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1	NAPA COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION
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5	IN RE: ITEM 9A BELL WINE CELLARSUSE PERMIT MAJOR MODIFICATION NO.
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LO	TRANSCRIPT OF VIDEOTAPED PROCEEDINGS
L1	MEETING OF APRIL 1, 2015
L2	000
L3	
L4	PRESENT: HEATHER PHILLIPS, Chair (Absent)
L5	MATT POPE, Vice-chair MICHAEL BASAYNE, Commissioner
L 6	ANNE COTTRELL, Commissioner TERRY SCOTT, Commissioner
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VICE-CHAIR POPE: And that brings us to our first Public

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Permit Major Modification No. (P13-00055). And I believe
Wyntress will be presenting today.

CHARLENE GALLINA: I just wanted to say something. Sorry.

Hearing item of the day and that is Bell Wine Cellars, Use

Charlene Gallina. I forgot to indicate that we had received several correspondence on items 9B and 9A and as well as 10A, and so you may want to take a few minutes before the Bell to read the correspondence, especially the ones that came this morning if you haven't already done that.

COMMISSIONER POPE: That's a very good point. My fellow members of the Commission, does a five-minute reading break seem in order?

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: That's good.

COMMISSIONER POPE: I'm seeing heads nodding, so we are going to take five minutes to just read the correspondence that has come in just this morning and we'll be up to speed on our Public Hearing items for today. So we'll be back here at about 9:25, 9:30.

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COMMISSIONER POPE: Okay everybody. Thanks so much for your patience. We are all feeling caught up on our reading material this morning. And with that we will go ahead and begin Public Hearing Item 9A, Bell Wine Cellars. I noticed Staff has moved themselves out of the line of fire. Is that...

MS. GALLINA: That was John's idea. [Laughter.] COMMISSIONER POPE: You have a nice buffer now.

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members of the Planning Commission. The item before you is a modification of the Bell Wine Cellars use permits to increase the production capacity of the winery from 40,000 to 60,000 gallons, remodel the winery interior, an increase in visitation, a change in the marketing program, and infrastructure improvements. The winery is a pre-WDO winery established in 1980 under a small winery use permit exemption as a 20,000-gallon winery. Use Permit U-90-42 was approved in 1992 to increase the production capacity from 20,000 to 40,000, establishing-establish a visitation and marketing plan at that time. No expansion of the existing winery footprint was proposed -- or is proposed, but the project proposes interior remodeling of the winery barrel room to reallocate floor space into a tasting room, conference room, a commercial kitchen, and to construct a second mezzanine storage level above the new tasting and conference rooms.

WYNTRESS BALCHER: Okay. Good morning Chairman Pope and the

The commercial kitchen is proposed to support the wine and food pairings--let's see, where do I get the--how do I advance on this thing? There we are. And okay, the commercial kitchen is proposed to support the wine and food pairings, which features cheese and charcuterie.

A property owner located on Washington submitted comments about problems with visitor activities and expressed a concern that the winery would turn into a restaurant. By definition, tourist tastings and marketing events may include food and wine pairings where all such food services provided without charge except to the extent of cost recovery and is incidental to the

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The Napa County Code states that food service may not involve menu options and meal service such that a winery functions as a café or restaurant, which is not use permitted in the Agricultural Preserve zoning district. The application indicates that the exchange of the space allocations -- let's see, how does this thing work--which is in here, will be consistent with a 33-percent production to accessory ratio. The requested ABA--the requested ABA 2004 Evans bill, on site consumption, is proposed to occur in the winery tasting rooms, adjacent patio area, and -- or in the lawns adjacent to the bocce ball courts -their bocce ball courts. The application indicates that the exchange ratio space -- oh, I already said that. The application indicates that the exchange of space allocations will remain at the 33-percent production to accessory ratio; however, if the outdoor paved area is included, the ratio would be approximately 56 percent and with the addition of the lawns and bocce ball courts, the ratio would be 199 percent.

Visitation for the winery was established by use permit, establishing a total of 14 events a year, with a total of five-okay. Excuse me. I lost track. At any rate-okay. Anyway, visitation established 14 events per year with a total of 528 persons per year attending. During the largest event with 100 to 200 persons, no more than 20 to 30 persons were in attendance at the facility at any given time. The application states that the visitation at the winery has exceeded the approved visitation number and the estimated-the winery currently averages 30 persons a day with a peak of 50. The use permit modification

will bring the winery in compliance with the requested increased 2 3 4

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activity.

visitation to 100 persons per day with an average of 42 per week. The original use permit established visitation as 26 to 76 persons per week. It did not establish a daily rate. The proposal is a substantial increase--sorry. I'm sorry. The proposal is a substantial increase in visitation and the 420 visitors is an average and not a maximum that is proposed, which

would allow visitation to climb to 700 visitors per week. Tours and tastings are a winery accessory use permitted in the AP zoning district upon grant of a use permit; however, the County Code defines an accessory use as a use subordinate to the main use and customarily a part thereof, but it must be clearly incidental, related, and subordinate to the main use. This project proposes a very intense visitation program and in comparison to the amount of wine produced at this winery and the

Staff has included the comparison tables of the 60,000gallon wineries, but has also included comparison tables of the 40,000- to 80,000-gallon Napa Valley wineries to provide a larger sampling of the activities of wineries in similar production range for Commission review.

tours and tastings seem to overshadow the daily winemaking

The project proposes an average weekly visitation numbers are a higher level within the 60,000-gallon wineries and comparing the larger sampling of wineries, the project's proposal for weekly visitation of 420 visitors is very high.

Therefore, Staff recommends that if the Commission chooses to approve the proposed increase of 100 visitors per day that

the weekly visitation be limited to a maximum of 420 visitors, not an average. The proposed modification of the marketing program is also a substantial increase in visitation from 14 guests to two hundred and—events—excuse me, the marketing events are increasing substantially at 14 events to 210 events per year.

The marketing of wine is [prudent] use usually associated with a winery, but it should be clearly incidental and related to and subordinate to the primary operation of the winery as a production facility. The marketing program proposes four club member wine education seminars or trade events per week with a maximum of 40 paying guests. Although the wine education involved in the events is consistent with the definition of marketing, the frequency of these events also do not seem to be subordinate to the wine production. Staff recommends that the 40 guests attending these events be included in the daily total maximum visitation limit due to the proposed frequency of these events.

The applicant indicates that there is an existing parking for the 100 daily visitors using the existing 11 parking spaces. Overflow parking for the larger events will be located in the vineyard adjacent to the road and on the grass-crete surface areas adjacent to the patio lawn, which is over here.

The center of the circular driveway will not be used for parking and there will be no improvements made in that area because of the Hopper Creek setbacks. The applicant indicates that the visitors to the wineries have been arriving in groups utilizing limousines, vans, and large transporters. When this

project was approved by the Board of Supervisors, there was a 1 Condition placed on the project regarding the use of busses, 2 limiting them to three per year, and Conditions regarding idling 3 engines and offloading of -- and offloading locations. The 4 applicant has included in this request that the limitations 5 apply to busses only and not apply to the smaller van 6 7 8 offloading. Staff supports this request since such change would 9 encourage more private ridership and reduce the need for parking 10 vehicles, and trips to the winery. 11

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A request was made by one of the Commissioners requesting information regarding wineries approved on parcels less than ten acres. Staff included that with the Staff Report and if you have any questions on that we can -- I didn't have any direct question regarding that so it is there for your information.

transporters being utilized for these small groups. There is no

request to change any of the engine idling conditions or

A Draft Negative Declaration was prepared for the project and circulated for public review. The Draft Negative Declaration concluded that the proposed project would have no potentially significant environmental impacts. Potential noise issues were previously addressed in the original Use Permit with a specific bus offload location, idling time limits, and bus limitations.

The applicant indicated the location of overflow parking to address circulation issues and the water studies prepared for the project indicate there is adequate water available to support the proposed increases.

Three letters have been received regarding the project and were included with the Staff Report. Two emails were received

yesterday, which were forwarded to the Commissioners and the applicant's representative.

Based on Staff analysis presented and recommended Conditions, Staff was able to make the required findings for this Use Permit Modification Request, thereby recommending approval of the proposed project. This concludes Staff's presentation and I will be happy to answer any questions you may have.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you. Are there any questions from Staff at this time?

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: I have one.

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COMMISSIONER POPE: Commissioner Scott.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: When I visited the site and spoke with Mr. Bell and Mr. Scott Meinert, I noticed that the trees in that circular parking area that they proposed to use were to be removed and they are 75-footers and I was just wondering is that still part of the plan? And perhaps the applicant can address it when he comes forward. The indication was that it probably would not be, but I'm showing--I'm looking at the slide there and it shows that it looks like they're removed.

MS. BALCHER: [Inaudible comment.] That graphic was prepared by the Traffic Engineer and he was of the opinion that was where they were going to place it. The applicant has indicated to me that they will not be removing those trees.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Okay. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Any other questions? Commissioner Cottrell.

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: I have a few questions. First of APRIL 1, 2015

all I think that--well let me just kind of give you my list of questions then you can take them in the order that you want to.

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So I wasn't clear on the status of the bocce ball court, if we're counting that as part of the accessory use or not, so--and then my bigger question, I think you addressed a bit, which is basically in the Staff Report I was looking for the analysis under the WDO and, I mean, I think I'm just really struggling with the finding that is included, it's Finding 7A, that the intensity we're looking at here complies with that--the WDO, specifically in terms of the clearly subordinate--clearly incidental and subordinate language, so I think you spoke about that a little bit.

So I guess that's the overarching question, how you were able to reach that—how the analysis gets to that finding. And then I just wanted a little clarification about the new wastewater system. Is that required as part of the kitchen improvement?

MS. BALCHER: That is—the wastewater system, I believe, has been a sort of a guiding thing regarding the increase in production. That includes that and the kitchen is, I don't think, is a major portion, but, the increase in the number of people coming through the winery and the production is the major requirement for that.

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: Okay.

MS. BALCHER: But I'm not Environmental Health, so, I mean, I'm making an assumption, but that's what you can ask the applicants regarding that.

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: Okay. And then one other question

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about this. Thank you for including this list on the wineries on parcels less than ten acres. These are not sorted by which ones are in the Ag Preserve and which are not is that correct?

MS. BALCHER: That's correct.

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: Okay. Okay.

MS BALCHER: I'm sorry.

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: No, that's--yeah. Just maybe for future that will be helpful because I think, you know...

MS. BALCHER: Well, it wasn't specified.

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: All right.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Any other questions for Staff at this time.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: Yes. Just following with Ms.

Cottrell's comments. So if you include the lawn and the bocce
ball area your Accessory to Production Ratio ends up being 199

percent. Is that—that's correct?

MS. BALCHER: Yes.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: Okay.

MS. BALCHER: However, our usual procedure is for a description is the ratio is for structures that are used for wine tasting.

MS. GALLINA: Yes. And based on our meeting at our last meeting on the--and issues that have been raised about the Accessory to Production Ratio, we're asking Staff to provide a with and without. So you can see the difference. So as you can see in the Staff Report on page 4, they meet the Accessory to Production Ratio of just counting the structures, which is the 33 percent, but when you start to add in the outdoor areas,

excluding the bocce ball court, then you start to get a higher number and then it goes up further, so you'll see this on reports that we'll be bringing forward until we make a decision—until a decision is made on how we want to count the—or calculate our Accessory to Production Ratio.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: Well, and the larger font brought it to my attention as well.

MS. GALLINA: Sorry about that. That was my error. We didn't mean to do that.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: No, that was good. Thank you.

MS GALLINA: That wasn't really an emphasis or anything. It was just an error on the font. [Laughter.]

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: Okay. Thank you.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR JOHN MCDOWELL: So, Chair Pope, if I could dive in on this topic, I would appreciate that. Thank you. The topic of outdoor accessory space is—is not something, as you are aware, is not something that's addressed in the Zoning Ordinance. So in moving forward with a decision on a winery use permit application, and an act where you and—I'm sorry, I'm stumbling with this, but, as you know if you deny a project, you have to have reasons why you're denying it. If you approve the project you have to have reasons why you're approving it and you always needed to ground yourself in what the Zoning Ordinance says and what the General Plan—the guiding language of the General Plan says.

So I believe it's completely within the Commission's discretion to decide on what is an appropriate amount of outdoor visitation space at any particular winery. You have that

discretion, but you really need to relate it back to the aspects of the winery and not to some formula in Code, because there is no formula in Code. And if there was a formula it might address those aspects of production that are outside that are not currently within the Code. So for example, we don't count employee parking spaces as outdoor production space, just like we don't count the outdoor visitation lawn as accessory space. It's just something that you need to look at on a case by case basis and decide whether it's an appropriate amount of open—of accessory space.

One last thought. The type of outdoor space seems to differ on each winery. You can have outdoor space that includes permanent tables and couches and it's under roof and it's actually adjacent to the main winery building, and then you can have a lawn that's a quarter mile away from where the winery is and they have completely different levels of intensity on the amount of visitors that they wind up accepting, so I think that's something that factors into decision making, especially on both items today.

And I've got five more things. [Laughter.]

COMMISSIONER POPE: Keep going.

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DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: Just kidding.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you. If there's no additional questions for Staff at this time I'm going to open up Public Comment on this Hearing. We will invite the applicant or applicant's representative to address the Commission first and we usually hear from them again at the end. Thank you.

SCOTT GREENWOOD-MEINERT: I'm going to assume this is on?

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COMMISSIONER POPE: Yes.

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MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: I don't need it if it's not, but...

COMMISSIONER POPE: For the recording you do.

MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: On behalf of Bell Wine Cellars and Anthony Bell, who is here today, Scott Greenwood-Meinert of Dickenson, Peatman & Fogarty on behalf of the applicant. I'll start off with one quick little thing here about the Accessory issue that you guys just heard.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Well, if it's possible to hold that a little closer, I'm not sure if everyone in the audience can hear.

MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: Well--is that okay? Can everybody hear? On the Accessory issue, I would point out that the bocce ball courts and all of the exterior that we were just discussing with regards to the winery were already approved by the Planning Commission. And I'll leave it at that. Although the bocce ball courts are great. I've played on them and they're wonderful. Very good roll.

With regards to a couple of comments that were made in the Staff Report related to the weekly visitation and the daily visitation, the max that Staff has relayed of 420 a week, which would include our 40-person marketing events as well, we are in complete agreement with that. And so to that extent we think they are right in terms of 420 a week being what we would call, what I've started to call, the perfect week. Not every week, because wineries have seasonal fluctuations in visitation. We all know that, those of us that live and work here. But we wanted to in this application encompass the idea of a perfect

July actually happening from a visitation perspective with wine flying out the door in cases.

With regards to the trees, this came up when Commissioner Scott was on site and it was something and it was a detail that got lost in the traffic study that we had to do. There was no actual intent on the part of the applicant to remove those trees until they need to be removed. There are power lines nearby and they are dropping branches at a rapid rate at the moment, but there's no intent to remove them at the present time.

With regards to questions about the wastewater system, our wastewater engineer is not here today. He's flying a jet.

Commercial airline pilot. He has two jobs. The overriding issue with the wastewater system improvements that need to be made is that when the applicant came in in 2003 for a Conditional Use Permit Mod., they brought the wastewater system up to Code. It was a brand new system. Now it's outdated ten years later. This is not surprising. It's just distressing a little bit. But that—the wastewater system that currently exists would also serve and did also serve the residence on site until it was boarded up. So in looking at visitation increases and production increase and looking at, actually after the fact looking at a commercial kitchen, the redesign that needs to occur to separate domestic waste from process waste is what drove the need for the additional wastewater system improvements.

And then do you guys have any additional questions for us at the moment or should I let anybody else that wishes to speak do so?

COMMISSIONER POPE: Any questions for the applicant's

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representative at this time? It looks like Commissioner Cottrell? No? No?

MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Actually, Scott, just one--I was just wondering if you could...

MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: Sure.

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COMMISSIONER POPE: ...just talk about the commercial kitchen for a second, because I know it's--I think you had mentioned the other day that the plan is not to have a commercial kitchen and Staff makes reference to it.

MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: Well, okay. When you want to have, and in this instance, it's cheese and charcuterie and pairings with wine. Those things can either be catered offsite, prepared offsite, and then brought in and, or they can be prepared right there on site...

COMMISSIONER POPE: Right.

MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: ...by the caterers. The point here is is if you need to have a facility for the caterers to prepare those things on site, you have to have a commercial kitchen. It has--you can't just have what's there now, which is a refrigerator, and a counter, and a sink, where, you know, staff keeps their lunch. You have to upgrade that by building code to a commercial standard. That is why we call it a commercial kitchen. It will not look like the kitchen at Redd. It will simply be plumbed appropriately with a little bit of an upgrade for facilities in order to meet what the building code requires for that standard.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Great. Thank you.

MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: And we are here, we're ready to answer other questions.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Okay. [I'd just like to ask], is there anyone in the audience who would care to speak on this project, please come to the podium and give your name and address for the record.

MICHAEL CLARK: Hi. I'm Michael Clark from 6160 Washington Street. We are the neighbors of Anthony Bell and Bell Wine Cellars. And Anthony and I and Sandra have been friends for many years, so this is difficult this morning to be very much opposing what is taking place next door. So.

Anyway, our main objective is our family home. We've been on this property since 1940. We came to Napa in 1840, actually. Original farms were downtown Napa at that time. Our family residence, our main family residence is less than 150 feet from this winery. If I could ask that you could show the map of the plot plan so I could actually show the Commission here today where our residence stands.

Beatrice, the one with the parking, please? The one with the parking showing on the creek, please. Thank you.

[MS. GALLLINA:] Do you want a pointer? I think we should...

COMMISSIONER POPE: Yeah, unfortunately...

MR. CLARK: Okay.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Unfortunately, Mr. Clark, we need to have you at the podium so your comments can be recorded.

MR. CLARK: Sorry.

COMMISSIONER POPE: That's okay. We can get you a pointer.

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MR CLARK: Oh. Do you have the area photo of the property, or...

[MS. GALLINA:] Yes.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Yes.

MR. CLARK: Okay. Sure. Yeah. That would be great.

[MS. GALLINA:] He could do it here. He could [point it].

[UNKNOWN:] These are it here.

[MS. GALLIA:] Yes.

MR. CLARK: Okay. The buildings you see in the back there is our barns facility in the back of the property where the dehydrators and everything sit, but directly across from the winery amongst all those trees sits the 1840s family residence. So if you bring the pointer further down? Right in there, actually, yes, the area behind the house where we've taken out the vines, kind of shows the house sits right about where that is, so, I did measuring, and it is approximately about 150 feet.

We, however, do own the other side of the creek. In 1958 my grandfather purchased an acre and a half of land when that property was for sale to buy the other side of the creek. Part of the actual winery slab actually sits on our property. We've been aware of this for a number of years. The—so what we're trying to do, too, is also preserve the oak trees on the property. Recently I had to get Fish and Wildlife there because they were cutting limbs off our oak trees, limbs that were probably on those trees at least 150 to 200 years old for the planting of their new vines. They also would like to cut the oak trees where their existing parking lot is. And actually now, Beatrice, if you could actually show that other map I'd

appreciate it, thank you.

So the parking lot, actually, when they did the expansion, part of that parking lot is paved. I was able to talk them in at the--at that time not to pave the entire parking lot, part of it is gravel, due to the creek, and I was really trying to get at that time to ask for setbacks from the creek of about 45 feet. We have worked with the federal government and received a grant for 18,000 dollars for the restoration of that creek. As a child you could go out there and fish for trout. A lot has changed in the valley over the years and that is no longer a possibility. I hope to see that once again.

So recently in those trees on the creek we have just spotted a bald eagle. The first time we've seen a bald eagle on the property in I don't know how long, so.

So some of the requests that I'm making this morning would be to, if we could move that existing parking lot away from the creek, if they could maybe honor some of the new setbacks that weren't in place during the time when the winery was built to perhaps have a 45-foot setback from the creek. In some cases today the County requires as much as 65 feet, but it would be very nice if we could form some sort of a buffer zone between our family residence and the winery.

Also another issue is the lighting. We go to bed every night, the winery is closed, of course, and the parking lot lights are on, which shine right upstairs into the master bedroom of the house. It'd be really nice at the end of the day that perhaps the neighbors could just turn off the lights when they leave. I understand if they're having an event they need

lights, but mainly these lights are the parking lot, not to mention, you know, extensive lighting on the outside of the building, the building actually glows from Washington Street at night.

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As for visitation, visitation--increasing visitation on this site is wrong. Our biggest problem that we have today is the noise from the guests coming to the property. Think about a trolley pulling up in front of your house practically on a daily basis, delivering people that have been drinking wine all day to drink more wine; not to mention the dinging of the bell. Kind of gotten used to that one, when it arrives, but 40, you know, up to 40 people drinking wine on an outside space is just not tolerable. It basically is like people drinking in your front garden of your house. So. The noise levels from the winery were very much addressed and I thank Anthony for walking--working with me on that. Once they added to this winery, you know, increasing it in size by three times, the noise from the production is no longer a problem. They moved the crush pad from what would have been 150 feet from the house to probably 200 feet from the house, but it's enclosed, so, you know, we're not so much against an increase in production as the increase of visitation on the property is really going to be hard to take. So.

One of the suggestions, I understand. I own a small business myself. I know they need to make more money, I've had many talks with Sandra and Anthony about that. They've had a rough go, as any small business does today, and I definitely respect that. And, you know, if these events could be held to

indoors, that could help a lot. It's the noise, usually, of the use of the bocce court, of the lawns, I don't even mind, they could have eight events a year for 200 people, okay, that's fine with me, but taking this to 100 people a day and giving them the ability to have almost 30,000 guests a year or 20,000 guests a year, is kind of a lot to ask of a neighbor. So.

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I do want to address, I didn't address in the letter that I sent you, is the water issue. Did you actually receive the letter? Otherwise I printed you each copy today. So. And it also--I also included the Use Permit that was done back in, I believe it was 1992. And that--we actually took it to Appeals when they raised it to 40,000 gallons--went before the Board of Supervisors and they put in place at that time the amount of visitors and everything to make it comfortable for the family to have a residence so close to the winery. So.

But the water issue I didn't bring up in the letter is I am concerned about more water consumption in the area. I understand if it needs to be for agricultural use, but as for a water issue where people are—it's for, you know, more transient people coming, more visitors coming to the property and needing more water for that, I am concerned. Two years ago after over 70 years on that property our drinking well went dry. So.

I definitely think there's a water issue in the area. Our deep irrigation wells are fine, but the drinking water wells, which is better water because they're closer to the surface, they have less iron deposits and everything in it, actually went dry two years ago.

I also think you need to address the area where the new

parking lot is proposed because it's--that is also on Hopper Creek, and again, if I could ask that that new parking lot at least has a 45-foot setback, we would appreciate that as well. Our property goes all the way around their property, so we would have another property facing--another parking lot facing our property if it's put in that new proposed spot as well. So.

I think at this point that's kind of the major issues. If you have any questions for me I'd be glad to answer them for you.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Any questions?

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: I have one.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Sure.

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COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Mr. Clark, again, if Staff could help assist us in pointing out exactly where the residence is, because when I visited the property, to be honest with you, I had a hard time seeing it because the fairly dense vegetation along the creek bed.

MR. CLARK: Right.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: On both sides.

MR. CLARK: Yeah. They actually added some vegetation on their side, which has helped. I do—one of the things that shouldn't be under the oak trees, which I think they've removed at this time, was the hydrangeas and things of that nature. Any document that you read about, old oak trees, you should never plant new vegetation underneath them and start irrigating those plants. So something like a hydrangea that takes a major amount of water is not a good idea for a screening underneath oak trees. So we've actually planted a lot more trees on our side to

try to screen what they haven't screened for us. So that's why it's hard to see--you also have to remember that all those trees along there are deciduous so that in the...

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Winter time.

MR. CLARK: ...winter time, we look at a parking lot from the main view of our home. So it is very hard to see the house. It was 1840s, so we--it's covered by mature trees. But there's a 2,000-square-foot, two-story, 1840s farmhouse sitting there. Okay?

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Thank you.

MR. CLARK: So yeah. Do you want them to kind of show you again where it is, or--so it's directly--see the tank on Bell's wine cellars there, okay? Move the hand a little bit right there is the house. It's amongst the trees right there right on the creek.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Mr. Clark, the light that you reference that shined into your bedroom, where was that light coming from? Because, again, I was having a hard time seeing the tree and I wasn't sure how--or seeing through the trees to see your home...

MR. CLARK: Right. Well, remember, I'm on the second story, okay?

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Okay.

MR. CLARK: And so, so I can see through the trees...

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Good point. Sure.

MR. CLARK. So, the light from the parking lot does not bother us on the first level. You can't see it on the first level of the house. It's one the second level. And the lighting,

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when they did the expansion, the lighting is now low lighting and it's shining to the ground, okay, it's not shining up, which is a positive thing.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Yeah.

MR. CLARK: I know lots about lighting myself from doing development over the years. The -- but when those are all illuminated at night, it illuminates a parking lot that we look out our window at. So like I said, I'd love to see the parking lot moved. That would be my first preference, but otherwise, when they leave at night, if they could just turn off the lights. So.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: Mr. Clark, is that light on all night?

MR. CLARK: Umm, you know, they go off somewhere, I would say, kind of depending on the night, depending on -- I would believe it's on a timer because no, they're not on all night. I think they go off somewhere probably around midnight or so. I normally go to bed around 10 o'clock. So. Okay?

COMMISSIONER POPE: Any other questions for Mr. Clark? Thank you Mr. Clark.

Okay, thank you. MR. CLARK:

GEOFF ELLSWORTH: Hi. Geoff Ellsworth, St. Helena. We've formed a coalition called Vision--Napa Vision 2050 to address these types of hospitality issues. We've got citizens' groups all over the county coming together. You can get in touch with us at napavision2050@gmail. This--what we're seeing is this type of increase in hospitality--how it affects the neighbors, how it affects the other citizens. In a sense, the noise, the traffic,

somebody described it as a year-round adult spring break. So we don't think it's fair for the neighbors, for somebody's business model to encroach upon their quality of life. We all live here together. So we're getting all these citizens' groups together to talk about water, traffic, hospitality, development, safety, zoning issues. So it's Vision 2050--Napa Vision 2050, so if you have any concerns, please get in touch with us. That's our sign.

The other thing is that the rules on hospitality are going to be changing very soon. The first staff report on new regulations are due to be presented on 4-15, April 15<sup>th</sup>. And these will guide in deciding how much hospitality, visitation, food service, special events, to allow with each winery permit.

For the last few years, we've been saying that you don't have a nexus between hospitality and production to be able to decide how much to allow. And you have not been comfortable giving permits for something you cannot define. That's been said. So we're urging you. We're saying please don't make any hospitality decisions right now. Wait for the new rules. Either continue the permits before you—either continue them until later, until you have the new rules in place, or grant the permits, if warranted, without hospitality. Continue the hospitality question, please, until you decide what the new rules are, until we have those in place. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you Mr. Ellsworth.

GARY MARGADANT: Good morning to the Planning Commission. This is Gary Margadant up on Mt. Veeder Rd. I had a couple of comments on this that I think that might help the neighbor, Mr. Clark, with his water situation. And this has to do with how

thrifty this winery is proposed to be with water. As so stated in their—in the Staff Report, they have indicated that for their 40,000—gallon winery, they plan to use .86 acre—feet. It's kind of a little hard to understand exactly what they mean by .86 acre—feet, but that comes to 280,000 gallons a year. So if you divide this by 40,000 gallons, you come out with a neighborhood of seven gallons of water used for every gallon of wine. That's a lot of water, okay?

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But in the Valley here, there is an example, a shining example, of Napa Green that actually takes place under the auspices of the Napa Valley Vintners. And this is at the Boswell Winery. Susan Boswell is operating that to be as thrifty as she can with water. She puts meters on everything. She knows how much water she uses, so when she comes to say that she is thrifty with water, it's not an anecdotal piece of information. She has the figures to back it up.

In this case they say that they're using seven gallons per gallon of wine, but Susan Boswell uses 2.3 gallons of water per gallon of wine. Now that's a helluva difference because that's a 65-percent reduction just on the 40,000-gallon winery here. Sixty-five percent is a lot of water. This might help Mr. Clark next door if these people are going to be thrifty and if they have meters on their—on their systems so that they know how much water they're using for one, for the domestics inside, to separate that out for the winery production, you know, to separate this out to have metrics so you can understand what's going on. This would go a long way to helping Putah Creek. This might, you know, this might supply a lot more water to Putah

Creek. It might be really nice under there. And it might help Mr. Clark. But I'll tell you this, that if it continues to use water like this, then nobody's really thrifty at all. And I think that this would really help the watershed in the Valley. It should be something that you'd look at on our every project, to see whether they're actually going to be doing something that is really really going to help the watershed in Napa County. So thank you very much.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you Mr. Margadant. So anyone else wishing to comment on this project?

NORMA TOFANELLI: Good morning. Norma Tofanelli, Napa
County Farm Bureau. We're very concerned with the ongoing
approval of excessive hospitality and marketing events while you
are in the midst of the process of establishing appropriate
guidelines for those activities and for a couple of years you
have been saying that you have no guidelines and you are very
uncomfortable granting hospitality and marketing programs
without those guidelines. This commission has been asking for
that help for several years.

Hospitality, marketing and special events are the main cause for the public focus on wineries as the source of the serious growth and traffic issues that we face. That may or may not be true, but it's the reason why the public is focusing on wineries. This project exemplifies the dire need for those guidelines. The expansion requests a 50-percent increase in production with a 100-percent, not a 50-percent increase, in current permitted daily visitation coupled with a 1,300-percent increase in number of marketing events. That's staggering. The

comparison charts provided by Staff make clear that this request is egregiously excessive.

Another issue to be addressed in the marketing to production nexus guidelines is the use of outdoor areas for hospitality, particularly in light of the Noreen Evans On-site Consumption bill. Staff's analysis notes that the total Accessory Use to Production Ratio in this case is 199 percent, while the WDO allows only a 40-percent maximum. And the issue of outdoor accessory use will be a major part of the nexus issue that you will be first hearing of on the 15<sup>th</sup> of April, which is not very far in the future.

And when we look at bocce ball courts, which are noted they were already approved by a prior Planning Commission, but bocce ball courts and picnic grounds at wineries, I thought Sattui was the only one with picnic grounds. This violates both the spirit and the letter of the WDO, so we would request that you either continue this item or you continue the hospitality portion of this or scale it back dramatically or do not grant any increase to production.

There is one other note that is prompted by the testimony by Mr. Clark. While staff reports generally state because of interpretation of the Luhdorff Scalmanini Groundwater Study, that you can allow one acre-foot per acre of land on the valley floor. That apparently is not true. You are receiving more and more testimony from neighbors, residents, who are telling you that their wells are dry in these areas where Staff maintains that you can award--you can utilize one acre-foot per acre of land.

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27 28 Luhdorff Scalmanini, if you've read it, does not say that is a proper number. It says that data is inadequate to make any determination about the groundwater availability, that more test wells are needed, more monitoring wells, and increasingly, as I say, residents are coming to you in the face of these staff reports, with hard evidence that their wells are going dry. So that is also of increasing concern for Napa County Farm Bureau. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you. Anyone else wishing to speak on this project this morning? Seeing none, we'll give the applicant or applicant's representative the chance to respond to some of the points that were made.

MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: Scott Greenwood-Meinert on behalf of the applicant. I'm kind of going to go in reverse order here in addressing some of these comments. With regards to the two most recent speakers, Ms. Tofanelli and Mr. Margadant, the numbers that are in our water analysis are County numbers. Our numbers may vary from that but with our water analysis we followed the Tier 1 process, the WAA analysis that was required of us. We are well below our fair-share allocation. We will continue to be with a production increase to 60,000 gallons and whatever our visitation increase will be, 21,980 people or some lower number than that, we will continue to be well below our fair share. I think that it's unfair of anyone to state that the voluminous amount of data collected in the GRAC studies by Luhdorff Scalmanini as recently updated a couple of months ago, which I read word for word all the way through, indicates that there's a spot area anywhere remotely close to this that may be

an issue. Ms. Tofanelli just used the phrase hard data. We have hard data on our water production. I don't have any, unfortunately, for Mr. Clark's well. We're sympathetic to that. Nobody wants a well to go dry. He did indicate he has two other wells. I don't know where those are located, but perhaps those are a part of the issue. We have a creek between the two properties and in many instances, a creek of the size of Hopper Creek, which has a tremendous amount of water in it right now, not enough, and it's not moving fast enough, but it is there, forms some kind of a hydrologic barrier particularly for shallow wells, which most domestic wells are.

With regards to water efficiency, the bulk of the grapes on this property are extremely water efficient. The water facility itself is super efficient. The new wastewater system that will go in will run all the way out to the west end of the existing winery—or excuse me, the existing vineyard and will leach field out through there, which means that we will be recharging. This is not something that we spent a lot of time in our application on because it's unnecessary given the quality of the water supply and the water efficiency of the overall project.

With regards to the issue of a de facto moratorium on marketing and visitation, decisions by the Board, respectfully, I disagree with that. We are just starting to have a discussion about a lot of issues related to the WDO and the Ag Preserve. This is a permitted winery that is asking for a modification. It's a permitted winery, emphasis on permitted winery at 40,000 gallons right now in its existing location.

Moratoriums are something that we can continue to talk

about but I would encourage you not to take a position that created a de facto moratorium until April  $15^{\rm th}$  when we begin to have a discussion about standards for production and marketing and other aspects of the wine and the vineyard industry in Napa Valley.

With regards to a few of the comments by Mr. Clark, the winery, when it was redone in the 2000s, completely relocated everything to accommodate the neighbor. The lighting systems on the winery are in compliance with its existing use permit and we're assuming that the County came out and did the review that it said it was going to do in that use permit, were reviewed and approved by an on-site staff member of the County.

I am informed that the lights on the parking lot, which are required by code, by the way, are on a timer, and that timer goes off around 10 o'clock p.m. During harvest, they stay on longer as needed.

With regards to events on site, the vast, vast majority of events on site are between one and four p.m. They do not go into the evening. The idea that Bell Wine Cellars has 40 people out on its front porch by the parking lot heavily drinking and making a lot of noise, I'm just going to disagree with that and the applicant disagrees with that caricature of things. That's just not the way it goes. Those of you who have been on site know what the facilities look like. I will say this again, the bocce ball courts are permitted and approved and nothing else needs to be said about that.

The proposed parking lot in the traffic study would have to be constructed in compliance with existing setback laws. We

agree with that, if that parking lot gets constructed, which I'm not sure it's going to anyway, because we have plenty of circulation on the property.

And with that I would like to propose something to you guys with—related to a fourth condition of approval on marketing and production. In reviewing the recent proposals by the Planning Commissioner and Staff, which I know Mr. McDowell admitted he's going to go up and talk with the vintners about at 3:30 this afternoon, the number that's been thrown around today in looking at comments by folks, is somewhere around 30,000 visitors.

That's not what's in the staff report. That's not remotely close to what's intended and I think it's a distortion of something about 33 percent or more. The 21,840 figure was not something that we ever as an applicant focused on in any way, shape, or form. That's not a goal and it never has been.

What happens with these processes is we start to get into planning analyses and staff analyses and wastewater system analyses and you start looking at, we'll call it, the maximum that something, you know, can achieve. That's what we're looking at with that number. That's not a number that we've ever really fixated on at all other than trying to get a wastewater system permit approved and get a CEQA Negative Declaration done.

What I would propose as a fourth Condition, excuse me while I flip to it, a fourth Condition of Approval under Section 4 for Visitation, Subsection A, Tours and Tastings, would be this. And I'm--I even--I--wait. I tried to put this in the phraseology that Wyntress used in the Conditions. Maximum number of persons annually, comma, including persons under Subsection B,

Marketing, colon, 16,500. The 16,500 number comes from Mr. Morrison's calculation—starting point calculation, admittedly at this point, of—if you do an equation that equals 1,000 gallons of production equals 275 visitors and then you multiply that out with 60,000 gallons you get to 16,500 total visitors for a year. So that's the analysis on that number and I would just like to put that out there for your consideration and discussion at this point.

And that's all I have. Thank you.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you. Any additional questions for the applicant? Seeing none, there's no additional comments, I am going to close Public Comment and we'll bring it back to the Commission for comments or additional questions.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: I'd like to hear Staff address the additional Condition that the applicant has proposed.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: I guess I'll weigh in. John McDowell representing Planning Division. The Conditions of Approval that we put forward, typical with past projects are essentially carrying forward what the applicant's proposal is. From our perspective, as Wyntress addressed in the Staff Report, they're asking for a large number of marketing events, especially the frequency of marketing events per week, and this number that was put forward of the number of visitors as it equates to gallons of wine produced is a very thought-provoking concept.

I think we're discovering that the current format of the marketing and visitation limitations, which is based on a daily and weekly maximum, and many times is probably overstating what

will actually occur over the course of the year because of the very point that the last speaker raised. We need to regulate in maximums, so perhaps it would be appropriate as we move forward in updating our regulations and our standard Conditions to look at things like a monthly maximum, an annual maximum. But as a personal thought to interject into the discussion here, it seems like the level of visitation should be commensurate with the actual amount of wine being made and not the full extent of wine being entitled at the facility. So if this is a 60,000-gallon facility, and you grant 16,500 annual visitors, then you have granted 16,500 visitors whether 20,000 gallons of wine, 40,000 gallons of wine, 60,000 gallons of wine are made.

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So in moving forward I don't believe the Commission is under any obligation to make a decision today. It's true there is no moratorium, but the -- as I think we've seen, the Commission is being more and more deliberate about making sure the right decision is being made for the right property. If you recall the discussion that Mr. Morrison put forward on the first version of this visitation matrix concept that the Commission had asked for, the pitch that he was making was that we can provide you a number of where this winery fits amongst its peers and related facilities and that we're suggesting that the Commission in applying the right number for a project start at that point and then use your independent discretion to look at the other factors that play into visitation levels. Is this at the end of a sleepy little dead end road? Is this a large winery site or a small winery site? What level of marketing do they have as it relates to the amount of visitation?

You're going to have to arrive at that independently. The County is not paying me yet to sit there. Actually it'd be a tremendous pay cut to move over into those seats, so I wish you the best of luck on that. [Laughter.]

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you. Any other questions for Staff, or comments? Commissioner Cottrell.

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: Well, I'll dive in. Thank you, Ms. Balcher and Mr. McDowell, for your feedback here and thank you Mr. Greenwood-Meinert for your--what you provided information wise. So I--as I mentioned in our Disclosures, I did a site visit out at the site last Thursday and I really appreciated Mr. Bell's sharing his insight into the history of the winery and his experience as a businessman in this climate. It's increasingly competitive and figuring out the ways that wineries can continue to stay vibrant is of course of key import.

And yet when I look at this proposal, we--I have to remember where we're placed here and to Mr. McDowell's point that any decision this commission makes is anchored in the relevant ordinances and specifically the Winery Definition Ordinance and yes, this winery is a pre-WDO winery, so it was able to start operations with its 7.8 acres and--and even--and increase its production level to the 40,000 gallons, which I understand is significantly more than the production capacity of the 6 acres planted to vines there now.

And I also appreciate Mr. Greenwood-Meinert's pointing out what has been already approved and what isn't on the table for the Commission today, specifically, the bocce ball courts, the lawn, so those are, you know, interesting for the Commission to

look at, but we're not being asked to weigh in on those.

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But back to the questions that Ms. Balcher raised in her analysis, I'm just really struggling with how this request, this increase in intensity on this small site, comports with the intent of the WDO and specifically the marketing events piece. I'm having a hard time making the nexus that this expansion is clearly incidental, related, and subordinate to a production level.

I do support the facility upgrades. I understand there may be a need to change the layout within the winery and I do appreciate that business has changed, so—and I also appreciate the applicants coming in to say, hey, this is the level that we're seeing our visitors right now and I think it's important for Staff to—and the County to work with businesses to try to work—accommodate what the current conditions are, so, but I don't think I can support this proposal as presented.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: Well I acknowledge that this request is for an existing pre-WDO winery with a permit to operate. And I certainly appreciate the sensitivities expressed by Mr. Clark and certainly by members of Vision 2050 and I have to say that I'm all for the preservation of oak trees on a property, but I'm not quite sure how we could get to a 45-foot setback on the existing parking lot.

I don't have an issue with the production increase and the proposed infrastructure improvements. And I've been supportive of, certainly, requests that relate to changes because of direct-to-consumer activities; however, like my fellow

commissioner, Ms. Cottrell, I actually do have an issue with the significant increase in visitation and marketing activities that you're proposing and it certainly is something that I've tried to understand. I understand that you're trying to accommodate the need for a healthier business model, certainly if you build it they will come. I'm sure there are folks that are continuing to beat a path to your door, but I really feel that this is a much greater request than we would typically expect to see for a winery of this size and I would be open to something less, and right now at this point, I'm feeling more comfortable with, say, 200 to 250 visitors a week rather than what's being proposed.

And certainly I appreciate Counsel's attempt to come to something that is a number that would have a maximum for the year, but to Mr. McDowell's point, you know, this is just simply one tool and, you know, as we develop this understanding for a matrix, I'm not sure that really is the sole metric that we really want to embrace and I really do feel that the number of visitors each week, as well as the number marketing events is going to be a driver here for us. So. I'm open to suggestions at this point and whatever my fellow Commissioners wish to add.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you, Commissioner Basayne.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Well, I agree with most of the comments that Commissioners Cottrell and Basayne have made. I think that my concern is that we not set a precedent here that we will be unable or unwilling to approve in the future in terms of visitation. I, too, do not have a problem with the increase in production. I realize that that's something that may or may not occur and it may be some time before it does; however, the

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27 28 visitation is an issue, and again, I'm concerned that the intent of the WDO, until and unless it is changed, and our County Ordinances as they exist, you know, cast a shadow on this particular increase in visitation and activity on the marketing side.

On the other hand I think that Mr. Bell and his staff have done a really excellent job in terms in of trying to address the concerns of the neighbors in terms of their operation being, in many ways, I think, a positive precedent-setting operation, but it's a difficult situation. He is a pre-WDO winery, but the Winery Definition Ordinance, I think, is our guideline as it currently exists and dependent on how it is changed, those are policy decisions and could eventually become voter decisions.

So I'm reluctant to make a recommendation here or support the increase that has been requested, although I definitely support an increase. I'm just not sure the right amount. I appreciate the effort that Mr. Scott Meinert has proposed, reducing the maximum significantly, but again, the number of events here, the type of visitation, it's still an example of a case where--my concern is that the--well, again, the winery dog is wagging the agricultural tail instead of the other way around.

And I think that I'm reluctant to support the entire proposal as recommended, or as requested, but I would be amenable to a reduced number of visitation and events, also to be included in the total visitation for the year.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you, Commissioner Scott. So it sounds like we've got consensus, and I'm inclined to agree that there's a basic comfort with the infrastructure and interior improvements that have been requested. I don't know how much that really impacts without the nexus to the visitation, but there seems to be unanimous consensus among the Commission that the visitation numbers are, and particularly this sort of eccentricity that we've seen I don't recall seeing before in terms of the large number of visitation, classified as events, although the point is well taken that that would actually be included in the maximum numbers that we're talking about, not on top of.

I'm wondering procedurally what might be some options that we have. Is it appropriate to take a break and see if, perhaps, the applicant might be able to come back with a suggested visitation number that is more comfortable for the Commission, or is it just--Commissioner Cottrell, do you have a thought on that?

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: Yes, Chair Pope, I just saw Mr.

McDowell turn on his microphone, so I'm hoping he might have...

COMMISSIONER POPE: Something really clever to say.

[Laughter.]

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: I would just say I think in a recent meeting we took a break and then there was some discussion with Staff and applicant, which I support. I think that starts to feel like a fast and loose decision-making process. I think that, you know, perhaps the right thing to do would be to send it back to Staff for further review of the comments that came out today and then it could come back, but I would like to hear what Mr. McDowell has to say.

COMMISSIONER POPE: That's a good point.

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DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: My microphone is busted.

[Laugher.] Essentially three options. You can approve the project, you can deny the project, you can continue the project. You can continue the project for five minutes or you can continue it to a future meeting date or you can drop it from the agenda for re-noticing. I guess bridging off of Commissioner Cottrell's comments, what I would recommend is hearing from the applicant on what their wishes are on moving forward and then make the appropriate decision after that and Staff's recommendation would be that you continue it to the meeting of April 15<sup>th</sup>.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Yes. Continuance maybe was a better word to use than break. It sounds to me like given the tenor of the Commission's comments and those concerns that might be [hopefully addressed], both the level of discomfort with the visitation numbers and the number of events with general understanding of certain needs to want to expand and certainly I don't think an interest of anybody up here to put anybody out of business, but at the same time, remain substantially faithful to the intent of the WDO. So, fellow commissioners?

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: Chair Pope, just, and also it's my understanding that if we do a continuance then the applicant stays in the process in terms of calendaring. Is that—so that we are not costing additional time as they look at their options moving forward.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: Yeah. That's why I was suggesting simply that you hear from the applicant on their

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wishes.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Okay.

DEPUTY DIRECTOR MCDOWELL: I have seen cases where applicants want to move quickly to the Board of Supervisors and delay at the Planning Commission just simply puts that off.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Okay. So without further comment or objection, I'll just reopen Public Comment briefly and give the applicant's representative a chance to weigh in.

MR. GREENWOOD-MEINERT: Thank you. While we think that we can get accomplished, I was just discussing this quietly with Anthony, and we have some other things that we would like to discuss. We can do that and we would prefer to do that here with say, a brief 15-minutes continuance or a 10-minute continuance. I know your agenda thinned out a little bit today, but I want to be sensitive to what John and what you guys have said as well. So while that's our first preference, and we would obviously, you know, also agree with a continuance to the 15<sup>th</sup>, we certainly don't want to be taken out of the queue.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Understood. Thank you. Feelings from the Commission? You think we're better off doing a 15-minute break or come back on the  $15^{\rm th}$ ?

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: Chair? Chair Pope, I think it was in one of the first meetings I sat through I heard Commissioner Basayne say we don't want to do horse trading here and I just feel with the short-term continuance I think--I don't think it gives Staff, Commission, or applicants enough time to do kind of a thoughtful reanalysis of what is required, so I would not be in favor of the 15-minute continuance. I would rather have this

continued to April 15th.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you.

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: Well, it's a great honor to be quoted here, and I'd like to say, though, that in the spirit of those comments, I really don't like the idea of the back and forth-ing where we might actually shortchange the applicant and if we're looking at only a two-week delay here where you can refine the request, work with Staff, come back, we're then, presumably, giving you more opportunity to put your best foot forward and not necessarily putting you in a position where you may not get approval today of what you would come back with. So, Ms. Cottrell, again, thank you for your kind comments and I [inaudible--microphone glitch.]

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: All right. I would concur with my fellow Commissioners. I think that, you know, doing this right is important to benefit both the applicant and the process and I think that this is—it's important that we analyze and discuss that Staff has an opportunity to do that with the applicant and make sure that what we co is consistent with what we, not only have done it in the past, but intend to do in the future. I'd rather take the time to do it right and get it right than make a quick decision that would be unfair either to the applicant, the neighbors, or the process.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Thank you for your comments. I would concur with the consensus of the Commission. Let's do this in a thoughtful way and keep you in the queue and try to do it, not necessarily on the fly today, but also not postponing indefinitely. So with that, if there are no further suggestions

from Staff or comments, I will entertain a motion to continue this item to our April 15<sup>th</sup> Hearing and would ask Staff and the applicant to work in the meantime to perhaps find a proposal that would be accommodating of the Commission's concerns regarding the visitation and event numbers.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Okay. I would like to comment. I will, unfortunately, I will be out of state for the 15<sup>th</sup> meeting, will not be available for it. But that being said, hopefully Chair Phillips will return and we'll still have an adequate...

COMMISSIONER POPE: As long as we have three. So want to entertain a motion?

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: I move that we continue this item to the April 15th, 2015, meeting.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Second.

COMMISSIONER POPE: I have a motion and a second. All in favor?

COMMISSIONER BASAYNE: Aye.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Aye.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Aye.

COMMISSIONER COTTRELL: Aye.

COMMISSIONER POPE: Opposed? No abstentions. We will continue this item until April  $15^{\rm th}$  good luck to everybody and thank you.

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## I, Kathryn F. Johnson, do hereby certify and believe:

That the foregoing pages are a true and correct transcript of the proceedings before the Napa County Planning, Building & Environmental Services Department, Napa, California, excepting words noted "inaudible" or words placed in [brackets] to the best of my ability. Speech disfluencies, discourse markers and pause fillers have been deleted, except when deemed function words. Commas may be used for emphasis as well as for grammar.

I further certify that I am not interested in the outcome of said matter or connected with or related to any of the parties of said matter or to their respective counsel.

Dated this 25<sup>th</sup> day of June, 2015.

Kathryn F. Johnson

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CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SURENWEIGHS OF THE COULT OF WAR STATE OF CALFORNIA

July 13, 2015

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