

“G”

Wastewater Feasibility Study

ONSITE WASTEWATER DISPOSAL FEASIBILITY STUDY

FOR THE

I56I SOUTH WHITEHALL LANE WINERY

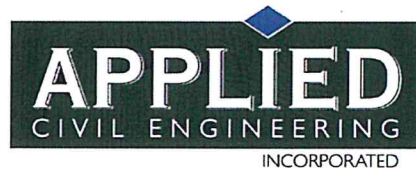
LOCATED AT:

1561 South Whitehall Lane
St. Helena, CA 94574
NAPA COUNTY APN 027-460-013

PREPARED FOR:

SWLD LLC
101 Montgomery Street, Suite 2350
San Francisco, CA 94104

PREPARED BY:



2074 West Lincoln Avenue
Napa, California 94558
Telephone: (707) 320-4968
www.appliedcivil.com

Job Number: 15-109

Michael R. Muelrath

Michael R. Muelrath R.C.E. 67435

6/15/2015

Date



TIER I WATER AVAILABILITY ANALYSIS

FOR THE

1561 SOUTH WHITEHALL LANE WINERY

LOCATED AT:

1561 South Whitehall Lane
St. Helena, CA 94574
NAPA COUNTY APN 027-460-013

PREPARED FOR:

SWLD LLC
101 Montgomery Street, Suite 2350
San Francisco, CA 94104

PREPARED BY:



2074 West Lincoln Avenue
Napa, California 94558
Telephone: (707) 320-4968
www.appliedcivil.com

Job Number: 15-109

RECEIVED
JUN -2 2016
Napa County Planning, Building
& Environmental Services



Michael R. Muelrath

Michael R. Muelrath R.C.E. 67435

5/6/2016

Date

TABLE OF CONTENTS

LIST OF APPENDICES	iii
INTRODUCTION	1
SOILS INFORMATION.....	1
EXISTING SEPTIC SYSETM INFORMATION.....	2
PREDICTED WINERY WASTEWATER FLOW.....	2
Winery Process Wastewater	2
Winery Sanitary Wastewater.....	2
Employees.....	2
Residential Sanitary Wastewater.....	3
Combined Peak Wastewater Flow	3
RECOMMENDATIONS.....	3
Option #1 – Winery Sanitary Wastewater Disposal Via Existing Leach Field and Process Wastewater Disposal Via Hold and Haul.....	3
Required Length of Leach Line	4
Available Disposal Field Area	4
Septic Tank Capacity.....	4
Reserve Area	4
Winery Process Wastewater Disposal.....	5
Option #2 – Winery Sanitary Wastewater Disposal Via Existing Leach Field and Process Wastewater Disposal Via Treatment and Irrigation.....	5
Required Disposal Field and Reserve Area.....	5
Septic Tank Capacity.....	5
Process Wastewater Treatment & Disposal	6
Process Wastewater Disposal	6
CONCLUSION.....	7

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1: Site Topography Map.....	8
APPENDIX 2: 1561 South Whitehall Lane Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans Reduced to 8.5" x 11"	10
APPENDIX 3: Water Storage Tank Water Balance Calculations.....	14
APPENDIX 4: Site Evaluation Report.....	18

INTRODUCTION

SWLD LLC is applying for a Use Permit to construct and operate a new winery at their property located at 1561 South Whitehall Lane in Napa County, California. The subject property, known as Napa County Assessor's Parcel Number 027-460-013, is accessed via Whitehall Lane and South Whitehall Lane located on the west side of State Route 29, approximately 0.4 miles north of the intersection of State Route 29 and Galleron Road.

The Use Permit application under consideration proposes the construction and operation of a new production only winery with the following characteristics:

- Wine Production:
 - 10,000 gallons of wine per year
 - Crushing, fermenting, aging and bottling

- Employees:
 - 2 full time employees
 - 2 part time employees

There are no visitors or marketing plans proposed as part of this application.

Other improvements on the property include residential development consisting of a new Caretaker's House, Main Residence, Guest Cottage, pool, water tanks, accessory structures, approximately 12.5 acres of vineyard (being replanted) and the related access and utility infrastructure. Domestic wastewater from the residential structures will be collected in septic tanks and disposed of in a new leach field that was permitted as part of the ongoing residential development and located in the southern corner of the property. Please refer to the 1561 South Whitehall Lane Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans for approximate locations of all site features.

SWLD LLC has requested that Applied Civil Engineering Incorporated (ACE) evaluate the feasibility of disposing of the winery process wastewater as well as the domestic sanitary wastewater that will be generated by the proposed winery. The remainder of this report describes the onsite soil conditions, the predicted process and sanitary wastewater flows and outlines the conceptual design of an onsite wastewater disposal system to serve the new winery facility.

SOILS INFORMATION

The United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service Soils Map for Napa County shows the entire property mapped as Maxwell clay, 2 to 9 percent slopes.

A site specific soils analysis was conducted during a site evaluation performed by RAM Engineering on October 26, 2011 (E11-00499). The site evaluation consisted of the excavation and observation of six test pits in the south corner of the property. The test pits generally revealed uniform soil conditions consisting of approximately 36 to 48 inches of acceptable sandy clay loam soil. The limiting conditions encountered were signs of seasonally elevated groundwater as evidenced by redoxomorphic mottling and the occurrence of more than 50% in the soil profile.

Please refer to the Site Evaluation Report in Appendix 4 for additional details.

EXISTING SEPTIC SYSTEM INFORMATION

The existing septic system is designed to serve the residential development that is currently under construction. The design flow from the residential structures and the design capacity of the septic system is 1,000 gallons per day according to the plans and calculations prepared by RAM Engineering and the Napa County Sewage Permit that was issued for installation of the septic system (E12-00443).

PREDICTED WINERY WASTEWATER FLOW

Winery Process Wastewater

We have used the generally accepted standard that six gallons of winery process wastewater are generated for each gallon of wine that is produced each year and that 1.5 gallons of wastewater are generated during the crush period for each gallon of wine that is produced. Based on the size of the winery and our understanding that both red and white wines will be produced we have assumed a 30 day crush period. Using these assumptions, the average and peak winery process wastewater flows are calculated as follows:

$$\text{Annual Winery Process Wastewater Flow} = \frac{10,000 \text{ gallons wine}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{6 \text{ gallons wastewater}}{1 \text{ gallon wine}}$$

$$\text{Annual Winery Process Wastewater Flow} = 60,000 \text{ gallons per year}$$

$$\text{Average Daily Winery Process Wastewater Flow} = \frac{60,000 \text{ gallons}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{1 \text{ year}}{365 \text{ days}}$$

$$\text{Average Daily Winery Process Wastewater Flow} = 164 \text{ gallons per day (gpd)}$$

$$\text{Peak Winery Process Wastewater Flow} = \frac{10,000 \text{ gallons wine}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{1.5 \text{ gallons wastewater}}{1 \text{ gallon wine}} \times \frac{1 \text{ year}}{30 \text{ crush days}}$$

$$\text{Peak Winery Process Wastewater Flow} = 500 \text{ gpd}$$

Winery Sanitary Wastewater

The peak sanitary wastewater flow from the winery is calculated based on the number of winery employees. There are no plans for daily visitors for tours and tastings or private marketing events. In accordance with Table 4 of Napa County's "Regulations for Design, Construction, and Installation of Alternative Sewage Treatment Systems" we have used a design flow rate of 15 gallons per day per employee. Based on these assumptions, the peak winery sanitary wastewater flows are calculated as follows:

Employees

$$\text{Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow} = 4 \text{ employees} \times 15 \text{ gpd per employee}$$

Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 60 gpd

Total Peak Winery Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 60 gpd

Residential Sanitary Wastewater

The peak sanitary wastewater flow from the existing residence is calculated based on the number of potential bedrooms in the residence.

In accordance with Napa County Code, the peak flow for a single family residences is calculated as 150 gpd per bedroom for the first 3 bedrooms in each residence and an additional 100 gpd for each bedroom in excess of 3 bedrooms. According to the design calculations prepared by RAM Engineering the Main Residence and Guest Cottage have a total of 6 potential bedrooms and the Caretaker's Residence has a total of 3 potential bedrooms. Therefore the peak residential sanitary wastewater flow is calculated as follows:

Main Residence and Guest Cottage (6 bedrooms)	550 gpd
Caretaker's Residence (3 bedrooms)	450 gpd
Total	1,000 gpd

Peak Residential Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 1,000 gpd

Combined Peak Wastewater Flow

Combined Peak Wastewater Flow = Peak Winery Process Wastewater Flow + Total Peak Winery Sanitary Wastewater Flow + Peak Residential Sanitary Wastewater Flow

Combined Peak Flow = 500 gpd + 60 gpd + 1,000 gpd

Combined Peak Flow = 1,560 gpd

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the proposed site configuration, onsite soil conditions and estimated wastewater flows we have determined that there are at least two options for properly disposing of the process and sanitary wastewater generated at the proposed winery. A summary of each option is presented in the following sections of this report.

Option #1 – Winery Sanitary Wastewater Disposal Via Existing Leach Field and Process Wastewater Disposal Via Hold and Haul

In this scenario the sanitary wastewater would be disposed of via the existing standard septic system that serves the residences and the winery process wastewater would be collected separately, temporarily stored and then would be hauled offsite for treatment and disposal by the Napa Sanitation District, East Bay Municipal Utility District or a similar municipal wastewater treatment plant.

Required Length of Leach Line

The existing leach field was sized to serve the onsite residential uses and did not include extra capacity for the proposed winery. We recommend that two new leach lines be added to supplement the capacity of the existing disposal field. The new leach lines should consist of 85 lineal feet of leach line trenches with infiltrator chambers similar to the existing lines. The resulting total length of trench will be 1,000 feet (existing) plus 170 feet (proposed) for a total of 1,170 lineal feet.

The design capacity for the expanded system is calculated based on the original design criteria presented in the RAM Engineering design calculations including a soil loading rate of 1 gallon per day per three square feet of trench sidewall area and a total effective trench sidewall area of 3 square feet per lineal foot of trench as follows:

$$\text{Design Capacity} = 1,170 \text{ lineal feet} \times \frac{3 \text{ square feet}}{\text{lineal foot}} \times \frac{1 \text{ gpd}}{3 \text{ square feet}}$$

Design Capacity = 1,170 gallons per day

The design capacity of the expanded septic system (1,170 gpd) will exceed the anticipated peak wastewater flow from the existing residences and the proposed winery sanitary wastewater flow (1,060 gpd). Although the design capacity will exceed the expected flow we still recommend that two 85 lf lines be added to promote equal distribution amongst the leach lines.

Available Disposal Field Area

Based on the proposed septic system design prepared by RAM Engineering and topographic data prepared by Keir & Wright Civil Engineers and Land Surveyors, we have determined that there is enough area to install two more 85 foot long leach line laterals adjacent to the existing leach field. The conceptual layout of the existing disposal field and proposed expansion is shown on the 1561 South Whitehall Lane Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans in Appendix 2.

Septic Tank Capacity

The winery will require a dedicated septic tank sized to provide at least three days of hydraulic retention time. We recommend that one 1,200 gallon septic tank be installed to serve the winery domestic waste stream.

Reserve Area

Napa County code requires that an area be set aside to accommodate a future onsite wastewater disposal system in the event that the primary system fails or the soil in the primary area is otherwise rendered unsuitable for wastewater disposal. The original septic system design by RAM Engineering calls for a subsurface drip type septic system for the reserve area. For subsurface drip type septic systems the reserve area must be 200% of the size of the calculated primary subsurface drip disposal field area. The required reserve area is calculated based on a

design flow of 120 gpd per bedroom (9 total bedrooms) and 60 gpd for the winery sanitary wastewater flow and is therefore calculated as follows:

$$\text{Required Reserve Area} = 200\% \times \frac{\text{Peak Flow}}{\text{Soil Application Rate}}$$

$$\text{Required Reserve Field Area} = 200\% \times \frac{1,140 \text{ gpd}}{0.6 \text{ gpd per square foot}}$$

Required Reserve Area = 3,800 square feet

Based on the proposed site plan we have determined that there is enough area to set aside for 3,800 square feet of subsurface drip disposal field in the vicinity of Test Pits E and F as shown on the 1561 South Whitehall Lane Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans in Appendix 2.

Winery Process Wastewater Disposal

The winery process wastewater hold and haul system must be designed to hold at least seven days of peak flow (7 days x 500 gallons per day = 3,500 gallons), have a water level alarm and be designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements for hold and haul systems as outlined in Napa County Code Section 13.52.035.

Winery Process Wastewater Disposal Reserve Area

Napa County Code requires that an onsite “reserve area” be designated for process wastewater hold and haul systems. The reserve area will be onsite pre-treatment and irrigation as described in Option #2 below.

Option #2 – Winery Sanitary Wastewater Disposal Via Existing Leach Field and Process Wastewater Disposal Via Treatment and Irrigation

In this scenario the sanitary wastewater would be disposed of in the existing residential septic system as previously described in Option #1 and the winery process wastewater would be collected separately, pretreated, stored and disposed of via surface irrigation in the vineyard, landscaping outside of the required 100 foot well and blue line stream setbacks.

Required Disposal Field and Reserve Area

Sanitary wastewater disposal field and reserve areas are the same as described in Option #1 above.

Septic Tank Capacity

Septic tank requirements in this scenario are the same as previously described in Option #1 above.

Process Wastewater Treatment & Disposal

We recommend that treatment be achieved through the use of a package plant type system or other treatment system designed to accept winery process wastewater that is capable of meeting the following treatment requirements:

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Pre-treatment*</u>	<u>Post Treatment**</u>
pH	3 to 10	6 to 9
BOD ₅	500 to 12,000 mg/l	<160 mg/l
TSS	40 to 800 mg/l	<80 mg/l
SS	25 to 100 mg/l	<1 mg/l

* Reference California Regional Water Quality Control Board Central Coast Region General Waste Discharge Requirements Order No. R3-2008-0018 for winery process wastewater characteristics

** Required for discharge to land via surface irrigation by Napa County for samples taken at the discharge of the treatment unit.

Process Wastewater Disposal

To simplify this analysis we have assumed that final disposal of the treated effluent will be via surface drip irrigation in the vineyard. There are approximately 11.4 acres of vineyard area available outside of the required well and stream setbacks. The treated process wastewater may also be able to be used for landscape irrigation outside of all required setbacks which would provide additional flexibility in operation of the disposal system. All application of treated winery process wastewater must comply with the requirements of the Napa County Winery Process Wastewater Guidelines for Surface Drip Irrigation and general wastewater setback requirements for wells and blue-line streams.

In order to accommodate differences in the timing of wastewater generation, irrigation demand and prohibitions on applying water to the land during rainy periods a storage tank will be required. We have prepared a water balance calculation to size a tank that will temporarily store wastewater generated at the winery before it is applied to the vineyard. The water balance calculation assumes a monthly wastewater generation rate and a monthly vineyard irrigation schedule based on our past experience with projects of this type. The water balance calculations show that the water generated by winery production operations each month can be effectively managed after treatment by applying it to the identified vineyard area without excess carryover from month to month. We recommend a minimum storage tank capacity of 5,000 to 10,000 gallons to provide operational flexibility in timing of land applications (see Appendix 3).

CONCLUSION

It is our opinion that the wastewater from the proposed winery can be accommodated in either of the two options previously described. Full design calculations and construction plans for the wastewater system(s) must be prepared in accordance with Napa County standards at the time of building permit application.

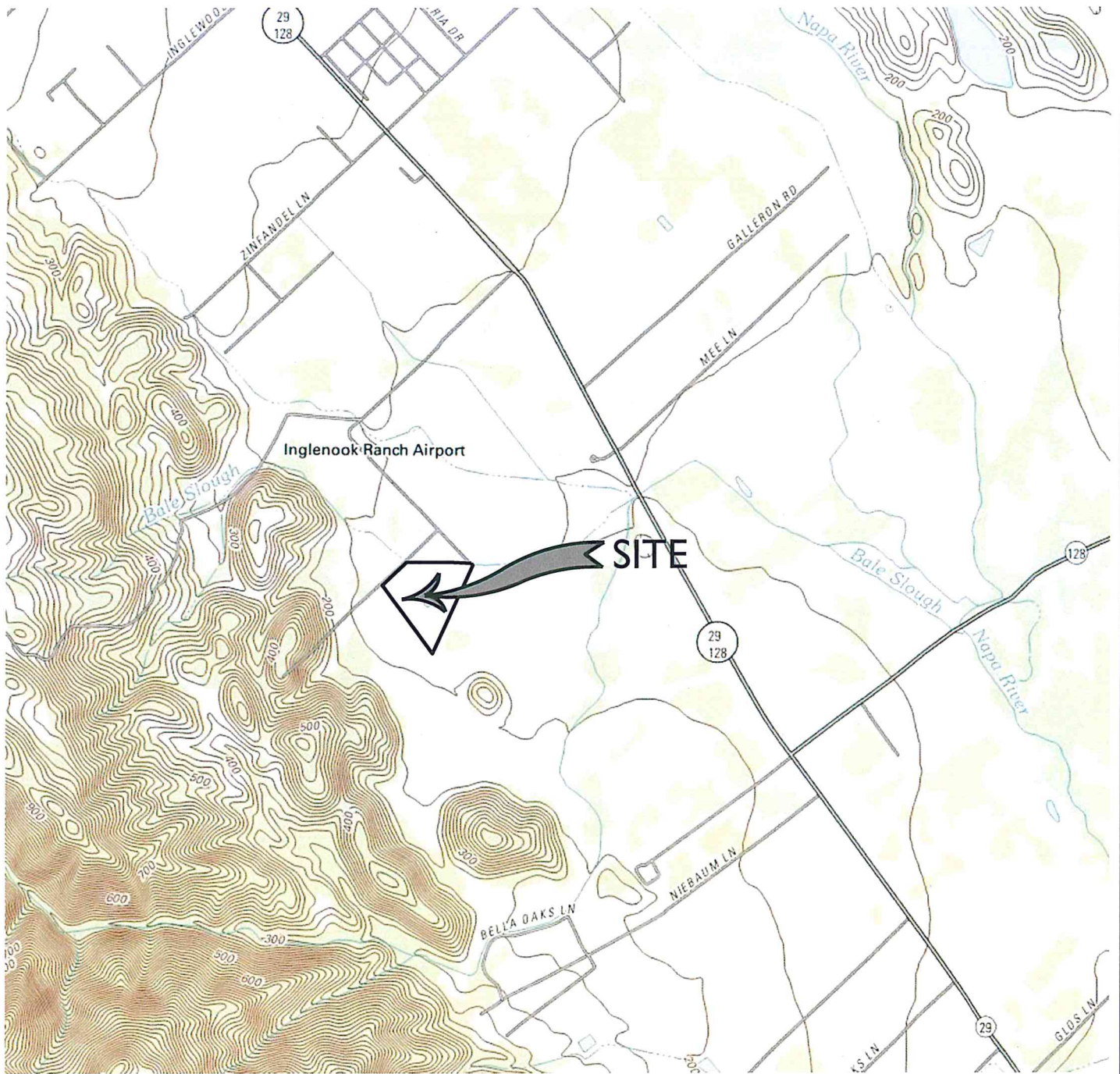
APPENDIX I: Site Topography Map

SITE TOPOGRAPHY MAP

REPRESENTS A PORTION OF THE
UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE
"RUTHERFORD, CA"



SCALE: 1" = 2,000'



2074 West Lincoln Avenue
Napa, CA 94558
(707) 320-4968 (707) 320-2395 Fax
www.appliedcivil.com

1561 SOUTH WHITEHALL LANE WINERY

1561 SOUTH WHITEHALL LANE

ST. HELENA, CA 94574

APN 027-460-013

APPENDIX 2: 1561 South Whitehall Lane Winery Use Permit Conceptual Site Plans

Reduced to 8.5" x 11"

APPENDIX 3: Water Storage Tank Water Balance Calculations

Irrigation Storage Tank Water Balance

Month	Beginning Balance	Process Wastewater	Land Application Capacity	Ending Balance
January	0	3,000	247,630	0
February	0	3,000	247,630	0
March	0	3,000	247,630	0
April	0	2,400	247,630	0
May	0	2,400	186,219	0
June	0	3,000	465,548	0
July	0	6,000	465,548	0
August	0	7,800	526,958	0
September	0	15,000	526,958	0
October	0	7,800	433,849	0
November	0	3,600	247,630	0
December	0	3,000	247,630	0
		60,000	4,090,859	

Notes:

1. All values shown above for beginning balance, inflow, outflow and ending balance are in units of gallons.
2. See attached tables for detailed explanation of process wastewater and irrigation data presented in this table.
3. This water balance is based on the assumption that the tank is empty in August, just prior to crush.
4. This table is intended to illustrate waste disposal capability only. Where irrigation demand exceeds available treated wastewater availability additional irrigation water will be provided by another source.

Winery Process Wastewater Generation Analysis

Annual Wine Production 10,000 gallons
 Wastewater Generation Rate 6 gallons per gallon of wine
 Annual Wastewater Generation 60,000 gallons
 Crush Season Length 30 days
 Wastewater Generated During Crush 1.5 gallons per gallon of wine
 Peak Wastewater Generation Rate 500 gallons per day

Winery Process Wastewater Generation Table			
Month	Percentage of Annual Total	Monthly Flow (gallons)	Average Flow (gpd)
January	5.0%	3,000	97
February	5.0%	3,000	107
March	5.0%	3,000	97
April	4.0%	2,400	80
May	4.0%	2,400	77
June	5.0%	3,000	100
July	10.0%	6,000	194
August	13.0%	7,800	252
September	25.0%	15,000	500
October	13.0%	7,800	252
November	6.0%	3,600	120
December	5.0%	3,000	97
Total	100.0%	60,000	

Notes:

I. Wastewater generation rates and monthly proportioning are based on our past experience with similar projects.

Irrigation Schedule Analysis

Vineyard Information:

Total acres of vines	11.4 acres
Vine Row Spacing (approx)	6 feet
Vine Spacing (approx)	4 feet
Vine density	1,815 vines per acre (average)
Total Vine Count	20,691 vines

Irrigation Information:

Seasonal Irrigation¹ 90.0 gallons per vine (May through October)

Non-Irrigation Application 0.8 inches October through April

Irrigation Schedule					
Month	Monthly Percentage ²	Irrigation per Vine (gallons)	Irrigation (gallons)	Non-Seasonal Irrigation Application (gallons)	Total (gallons)
January		0.0	0	247,630	247,630
February		0.0	0	247,630	247,630
March		0.0	0	247,630	247,630
April		0.0	0	247,630	247,630
May	10%	9.0	186,219	0	186,219
June	25%	22.5	465,548	0	465,548
July	25%	22.5	465,548	0	465,548
August	15%	13.5	279,329	247,630	526,958
September	15%	13.5	279,329	247,630	526,958
October	10%	9.0	186,219	247,630	433,849
November		0.0	0	247,630	247,630
December		0.0	0	247,630	247,630
Total	100%	90.0	1,862,190	2,228,669	4,090,859

Notes:

1. Irrigation per vine is based on 0.5 acre-feet per acre of vines per Phase I WAA.
2. Monthly vineyard irrigation percentages are based on our past experience with projects of this type.
3. Non-Irrigation Application is for managing tank levels and assumes a maximum of 5 operational days per month based on historic weather data (Summit Engineering NBRID Capacity Study, 1996) and a saturated soil infiltration rate of 0.1 gallons per square foot per day uniformly over the entire area.

APPENDIX 4: Site Evaluation Report

Test Pit # **D**

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure	Consistence			Pores	Roots	Mottling
					Side Wall	Ped	Wet			
0-20"	C	<10	Similar	to 1st	Horizon	A	→→	→→	→→	→→
-36"	C	<40	Similar	to 2nd	Horizon	A	→→	→→	→→	→→
-72"		>50	Similar	to 3rd	Horizon	A	→→	→→	→→	→→

Test Pit # **E**

Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure	Consistence			Pores	Roots	Mottling
					Side Wall	Ped	Wet			
0-36"	C	<10	Similar	to 1st	Horizon	A	→→	→→	→→	→→
-53"	C	<40	Similar	to 2nd	Horizon	A	→→	→→	→→	Ft.
-63"	C	<35	Similar	to 3rd	Horizon	A	→→	→→	→→	Ft.
-69"		<35	Similar	to 4th	Horizon	C	→→	→→	→→	Ft.

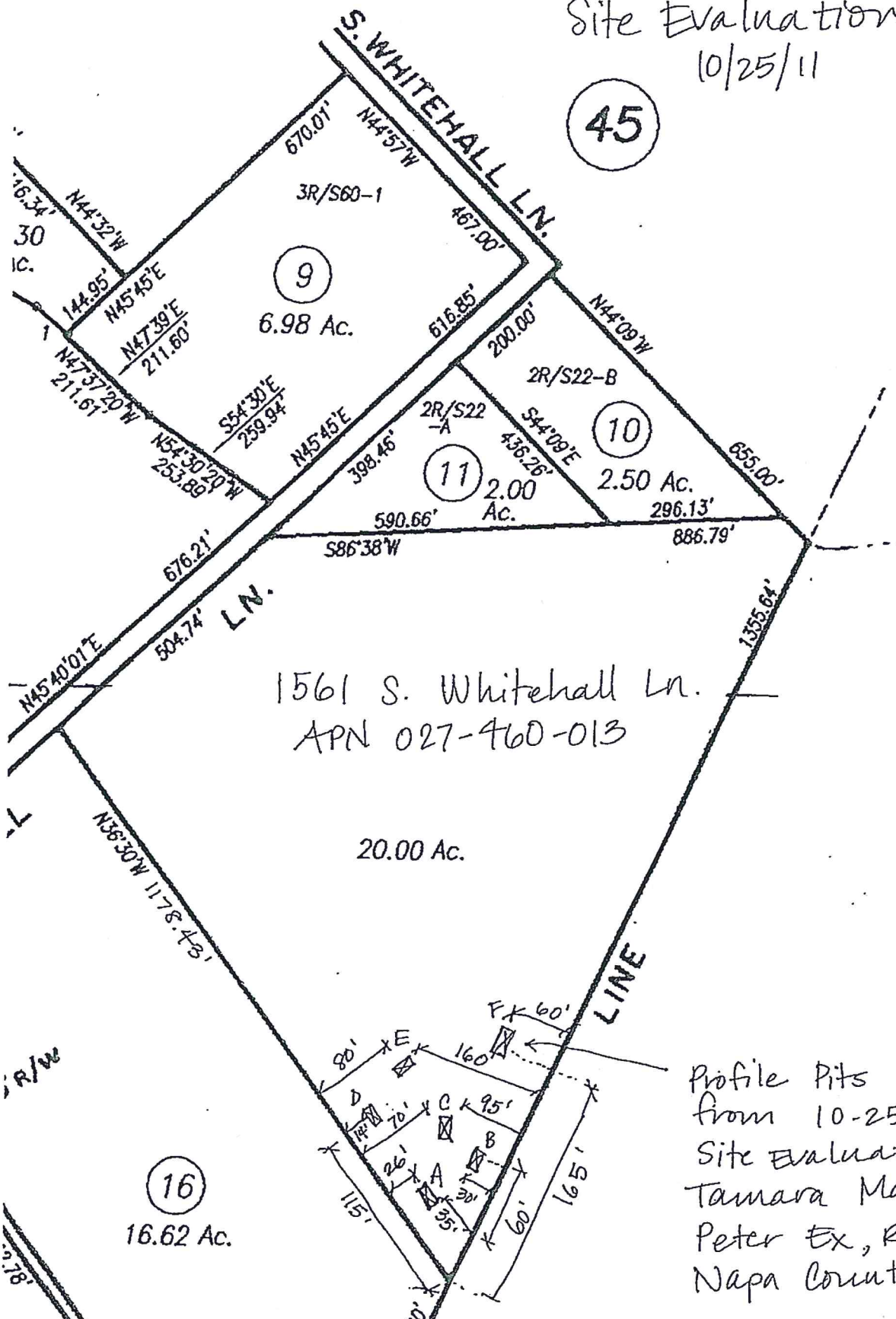
Test Pit # **F**

Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure	Consistence			Pores	Roots	Mottling
					Side Wall	Ped	Wet			
0-36"	C	<10	Similar	to 1st	Horizon	A	→→	→→	→→	→→
-55"	C	>50	Similar	to 2nd	Horizon	A	→→	→→	→→	→→
-60"	C	<50	Similar	to 3rd	Horizon	A	→→	→→	→→	Ft.

RAM ENGINEERING

130 SOUTH MAIN ST. SUITE 201
SEBASTOPOL, CA 95472
707-824-0266

Site Evaluation
10/25/11



45

9
6.98 Ac.

10
2.50 Ac.

11
2.00 Ac.

16
16.62 Ac.

1561 S. Whitehall Ln.
APN 027-460-013

20.00 Ac.

Profile Pits A-F,
from 10-25-11
Site Evaluation by
Tamara Martin, REHS &
Peter Ex, REHS of
Napa County. (E11-00499)