suggest that you hear the Staff presentation to introduce the project, and then at that point, hear testimony on whether to continue the item, and just commence the hearing, and then as you move forward, make a decision on whether to continue the item or not.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Okay. Thank you.

WYNTRESS BALCHER: Good morning Chairman Fiddaman, members of the Planning Commission. Wyntress Balcher. The item before you is a use permit to establish a 200,000-gallon winery, and to construct a 37--approximately 3,700-square-foot winery building on a 26.53-acre parcel located on the east side of Dunaweal Lane near Calistoga. The subject parcel is located within the agricultural resource General Plan designation area, and is located within the Ag Preserve zoning district.

The proposed winery consists of a wine production area, an accessory office, hospitality area for by-appointment-only tastings for 75 visitors on weekdays, 90 visitors on weekends.

Tastings are proposed in the tasting rooms, the winery garden, and the covered veranda. The concrete building will be 33-and-ahalf feet in height with two cupola architectural features flanking the front façade with energy-efficient windows.

Nine events are proposed per year during the day. Eight with a maximum of 200 guests, one with 500 guests. The winery building will be located approximately 600 feet from Dunaweal Lane. Dunaweal Lane is a collector status road, and the required winery setback is 300 feet.

A 20-foot, four-wide access driveway will be constructed from the street, and will encircle the winery, which is located somewhat in the center of the parcel. Twenty-two parking spaces will be provided, including two with an electric charging station, and one visitor clean air vehicle space.

Girard tastings--Girard wines are currently being produced in Sonoma County, and a tasting room located in--and they have a tasting room located in Yountville. The applicant has indicated that the Yountville tasting room will remain open.

Development on the property includes approximately 12 acres of vineyards, and three process wastewater recycling ponds, a well, shed, and a filtration—a water filtration system. And the applicant, Vintage Wine Estates, also owns the winery on the west side of Dunaweal Lane, Clos Pegase Winery.

The process wastewater ponds are used by the Clos Pegase Winery, and the well on the property provides water to that

winery for processing, visitors, employees and a residence 1

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through a transient non-community water system. The process recycle water is utilized for irrigation, [inaudible] on landscaping on both parcels. The water system permit will be updated to include connection to the proposed Girard Winery, and the Girard Winery will also be connected to the process wastewater recycling system.

The Phase One Water Analysis prepared for the project concludes that the water demand for the two wineries, their employees, and visitors, and the residence would be below the threshold established for the property.

The process wastewater system provides water for the irrigation of vineyards and landscaping, and the groundwater is not used. In addition to the process wastewater, captured rainwater, and vineyard sub-drain collection system provide additional water for the irrigation ponds.

A Mitigated Negative Declaration has been prepared for the project, where it is determined that there is a potential impact -- there's a potential impact from the project on the intersections of Dunaweal Lane and State Highway 29 and the Silverado Trail. The applicant has incorporated into the project a change in the operational hours to allow arrivals and departure of the employees during the non-peak hour at the intersections. The marketing event, set up, arrival and departure will occur outside of the p.m. peak periods identified in the traffic study. In addition, visitors will be notified and signs posted to direct northbound visitors to use State Highway 29 and the southbound visitors to use Silverado Trail to reduce

the turning actions at the subject intersections.

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Although this is a relatively large project, Staff is recommending--let's see. I lost my place, I'm sorry. Although this is a relatively...

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: It happens to me too. [Laughter.]

MS. BALCHER: ...while this is a relatively large project, Staff is recommending in favor of approval because the proposal includes substantial greenhouse gas offset features, potential impacts, traffic impacts, have been fully mitigated. Girard wines are presently being made in Sonoma County, and this facility would return Napa County fruit to production in Napa County. The project will be subject to the County's expanded housing impact fees. Visitation is within the scope of what has been approved at other similar facilities. Marketing is on the low end. The amount of visitation space is relatively modest in comparison to the amount of production. And the project requires no reductions or alternatives to winery zoning standards.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Wyntress, may I ask a question?
MS. BALCHER: Certainly.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: When you say the project requires no reductions or alternatives to winery zoning standards, are you saying that it's because they don't need any kind of a variance?

MS. BALCHER: That's correct.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: So, as a County we're recommending approval on the fact that it's—the baseline is that it's not asking for a variance as one of the reasons?

MS. BALCHER: It's--we're within the Winery Definition
Ordinance that they don't have to request a variance, so, we're
saying that it's in compliance with the WDO.

DIRECTOR DAVID MORRISON: We know that variances have been a topic of great concern and consideration by the Commission over the past year, and there's been a great deal of public comment, and some criticism about the number of variances. We're just making a comment that this project does not require a variance.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: That whole paragraph is actually interesting because I haven't seen that in a Staff Report before where we have given the County's reasons for why we are supporting it. Which is interesting, but it's also the County taking on some responsibility in, and defending its position, which is something that's new--haven't seen before. And one of the things that I found interesting are so many of the points, really, are, you know, should we really be holding them up, because they're things that would have to have been met for it to be brought--in order for it to even be brought to us. Like mitigated traffic. So, I thought it's an interesting approach. And so, I guess my question is, is this now going to be part of the Staff Reports, or was this just a kind of a one off?

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: If I could dive in. I'm glad you asked that question. I've been frustrated at—it was my call to add that element to the Staff Report, and yes I do intend to—as I guess as long as I'm running the Planning Division here, intend to make strong recommendations one way or the other on projects from this day forward. Simply because I believe we, as

Staff, owe it to the community and to the decision makers to put 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 10

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forth our rationale on why we are making our recommendation one way or the other. I've been frustrated at past meetings where we've put out a Staff Report that recommends in favor of a project where the applicant turns around and says hey your own Staff is recommending that this project be approved, yet our Staff Report doesn't give the rationale. In many cases we simply had carried forward what the applicant had proposed and not provided a strong basis of why we were saying to the Commission we think you should approve it. So, I'm trying to be more responsive to that...

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Well I guess then the question is what constitutes a strong basis? So I think by pointing out that a project is not asking for a variance as a plus of a project, that that's a pretty low baseline to--in terms of a rationale, in my book.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: So, this is where we take direction from you. If you don't support our rationale, or you think it needs to be developed more, then I think this is at least creating a forum where that can be out on the table and we can row the boat in the direction that you're steering it.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Great conversation.

DIRECTOR MORRISON: I think that this is--well I would point out that this is--well perhaps this part of the Staff Report may be new, the concept certainly isn't. Every time the Commission approves a project, you're adopting findings. The findings are the reasons why you are adopting the project. So, in every case, the County is always, both Staff and the

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Commission, is stating the reasons as to why a particular project should be approved or denied. That's what findings are. We are just making that -- expanding that conversation. This is something that the Commission has been doing, perhaps not quite as directly. Perhaps it's been more of an indirect conversation with regards to the findings, but this is something that's been part of the process all along.

And certainly as the issues go beyond in terms of winery-the consideration of winery use permits as the issues go on beyond the basic are they consistent with the County regulations or not, and is this a good project for the county, those conversations will become probably more frequent and whether or not a reason is good or not, or not good or good enough, or not supportable at all, is something that a majority of the Commission can decide.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: No, and to that point, I appreciate this, I hadn't seen it before, which is, you know why I wanted to--was inquiring about it and...

DIRECTOR MORRISON: It's standard practice [admittedly]. COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: ...and I do understand that it is just a different iteration of the findings. So.

DIRECTOR MORRISON: It's a more explicit description of the process that's already been occurring.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Mmm-hmm.

DIRECTOR MORRISON: And pretty standard practice in many jurisdictions.

Commissioner Scott. CHAIR FIDDAMAN:

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Well, David, I assume that the Staff's

slight change here in procedure is a preamble to what we will receive in your presentation to the Joint Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors meeting that has been proposed in March. Where if we're going to see a change in policy direction, or what have you, that obviously that needs to come from the Board of Supervisors. And in our joint meeting I would hope that we would hear what your recommendation is in that regard.

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DIRECTOR MORRISON: Well, I appreciate that, but actually the presentation in March is going to be more of a table-setting exercise in terms of talking about what is the most current factual analysis of what is going on in Napa and the region both in the environment and in the industry. The resolutions to any concerns that come out of that meeting will be addressed in a subsequent, more broad community forum. The -- because these are very important issues that affect most of the residents of Napa County, both in the cities, and in the country, but also--and I'm not picking on any projects in particular, but, just for illustration purposes only, people have said, well, Yountville Hill goes too far, it crosses the line. What's the line? It's not based in regulation, it's not necessarily clearly explicit in policy, where is that line, or the chrome rabbit or the Ca'Nani gate entry crosses the line. Where is that line? I suspect they're talking about areas where we're in a fairly gray part of policy interpretation where those lines, if they're going to provide--if the public is going to have assurance about what the rules are, and what is allowed and isn't. And if the industry is going to be making investment decisions in terms of providing applications about what the rules are or aren't, we're going to have to make those lines more distinct and sharp and put some clarity to where that line is so people—we can't hold people accountable for not crossing the line if we can't tell them where the line is. And certainly the Planning Commission can take some of these issues into consideration in their decision—making.

But these are issues that are outside of existing regulation and policy. The regulations are not caught up to the events that are—and the concerns that are continuing.

Government moves much slower than public opinion.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Well, I think it's a very helpful question, Commissioner Phillips, that you raised.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: And I have one last question on something that I had never seen in a Staff Report either. It was the term, "collector status" road. What is the definition of collector status road? I've never seen that before.

DIRECTOR MORRISON: It's more than a local road and less than an arterial. [Laughter.]

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: More than a local, less than an arterial. Okay, so it's--is there--okay.

DIRECTOR MORRISON: I was being facetious.

MS. BALCHER: The reason I put it in is based on the fact that in terms of the winery setback, it's the arterial roads, the state highways, and this was a collector status road so its setback was 300 feet, so I used collector status because it's defined as...

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: See. Bob pointed out that I have been on the Commission for seven years, and you learn something

new every day, every meeting you can learn something new.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: This is the wonderful thing about having Wyntress back on the Staff here is return of institutional knowledge. When did you first start with the County?

MS. BALCHER: 1988.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: 1988, so we have somebody on the Staff now, because when we lost Bob Nelson we lost a lot of institutional knowledge because he was here through the original Winery Definition Ordinance debate back in the 80s, and all through the period after that. So, yeah, sure enough, collector status road, it's in the Zoning Ordinance and in the General Plan as the dividing line between the 300-foot setback and the 600-foot setback.

[COMMISSIONER BASAYNE]: In fairness I'd like to add that she has used that term previously when she worked for the County. So. [Laughter.]

DIRECTOR MORRISON: Basically it was a classification system of major freeway, minor freeway, major highway, minor highway, arterials, major and minor collectors, major and minor local roads. And it all depends on how many lanes a road has, how wide the lanes are, what the width of—whether there's a presence of a shoulder, how wide the shoulder is, what the designated safe highway speed—or driving speed is. It's part of—these are terms regularly used in traffic analysis, which the Commission may not have gotten into in the past, but I can almost guarantee you, you will all become much more familiar with in the coming year.

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COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: And I appreciate that. Thank you. CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Okay, any other questions per Staff? Seeing none I'm going to open the Public Hearing and invite comments from the applicant's representative.

HEATHER MCCOLLISTER: Good morning Commissioner Fiddaman, how are you, and other Commissioners?

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Welcome back.

MS. MCCOLLISTER: Thank you, sir. My name is Heather McCollister; I live at 1512 D Street, Napa, California, 94559. I don't really have much to say this morning, but I'd like to thank Staff for their time and effort in getting us to this point. It's been kind of a long journey for us. We support everything Staff has presented to you today, and I realize neighbor concerns. We've had extensive outreach to the neighbors. And at this point we, of course, would like to move forward from our business perspective. And that's all I really have. If you have questions for myself, we have our team here today, and I think Pat Roney would like to elaborate a little bit on our outreach and where we got to today. So.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Yeah, I was going to say, either you or Mr. Roney might comment on the idea of a continuance at this point so we're with you.

MS. MCCOLISTER: Sure. Yeah. Of course we'd like to proceed and move forward and get an action today. But I'll let Mr. Roney elaborate on the reasons and the business model we have for that. So.

Ok. Thank you. CHAIR FIDDAMAN:

MS. MCCOLISTER: Great, thank you.

PATRICK RONEY: I'd like to say good morning to everybody and thank you for taking the time and we're happy that in this process and this journey that we've gotten this far. We'd like to--we submitted the application initially in April, and in July we thought we were to the point that we were going to have a hearing in August, and we actually started the process of noticing our neighbors. And in July we met--invited all the neighbors across the street to Clos Pegase Winery, one of our other wineries, and Norma was actually there at the time as well. And we showed the plans and showed what our intents were.

Unfortunately for a variety of reasons we had to tweak a couple of things in August, so we didn't make that date. We thought we were going to get on in November, and got a couple more delays. But then we finally were fortunate enough to get this hearing.

So, in the process, we understood that Norma was looking—was—had some concerns again, so we reached out to her again, and we requested that we meet with her. Which we did—we were finally able to meet on Friday when she was back in town last week. We promised her complete transparency on everything. That's kind of the way that we like to operate. We want to be good neighbors.

She requested a fence around the property. We agreed we'd be happy to pay for a fence around the property. She had concerns about some of the water and other things we offered her 100 percent access to all of our consultants and we got her on that day everything that she didn't have already from the County, although she had already had the water and other things

that had been in public record back since July of last year, actually, even May of last year.

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And so we have proceeded in good faith. We told her that she could reach out to have her consultants reach out to any of our consultants. As of last night, nobody has reached out to any of our consultants. But we do have them here today again so that they can answer any questions that anybody wants.

From a financial perspective it costs me about 25,000 dollars a month for every month that we delay just because I'm in a lease facility, and there are impacts to us to the delay. So naturally, we're financially motivated to want to proceed.

Also, we've delayed re-planting a vineyard on the parcel because we don't know for sure where the winery driveway is going to be, and if there are going to be any changes to that. We'd love to get that vineyard planted so we don't lose another year of harvest. But those are business implications. And we'll certainly respect any decision that the Planning Commission wants to make in terms of moving forward or a continuance. But that's kind of how we're looking at it. Thank you.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you. Any questions for Mr. Roney? [STAFF]: Excuse me, sir.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Your name and address for the record.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: I'm sorry, we forgot to ask for that.

MR. RONEY: I'm sorry. Okay. Yes. My name is Patrick Roney.

My personal address is 3959 Sky Farm Boulevard in Santa Rosa, California. We actually do business in both counties. We've got three wineries here in Napa that we own. We have about 100

employees in Napa, and another 250 in Sonoma. So, we're excited about the wine business and excited about continuing to be good shepherds to the land and partners for everybody.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: I have one question as well.

Regarding the--understand that the proposal is to bring some of the wine production that is currently taking place in Sonoma back to Napa. Is this Napa fruit? Would you explain that in a little bit more detail?

MR. RONEY: Yes. Girard Winery—actually this is the 40<sup>th</sup> year that Girard has been making wine. So we've kind of had a history in Napa for quite some time, one of the original wineries back in 1974. In the process of 1995 the winery was purchased by my partner, Leslie Rudd, who has since renamed that winery as Rudd. We kept Girard going and we were kind of orphans for a while. We actually started making our productions at Bob Pecota's winery, which is now owned by Kendall Jackson, and then we moved to another up to Pritchard Hill, the old Harrison Winery, and we continued to grow there, and then they sold that property and so we got orphaned and we've leased a 40,000—square—foot facility in Sonoma where we currently make our wines. We've been making wines there for seven years.

About 95 percent of our production of 60,000 cases is Napa fruit. We have--we're totally committed to Napa. We have a chardonnay that's Russian River chardonnay. But, at this winery we will make probably 95 percent Napa Valley wines in that facility. And we have--we own vineyards and we have contracts with growers that we've had for 20 years. And so we're kind of

excited about finally getting, hopefully finally getting back to Napa and having Napa as our home.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: Thank you.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Given that history, and I can't recall exactly what the requirements are, but are you still able to, even though your wine's been made in Sonoma County for some time, are you still able to label it as a Napa Valley wine?

MR. RONEY: Oh yes. Because it's Napa Valley fruit.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: It is--fruit. Right.

MR. RONEY: It qualifies as—it is Napa Valley. It's 100 percent Napa Valley wine. So, the requirements in terms of where you produce the wine or where you bottle the wine are not—do not affect what type of wine it is, or how you have to label it.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Right. Okay. Thank you. All right. Anyone else?

NORMA TOFANELLI: Norma Tofanelli. Dunaweal Lane,
Calistoga. We have a difference in how we see this. We would ask
you, we continue to ask you, for a continuance. When we werefirst became aware of this project my mother and I were not
directly approached. We are the immediate neighbors to both
properties. My brother received a notice at his winery website
of a meeting that they were having with the neighbors. I was out
of town. I was able to attend that meeting for a short time on
my way to another meeting.

I then met with Wyntress to find out what was available, what the project was. And it was originally scheduled for a hearing on August 20<sup>th</sup>. And we were aware that that was the potential. However, when I met with Wyntress that had been

changed. And I received a conversation and communication email from Wyntress saying that a new hearing date is not yet set since it appears they might need to provide additional information to complete the application. We will let you know.

So, I realize with the earthquake, etcetera, this was on August 11<sup>th</sup> that I received this information from the County. So I anticipated where the documents were final. There is no point in hiring experts to review documents that are not final. As you know, that costs a great deal of money.

So, we are very concerned about the water. We want the opportunity to have our hydrologist look at the data. We have not given them the go ahead to proceed because we do not know if you will continue. If you do not continue we will then appeal to the Board to be able to get our data and our comments, informed comments, into the public record. Because as you are well aware, if there are any difficulties in the future, you must have your concerns in the public record, so we hope that record is not closed to us today.

We had a very nice conversation, our first one directly with the winery personnel, with Samantha and Pat Roney on Friday. They were very gracious. And Mr. Roney did provide access to his engineers, however; again, it's not prudent for us to spend a lot of money having our experts contact his experts if you're not going to continue, because we don't know where we are.

And I differ with Mr. Roney's view. He is willing to work with us, but he urged us to let the use permit move forward and then work out our conversations later at the building permit

process. That's, in my experience, not a wise way to proceed. It is best to take the opportunity to work out any differences and come up with, perhaps, better mitigations so that we move forward without arguing once the use permit is granted. So, again, we are the immediate neighbors. We have been there for over 85 years. We dry farm. We are very concerned with the water issue.

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And just one comment on the Staff Report. I am surprised that the County says they have no history of any concerns for water shortage in our area. The history of documents that I have been turning in to the County go back to the WDO. And if you look at the FEIR for the WDO, Environmental Management at that time pointed out in the FEIR for the WDO that there were so many concerns in the Dunaweal Lane area for water that it was a subject—should be a subject for study in the future. That has never occurred.

So we are concerned that there has not been a full appraisal of the water circumstances. We may have more information than the applicants do because they are new to the area. And we have watched the process of Clos Pegase and the water issues that that winery has had since it was built in approximately '85. So, we would like that opportunity to be able to present our concerns, and perhaps work out more details with the winery so that we have a better project moving forward. Thank you for your consideration.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you. Any other speakers?

GARY MARGADANT: Good morning Commissioners. This is Gary

Margadant from up on Mt. Veeder Road. I know this is for a

continuance, and that's what we're supposed to be speaking to, but part of the reason that I would like a continuance is to have a little more time to look at this project, and try to understand about--more about the traffic and the greenhouse gases on this.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: I might point out that the hearing is open. The topic is not just continuance.

MR. MARGADANT: Okay.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: It's general comments on the project.

MR. MARGADANT: Okay. Well thank you. Thanks for that clarification. This is unusual, I mean, across the street, you know, is a winery of 200,000 gallons from this project. And why, why don't they just increase the size of Clos Pegase rather than put this winery in across the street. There's going to be vineyards that are going to be removed. So, all of a sudden, you know, the agriculture is going to disappear over there and you're going to put a fruit processing plant in place. And this fruit processing plant is just going to be a tip up. It's going to be a warehouse, square box structure, with a couple of turrets on the end of it.

A long time ago they started to put all of these warehouses down on Green Island Road and avoid the traffic up valley. And so we just don't understand, you know, for greenhouse gases, there's going to be a lot of traffic, people coming up there, there's going to be tourists coming up there. We just don't understand why this project is, you know, it's just another, another events center that's going to be put in the valley. And all along Dunaweal Road there's so many wineries there already

that's very, very large.

And so, it's just like it's packing them in. You're going to make a strip mall right there of just wineries. And you're going to have people, you're going to have traffic, you're going to have greenhouse gas stuff--problems. And we'd like just to see a review of that. Is this something that you really, really want to do up there? The--and putting just a cheap warehouse structure on the property, well that's just putting lipstick on a pig for me.

So, I would urge the Commissioners to go back and have a look at this and see if this is really something that's going to really add value to Napa Valley. I just—it's a question in my mind as to whether that's really going to happen here, or if it's just going to be another place of business that's going to take some agricultural land out and have this structure on it. Thank you.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you, Mr. Margadant.

VINCE TOFANELLI: Good morning Commissioners. My name is Vince Tofanelli, 17555 Ida Clayton Road, Calistoga. I've been—I grew up in that area that we speak of. I've been farming my family's grapes for the last 40 years, actually 45 years. Time flies. I've watched that area of Dunaweal go from a farming community of dry farm grapes to, really, a winery-concentrated area. I saw Sterling go in, I saw Cuvaison go in. And when those wineries would come in, I was concerned about the fact that I'm still dry farming grapes that my neighbors have pulled out theirs and gone to irrigation. So, and over the years, Clos Pegase, you know, all the other ones, Twomey, have come in, and

every time I wonder is this the one? Is this the one that's going to put the tipping scale over to where my grapevines won't be able to find the moisture they need to continue?

So the question—and I put my trust in your decision—making skills. And because my grapevines, the 85-year—old grapevines can't come down here, they also, I think, convey that to you—to—is this—where is the tipping point where we pull too much water out of the aquifer?

So that's my main concern here. The second concern is egress and ingress. The traffic on Dunaweal has gone from a country road where you can take your tractor across it and drive up and down it without fear of collision. To it—it might be a collector but it's handling quite a lot of traffic for a small road. So thank you.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you.

CHARLOTTE WILLIAMS: Good morning. Charlotte Williams,
Calistoga. Regarding this winery proposal, and as Mr. Morrison
noted earlier, a possible meeting in March, I believe, about the
WDO and traffic issues in the Valley. This seems both those have
a lot to do with this Girard Winery. I appreciate the pressures.
I think, actually, I appreciate the pressures that the Planning
Commission is under. However, every parking lot, every crush
pad, every driveway, every housing project does pave over the
Napa Valley. And there are very few parcels in the Valley that
cannot be turned into some form of winery production at this
point.

So, I think it would be a really good idea for the County and the Planning Commission to come up with some sort of plan to

make sure that this valley does not become completely paved over, incrementally, just as we age gray hair by gray hair, wrinkle by wrinkle, pretty soon we're dead. Will this valley pretty soon turn into what is now called Silicon Valley instead of Santa Clara Valley? Which, at one point was natural and then became highly agriculture, and then is pretty well paved over now. So, it seems like it would be a good idea now--now, before we lose this valley inch by inch, parking lot by parking lot, driveway by driveway, crush pad by crush pad. And it becomes not agriculture, not natural land, but commercial. Grapes can always be grown someplace. And as somebody said to me not too long ago, we introduced ourselves as from the wine country, and he said to me, huh, what's not the wine country in California. You can grow grapes pretty much anywhere. So we're losing, we're losing what's special about this valley, as Mr. Margadant said. Every time we put in a commercial facility and take out Ag land.

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And I--and really, the water table, the water table, what is happening with that water table? What is happening with the traffic? The city of Calistoga approved two resort projects, hardly more than half a mile from the location of this winery. If those projects go in, what's going to happen with the traffic on the intersection of Dunaweal and Silverado Trail, Dunaweal and Highway 29? We're already at a failed—we have a failed intersection, I think less than a mile from the intersection of Highway 29 and Dunaweal Lane. What will this add to that failed intersection? The traffic's already backing up quite a ways there most days.

So, I'm requesting a continuance on this and I really hope DECEMBER 17, 2014

that the Planning Commission, the Planning Division, everyone in this Valley that has anything to do with preserving what this Valley already has, will get to work on this soon. Thank you.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you.

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CAROLYN CZAPLESKI: Good morning. My name is Carolyn Czapleski, and I'm at 1016 Dunaweal Lane, Calistoga, California. I am also a neighbor of Clos Pegase and the soon Girard Winery. And my husband and I would like to make some points. We've been here only 32 years and our neighbors point that out to us at our mailbox quite often that they've been here many more years. But in that time we've come to love our land. We dry farm, we've always dry farmed. Our vines are about 85 years old, our zin. And we are very fortunate that we have a sump pump. We do have some other wells.

So the sump pump allows us to open it when we want and look down and see where that water table is. And lo and behold we had a drought this year, and that water table never went below 23 feet. That's nothing scientific. But I know that people are concerned about the water. We're definitely concerned about water. We are surrounded by new wineries, but we are so fortunate to have very wonderful neighbors, like Girard, and Pat Roney, and Samantha Rudd. They've been very transparent to us when we've had questions, they've responded to us. And just to point out, we have known about this for, oh probably since May of 2014. And at that time—and I hate to point a finger at Vince, I mentioned to Vince at your mailbox that Girard was going in, and that you might want to mention it to your sister. And so if you have been—maybe—I don't know if Vince never

mentioned it to you, but I did speak about that to you.

The traffic on Dunaweal and Silverado Trail, we're on 25 acres. We're the ones who are going to be impacted the most, we're right at that corner. And we have watched traffic come and go, but you know when the water—when Calistoga Water left the area we didn't have as much trucks, so we don't have any noise, traffic doesn't seem to be a problem in our area. And, you know, we're for this project. And I think they put a lot of time and material into the project, and getting in touch with neighbors, and so the frustration I think that they're feeling we're starting to feel. It's a good project for us, we think.

And one of the points that I think that someone brought out was the vineyards being torn out. It's our understanding that there are no vineyards going to be taken out. The area right now is fallow land and it has been probably for seven years.

[UNKNOWN]: No.

MS. CZAPLESKI: How long has it? Okay, maybe five years?
Okay. Five years. The previous owners of Clos Pegase removed those. The other thing is it actually is two parcels, Clos Pegase is one parcel, and the new Girard area is another parcel. So they seem to meet those qualifications. It's over 25 acres that they have for this new winery. And I've spoken with a number of our neighbors, and we've had them to our home to talk about it, to hear if any of our neighbors had any concerns. If I had known that we were going to need to bring in signed letters, I probably would have gone around to my neighbors and had them sign.

We've had a few neighbors call us directly and want to know DECEMBER 17, 2014

about the parties who were complaining about it. And I just have tried to answer as best I can the information, and have given out the letter that the County has. I'm rambling, and I'm sorry. But, we are, you know, very concerned, it's our neighborhood, we love it, we've been there 32 years. Our son's 28, he's now working on the property full-time. So, it's definitely--we're going to be there for some time. But I think the time has to come to let Girard go ahead and become our neighbor full-time. Thank you.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: I have a question after that last speaker. And that's the whole--what I had a problem understanding is how the transient non-community water system works, and how you have two separate parcels, yet they are dependent upon one another for services, and why the parcels were not merged?

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Actually--and we'll let Mr. Tofanelli speak in a minute, but I think Staff's going to have to respond to that, and I had similar questions. And it did look--I think you're the one who asked us to be sent the original...

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: The original use permit.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: ...use permit and it looked like at that—at some point in time it was all one parcel. So one of my—well that's what it shows in that—in what you sent us, so, or at least it was all outlined in black so it looked like one parcel. And my question was whether it was split off or not.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Okay. Agreed.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: But why don't we get to some other Staff

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questions after we've heard a little bit more, if we have other speakers. Mr. Tofanelli, go ahead.

MR. TOFANELLI: Thank you. Just point of clarification, the last speaker—I just didn't want it to be on record that I'm complaining about this winery. I'm just concerned about the wisdom of approving it and hope that you do your best in achieving the right decision.

But the other thing, just, we also have kind of technically a sump. We have a hand-dug well on the property that was 14-foot deep. And that supplied us water and my grandparents' water, primarily, they had the well dug. Up until the--let's see, '78, and '79 where the water began going down. And now in this drought it's below 14 foot. So it's dry. So, I guess the only point, just for the record, it has--the water table has gone down. Whether it's gone down dangerously low, but just for clarification. That's all.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you.

MS. TOFANELLI: Norma Tofanelli, Dunaweal Lane. Just again, point of clarification. As I stated, yes, we were aware of the project and worked with the planner. But was advised by the planner that final documents were not available. We made a financial decision at that point not to review documents which were not deemed complete by the County. And I was advised, and if you would like a copy of the email, that we would be advised when final documents were prepared. And I don't want to make a stickler point out of that. I know we all suffered through the earthquake, and I know what it's like to re-juggle meeting schedules, going back and forth to files, hoping you've brought

the right file with you, and then having to go back to your original office, going through boxes looking for files.

So I do not fault anyone, I'm merely stating the facts and why we are asking for a continuance to have the opportunity to comment and continue to work with the winery personnel to perhaps work out a better project and be able to be in agreement. For example, the fence. Mr. Roney wants to work on the fence issue at the building permit time. We believe that must be worked out before the use permit is issued. We don't want to have a use permit and then have to argue out points that could have been worked out more amicably through this process. Thank you.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you. Any other speakers? Okay. I'd like to bring it back to the Commission where I think we might throw out a few more comments and questions. I have some comments and questions for Staff myself. And then we can have a discussion about continuance, or not.

So, I would first, before making my own comments, raising questions, invite other--my colleagues here to raise any questions they might have at this point. Seeing none I'll just mention a couple that I have.

I was--in looking at this project, I noticed that the new facility, which is the same size production, 200,000 gallons, is 39,000 square-feet, and the existing Clos Pegase Winery is listed as 24,000 square feet. And so I'm curious as to why this facility would need to be on the order of nearing twice as big. And so that brought the question up of whether the 24,000 square feet that was listed for Clos Pegase includes the caves, or all

of them. Because I believe, at one point, that the information we—I think the information we have received about the Clos Pegase use permit was it looked like it was a modification to the original use permit. So it was kind of unclear. So I'm just raising this as a question that I'd like Staff to clarify for us so that we have an understanding of what the respective size of these two wineries would be from a physical standpoint.

And then also I noticed in the Staff Report that—and I think it was brought up in a letter from—maybe it was from Mount Veeder, there's a few corrections that might need to be made in the Staff Report in terms of sizes of things. And the parcel size for this parcel is listed at various places as 23 acres or 26 acres. So I'd like to see that clarified.

I would also like to hear comments from the applicants about whether or not they would intend to become a green winery at some point. In the checklist for best practices that was not checked off. So, I guess I would have to say to the applicants that in the climate that we're in today, in terms of attitude toward new winery growth, that everything is getting a very careful look. And frankly I think for the Staff to have included their rationale for recommendation for this project, I think that's helpful to this Commission. I've almost always, when I've looked at anything controversial, I've made a list of pros and cons. I think it would be hard to ask of Staff to give us a list of cons, but this does at least start on a list of pros.

And I guess I would have to say my own comment at this point since I won't be here for a future look at this, would be that this actually looks like a very good project to me. But,

there are some questions that need to be answered. The issue of traffic has been raised, and I would have to say the report, as I read it, is pretty favorable about the existing traffic conditions in this area. Lots of level of service intersections at A or B, there might be one C, as I recall, close by. But traffic on Dunaweal Lane is not bad. I live up in that area myself, and that would be my own experience.

But I do recall Norma Tofanelli raising issues and concerns about water in the past when we've had past applications, and I would like to hear that. And I would like to hear if there are concerns raised if they bring a hydrologist in to do a study.

So, my own thinking is that given where we are in the world today in this Valley that I don't think we've paved over yet, and aren't anywhere near doing that, but I think it wouldn't hurt at all to have an extension for 30 days. So, I would invite other Commissioner comments.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Okay Mr. Chair? Along the same lines, as we've talked about a number of times in these meetings, we're in kind of the--seems to be sort of a new normal now, a new reality in terms of the amount of time and scrutiny that each project gets, particularly in terms of winery development. And we are sort of in on top of each other now, which makes the ability to co-exist with the neighbors that much more essential.

You know, a lot of stuff gets brought up in these hearings now, and there was a suggestion--I know the comparison was made between the Napa Valley and the Silicon Valley, Santa Clara Valley where I used to live before moving up to Napa County.

And, you know, I used to have those same thoughts driving around

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Santa Clara or Silicon Valley. That on the one hand it's cool that the global high technology industry is there now and it developed out of that area, but on the other hand even before I ever heard of, you know, serving on a Planning Commission, or any of Napa County's issues, or agricultural preservation, I remember just thinking to myself it is sad, though, to think that this is some of the best Ag land in the world that's been paved over and lost forever. And, you know, my father grew up in San Jose and remembers when the clock tower downtown was the tallest structure.

And, but, there's also, you know, there's kind of a difference as to why Napa Valley is the way it is and Santa Clara Valley is the way it is today. And it's a--I'm not putting a value judgment on this as good or bad, I think it's just kind of the reality of the world that we live in. Due to some smart thinking in 1968, and again in 1990, it was figured out a way to make agricultural land very valuable here in Napa Valley, and more valuable than ripping it out and selling it for strip malls, or corporate campuses, or housing, or other things through the Ag Preserve and other methods. And that may not necessarily have been completely what the motivation was, but it's worked. And, you know, I think that has to be, kind of, an important consideration of the decisions that we're making that we found a way to keep Ag land valuable as Ag land, because it was, seeing as there was pressure all around California where farmers were saying I could make a lot more money if I just sell my land to a commercial real estate developer, or a housing developer. So we found a way to preserve that, you know, that's

brought its own set of challenges, and it's something that this Commission has to consider carefully.

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But, in this particular case, yeah we've heard some of these issues before going back many years, even before we got into some of these discussions we're having now about cumulative impacts, concerns on Dunaweal Lane. When we talk about the idea of a continuance, I don't want to say something as flippant as I have no problem with a continuance, because to Mr. Roney's point, you know, these things are not without financial and other impacts that are pretty significant. However, I do think it will be in the long run of value to have those -- continue those discussions, perhaps have additional hydrologist input and see if we can come up with a better project. Which is not to imply that the project is not good as it stands right now, but if we can resolve some of these concerns, I just think, again, that's part of the new normal that we're looking at in terms of winery development. We're in close now, and it's only going to continue that way as we go forward here in this valley.

So I would concur with Chair Fiddaman and be supportive of a 30-day continuance.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: So, given the tenor of the times, undoubtedly it's important to, number one, I think, be sensitive when we do look at any new project to impacts on neighbors, and certainly any significant changes to the landscape. This project is a commendable project, and a lot of effort has been put into it over time. And I wouldn't at all agree with Mr. Margadant in terms of his assessment of, really, the design of the winery. Hearkening back to the actual design features of the Rudd

Winery, if you haven't seen it, it's very attractive, the design features are also commendable. And it is indeed a winery that has experienced a lot of planning and forethought, as I believe this one has, as well.

It's not a small winery, and it definitely does impact the landscape and changes the context of the neighborhood. But, I absolutely do believe that it is a quality winery. Having said that, I also appreciate the need for additional time, albeit, to assess a hydrologist report. And I sincerely appreciate the financial impact on the applicant, particularly in terms of each month [inuring] to a 25,000-dollar impact.

However, I absolutely do believe it's important to take seriously the commentary that we've heard today requesting a continuance. And certainly I believe that the applicant has tried to work with the neighbors. It hasn't, certainly, been any lack of effort on the applicant's part. But I think that it would be reasonable at this point to grant a 30-day continuance in keeping with the chairman's recommendations.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Okay. Okay. Well, I'll come in and I'll just say I concur with my fellow commissioners. And the only thing that I would add to that is that I like the direction of the new Staff Reports. But with regard to this Staff Report, one area that I would like to see a little bit more analysis on is just for my own edification, I guess, is I've never dealt with a transient non-community water system before. And a little bit more about the history of how that was developed. The two separate parcels, the ramifications of expanding this and including both wineries on the title.

I mean, on one hand it does seem very contrary to me to have separate parcels that are dependent on one another and are only linked through a title. So, and then to mesh that, to overlay the existing—the original use permit over that.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Yeah, I'm assuming one parcel will have an easement that gives them rights to the water from the other parcel. But, I think that does all need to be clarified a little bit better for the Commission. Mr. Scott.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Well, I don't have a great deal to add. I find that I'm kind of torn a little bit here, because essentially I feel that this is a relatively good project. I mean, I don't agree that this is necessarily the box that it was once described as. I think to some degree I believe it does raise the bar a little bit. God knows as I have expressed concern before, we do not have design review. So we don't have a lot of control. And I think that's our fault.

But I understand the concerns and the costs that are involved in a continuance. But, when there are questions that remain unanswered and neighbors who remain concerned, I think that a continuance in my estimation, reluctantly represents good planning. And that's what we're here to achieve.

I share some of the concerns about the water issues. The impacts on the neighbors. In terms of ingress and egress, I think that the traffic study is pretty indicative that the impacts are going to be minimal. Perhaps, hopefully, negligible. But certainly minimal. This, in terms of the ingress and egress to the property, I don't really see an issue with this. I think it's important that we have a project that's proposed that meets

all of the requirements that the County has, that they're not asking for variances. And many of the projects that we've seen in the last few years are requesting variances. And in many cases, multiple variances. I feel that's inappropriate. And it's inappropriate to start off with exceptions, needing exceptions to very reasonable ordinances and policies that have been developed with the idea of preserving the quality of life that we've come to enjoy in the Napa Valley. That's why many of us moved here. Some of you were fortunate enough to be born here. And I can appreciate that.

So, in summary, I would be supportive of a continuance.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Okay. The applicant I know would like to make a comment. Mr. Roney.

MR. RONEY: I just want to answer a couple of quick questions that were raised. I thought it would be helpful for everybody. In terms of Clos Pegase, there are 20,000 square-feet of cave space that are not part of the building space, so really that building is 44,000 square-feet.

There was, at one point, a discussion about having the two parcels merge. That never actually happened, and it was changed later in the use permit process. And so they are two separate, legal parcels with easements on the parcels.

Our intention in terms of a green winery, we want to use as much renewable energy as we can. We want to try to continue to get the City of Calistoga to reduce the boron content in their water so we can use recycled water there. As we have down in Carneros where we committed to the Carneros recycled water project, and committing two million dollars of funding to use

recycled water at our 360-acre parcel in Carneros. We understand that the request for the--to look further at the water, and we'll certainly comply with that. Our only request would be that you put it on the next hearing date on the 7<sup>th</sup> of January, as opposed to 30 days out. We believe that certainly anything that needs to be discovered between now and then can get discovered by that meeting. But, we'd respectfully request that you consider that.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: I have a question. Mr. Roney.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: There's a question for you.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Before you leave. The issues that Mrs. Tofanelli brought up as far as fencing, etcetera, things that they're concerned about, would you be receptive to meeting with her and resolving those issues before this thing comes back to us?

MR. RONEY: Absolutely. We told her that we'll let her pick where she wants to put the fence, and we will. We don't care. We've also told her that we'd remove vines from one of our other properties if she's concerned that the tractors turn around on the—on her property. So. We're—she's kind of on the fence as to whether she wants the fence because the one thing—she likes the fence so that nobody gets there, but she hates to look at the fence. But either way, we'll let her pick the type of fence she wants, and where she wants it, and we'll get it done before the next meeting.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Thank you. Okay. No, I'm not going to close it yet. No. The comments about the design of this project

raise an old issue for me, and I just -- it's just sort of my 1 parting comment to the Staff. I've never quite understood why 2 our reports don't include -- don't disclose the designer. 3 Personally, I would find that very helpful information. But it's 4 always been -- and I've brought this up before a long time ago. 5 6 7

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It's never been disclosed, you know, who the architect--yeah they were...

[Several inaudible comments.]

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Well, we, you know, we did have this discussion where--on the drawings that sometimes it had the architect's name and sometimes it doesn't.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Rarely. It very rarely does. I don't recall when I've seen it. So, it would just be, so I'm just bringing it up, topic for future Commission discussion, or discussion with Staff. Because sometimes it gives much more confidence if it's an architect you know or have a respect for.

And so I see someone is going to speak to us.

DEL STARRETT: Sure.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Possibly the designer.

MR. STARRETT: Exactly. Yeah, my name is Dale Starrett, Del Starrett Architect, 3663 North Laughlin Road in Santa Rosa. And I am the architect for the project. I've done many, many wineries, and mostly in Sonoma County, and worked on Christian Brothers projects, and Mont La Salle, and lots of projects over here. So. The drawings that we did submit do have my name on them.

[CHARLENE GALLINA]: Yes.

MR. STARRETT: But that it mysteriously disappears as DECEMBER 17, 2014

through the process, so.

[Inaudible comment.]

MR. STARRETT: So, if there are any questions about the architecture, I'd be happy to answer any of those. So.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Any questions?

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Not at this time.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: All right, thank you. So, that was my one comment on that topic. And then since this is my last meeting, I can wander off a little bit if I want because I was intrigued, you know, there have been a couple of comments about Napa Valley, whether we're paving it over, and so on. And I've made the comparison myself in the past to Santa Clara Valley, now known as Silicon Valley. I first moved there 60 years ago, and so I saw it when it was orchard. And I'm pretty proud for my small part that I've played in helping keep the Napa Valley like it is. And frankly, I don't think we are in danger of paving it over. But I think we do need to be very careful about where we head in the future. And I know that's going to be a topic of discussion in the coming year or so.

But the one comment I wanted to make was having lived in Calistoga, you know, Calistoga was started by Sam Brannan when he developed a resort there a hundred and some years ago. And one of his—I don't recall the specific details, but I know one of his early investors was Stanford, Leland Stanford. And for those of you who may not be aware, the reason Silicon Valley is where it is is because of its proximity to Stanford. And a hundred and some years ago, Leland Stanford really wanted to build that university here. So, just think about it, our

positions could have been exactly reversed, we might be Silicon Valley, and Santa Clara Valley might be orchards, who knows.

So, with that, I'm going to entertain a motion from one of my colleagues to grant a continuance. And I'm going to leave the term of that continuance up to you.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: I move that the item be continued to the January 7, 2015, Planning Commission meeting.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Is there a second?

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Wait, I think that with Charlene there's some discussion amongst Staff.

MS. GALLINA: Okay. All right.

CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Does that date work from a...

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: We'll be happy to go in whatever direction you want to go. Our Staff Report for the meeting of January 7, I believe, I don't have my calendar with me, but it would go out the Wednesday prior to that, which...

MS. GALLINA: It would actually go out on, because of the holiday schedule, on Monday, December 29.

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: So, let's be realistic. That's not enough time to make an impact on—in terms of having the ability to hire a consultant, or to address, even for meetings amongst neighbors. So, I understand, I see this is a very tough position. I see both sides. It's really...

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: So, a factor in this is Staff does not control when comments are submitted by interested parties. Nor the content of what those comments may be. So, whether you have the meeting on the  $7^{\rm th}$  or the  $21^{\rm st}$ , or on March  $5^{\rm th}$ , interested parties can submit comments either at the

meeting, or at 4:45 the evening before. That Staff may either be able or be unable to address at the meeting. That's just a factor in the continuance.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Would you be better able to address it in the second meeting in January instead of the first?

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: Well, if we were to receive the comments prior to us composing a Staff Report. But at this point, the additional information that you've asked from us, I'm comfortable with us preparing that over the next week here, and having it in the Staff Report. I think the unknown is the amount of additional comments that we would receive from interested parties.

DIRECTOR MORRISON: Just to remind, the Staff is not asking for the continuance, the neighbors are asking for the continuance. And so you're asking us how long we need. It depends on when the neighbors submit the comments. And then we need time to respond to that. But we can't—we can't know and we can't predict and we don't know when the neighbors will submit those comments. So. As so far as to how—I think what Mr. McDowell is saying is how whether we are able to respond, and how full that response is is going to depend on how much lead time we have before the next hearing as to when we get those comments. That's strictly a function of that.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Yeah, its'--so even though January 7 is 21 days away from today, if I'm counting accurately, yeah, we know at least probably about a week of that time is basically gone to the holidays. So, I don't know if that really accomplishes what we're hoping to get out of this continuance.

for the 21st, is that it? 2 CHAIR FIDDAMAN: All right. So we do have an existing... 3 COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: Wait, you're whispering, Charlene, 4 is there a problem with that date? 5 MS. GALLINA: No. No. 6 CHAIR FIDDAMAN: We have an existing motion to continue to 7 the  $7^{\text{th}}$ , but there has not been a second. So, I'm going to assume 8 that motion fails for lack of a second. So, we do have a new 9 motion? 10 COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: I can withdraw that motion before 11 failure occurs. [Laughter.] 12 CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Okay. That's fine. Don't want to label you 13 a failure, Mike. 14 COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: I don't want to fail. Thank you. 15 COMMISSIONER POPE: Mike is very competitive. 16 COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: I like to succeed at things. 17 CHAIR FIDDAMAN: All right, so now we have a motion to 18 continue to January 21st. Is there a second? 19 COMMISSIONER POPE: Second. CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Okay. All in favor say aye. 21 ALL COMMISSIONERS: Aye. 22 CHAIR FIDDAMAN: Any opposed? That's carried unanimously. 23 Okay. So. All right. 24 25

COMMISSIONER PHILLIPS: So then I move that we have this

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1 2 of the proceedings before the Napa County Planning Commission, 3 County Building, Board Chambers, Napa, California, excepting words noted "inaudible" or words placed in [brackets] to the best of my ability. Speech disfluencies, discourse markers and 6 pause fillers have been deleted, except when deemed function 7 8 9

words. Commas may be used for emphasis as well as for grammar. I further certify that I am not interested in the outcome of said matter or connected with or related to any of the parties of said matter or to their respective counsel.

I, Kathryn F. Johnson, do hereby certify and believe:

That the foregoing pages are a true and correct transcript

Dated this 8th day of December, 2015.

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Kathryn F. Johnson

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