

Napa County

Conservation, Development, and Planning Department 1195 Third Street, Suite 210, Napa, California, 94559 phone (707) 253-4417 web www.countyofnapa.org/cdp/ email cdp@countyofnapa.org

		Use Per	mit Application				
Application Type:	Najor Mo	defication	eted by Planning staff		rate Complete:		
Date Submitted:	F	esubmittal(s):			ate complete.		***************************************
Request:							
					<u> </u>		
*Application Fee Dep	oosit: \$ 5,000	Receipt No	Receiv	ed by:	87_	Date: 7 -	7-19
					tal Fees will be base	d on actual time an	d materials
			npleted by applicant				
Project Name:	Summers Estate	Wines Use Permi	t Modification				
Assessor's Parcel №:	017-160-015			Existing Par	cel Size: <u>25.33</u>	+/-	ac.
Site Address/Location	n: 1171 Tubbs Lan	e Calistoga, Cali	fornia 94515				····
Primary Contact:	No. Street Owner	Applicant	Representative (c _{ity} attorney, en <u>c</u>	State Jineer, consulting	z _{ip} g planner, etc.)	
Property Owner:	Beth Summers						
	1171 Tubbs Lan	e Calistoga, Calif	fornia 94515	City	State	Zip	
Telephone №(707	<u>) 942 - 5508 </u>	_ E-Mail: <u>beth@su</u>	mmerswinery.com				
	nan property owner): $N/$						
Mailing Address: 11	71 Tubbs Lane Ca	alistoga, Californi	ia 94515	City	State	Zip	
Telephone № (707	942 - 5508	E-Mail:					<u></u>
Representative (if a	pplicable): <u>Land Use</u>	Planning Service	S		·		
Mailing Address:	2423 Renfrew o. Street	Street Napa, Cali	ifornia 94559	City	State	Zip	
			ingaicn@comcast i	,		e .	

Use Perm	it Infor	mation	Sheet
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Use

Narrative description of the proposed use (please attach additional sheets as necessary):

We propose to modify existing use permits to convert the 2,354 s.f. existing residence to a tasting room and expand our approved visitation program. The converted residence will be made compliant with applicable building codes applicable to commercially used buildings. The tasting room is currently located within the existing winery. The existing tasting room will be used for winery related storage. Existing wine production will increase from 50,000 to 100,000 gallons within a proposed 5,400 square foot covered tank farm to be located north of the existing winery. We also propose to designate the tasting room and adjacent patio area for AB 2004 on-site wine consumption and request deletion of the condition #10 of use permit #96408-UP that prohibits outside social activities. Finally, we propose to sell those wine-related items in our retail shop permitted by Ordinance No. 947. Improvements to the existing wastewater treatment and disposal systems, to the water system necessary to comply with CalCode Exemption, provision of bottled water to winery guests, fire suppression facilities, realignment of the existing parking and landscaped areas is also proposed.

The site will contain 20.59 +/- acres of vineyard following completion of the project.

Improvements shown on the attached plans dated June 20, 2014 as prepared by Riechers Spence Associates.

What, if any, additional licenses or approvals will be required to allow the use?					
District	Regional				
State ABC	Federal TTB				

Improvements

Narrative description of the proposed on-site and off-site improvements (please attach additional sheets as necessary):

- 1. Fire suppression systems including water storage tanks and pump, turnaround area
- 2. New domestic and process wastewater treatment and disposal
- 3. Storm water detention and conveyance facilities
- 4. Improvement to the existing water system to conform to CalCode Exemption requirements
- 5. Increase the number of existing on-site parking spaces to 14
- 6. Add one (1) loading dock

No off-site improvements are proposed

See above narrative and plans prepared by Riechers Spence Associates, dated June 20, 2014 for additional details.

Improvements, cont.				see UP4 -ch.			
Total on-site parking spaces:	16	existing	<u>14' 15</u> proposed	V ~ V			
Loading areas:	1	existing	proposed				
Fire Resistivity (check one; if not checked, Fire Marshal will assume Type V – non rated): Type I FR Type II 1 Hr Type II N (non-rated) Type V 1 Hr. (for reference, please see the latest version of the California Building Code) Is the project located in an Urban/Wildland Interface area? Yes No							
Total land area to be disturbed by project (include	e structures, roads, septic ar	reas, landscaping, etc)	. 0.90	acres			
Employment and Hours of Oper			No change				
Days of operation:	Sunday-Saturday	existing		proposed			
Hours of operation:	10:00am-5:00pm	_ existing	No change	proposed			
Anticipated number of employee shifts:	1	_ existing	No change	proposed			
Anticipated shift hours:	9:00am-5:00pm	_ existing	No change	proposed			
Alternately, you may identify a specific number of	or greater (specify number) f on-site employees:						
other (specify number)							

Certification and Indemnification

Applicant certifies that all the information contained in this application, including all information required in the Checklist of Required Application Materials and any supplemental submitted information including, but not limited to, the information sheet, water supply/waste disposal information sheet, site plan, floor plan, building elevations, water supply/waste disposal system site plan and toxic materials list, is complete and accurate to the best of his/her knowledge. Applicant and property owner hereby authorize such investigations including access to County Assessor's Records as are deemed necessary by the County Planning Division for preparation of reports related to this application, including the right of access to the property involved.

Pursuant to Chapter 1.30 of the Napa County Code, as part of the application for a discretionary land use project approval for the project identified below, Applicant agrees to defend, indemnify, release and hold harmless Napa County, its agents, officers, attorneys, employees, departments, boards and commissions (hereafter collectively "County") from any claim, action or proceeding (hereafter collectively "proceeding") brought against County, the purpose of which is to attack, set aside, void or annul the discretionary project approval of the County, or an action relating to this project required by any such proceeding to be taken to comply with the California Environmental Quality Act by County, or both. This indemnification shall include, but not be limited to damages awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorneys' fees, and other liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding that relate to this discretionary approval or an action related to this project taken to comply with CEQA whether incurred by the Applicant, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding. Applicant further agrees to indemnify the County for all of County's costs, attorneys' fees, and damages, which the County incurs in enforcing this indemnification agreement.

Applicant further agrees, as a condition of project approval, to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County for all costs incurred in additional investigation of or study of, or for supplementing, redrafting, revising, or amending any document (such as an EIR, negative declaration, specific plan, or general plan amendment) if made necessary by said proceeding and if the Applicant desires to pursue securing approvals which are conditioned on the approval of such documents.

In the event any such proceeding is brought, County shall promptly notify the Applicant of the proceeding, and County shall cooperate fully in the defense. If County fails to promptly notify the Applicant of the proceeding, or if County fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the Applicant shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless the County. The County shall retain the right to participate in the defense of the proceeding if it bears its own attorneys' fees and costs, and defends the action in good faith. The Applicant shall not be required to pay or perform any settlement unless the settlement is approved by the Applicant.

Beth Summers			
Print Name of Property Owner		Print Name Signature of Applicant (if different)	
BOR Summers	1/17/14		
Signature of Property Owner	Date	Signature of Applicant	Date

Supplen	nental Applica	tion for Wine	ry Uses	
Operations				
Please indicate whether the activity or uses below are application, whether they are <u>NEWLY PROPOSED</u> as p	already legally EXISTI art of this application	NG , whether they ex , or whether they are	ist and are proposed to be <u>E</u> neither existing nor proposed	EXPANDED as part of this ed (NONE).
Retail Wine Sales	√ Existing	Expanded	Newly Proposed	None
Tours and Tasting- Open to the Public	Existing			
Tours and Tasting- By Appointment	Existing	Expanded	Newly Proposed	None
Food at Tours and Tastings	Existing	Expanded	Newly Proposed	None
Marketing Events*	Existing	Expanded	Newly Proposed	None
Food at Marketing Events	Existing	Expanded	Newly Proposed	None
Will food be prepared		On-Site?	atered?	
Public display of art or wine-related items	Existing	Expanded	Newly Proposed	None
* For reference please see definition of "Marketing," o	at Napa County Code	§18.08.370 - <u>http://li</u>	brary.municode.com/index.	aspx?clientId=16513
Production Capacity *				
Please identify the winery's Existing production capacity:	$0,\!000$ gal/y Perpe	rmit No: 96408-UI	P Permit da	ate: 3/5/1997
Current maximum <u>actual</u> production:	22.00		ear? <u>2013</u>	
Proposed production capacity:				
* For this section, please see "Winery Production Pro		,,		
Ful this section, pieuse see Willery Froduction	, · · · , · J			
Visitation and Hours of Operation				
Please identify the winery's				
Maximum daily tours and tastings visitation:		12 existin		proposed
Average daily tours and tastings visitation ¹ :		existin	g <u>15</u>	proposed
Visitation hours (e.g. M-Sa, 10am-4pm):	Mon-Sun	, 10-5 existin	g No chang	ge proposed
Non-harvest Production hours ² :	7:30am-	6:00pm existin	g No chang	ge proposed

¹ Average daily visitation is requested primarily for purposes of environmental review and will not, as a general rule, provide a basis for any condition of approval limiting allowed winery visitation.
² It is assumed that wineries will operate up to 24 hours per day during crush.

Grape Origin

All new wineries and any existing (pre-WDO) winery expanding beyond its winery development area must comply with the 75% rule and complete the attached "Initial Statement of Grape Source". See Napa County Code §18.104.250 (B) & (C).

Marketing Program

Please describe the winery's proposed marketing program. Include event type, maximum attendance, food service details, etc. Differentiate between existing and proposed activities. (Attach additional sheets as necessary.)

Approved Marketing Plan (per #96408-UP)

Eight (8) annual events, 30 persons maximum (per 96408-UP)

No change to approved marketing plan is proposed

Food Service

Please describe the nature of any proposed food service including type of food, frequency of service, whether prepared on site or not, kitchen equipment, eating facilities, etc. Please differentiate between existing and proposed food service. (Attach additional sheets as necessary.)

Food service for all marketing events will be catered

Winery Coverage and Accessory/Production Ratio

					plans included in your submittal, please
indicate your proposed wine	•	•	•	ferentiate betweei	
Existing		7,972 sq.			0.18_ acres
Proposed		16,198 sq.	ft.	A-010-A-01-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0	0.37 acres
your proposed winery cover	age (maximum 25% o		ichever is less).	, ,	uded in your submittal, please indicate $4.1\ \%$ of parcel
	43,402 sq. tt.		1.01	acres	
<u>Production Facility</u> . Consiste proposed <i>production</i> square					ed in your submittal, please indicate your I proposed.
Existing		6,523 sq. ft.	Propose	d	12,958 sq. ft.
	ootage. If the facility	already exists, please d	ifferentiate betv		your submittal, please indicate your proposed. (maximum = 40% of the
Existing		534 sq.	ft.		8% of production facility
Proposed		2,300 sq.	ft.		18 % of production facility
Caves and Crushp If new or expanded caves are None – no visitors/tours Marketing Events and/o	e proposed please ind s/events (Class I)	Guided ¹	wing best descr Tours Only (Cla s		essibility of the cave space: Public Access (Class III)
Please identify the winery's	•••				
Cave area	Existing:		sq. ft.	Proposed:	sq. ft.
Covered crush pad area	Existing:	1	,850_sq. ft.	Proposed:	1,850_ sq. ft.
Uncovered crush pad area	Existing:		sq. ft.	Proposed:	sq. ft.

Initial Statement of Grape Source

Pursuant to Napa County Zoning Ordinance Sections 12419(b) and (c), I hereby certify that the current application for establishment or expansion of a winery pursuant to the Napa County Winery Definition Ordinance will employ sources of grapes in accordance with the requirements of Section 12419(b) and/or (c) of that Ordinance.

Owner's Signature

Date

Letters of commitment from grape suppliers and supporting documents may be required prior to issuance of any building permits for the project. Recertification of compliance will be required on a periodic basis. Recertification after initiation of the requested wine production may require the submittal of additional information regarding individual grape sources. Proprietary information will not be disclosed to the public.

Water Supply/ Waste Disposal Information Sheet

Water Supply Please attach completed Phase I Analysis sheet.	Domestic	Emergency
Proposed source of water (e.g., spring, well, mutual water company, city, district, etc.):	well	well/storage tank
Name of proposed water supplier (if water company, city, district):	internal Research	
Is annexation needed?	Yes ✓ No	Yes No
Current water use:	11,186 gallons per c	lay (gal/d)
Current water source:	well	well/storage tank
Anticipated future water demand:	11,569 gal/d	gal/d
Water availability (in gallons/minute):	25gal/m	200 gal/m
Capacity of water storage system:	6,000 gal	40,000 gal
Type of emergency water storage facility if applicable (e.g., tank, reservoir, swimming pool, etc.):		
Liquid Waste Please attach Septic Feasibility Report	Domestic	Other
Type of waste:	sewage	winery process
Disposal method (e.g., on-site septic system, on-site ponds, community system, district, etc.):	onsite septic system	onsite treatment system
Name of disposal agency (if sewage district, city, community system):		
Is annexation needed?	Yes ✓ No	Yes ✓ No
Current waste flows (peak flow):	gal/d	gal/d
Anticipated future waste flows (peak flow):	480 gal/d	2,500 gal/d
Future waste disposal design capacity:	600 gal/d	3,000 gal/d
Solid Waste and Recycling Storage and Disposal Please include location and size of solid waste and recycling storage area on swww.countyofnapa.org/dem.	ite plans in accordance with the guic	lelines available at
Hazardous and/or Toxic Materials If your facility generates hazardous waste or stores hazardous materials above 200 cubic feet of compressed gas) then a hazardous materials business plan and	e threshold planning quantities (55 g nd/or a hazardous waste generator _l	nallons liquid, 500 pounds solid or permit will be required.
Grading Spoils Disposal Where will grading spoils be disposed of? (e.g. on-site, landfill, etc. If off-site, please indicate where off-site): On-site	e	

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Winery Traffic Information / Trip Generation Sheet

Traffic during a Typical We	ekday			
Number of FT employees:2	x 3.05 one-way trips per employee	=	6.10	daily trips.
	x 1.90 one-way trips per employee	=	3.80	daily trips.
Average number of weekday visitors:	/ 2.6 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips	=	9.23	daily trips.
· ·	$\frac{1}{1,000}$ x .009 truck trips daily ³ x 2 one-way trips	=	0.90	daily trips.
, ———	Total	=	20.03	daily trips.
(Nº of FT employees) + (Nº of P^{T}	Temployees/2) + (sum of visitor and truck $\underline{\text{trips}} \times .38$)	=	6.85	PM peak trips.
Traffic during a Typical Sa	turday			
Number of FT employees (on Saturdays):	2 x 3.05 one-way trips per employee	=	6.10	daily trips.
	1 x 1.90 one-way trips per employee		1.90	daily trips.
Average number of Saturday visitors:	/ 2. 8 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips	=	8.57	daily trips
	Total	=	16.58	daily trips.
(Nº of FT e	mployees) + (No of PT employees/2) + (visitor $\underline{\text{trips}} \times .57$)	=	7.38	PM peak trips.
Traffic during a Crush Sati	urday			
Number of FT employees (during crush):	2 x 3.05 one-way trips per employee	=	6.10	daily trips.
Number of PT employees (during crush):	2 x 1.90 one-way trips per employee	=	3.80	daily trips.
Average number of Saturday visitors:	12 / 2. 8 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips	=	8.57	daily trips
Gallons of production: 50,0	000 / 1,000 x .009 truck trips daily x 2 one-way trips	=	0.90	daily trips.
Avg. annual tons of grape on-haul:	303 / 144 truck trips daily 4 x 2 one-way trips	=	4.21	daily trips.
	Total	=	23.58	daily trips.
Largest Marketing Event-	Additional Traffic			
Number of event staff (largest event):	x 2 one-way trips per staff person	=	2.0	trips.
Number of visitors (largest event):	/ 2.8 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips	=	21.42	trips.
Number of special event truck trips (larges	st event): 1 x 2 one-way trips	=	2.0	trips.

³ Assumes 1.47 materials & supplies trips + 0.8 case goods trips per 1,000 gallons of production / 250 days per year (see *Traffic Information Sheet Addendum* for reference).

⁴ Assumes 4 tons per trip / 36 crush days per year (see *Traffic Information Sheet Addendum* for reference).



Winery Traffic Information / Trip Generation Sheet

Traffic during a Typical Weekday			
Number of FT employees: 2 x 3.05 one-way trips per employee		6.10	daily trips.
Number of PT employees: 2 x 1.90 one-way trips per employee	=	3.80	daily trips.
	<u> </u>	11.54	daily trips.
Gallons of production: 100,000 / 1,000 x .009 truck trips daily ³ x 2 one-way trips	= _	1.80	daily trips.
	=	23.24	daily trips.
(N $_{\odot}$ of FT employees) + (N $_{\odot}$ of PT employees/2) + (sum of visitor and truck trips x .38)	=	8.07	_PM peak trips.
Traffic during a Typical Saturday			
Number of FT employees (on Saturdays): 2 x 3.05 one-way trips per employee	= _	6.10	daily trips.
Number of PT employees (on Saturdays): 1 x 1.90 one-way trips per employee	= _	1.90	daily trips.
Average number of Saturday visitors:/ 2. 8 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips		10.71	daily trips.
Total		18.71	daily trips. †2
(No of FT employees) + (No of PT employees/2) + (visitor trips x .57)	= .	8.60	_PM peak trips.
Traffic during a Crush Saturday			
Number of FT employees (during crush): 2 x 3.05 one-way trips per employee	= .	6.10	daily trips.
Number of PT employees (during crush): 2 x 1.90 one-way trips per employee	= .	3.80	daily trips.
Average number of Saturday visitors:	= .	10.71	daily trips.
Gallons of production: $100,000/1,000 \times .009$ truck trips daily x 2 one-way trips	=	1.80	daily trips.
Avg. annual tons of grape on-haul:606 / 144 truck trips daily ⁴ x 2 one-way trips	=	8.42	daily trips.
Total	=	30.83	daily trips. 🕂 🗍
Largest Marketing Event- Additional Traffic			
Number of event staff (largest event): x 2 one-way trips per staff person	=	2.0	trips.
Number of visitors (largest event):/ 2.8 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips	=	21.42	trips.
Number of special event truck trips (largest event): x 2 one-way trips	=	2.0	trips.

³ Assumes 1.47 materials & supplies trips + 0.8 case goods trips per 1,000 gallons of production / 250 days per year (see *Traffic Information* Sheet Addendum for reference).

Assumes 4 tons per trip / 36 crush days per year (see Traffic Information Sheet Addendum for reference).



Department of Public Works

1195 Third Street, Suite 201 Napa, CA 94559-3092 www.co.napa.ca.us/publicworks

> Main: (707) 253-4351 Fax: (707) 253-4627

Donald G. Ridenhour, P.E.
Director

WATER AVAILABILITY ANALYSIS - PHASE ONE STUDY

Introduction: As an applicant for a permit with Napa County, It has been determined that Chapter 13.15 of the Napa County Code is applicable to approval of your permit. One step of the permit process is to adequately evaluate the amount of water your project will use and the potential impact your application might have on the static groundwater levels within your neighborhood. The public works department requires that a Phase 1 Water Availability Analysis (WAA) be included with your application. The purpose of this form is to assist you in the preparation of this analysis. You may present the analysis in an alternative form so long as it substantially includes the information required below. Please include any calculations you may have to support your estimates.

The reason for the WAA is for you, the applicant, to inform us, to the best of your ability, what changes in water use will occur on your property as a result of an approval of your permit application. By examining the attached guidelines and filling in the blanks, you will provide the information we require to evaluate potential impacts to static water levels of neighboring wells.

Step #1:

Provide a map and site plan of your parcel(s). The map should be an 8-1/2"x11" reproduction of a USGS quad sheet (1:24,000 scale) with your parcel outlined on the map. Include on the map the nearest neighboring well. The site plan should be an 8-1/2"x11" site plan of your parcel(s) with the locations of all structures, gardens, vineyards, etc in which well water will be used. If more than one water source is available, indicate the interconnecting piping from the subject well to the areas of use. Attach these two sheets to your application. If multiple parcels are involved, clearly show the parcels from which the fair share calculation will be based and properly identify the assessor's parcel numbers for these parcels. Identify all existing or proposed wells

<u>Step #2:</u> Determine total parcel acreage and water allotment factor. If your project spans multiple parcels, please fill a separate form for each parcel.

Determine the allowable water allotment for your parcels:

Parcel Location Factors

The allowable allotment of water is based on the location of your parcel. There are 3 different location classifications. Valley floor areas include all locations that are within the Napa Valley, Pope Valley and Carneros Region, except for areas specified as groundwater deficient areas. Groundwater deficient areas are areas that have been determined by the public works department as having a history of problems with groundwater. All other areas are classified as Mountain Areas.

Please underline your location classification below (Public Works can assist you in determining your classification if necessary):

Valley Floor Mountain Areas MST Groundwater Deficient Area 1.0 acre feet per acre per year0.5 acre feet per acre per year0.3 acre feet per acre per year

Assessor's Parcel Number(s)	Parcel Size	Parcel Location Factor	Allowable Water Allotment
	(A)	(B)	(A) X (B)
017-160-015	25.3	1.0	25.3

Step #3:

Using the guidelines in Attachment A, tabulate the existing and projected future water usage on the parcel(s) in acre-feet per year (af/yr). Transfer the information from the guidelines to the table below.

EXISTING USE:		PROPOSED USE:	
Residential	0.5 af/yr	Residential	<u></u> af/yr
Farm Labor Dwelling	af/yr	Farm Labor Dwelling	af/yr
Winery	1.33 af/yr	Winery	2.65 af/yr
Commercial	af/yr	Commercial	f/yr
Vineyard*	10.7 af/yr	Vineyard*	10.3 af/yr
Other Agriculture	af/yr	Other Agriculture	<u></u> af/yr
Landscaping	af/yr	Landscaping	<u></u> af/yr
Other Usage (List Separately):		Other Usage (List Separately):	
	<u></u> af/yr	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY O	<u></u> af/yr
	<u></u> af/yr	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	af/yr
	af/yr		af/yr
TOTAL:	12.5af/yr		3.0af/yr TOTAL:
	4,070,000 gallons"	TOTAL: $\underline{4}$	240,000 gallons"
Is the proposed use less than th	e existing usage? Yes 🗸	No Equal	
Step #4:			

Provide any other information that may be significant to this analysis. For example, any calculations supporting your estimates, well test information including draw down over time, historical water data, visual observations of water levels, well drilling information, changes in neighboring land uses, the usage if other water sources such as city water or reservoirs, the timing of the development, etc. Use additional sheets if necessary.

= 0.5 af/yrExisting Use: Residence 0.5 af/yr : Winery 50,000 gal/yr @ 2.65 af/yr/100,000gal = 1.33 af/yr $= \frac{10.7 \text{ af/yr}}{12.5 \text{ af/yr}}$: Vineyard 21.3 ac @ 0.5 af/yr/ac

Proposed Use: Winery 100,000 gal/yr @ 2.65 af/yr /100,000 gal = 2.65 af/yr = 10.3 af/yr13.0 af/yr: Vineyard 20.6 ac @ 0.5 af/yr/ac

Proposed demand will, be reduced by use of treated process wastewater for vineyard irrigation.

Conclusion: Congratulations! Just sign the form and you are done! Public works staff will now compare your projected future water usage with a threshold of use as determined for your parcel(s) size, location, topography, rainfall, soil types, historical water data for your area, and other hydrogeologic information. They will use the above information to evaluate if your proposed project will have a detrimental effect or groundwater levels and/or neighboring well levels. Should that evaluation result in a determination that your project may adversely impact neighboring water levels, a phase two water analysis may be required. You will be advised of such a decision.

Date: 7/03/10/ Phone: 707 252-3301

NAPA COUNTY UNIFIED PROGRAM CONSOLIDATED FORM FACILITY INFORMATION

PHEINESS ACTIVITIES

BUSINESS ACT	IVITIES		generalisti (potenti esta esta esta esta esta esta esta esta	
				Page 1 of
I. FACILITY IDENTI	CICATION			
	FICATION	EPA ID#(Hazardous Wa	ste Only)
FACILITY ID # (Agency Use Only)				
BUSINESS NAME (Same as Facility Name of DBA-Doing Business As) Summer E	state wines	3		10
BUSINESS SITE ADDRESS 1171 Tubbs Lane			104 CA	ZIP CODE 94515 10
BUSINESS SITE CITY Calistoga			CA	
Poth Summers	- LD LETON		PHONE	(707) 942-5506
II. ACTIVITIES DECI	ARATION	Owner/Or	nerator Ide	ntification page.
NOTE: If you check YES to any part of this list, please submi	If Ves r	lease comp	lete these pa	ges of the UPCF
Does your facility	11 1 cs, p	nease comp	10:00 11:00 p.	
A. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Have on site (for any purpose) at any one time, hazardous materials at or above 55 gallons for liquids, 500 pounds for solids, or 200 cubic feet for compressed gases (include liquids in ASTs and USTs); or the applicable Federal threshold quantity for an extremely hazardous substance specified in 40 CFR Part 355, Appendix A or B; or handle radiological materials in quantities for which an emergency plan is required pursuant to 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 or 70?	□ YES 12 NO) 4		US MATERIALS Y – CHEMICAL ON
B. REGULATED SUBSTANCES Have Regulated Substances stored onsite in quantities greater than the threshold quantities established by the California Accidental Release	YES ON	/) 4a	Coordinate responsible	with your local agency for CalARP.
prevention Program (CalARP)? C. UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS (USTs)			1	LITY (Formerly SWRCB Form A)
Own or operate underground storage tanks?	YES UN	O 5	UST TANK	(one page per tank) (Formerly Form E
D. ABOVE GROUND PETROLEUM STORAGE Own or operate ASTs above these thresholds: Store greater than 1,320 gallons of petroleum products (new or used) in aboveground tanks or containers.	Oves ON	O 8	NO FORM	REQUIRED TO CUPAs
E. HAZARDOUS WASTE	,	,		
Generate hazardous waste?	VES ON	O 9	EPA ID NU	JMBER – provide at the top of
Recycle more than 100 kg/month of excluded or exempted recyclable materials (per HSC 25143.2)?	O'ES ON	O 10		BLE MATERIALS REPORT
Treat hazardous waste on-site?	YES ON	, 10 11	TREATME ON-SITE I	HAZARDOUS WASTE ENT – FACILITY HAZARDOUS WASTE ENT – UNIT (one page per unit)
Treatment subject to financial assurance requirements (for Permit by Rule and Conditional Authorization)?	YES (V)	IO 12	CERTIFIC ASSURAN	ATION OF FINANCIAL
Consolidate hazardous waste generated at a remote site?	OYES ON	IO 13	REMOTE SITE ANN	WASTE / CONSOLIDATIO IUAL NOTIFICATION
Need to report the closure/removal of a tank that was classified as hazardous waste and cleaned on-site?	OYES ON	NO 14	HAZARD CLOSURI	OUS WASTE TANK E CERTIFICATION
Generate in any single calendar month 1,000 kilograms (kg) (2,200 pounds) or more of federal RCRA hazardous waste, or generate in any single calendar month, or accumulate at any time, 1 kg (2.2 pounds) of RCRA acute hazardous waste; or generate or accumulate at any time more than 100 kg (220 pounds) of spill cleanup materials contaminated with RCRA acute hazardous waste.	YES ON	NO 14a	Biennial	deral EPA ID Number, file Report (EPA Form 8700- and satisfy requirements for arge Quantity Generator.
Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) Collection site?	YES (V)	NO 14b	See CUPA	A for required forms.
F. LOCAL REQUIREMENTS (You may also be required to provide additional information by your CUPA)	or local agency.)			UPCF Rev. (12/2007



A Tradition of Stewardship A Commitment to Service

Planning, Building & Environmental Services - Hillary Gitelman, Director 1195 Third Street, Napa, CA 94559 - (707) 253-4417 - www.countyofnapa.org

Project name & APN: Summer Estate Wines 017-160-010
Project number if known:
Contact person: Beth Summers
Contact email & phone number: beth@summerswinery.com 942-5508
Today's date: June 26, 2014

Voluntary Best Management Practices Checklist for Development Projects

Napa County General Plan Policy CON-65 (e) and Policy CON-67 (d) requires the consideration of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions in the review of discretionary projects and to promote and encourage "green building" design. The below Best Management Practices (BMPs) reduce GHG emissions through energy and water conservation, waste reduction, efficient transportation, and land conservation. The voluntary checklist included here should be consulted early in the project and be considered for inclusion in new development. It is not intended, and likely not possible for all projects to adhere to all of the BMPs. Rather, these BMPs provide a portfolio of options from which a project could choose, taking into consideration cost, cobenefits, schedule, and project specific requirements. Please check the box for all BMPs that your project proposes to include and include a separate narrative if your project has special circumstances.

Practices with Measurable GHG Reduction Potential

The following measures reduce GHG emissions and if needed can be calculated. They are placed in descending order based on the amount of emission reduction potential. Aiready Plan Doing To Do ID# **BMP Name** BMP-1 Generation of on-site renewable energy If a project team designs with alternative energy in mind at the conceptual stage it can be integrated into the design. For instance, the roof can be oriented, sized, and engineered to accommodate photovoltaic (PV) panels. If you intend to do this BMP, please indicate the location of the proposed PV panels on the building elevations or the location of the ground mounted PV array on the site plan. Please indicate the total annual energy demand and the total annual kilowatt hours produced or purchased and the potential percentage reduction of electrical consumption. Please contact staff or refer to the handout to calcuate how much electrical energy your project may need. Existing and proposed roofs are oriented for installation of PV; the proposed tank farm will be pre-plumbed for that purpose BMP-2 Preservation of developable open space in a conservation easement Please indicate the amount and location of developable land (i.e.: under 30% slope and not in creek setbacks or environmentally sensitive areas for vineyards) conserved in a permanent easement to prohibit future development.

Iready Doing	Plan To Do			
		BMP-3	Napa County setback redu retention sw	toration or new vegetation (e.g. planting of additional trees over 1/2 acre) is famous for its land stewardship and preservation. Restoring areas within the creek ces erosion potential while planting areas that are currently hardscape (such as doing a bio- ale rather than underground storm drains) reduces storm water and helps the groundwater anting trees can also increase the annual uptake of CO2e and add the County's carbon stock.
		BMP-4	The magnitu on the analy. Number of Typical ann Number of Type of fue	fuel and electrical vehicles in fleet de of GHG reductions achieved through implementation of this measure varies depending sis year, equipment, and fuel type replaced. total vehicles ual fuel consumption or VMT alternative fuel vehicles I/vehicle(s) nnual fuel or VMT savings
		BMP-5	The Californi measures for higher levels measures the use less ener improvemen energy prere	e 24 energy efficiency standards: Build to CALGREEN Tier 2 a Building Code update effective January 1, 2011 has new mandatory green building rall new construction and has been labeled CALGREEN. CALGREEN provides two voluntary labeled CALGREEN Tier I and CALGREEN Tier II. Each tier adds a further set of green building at go above and beyond the mandatory measures of the Code. In both tiers, buildings will gy than the current Title 24 California Energy Code. Tier I buildings achieve at least a 15% t and Tier 2 buildings are to achieve a 30% improvement. Both tiers require additional non-quisites, as well as a certain number of elective measures in each green building category iency, water efficiency, resource conservation, indoor air quality and community).
		вмр-6	Selecting this reducing ann	les Traveled (VMT) reduction plan s BMP states that the business operations intend to implement a VMT reduction plan hual VMTs by at least 15%.) for what your Transportation Demand Management Plan will/does include: employee incentives employee carpool or vanpool priority parking for efficient transporation (hybrid vehicles, carpools, etc.) bike riding incentives bus transportation for large marketing events Other:
				Estimated annual VMT
				Potential annual VMT saved % Change

-	Plan To Do	BMP-7	Exceed Title 24 energy efficiency standards: Build to CALGREEN Tier 1 See description below under BMP-5.
		ВМР-8	Solar hot water heating Solar water heating systems include storage tanks and solar collectors. There are two types of solar water heating systems: active, which have circulating pumps and controls, and passive, which don't. Both of them would still require additional heating to bring them to the temperature necessary for domestic purposes. They are commonly used to heat swimming pools.
		вмр-9	Energy conserving lighting Lighting is approximately 25% of typical electrical consumption. This BMP recommends installing or replacing existing light bulbs with energy-efficient compact fluorescent (CF) bulbs or Light Emitting Diode (LED) for your most-used lights. Although they cost more initially, they save money in the long run by using only 1/4 the energy of an ordinary incandescent bulb and lasting 8-12 times longer. Typical payback from the initial purchase is about 18 months. Energy conserving lighting was installed in the winery in
		BMP-10	Energy Star Roof/Living Roof/Cool Roof Most roofs are dark-colored. In the heat of the full sun, the surface of a black roof can reach temperatures of 158 to 194 °F. Cool roofs, on the other hand, offer both immediate and long-term benefits including reduced building heat-gain and savings of up to 15% the annual air-conditioning energy use of a single-story building. A cool roof and a green roof are different in that the green roof provides living material to act as a both heat sink and thermal mass on the roof which provides both winter warming and summer cooling. A green (living) roof also reduces storm water runoff.
Ø			Bicycle Incentives Napa County Zoning Ordinance requires 1 bicycle rack per 20 parking spaces (§18.110.040). Incentives that go beyond this requirement can include on-site lockers for employees, showers, and for visitor's items such as directional signs and information on biking in Napa. Be creative! We welcome and have many guests who arrive by bicycle. Locking facilities are provided.
			Bicycle route improvements Refer to the Napa County Bicycle Plan (NCPTA, December 2011) and note on the site plan the nearest bike routes. Please note proximity, access, and connection to existing and proposed bike lanes (Class I: Completely separated right-of-way; Class II: Striped bike lane; Class III: Signed Bike Routes). Indicate bike accessibility to project and any proposed improvements as part of the project on the site plan or describe below.

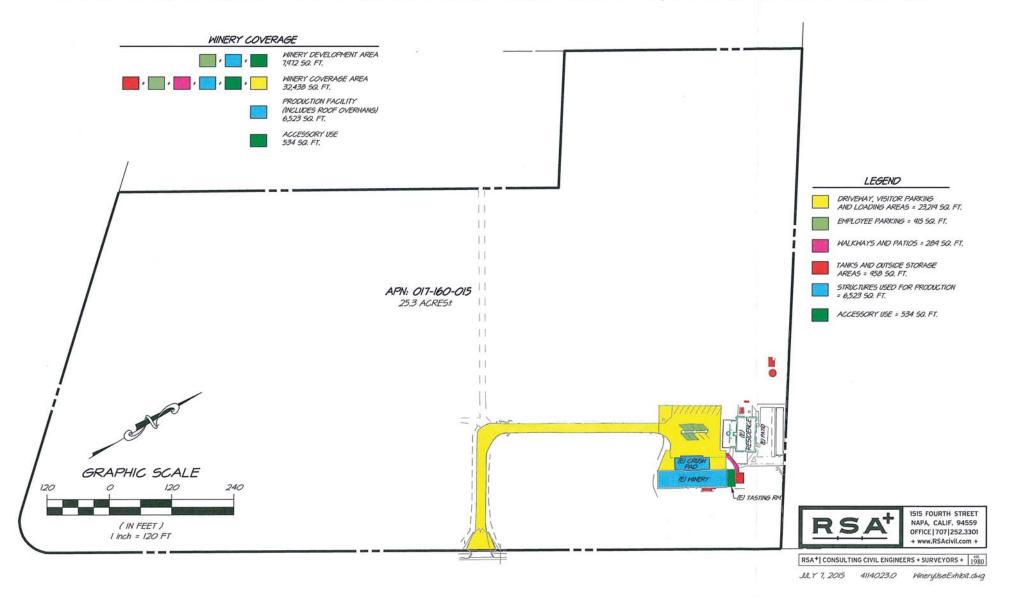
Already Doing	Plan To Do	BMP-13	Connection to recycled water
			Recycled water has been further treated and disinfected to provide a non-potable (non-drinking water) water supply. Using recycled water for irrigation in place of potable or groundwater helps conserve water resources.
		BMP-14	Install Water Efficient fixtures WaterSense, a partnership program by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency administers the review of products and services that have earned the WaterSense label. Products have been certified to be at least 20 percent more efficient without sacrificing performance. By checking this box you intend to install water efficient fixtures or fixtures that conserve water by 20%. Water efficient fixtures will be installed in the new tasting room as part of the conversion.
		BMP-15	Low-impact development (LID) LID is an approach to land development (or re-development) that works with nature to manage storm water as close to its source as possible. LID employs principles such as preserving and recreating natural landscape features, minimizing effective imperviousness to create functional and appealing site drainage that treat storm water as a resource rather than a waste product. There are many practices that have been used to adhere to these principles such as bioretention facilities, rain gardens, vegetated rooftops, rain barrels, and permeable pavements. By implementing LID principles and practices, water can be managed in a way that reduces the impact of built areas and promotes the natural movement of water within an ecosystem or watershed. Please indicate on the site or landscape plan how your project is designed in this way.
	Ø		Water efficient landscape If your project is a residential development proposing in excess of 5,000 sq. ft. or a commercial development proposing in excess of 2,500 sq. ft. The project will be required to comply with the Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (WELO). Please check the box if you will be complying with WELO or If your project is smaller than the minimum requirement and you are still proposing drought tolerant, zeroscape, native plantings, zoned irrigation or other water efficient landscape. Water efficient landscaping will be installed as part the parking lot upgrade. Drought tolerant plantings are used in and around the proposed tasting room
			Recycle 75% of all waste Did you know that the County of Napa will provide recycling collectors for the interior of your business at no additional charge? With single stream recycling it is really easy and convenient to meet this goal. To qualify for this BMP, your business will have to be aggressive, proactive and purchase with this goal in mind.

Plan To Do		
	BMP-18	Compost 75% food and garden material The Napa County food composting program is for any business large or small that generates food scraps and compostable, including restaurants, hotels, wineries, assisted living facilities, grocery stores, schools, manufacturers, cafeterias, coffee shops, etc. All food scraps (including meat & dairy) as well as soiled paper and other compostable - see http://www.naparecycling.com/foodcomposting for more details.
\square	BMP-19	Implement a sustainable purchasing and shipping programs Environmentally Preferable Purchasing (EPP) or Sustainable Purchasing refers to the procurement of products and services that have a reduced effect on human health and the environment when compared with competing products or services that serve the same purpose. By selecting this BMP, you agree to have an EPP on file for your employees to abide by.
	вмр-20	Planting of shade trees within 40 feet of the south side of the building elevation Well-placed trees can help keep your building cool in summer. If you choose a deciduous tree after the leaves drop in autumn, sunlight will warm your building through south and west-facing windows during the colder months. Well-designed landscaping can reduce cooling costs by 20%. Trees deliver more than energy and cost savings; they are important carbon sinks. Select varieties that require minimal care and water, and can withstand local weather extremes. Fruit or nut trees that produce in your area are great choices, providing you with local food as well as shade. Please use the site or landscape plan to indicate where trees are proposed and which species you are using.
		Tubbs Lane frontage landscaping provides summer time shading for both the production building and
		Electrical Vehicle Charging Station(s) As plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (EV) and battery electric vehicle ownership is expanding, there is a growing need for widely distributed accessible charging stations. Please indicate on the site plan where the station will be.
		Public Transit Accessibility Refer to http://www.ridethevine.com/vine and indicate on the site plan the closest bus stop/route. Please indicate if the site is accessed by transit or by a local shuttle. Provide an explanation of any incentives for visitors and employees to use public transit. Incentives can include bus passes, informational hand outs, construction of a bus shelter, transportation from bus stop, etc.
		BMP-19 BMP-20 BMP-21 BMP-21

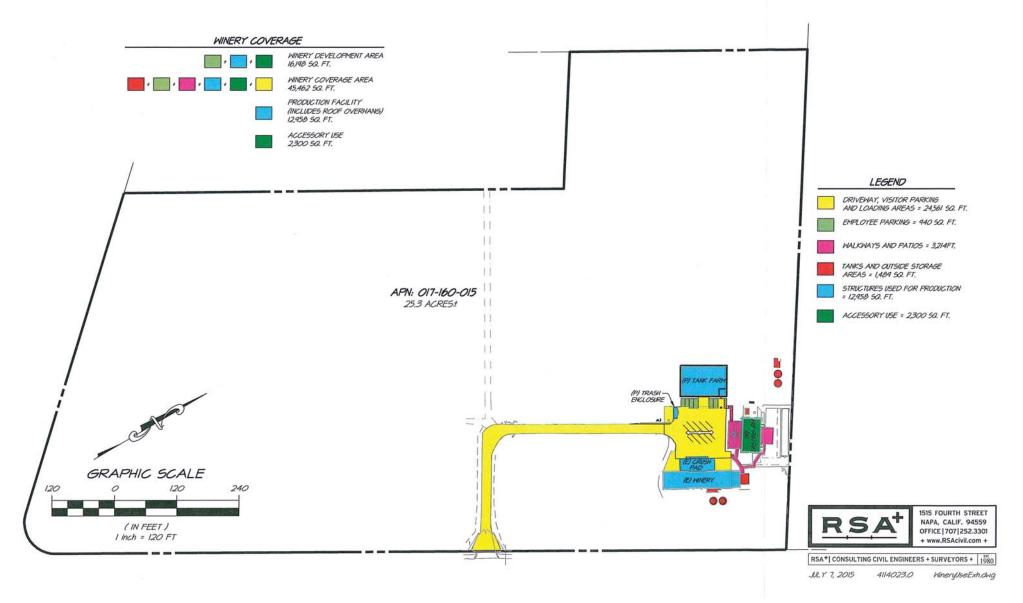
Iready Doing	Plan To Do	BMP-23	
		5,000	Site Design that is oriented and designed to optimize conditions for natural heating, cooling, and day lighting of interior spaces, and to maximize winter sun exposure; such as a cave. The amount of energy a cave saves is dependent on the type of soil, the microclimate, and the user's request for temperature control. Inherently a cave or a building burned into the ground saves energy because the ground is a consistent temperature and it reduces the amount of heating and cooling required. On the same concept, a building that is oriented to have southern exposure for winter warmth and shading for summer cooling with an east-west cross breeze will naturally heat, cool, and ventilate the structure without using energy. Please check this box if your design includes a cave or exceptional site design that takes into consideration the natural topography and sitting. Be prepared to explain your approach and estimated energy savings.
		BMP-24	Limit the amount of grading and tree removal Limiting the amount of earth disturbance reduces the amount of CO2 released from the soil and mechanical equipment. This BMP is for a project design that either proposes a project within an already disturbed area proposing development that follows the natural contours of the land, and that doesn't require substantial grading or tree removal.
		BMP-25	Will this project be designed and built so that it could qualify for LEED? BMP-25 (a)
		Pract	tices with Un-Measured GHG Reduction Potential
	7	BMP-26	Are you, or do you intend to become a Certified Green Business or certified as a"Napa Green Winery"? As part of the Bay Area Green Business Program, the Napa County Green Business Program is a free, voluntary program that allows businesses to demonstrate the care for the environment by going above and beyond business as usual and implementing environmentally friendly business practices. For more information check out the Napa County Green Business and Winery Program at www.countyofnapa.org.
		вмр-27	Are you, or do you intend to become a Certified "Napa Green Land"? Napa Green Land, fish friendly farming, is a voluntary, comprehensive, "best practices" program for vineyards. Napa Valley vintners and growers develop farm-specific plans tailored to protect and enhance the ecological quality of the region, or create production facility programs that reduce energy and water use, waste and pollution. By selecting this measure either you are certified or you are in the process of certification.

Already Doing	Plan To Do		
	V	BMP-28	Use of recycled materials There are a let of materials in the market that are made from recycled contant. But inking this box, you
			There are a lot of materials in the market that are made from recycled content. By ticking this box, you are committing to use post-consumer products in your construction and your ongoing operations.
		BMP-29	Local food production
			There are many intrinsic benefits of locally grown food, for instance reducing the transportation emissions, employing full time farm workers, and improving local access to fresh fruits and vegetables.
П	7	BMP-30	Education to staff and visitors on sustainable practices
Constant			This BMP can be performed in many ways. One way is to simply put up signs reminding employees to do simple things such as keeping the thermostat at a consistent temperature or turning the lights off after you leave a room. If the project proposes alternative energy or sustainable winegrowing, this BMP could include explaining those business practices to staff and visitors.
П	П	DN/ID_21	Use 70-80% cover crop
لــا	Ш	DIVIF-31	Cover crops reduce erosion and the amount of tilling which is required, which releases carbon into the environment.
V		BMP-32	Retain biomass removed via pruning and thinning by chipping the material and reusing it
			rather than burning on-site By selecting this BMP, you agree not to burn the material pruned on site.
	,		
Ц	L	BMP-33	Are you participating in any of the above BMPS at a 'Parent' or outside location?
		BMP-34	Are you doing anything that deserves acknowledgement that isn't listed above?
		Commer	nts and Suggestions on this form?

SUMMERS WINERY EXISTING WINERY COVERAGE AND ACCESSORY/PRODUCTION RATIO



SUMMERS WINERY PROPOSED WINERY COVERAGE AND ACCESSORY/PRODUCTION RATIO



SUMMERS ESTATE WINES EXISTING VINEYARD AREA CALISTOGA CALIFORNIA



SUMMERS ESTATE WINES PROPOSED VINEYARD AREA CALISTOGA CALIFORNIA



