

A Tradition of Stewardship A Commitment to Service

Napa County

file № <u>P13-00167-uP/va</u> P13-00185·VAR.

Conservation, Development, and Planning Department

1195 Third Street, Suite 210, Napa, California, 94559 phone (707) 253-4417 web www.countyofnapa.org/cdp/ email cdp@countyofnapa.org

| | Use Pe | ermit Application | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|---|
| Application Type: | Resubmittal(s): | 8-15-20:3 | | Date Complete | |
| wine production facility, 816± so 2,400± sq. ft., open-air pavilion site parking spaces. A variance administrative office building 160 setback. | for hospitality/marketing us request to allow the constr | se; relocate existing drivewa | e office buy and cons | ilding with confere truct a new 20' wi | ence rooms; use an existing de driveway; provide 19 on |
| *Application Fee Deposit: \$ | Receipt No | Receive | d by: | - | _ Date: |
| | | npleted by applicant | | | ed on actual time and materia |
| Project Name: LMR Rutherford Esta | | | | | |
| Assessor's Parcel №: <u>030-100-016</u> | | E | xisting Pa | rcel Size: 30 | 26 |
| Site Address/Location: 1790 St Helena No. Street | Highway South, R | utherford, CA 9457 | 3 | | ac. |
| Primary Contact: | Applicant | Representative (att | City | State gineer, consulting | z _{ip} g planner, etc.) |
| Property Owner: LMR Rutherford Pa | artners, LLC | | | | ,, |
| Mailing Address: PO Box 477, Ruther | ford, CA 94573 | | | | |
| Telephone №(707) 963 - 5268 | _ E-Mail: <u>tedhall@l</u> | ongmeadowranch.co | City Om | State | Zip |
| Applicant (if other than property owner): | | | | | |
| Mailing Address: | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| No. Street Telephone Nº() | | | City | State | Zip |
| Representative (if applicable): Albion Su | | | | All the second s | |
| Mailing Address: 1113 Hunt Avenue, S | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| No. Street Telephone №(707) 963 - 1217 | E-Mail: jwebb@all | pionsurveys.com | City | State | Zip |

CONSULTING LAND SURVEYORS

1113 Hunt Avenue, St. Helena, CA 94574 (707) 963-1217 ◆ FAX (707) 963-1829 E-Mail: jwebb@albionsurveys.com

PROJECT NARRATIVE

(LMR Rutherford Estate Winery Use Permit and Variance)

The purpose of this Application is to request a Use Permit to construct a winery with a production capacity of 100,000 gallons. The accompanying Variance application is being filed to obtain approval to construct the Winery and Office within the 600 foot setback of Highway 29. 70,000 gallons of the Winery production will be for white wine utilizing estate fruit from the subject property and adjoining properties also owned by the applicant. The remaining 30,000 gallons of production will be for red wine grapes, 18,000 gallons (100 tons) of which will be estate fruit and the remaining 12,000 gallons (70 tons) of red grapes will be delivered to the property. Public roads WILL NOT be used to transport the white grapes or 100 tons of red grapes from neighboring properties, thus only 70 tons of red grapes will be brought to the winery utilizing Public roads.

There currently exist on the property a developed commercial farming area which includes a farm labor dwelling, 2 wells, a barn which will be removed to accommodate the winery, an open air pavilion, a water tower, a bathroom building, a greenhouse (to be relocated) and a few outbuildings. One existing well will serve the existing dwelling and the second existing well will serve the winery. There is an existing left turn lane in Highway 29 which will serve the Winery. The existing access driveway to the property will be closed and relocated approximately 50 feet to the north. This will allow access to the winery utilizing the existing left turn lane on Highway 29. The proposed relocated driveway will be reconstructed to Napa County Road and Street Standards.

The proposed winery production buildings will have a total indoor floor area of 11,000 square feet and will include crushing, fermenting, aging, bottling, shipping and receiving. The remaining area devoted to production will include 4164 square feet of outside covered fermentation tank area and a 4164 square foot covered crush pad, bringing the total area devoted to production to 20,144 square feet (includes storage barn described below). The indoor building area devoted to administration, marketing and visitation total 164 square feet.

The existing developed commercial farming area on the site, which is approximately 230 feet south of the proposed production building, will remain in commercial gardens and some buildings will be converted to Winery hospitality, marketing, storage and offices. The existing parking area will be for the use of visitors and increased from the current 4 spaces to 12 spaces. The existing 2400 square foot open air pavilion will be utilized as the hospitality area with no changes proposed to the pavilion. The existing bathroom building will be remodeled inside and utilized by visitors and employees. The water tower (garden storage) and farm labor dwelling will remain in their current use. A new 1360 square foot office building will be constructed in this area along with a new 816 square foot winery equipment storage barn. A 20' (18 and 2) foot wide driveway and parking lot (7 parking spaces) will serve the office building and storage barn. Visitors will not drive to the production area from the hospitality area, visitors going to the production area will be pedestrians utilizing existing and proposed pathways.

There are currently 4 full time employees operating the garden and orchard, 2 of which live in the farm labor dwelling. The winery will be operated by 9 employees, 6 full time and 3 part time. Daily visitation by appointment only is proposed for up to 50 people per day. A marketing plan is also outlined in the attached Supplemental Application for Winery Uses.

(Rev 4/21/14)

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Napa County Planning, Building & Environmental Services

| | ormation Sheet | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Use | | | | | | |
| Narrative description of the proposed use (please attach additional sheets as necessary): See attached Narrative sheet | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| What, if any, additional licenses or approvals will be required to allow the use? | | | | | | |
| District | Regional | | | | | |
| State | Federal | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

improvements

Narrative description of the proposed on-site and off-site improvements (please attach additional sheets as necessary):

All improvements for the project will be on site except for possible widening in the Caltrans right of way for tapering the approach to the existing driveway and the exit from the existing driveway. On-site improvements will include the Production Facility which is comprised of 2 buildings totaling 11,000 square feet, a 4,160 square foot covered crush pad, a 4,160 square foot covered tank pad and an 816 square foot equipment storage barn. The existing road serving the Production Facility will be brought up to current County Road and Street Standards. The buildings will contain tank and barrel storage areas along with a winemaker's office, 2 bathrooms and a lab/breakroom. Water holding tanks will be installed for winery process use and for fire protection. A new septic system will be installed for Winery process waste and Domestic sanitary waste,

The hospitality area, additional offices and equipment barn will be separated from the production area in an area currently developed with buildings and gardens. In the hospitality area there is an existing 2400 square foot open air pavilion which will be utilized for tastings and marketing. Additionally, there is an existing bathroom building adjacent to the pavilion which will be utilized by visitors and employees. A new 1360 square foot office building with a conference room is proposed and will be located near the hospitality area. A new 20 foot wide access road to the office building will be constructed and only used by employees to access the offices.

REASONS FOR GRANTING A VARIANCE

1. Please describe what exceptional or extraordinary circumstances or conditions apply to your property (including the size, shape, topography, location or surroundings), which do not apply generally to other land, buildings, or use and because of which, the strict application of the zoning district regulations deprives your property of the privileges enjoyed by other property in the vicinity and under identical zoning classification.

This property is located on Highway 29 in Rutherford. The proposed location of the winery does not meet the 600 foot setback requirement from Highway 29. Although the property is square in shape, 2/3 of the property is in the AE Flood Zone thus creating a narrow, rectangular development area outside of the flood zone. In order to develop the winery in the flood zone, a tremendous amount of earthwork would be required to construct the facility. The unique shape of the developable area outside of the flood zone create an exceptional and extraordinary hardship that is unique to this property and not common to many properties in Napa Valley. By adhering to the strict application of the Zoning regulations, it would not be possible to build a functional Winery. The strict application of the Zonong regulations would

create an extraordinary hardship on this property and most likely prohibit a Winery.

2. Please state why the granting of your variance request is necessary for the preservation attached Page) and enjoyment of your substantial property rights.

The AP Zoning district allows a winery on this property subject to the approval of a Use Permit. The property complies with the development standards for a winery except for the 600 foot setback. All of the findings necessary for the granting of a Use Permit can be made and the project is consistent with the General Plan. The granting of the variance is necessary to allow approval of the Use Permit for the winery, and the preservation and enjoyment of property rights enjoyed by others in the AP zoning. Due to the unique shape of the development area and the environmental characteristics of the property, this variance will not be a grant of special privelage inconsistent with the limitations on other properties.

3. Please state why the granting of your variance request will not adversely affect the health or safety of persons residing or working in the neighborhood of your property, and will not be materially detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to property or improvements in your neighborhood.

The health and safety of the neighborhood and of the County will not be affected by this project because with the approval of the lesser setbacks, the winery will be built in an area already developed, and the earthwork and grading will be dramatically reduced by not being in the AE Flood Zone. The winery will be screened from the highway and neighbors by vineyards and landscaping. The granting of the Variance will allow the winery to be built on the property in areas which are developed, will minimize earthwork

and will benefit the County and the neighborhood because it will be less visible to neighbors and the public and it will reduce traffic on County Roads and Highway 29 during construction and for the transport of

grapes once the winery is operationg. The Variance will also allow the protection of prime agriculture soils.

Reasons For Granting a Variance

1. Continued......

The rear property line of the property is Bale Slough and has indications there may be Archeological sensitivities near and around the slough. By granting the variance, the County is protecting a natural resource and environmentally sensitive area because the variance will allow the winery to be built in an area a safe distance from these sensitivities.

The property is currently utilized as a commercial working farm and orchard. The best and the worst soils on the property have been identified. A Variance is being requested for the Highway 29 setback location of the proposed office building and equipment barn to keep intact the best farming principles in an Agricultural Preserve area. These are the only new, proposed buildings within the existing farming compound area. All other proposed winery buildings within the farming compound area are existing structures. The two proposed buildings are being placed in; a) an area with soils not suitable for farming, b) an area outside of the AE floodzone and c) an area within the farming compound which is already disturbed thus eliminating unnecessary grading of quality soils and keeping the sensitive farming nature of the property intact.

| Improvements, cont. | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|
| Total on-site parking spaces: | 4 | existing | <u>15</u> | proposed | |
| Loading areas: | 0 | existing | 1 | proposed | |
| Type IV H.T. (Heavy Tim | Type II N (non-rate | ed) Type III : | Type V (no | n-rated) | |
| Is the project located in an Urban/Wildland Interface | area? | Yes 🗸 | No | | |
| Total land area to be disturbed by project (include st | ructures, roads, sept | ic areas, landscapin | g, etc): <u>0.9</u> | | acres |
| Employment and Hours of Operat | ion | | | | |
| Days of operation: | | existing | | 7 | proposed |
| Hours of operation: | | existing | | 7-6 | proposed |
| Anticipated number of employee shifts: | | existing | | 1 | proposed |
| Anticipated shift hours: | | existing | | 7-6 | proposed |
| Maximum Number of on-site employees: 10 or fewer 11-24 25 or g Alternately, you may identify a specific number of or other (specify number) 9winery4gard | greater (specify num n-site employees: | ber) | | | |
| Outlet (Specify Harrison) | | | | | |

Certification and Indemnification

Applicant certifies that all the information contained in this application, including all information required in the Checklist of Required Application Materials and any supplemental submitted information including, but not limited to, the information sheet, water supply/waste disposal information sheet, site plan, floor plan, building elevations, water supply/waste disposal system site plan and toxic materials list, is complete and accurate to the best of his/her knowledge. Applicant and property owner hereby authorize such investigations including access to County Assessor's Records as are deemed necessary by the County Planning Division for preparation of reports related to this application, including the right of access to the property involved.

Pursuant to Chapter 1.30 of the Napa County Code, as part of the application for a discretionary land use project approval for the project identified below, Applicant agrees to defend, indemnify, release and hold harmless Napa County, its agents, officers, attorneys, employees, departments, boards and commissions (hereafter collectively "County") from any claim, action or proceeding (hereafter collectively "proceeding") brought against County, the purpose of which is to attack, set aside, void or annul the discretionary project approval of the County, or an action relating to this project required by any such proceeding to be taken to comply with the California Environmental Quality Act by County, or both. This indemnification shall include, but not be limited to damages awarded against the County, if any, and cost of suit, attorneys' fees, and other liabilities and expenses incurred in connection with such proceeding that relate to this discretionary approval or an action related to this project taken to comply with CEQA whether incurred by the Applicant, the County, and/or the parties initiating or bringing such proceeding. Applicant further agrees to indemnify the County for all of County's costs, attorneys' fees, and damages, which the County incurs in enforcing this indemnification agreement.

Applicant further agrees, as a condition of project approval, to defend, indemnify and hold harmless the County for all costs incurred in additional investigation of or study of, or for supplementing, redrafting, revising, or amending any document (such as an EIR, negative declaration, specific plan, or general plan amendment) if made necessary by said proceeding and if the Applicant desires to pursue securing approvals which are conditioned on the approval of such documents.

In the event any such proceeding is brought, County shall promptly notify the Applicant of the proceeding, and County shall cooperate fully in the defense. If County fails to promptly notify the Applicant of the proceeding, or if County fails to cooperate fully in the defense, the Applicant shall not thereafter be responsible to defend, indemnify, or hold harmless the County. The County shall retain the right to participate in the defense of the proceeding if it bears its own attorneys' fees and costs, and defends the action in good faith. The Applicant shall not be required to pay or perform any settlement unless the settlement is approved by the Applicant.

| LMR Rutherford Partners, LLC-Ted | Hall | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|--|------|
| Print Name of Property Owner | 5-15-13 | Print Name Signature of Applicant (if different) | |
| Signature of Property Owner | Date | Signature of Applicant | Date |

| Suppleme | ntal Applica | tion for Wine | ery Uses | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | |
| Operations | | | | |
| Please indicate whether the activity or uses below are alreapplication, whether they are <u>NEWLY PROPOSED</u> as part | eady legally <u>EXISTI</u> of this application, | NG , whether they ex , or whether they are | ist and are proposed to be neither existing nor propo | EXPANDED as part of this sed (NONE). |
| Retail Wine Sales | Existing | Expanded | Newly Proposed | None |
| Tours and Tasting- Open to the Public | Existing | | | |
| Tours and Tasting- By Appointment | Existing | Expanded | ✓ Newly Proposed | None |
| Food at Tours and Tastings | Existing | Expanded | Newly Proposed | None |
| Marketing Events* | Existing | Expanded | Newly Proposed | None |
| Food at Marketing Events | Existing | Expanded | Newly Proposed | None |
| Will food be prepared | | n-Site? Ca | tered? | |
| Public display of art or wine-related items | Existing | Expanded | Newly Proposed | ✓ None |
| * For reference please see definition of "Marketing," at N | apa County Code § | 18.08.370 - <u>http://lib</u> | orary.municode.com/index. | aspx?clientId=16513 |
| Production Capacity * | | | | |
| Please identify the winery's | | | | |
| Existing production capacity: N/A | gal/y Per perr | mit Nº: | Permit da | ate: |
| Current maximum <u>actual</u> production: | | gal/y For what ye | ar? | HART BASE TO STATE OF THE STATE |
| Proposed production capacity: 100,000 | gal/ | у | | |
| * For this section, please see "Winery Production Process | ." at page 11. | | | |
| Visitation and Hours of Operation | | | | |
| Please identify the winery's | | | | |
| Maximum daily tours and tastings visitation: | | existing | | proposed |
| Average daily tours and tastings visitation ¹ : | | existing | 30 | proposed |
| Visitation hours (e.g. M-Sa, 10am-4pm): | | existing | Daily, 10- | -4 proposed |
| Non-harvest Production hours ² : | | existing | 8-6 | proposed |

¹ Average daily visitation is requested primarily for purposes of environmental review and will not, as a general rule, provide a basis for any condition of approval limiting allowed winery visitation.
² It is assumed that wineries will operate up to 24 hours per day during crush.

Grape Origin

All new wineries and any existing (pre-WDO) winery expanding beyond its winery development area must comply with the 75% rule and complete the attached "Initial Statement of Grape Source". See Napa County Code §18.104.250 (B) & (C).

Marketing Program

Please describe the winery's proposed marketing program. Include event type, maximum attendance, food service details, etc. Differentiate between existing and proposed activities. (Attach additional sheets as necessary.)

All marketing events are proposed.

Hosted tours and tasting for wine trade personnel and consumers by appointment will occur daily with a maximum of 50 people per day between the hours of 10am and 4pm. Wine purchased at the Winery may be consumed on-premises consistent with Assembly Bill 2004.

Private promotional tasting and meals 24 times per year up to 35 people per event between the hours of 10am and 11pm.

Marketing events such as barrel tasting, auctions and other social events, including meals and music 6 times per year up to 60 people per event between the hours of 10am and 11pm.

Two harvest party events for up to 100 people per event between the hours of 10 am and 8 pm.

Parking for events will be on site in the vineyards and off site utilizing shuttle service.

Food Service

Please describe the nature of any proposed food service including type of food, frequency of service, whether prepared on site or not, kitchen equipment, eating facilities, etc. Please differentiate between existing and proposed food service. (Attach additional sheets as necessary.)

All food service is proposed, catered and prepared off-site.

Winery Coverage and Accessory/Production Ratio

| Winery Development Area indicate your proposed wi | a. Consistent with the nery development ar | e definition at "a.," ea. If the facility ali | at page 11 and eady exists, pl | d with the mark ease differentia | ed-up site plans in te between existi | ncluded in your subr ng and proposed. | nittal, please |
|--|---|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|------------------|
| Existing | 0 | | sq. ft. | | | acı | res |
| Proposed | 22,400 | | sq. ft. | 0.5 | | acı | res |
| Winery Coverage. Consiste your proposed winery coverage. | ent with the definitio erage (maximum 25% | n at "b.," at page 1 6 of parcel or 15 ac | 1 and with the res, whichever | marked-up site is less). | e plans included ir | ı your submittal, ple | ase indicate |
| 40,000 | sq. ft. | .9 | | acres | <u>3.</u> | 1 | % of parcel |
| <u>Production Facility</u> . Consist proposed <i>production</i> squa | re footage. If the faci | lity already exists, | please differen | itiate between | existing and propo | osea. | |
| Existing 0 | | sq. ft. | | Proposed | 20,144 | | sq. ft. |
| Accessory Use. Consisten proposed accessory squar production facility) Existing | e footage. If the facili 0 | ty already exists, p | lease different sq. ft. | iate between e | xisting and propos | submittal, please inc sed. (maximum = 40 % of proc | % or the |
| Proposed | 4164 | | sq. ft. | 21 | | % of prod | duction facility |
| Gaves and Crush If new or expanded caves None – no visitors/to Marketing Events and | are proposed please urs/events (Class I) | | he following b | | F | lity of the cave space | |
| Please identify the winer | y's | | | | | | |
| Cave area | Existing: 0 | | | _sq. ft. Pro | posed: 0 | | sq. ft |
| Covered crush pad area | Existing: 0 | | | _sq. ft. Pro | posed: 4164 | | sq. ft |
| Uncovered crush pad are | Existing: 0 | | | _sq. ft. Pro | posed: 0 | | sq. f |

Initial Statement of Grape Source

Pursuant to Napa County Zoning Ordinance Sections 12419(b) and (c), I hereby certify that the current application for establishment or expansion of a winery pursuant to the Napa County Winery Definition Ordinance will employ sources of grapes in accordance with the requirements of Section 12419(b) and/or (c) of that Ordinance.

Owner's Signature

Date

Letters of commitment from grape suppliers and supporting documents may be required prior to issuance of any building permits for the project. Recertification of compliance will be required on a periodic basis. Recertification after initiation of the requested wine production may require the submittal of additional information regarding individual grape sources. Proprietary information will not be disclosed to the public.

Water Supply/ Waste Disposal Information Sheet Water Supply Please attach completed Phase I Analysis sheet. **Domestic Emergency** Proposed source of water Tanks Well (e.g., spring, well, mutual water company, city, district, etc.): Name of proposed water supplier (if water company, city, district): Yes 🗸 No Yes No Is annexation needed? _gallons per day (gal/d) Current water use: Wells/Tanks Well Current water source: 669 gal/d gal/d Anticipated future water demand: 50&15 gal/m gal/m Water availability (in gallons/minute): 1000 gal Capacity of water storage system: Type of emergency water storage facility if applicable Tanks(proposed) (e.g., tank, reservoir, swimming pool, etc.): Liquid Waste Please attach Septic Feasibility Report Other Domestic sewage Type of waste: Disposal method (e.g., on-site septic system, on-site ponds, Septic community system, district, etc.): Name of disposal agency (if sewage district, city, community system): Yes 🗸 No Yes ✓ No Is annexation needed? 400 _gal/d gal/d Current waste flows (peak flow): see phase 1 gal/d gal/d Anticipated future waste flows (peak flow): see phase 1 gal/d gal/d Future waste disposal design capacity: Solid Waste and Recycling Storage and Disposal Please include location and size of solid waste and recycling storage area on site plans in accordance with the guidelines available at www.countyofnapa.org/dem. Hazardous and/or Toxic Materials If your facility generates hazardous waste or stores hazardous materials above threshold planning quantities (55 gallons liquid, 500 pounds solid or 200 cubic feet of compressed gas) then a hazardous materials business plan and/or a hazardous waste generator permit will be required. Grading Spoils Disposal Where will grading spoils be disposed of? (e.g. on-site, landfill, etc. If off-site, please indicate where off-site): Portion on-site, excess at approved off-site location

Winery Traffic Information / Trip Generation Sheet Traffic during a Typical Weekday Number of FT employees: 6 x 3.05 one-way trips per employee 18 daily trips. 6 Number of PT employees: 3 x 1.90 one-way trips per employee daily trips. Average number of weekday visitors: 30 / 2.6 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips 23 daily trips. 2 daily trips. Gallons of production: 100,000 / 1,000 x .009 truck trips daily³ x 2 one-way trips 49 daily trips. 17 _____PM peak trips. (No of FT employees) + (No of PT employees/2) + (sum of visitor and truck $\underline{\text{trips}} \times .38$) Traffic during a Typical Saturday Number of FT employees (on Saturdays): 1 x 3.05 one-way trips per employee = daily trips. _____daily trips. Number of PT employees (on Saturdays): 1 x 1.90 one-way trips per employee = 21 daily trips. Average number of Saturday visitors: 30 / 2. 8 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips 26 daily trips. 18 PM peak trips. (No of FT employees) + (No of PT employees/2) + (visitor $\underline{\text{trips}} \times .57$) Traffic during a Grush Saturday Number of FT employees (during crush): 6×3.05 one-way trips per employee = 18 _____daily trips. Number of PT employees (during crush): $\frac{3}{}$ x 1.90 one-way trips per employee = daily trips. daily trips. Average number of Saturday visitors: 25 /2. 8 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips = daily trips. Gallons of production: 100,000 / 1,000 x .009 truck trips daily x 2 one-way trips Avg. annual tons of grape on-haul: 70 / 144 truck trips daily 4 x 2 one-way trips ____daily trips. 45 daily trips. Total Largest Marketing Event- Additional Traffic Number of event staff (largest event): 8 x 2 one-way trips per staff person 16 Number of visitors (largest event): 100 / 2.8 visitors per vehicle x 2 one-way trips Number of special event truck trips (largest event): 2 x 2 one-way trips

Assumes 4 tons per trip / 36 crush days per year (see Traffic Information Sheet Addendum for reference).

³ Assumes 1.47 materials & supplies trips + 0.8 case goods trips per 1,000 gallons of production / 250 days per year (see *Traffic Information Sheet Addendum* for reference).



A Tradition of Stewardship A Commitment to Service

Planning, Building & Environmental Services - Hillary Gitelman, Director 1195 Third Street, Napa, CA 94559 - (707) 253-4417 - www.countyofnapa.org

| Project name & APN: LMR Rutherford Estate Winery, 030-100-0 |)16 |
|---|-------|
| Project number if known: | |
| Contact person: Jon Webb | |
| Contact email & phone number: jwebb@albionsurveys.com, 963- | -1217 |
| Today's date: 8-2-13 | |

Voluntary Best Management Practices Checklist for Development Projects

Napa County General Plan Policy CON-65 (e) and Policy CON-67 (d) requires the consideration of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions in the review of discretionary projects and to promote and encourage "green building" design. The below Best Management Practices (BMPs) reduce GHG emissions through energy and water conservation, waste reduction, efficient transportation, and land conservation. The voluntary checklist included here should be consulted early in the project and be considered for inclusion in new development. It is not intended, and likely not possible for all projects to adhere to all of the BMPs. Rather, these BMPs provide a portfolio of options from which a project could choose, taking into consideration cost, cobenefits, schedule, and project specific requirements. Please check the box for all BMPs that your project proposes to include and include a separate narrative if your project has special circumstances.

Practices with Measurable GHG Reduction Potential

The following measures reduce GHG emissions and if needed can be calculated. They are placed in descending order based on the amount of emission reduction potential. Already Plan Doing To Do ID# **BMP Name** BMP-1 Generation of on-site renewable energy If a project team designs with alternative energy in mind at the conceptual stage it can be integrated into the design. For instance, the roof can be oriented, sized, and engineered to accommodate photovoltaic (PV) panels. If you intend to do this BMP, please indicate the location of the proposed PV panels on the building elevations or the location of the ground mounted PV array on the site plan. Please indicate the total annual energy demand and the total annual kilowatt hours produced or purchased and the potential percentage reduction of electrical consumption. Please contact staff or refer to the handout to calcuate how much electrical energy your project may need. UP to a 100kw Photo-voltaic Array will be installed BMP-2 Preservation of developable open space in a conservation easement Please indicate the amount and location of developable land (i.e.: under 30% slope and not in creek setbacks or environmentally sensitive areas for vineyards) conserved in a permanent easement to prohibit future development.

Two Conservation Easements are in place on two adjoining 11 acre parcel owned by Applicant

| Iready Doing | Plan To Do | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|-------|---|--|
| | 7 | BMP-3 | Napa County is famous for its land stewardship setback reduces erosion potential while plantin retention swale rather than underground storm | g. planting of additional trees over 1/2 acre) and preservation. Restoring areas within the creek ag areas that are currently hardscape (such as doing a bio- n drains) reduces storm water and helps the groundwater annual uptake of CO2e and add the County's carbon stock. |
| | | | Teer (ppiloasie | |
| | 7 | ВМР-4 | Alternative fuel and electrical vehicles in The magnitude of GHG reductions achieved thr on the analysis year, equipment, and fuel type | ough implementation of this measure varies depending |
| | | | Number of total vehicles | 1 |
| | | | Typical annual fuel consumption or VMT | |
| | | | Number of alternative fuel vehicles | |
| | | | Type of fuel/vehicle(s) | Electric Not Sure |
| | | | Potential annual fuel or VMT savings | Not Sure |
| | | | measures for all new construction and has been higher levels labeled CALGREEN Tier I and CALC measures that go above and beyond the mand use less energy than the current Title 24 Califor improvement and Tier 2 buildings are to achiev | anuary 1, 2011 has new mandatory green building in labeled CALGREEN. CALGREEN provides two voluntary GREEN Tier II. Each tier adds a further set of green building atory measures of the Code. In both tiers, buildings will raia Energy Code. Tier I buildings achieve at least a 15% are a 30% improvement. Both tiers require additional non-ter of elective measures in each green building category onservation, indoor air quality and community). |
| | | | | |
| | | BMP-6 | reducing annual VMTs by at least 15%. Tick box(es) for what your Transportation | Prations intend to implement a VMT reduction plan Demand Management Plan will/does include: ransporation (hybrid vehicles, carpools, etc.) |
| | | | % Change | |

| Already Doing | Plan To Do | вмр-7 | Exceed Title 24 energy efficiency standards: Build to CALGREEN Tier 1 See description below under BMP-5. |
|------------------|---------------|--------|---|
| | | ВМР-8 | Solar hot water heating Solar water heating systems include storage tanks and solar collectors. There are two types of solar water heating systems: active, which have circulating pumps and controls, and passive, which don't. Both of them would still require additional heating to bring them to the temperature necessary for domestic purposes. They are commonly used to heat swimming pools. Not Proposed at this time |
| | | ВМР-9 | Energy conserving lighting Lighting is approximately 25% of typical electrical consumption. This BMP recommends installing or replacing existing light bulbs with energy-efficient compact fluorescent (CF) bulbs or Light Emitting Diode (LED) for your most-used lights. Although they cost more initially, they save money in the long run by using only 1/4 the energy of an ordinary incandescent bulb and lasting 8-12 times longer. Typical payback from the initial purchase is about 18 months. |
| | \square | ВМР-10 | Energy Star Roof/Living Roof/Cool Roof Most roofs are dark-colored. In the heat of the full sun, the surface of a black roof can reach temperatures of 158 to 194 °F. Cool roofs, on the other hand, offer both immediate and long-term benefits including reduced building heat-gain and savings of up to 15% the annual air-conditioning energy use of a single-story building. A cool roof and a green roof are different in that the green roof provides living material to act as a both heat sink and thermal mass on the roof which provides both winter warming and summer cooling. A green (living) roof also reduces storm water runoff. Cool Roof, anticipate SRI of 36 to 59 depending on the final roofing selection |
| | V | BMP-11 | Bicycle Incentives Napa County Zoning Ordinance requires 1 bicycle rack per 20 parking spaces (§18.110.040). Incentives that go beyond this requirement can include on-site lockers for employees, showers, and for visitor's items such as directional signs and information on biking in Napa. Be creative! |
| | V | BMP-12 | Bicycle route improvements Refer to the Napa County Bicycle Plan (NCPTA, December 2011) and note on the site plan the nearest bike routes. Please note proximity, access, and connection to existing and proposed bike lanes (Class I: Completely separated right-of-way; Class II: Striped bike lane; Class III: Signed Bike Routes). Indicate bike accessibility to project and any proposed improvements as part of the project on the site plan or describe below. Provide Access to Vine Trail Bike Path if Needed |

| Already Doing | Plan To Do | RMP-13 | Connection to recycled water |
|------------------|---------------|--------|--|
| u | | 5.00 | Recycled water has been further treated and disinfected to provide a non-potable (non-drinking water) water supply. Using recycled water for irrigation in place of potable or groundwater helps conserve water resources. |
| | V | BMP-14 | Install Water Efficient fixtures WaterSense, a partnership program by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency administers the review of products and services that have earned the WaterSense label. Products have been certified to be at least 20 percent more efficient without sacrificing performance. By checking this box you intend to install water efficient fixtures or fixtures that conserve water by 20%. Water efficient products will be installed, unsure at this time if they meet WaterSense guidelines |
| | | | Low-impact development (LID) LID is an approach to land development (or re-development) that works with nature to manage storm water as close to its source as possible. LID employs principles such as preserving and recreating natural landscape features, minimizing effective imperviousness to create functional and appealing site drainage that treat storm water as a resource rather than a waste product. There are many practices that have been used to adhere to these principles such as bioretention facilities, rain gardens, vegetated rooftops, rain barrels, and permeable pavements. By implementing LID principles and practices, water can be managed in a way that reduces the impact of built areas and promotes the natural movement of water within an ecosystem or watershed. Please indicate on the site or landscape plan how your project is designed in this way. Roof rain water may be diverted to tanks for landscape irrigation and proposed fire suppression tanks. |
| | 7 | | Water efficient landscape If your project is a residential development proposing in excess of 5,000 sq. ft. or a commercial development proposing in excess of 2,500 sq. ft. The project will be required to comply with the Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (WELO). Please check the box if you will be complying with WELO or If your project is smaller than the minimum requirement and you are still proposing drought tolerant, zeroscape, native plantings, zoned irrigation or other water efficient landscape. |
| | Ø | | Recycle 75% of all waste Did you know that the County of Napa will provide recycling collectors for the interior of your business at no additional charge? With single stream recycling it is really easy and convenient to meet this goal. To qualify for this BMP, your business will have to be aggressive, proactive and purchase with this goal in mind. Well established programs in place |
| | | | |

| Already | Plan To Do | | |
|---------|---------------|--------|---|
| | V | | Compost 75% food and garden material The Napa County food composting program is for any business large or small that generates food scraps and compostable, including restaurants, hotels, wineries, assisted living facilities, grocery stores, schools, manufacturers, cafeterias, coffee shops, etc. All food scraps (including meat & dairy) as well as soiled paper and other compostable - see http://www.naparecycling.com/foodcomposting for more details. Composting systems are already in place and will be enhanced |
| | | | Composing systems are already in place and will be enhanced |
| | V | | Implement a sustainable purchasing and shipping programs Environmentally Preferable Purchasing (EPP) or Sustainable Purchasing refers to the procurement of products and services that have a reduced effect on human health and the environment when compared with competing products or services that serve the same purpose. By selecting this BMP, you agree to have an EPP on file for your employees to abide by. Well established programs in place |
| | | | |
| | ✓ | ВМР-20 | Planting of shade trees within 40 feet of the south side of the building elevation Well-placed trees can help keep your building cool in summer. If you choose a deciduous tree after the leaves drop in autumn, sunlight will warm your building through south and west-facing windows during the colder months. Well-designed landscaping can reduce cooling costs by 20%. Trees deliver more than energy and cost savings; they are important carbon sinks. Select varieties that require minimal care and water, and can withstand local weather extremes. Fruit or nut trees that produce in your area are great choices, providing you with local food as well as shade. Please use the site or landscape plan to indicate where trees are proposed and which species you are using. We are employing green walls covered with grape vines to achieve this effect |
| | | | |
| | V | | Electrical Vehicle Charging Station(s) As plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (EV) and battery electric vehicle ownership is expanding, there is a growing need for widely distributed accessible charging stations. Please indicate on the site plan where the station will be. |
| | | | Unsure where station will be placed in parking lot at this time |
| | ☑ | BMP-22 | Public Transit Accessibility Refer to http://www.ridethevine.com/vine and indicate on the site plan the closest bus stop/route. Please indicate if the site is accessed by transit or by a local shuttle. Provide an explanation of any incentives for visitors and employees to use public transit. Incentives can include bus passes, informational hand outs, construction of a bus shelter, transportation from bus stop, etc. |
| | | | Wine Train stops immediately across the highway |
| | | | |

| Iready Doing | Plan To Do | BMP-23 | |
|-----------------|---------------|----------|---|
| | V | DIVIF-23 | Site Design that is oriented and designed to optimize conditions for natural heating, cooling, and day lighting of interior spaces, and to maximize winter sun exposure; such as a cave. The amount of energy a cave saves is dependent on the type of soil, the microclimate, and the user's request for temperature control. Inherently a cave or a building burned into the ground saves energy because the ground is a consistent temperature and it reduces the amount of heating and cooling required. On the same concept, a building that is oriented to have southern exposure for winter warmth and shading for summer cooling with an east-west cross breeze will naturally heat, cool, and ventilate the structure without using energy. Please check this box if your design includes a cave or exceptional site design that takes into consideration the natural topography and sitting. Be prepared to explain your approach and estimated energy savings. |
| | | | The winery is designed with vines on the outside walls with landscape and trellis shading devices to minimize summer cooling loads and with a southern orientation to maximize winter heat gain. The barrel cellar is designed to allow for passive night air cooling |
| | 7 | BMP-24 | Limit the amount of grading and tree removal Limiting the amount of earth disturbance reduces the amount of CO2 released from the soil and mechanical equipment. This BMP is for a project design that either proposes a project within an already disturbed area proposing development that follows the natural contours of the land, and that doesn't require substantial grading or tree removal. |
| | | | |
| | | BMP-25 | Will this project be designed and built so that it could qualify for LEED? BMP-25 (a) |
| | | Pract | tices with Un-Measured GHG Reduction Potential |
| | 7 | BMP-26 | Are you, or do you intend to become a Certified Green Business or certified as a "Napa Green Winery"? As part of the Bay Area Green Business Program, the Napa County Green Business Program is a free, voluntary program that allows businesses to demonstrate the care for the environment by going above and beyond business as usual and implementing environmentally friendly business practices. For more information check out the Napa County Green Business and Winery Program at www.countyofnapa.org. |
| | Ø | вмр-27 | Are you, or do you intend to become a Certified "Napa Green Land"? Napa Green Land, fish friendly farming, is a voluntary, comprehensive, "best practices" program for vineyards. Napa Valley vintners and growers develop farm-specific plans tailored to protect and enhance the ecological quality of the region, or create production facility programs that reduce energy and water use, waste and pollution. By selecting this measure either you are certified or you are in the process of certification. |

| Already Doing | Plan To Do | | |
|------------------|---------------|----------|---|
| | V | BMP-28 | Use of recycled materials There are a lot of materials in the market that are made from recycled content. By ticking this box, you are committing to use post-consumer products in your construction and your ongoing operations. |
| | | | |
| | V | BMP-29 | Local food production |
| | | | There are many intrinsic benefits of locally grown food, for instance reducing the transportation emissions, employing full time farm workers, and improving local access to fresh fruits and vegetables. The site is a commercial producer of fruits and vegetables for farmers markets |
| | | BMP-30 | Education to staff and visitors on sustainable practices This BMP can be performed in many ways. One way is to simply put up signs reminding employees to do simple things such as keeping the thermostat at a consistent temperature or turning the lights off after you leave a room. If the project proposes alternative energy or sustainable winegrowing, this BMP could include explaining those business practices to staff and visitors. |
| | 7 | BMP-31 | Use 70-80% cover crop Cover crops reduce erosion and the amount of tilling which is required, which releases carbon into the environment. |
| | V | вмр-32 | Retain biomass removed via pruning and thinning by chipping the material and reusing it rather than burning on-site By selecting this BMP, you agree not to burn the material pruned on site. |
| | | BMP-33 | Are you participating in any of the above BMPS at a 'Parent' or outside location? |
| | | | |
| г | [7] | D84D 24 | Are you doing anything that deserves acknowledgement that isn't listed above? |
| L | M | BIVIP-34 | The property has been farmed organically since 2004. All of our practices are California Certified Organic Farmers Site is holistically planned, using a combination of new and existing buildings and infrastructure. Systems designed to achieve multiple benefits such as solar panels which shade the roof, exterior work space which reduce cooling loads |
| | | Commer | nts and Suggestions on this form? |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Sources:

- 1. Napa County Bicycle Plan, NCTPA, December 2011
- 2. California Air Pollution Control Officers Associate (CAPCOA). January 2008. CEQA and Climate Change
- 3. Napa County General Plan, June 2008.
- 4. California Office of the Attorney General. 2010. Addressing Climate Change at at the Project Level available at http://ag.ca.gove/globalwarming/pdf/GW_mitigation_measures.pdf
- 5. U.S. Green Building Council (2009). LEED 2009 for New Construction and Major Renovations Rating System. Washington, DC: United States Green Building Council, Inc.
- 6. California Energy Commission (2008). Title 24, Part 6, of the California Code of Regulations: California's Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Nonresidential Buildings. Sacramento, CA: California Energy Commission.
- 7. U.S. Department of Energy (2010). Cool roof fact sheet.
- 8. http://www1.eere.energy.gov/buildings/ssl/ledlightingfacts.html
- 9. Compact Fluorescent Light Bulbs". Energy Star. Retrieved 2013-05-01.
- 10. http://energy.gov/energysaver/articles/solar-water-heaters. Retrieved 2013-05-02.
- 11. http://energy.gov/energysaver/articles/solar-water-heater. Retrieved 2013-05-09
- 12. http://www.bchydro.com/powersmart/residential/guides_tips/green-your-home/cooling_guide/shade_trees.html
- 13.http://www.napagreen.org/about. Retrieved 2013-05-09
- 14. http://www.countyofnapa.org/pages/departmentcontent.aspx?id=4294971612
- 15. http://www.napasan.com/Pages/ContentMenu.aspx?id=109
- 16. http://water.epa.gov/polwaste/green/index.cfm

NAPA COUNTY UNIFIED PROGRAM CONSOLIDATED FORM FACILITY INFORMATION

BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

| | ~~ . ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ | , | | |
|--|--|---------------|-----------------------------|---|
| | | | | Page 1 of _ |
| I. FACILITY IDENTIFICATION | | | | |
| FACILITY ID # (Agency Use Only) | | I EPA ID# | (Hazardous V | Vaste Only) 2 |
| BUSINESS NAME (Same as Facility Name of DBA-Doing Business As) LIVIK KU | Therrord Her | TAL WING | r\/ | 3 |
| BUSINESS SITE ADDRESS 1790 St Helena Hwy South | dictiona Lat | ate ville | ı y | 103 |
| BUSINESS SITE CITY Rutherford | | | 104 CA | ZIP CODE 94573 105 |
| CONTACT NAME Ted Hall | | | | E 963-5268 107 |
| II. ACTIVITIES DI | CLARATION | | 1 11011 | 000 0200 |
| NOTE: If you check YES to any part of this list, please sub | nit the Busines | s Owner/O | perator Id | entification page. |
| Does your facility | If Yes | s, please com | plete these pa | ages of the UPCF |
| A. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS | | | | |
| Have on site (for any purpose) at any one time, hazardous materials at or about 55 gallons for liquids, 500 pounds for solids, or 200 cubic feet for compressed gases (include liquids in ASTs and USTs); or the applicable Federal threshold quantity for an extremely hazardous substance specified in 40 CFR Part 355, Appendix A or B; or handle radiological materials in quantities for which an emergency plan is required pursuant to 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 or 70? | YES 🎘 | NO 4 | | OUS MATERIALS RY – CHEMICAL ION |
| B. REGULATED SUBSTANCES | | | | , |
| Have Regulated Substances stored onsite in quantities greater than the threshold quantities established by the California Accidental Release prevention Program (CalARP)? | YES | NO 4a | | with your local agency for CalARP. |
| C. UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS (USTs) | 00 | | 1 | LITY (Formerly SWRCB Form A) |
| Own or operate underground storage tanks? | YES (•) | NO 5 | UST TANK | (one page per tank) (Formerly Form B) |
| D. ABOVE GROUND PETROLEUM STORAGE Own or operate ASTs above these thresholds: Store greater than 1,320 gallons of petroleum products (new or used) in aboveground tanks or containers. | OYES ① | NO 8 | NO FORM | REQUIRED TO CUPAs |
| E. HAZARDOUS WASTE | | | | |
| Generate hazardous waste? | YES O | NO 9 | EPA ID NU this page | MBER – provide at the top of |
| Recycle more than 100 kg/month of excluded or exempted recyclable materials (per HSC 25143.2)? | YES | NO 10 | RECYCLA (one per recycle | BLE MATERIALS REPORT |
| Treat hazardous waste on-site? | YES (I | NO 11 | TREATME ON-SITE H | IAZARDOUS WASTE NT – FACILITY IAZARDOUS WASTE NT – UNIT (one page per unit) |
| Treatment subject to financial assurance requirements (for Permit by Rule and Conditional Authorization)? | YES () | NO 12 | | ATION OF FINANCIAL |
| Consolidate hazardous waste generated at a remote site? | YES O | NO 13 | i | WASTE/CONSOLIDATION UAL NOTIFICATION |
| Need to report the closure/removal of a tank that was classified as hazardous waste and cleaned on-site? | YES O | NO 14 | l . | OUS WASTE TANK CERTIFICATION |
| Generate in any single calendar month 1,000 kilograms (kg) (2,200 pounds) or more of federal RCRA hazardous waste, or generate in any single calendar month, or accumulate at any time, 1 kg (2.2 pounds) of RCRA acute hazardou waste; or generate or accumulate at any time more than 100 kg (220 pounds) of spill cleanup materials contaminated with RCRA acute hazardous waste. | | NO 14a | Biennial R 13A/B), ar | eral EPA ID Number, file leport (EPA Form 8700- nd satisfy requirements for ge Quantity Generator. |
| Household Hazardous Waste (HHW) Collection site? | YES (I) | NO 14b | See CUPA | for required forms. |
| F. LOCAL REQUIREMENTS (You may also be required to provide additional information by your CUP) | or local agency.) | | | 15 UPCF Rev. (12/2007) |

NAPA COUNTY POST-CONSTRUCTION RUNOFF MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS APPENDIX A - APPLICABILITY CHECKLIST

| Post-Construction | Runoff |
|----------------------------|--------|
| Management | |
| Applicability Check | klist |

Date: June 3, 2008

County of Napa Department of Public Works



| A | pplicability Checklist | Napa, CA 94559 (707) 253-4351 for information | Common of the Co | | | |
|--|---|--|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Project Address: Assessor Parcel Number(s): Project Number: (for County use Only) | | | | | | |
| 1 | 190 St. Helena Hwy. 03 | 0-100-016 | P13-167 | | | |
| Ins | Instructions: | | | | | |
| rev Th Ru the | Structural projects requiring a use permit, building permit, and/or grading permit must complete the following checklist to determine if the project is subject to the Post-Construction Runoff Management Requirements. In addition, the impervious surface worksheet on the reverse page must also be completed to calculate the amount of new and reconstructed impervious surfaces proposed by your project. This form must be completed, signed, and submitted with your permit application(s). Definitions are provided in the Post-Construction Runoff Management Requirements policy. Note: If multiple building or grading permits are required for a common plan of development, the total project shall be considered for the purpose of filling out this checklist. | | | | | |
| PC ✓ | ST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER BMP REQUIREMEN If any answer to Part A are answered "yes" your project is a Treatment Control design standards described in the Napa | "Priority Project" and is subject to | to the Site Design, Sourc ff Management Requirem | e Control, and ents. | | |
| ✓ | If all answers to Part A are "No" and any answers to Part B are "Yes" your project is a "Standard Project" and is subject to the Site Design and Source Control design standards described in the Napa County Post-Construction Runoff Management Requirements. | | | | | |
| ✓ | ✓ If every question to Part A and B are answered "No", your project is exempt from post-construction runoff management requirements. | | | | | |
| Pa | t A: Priority Project Categories | | | | | |
| Do | es the project meet the definition of one or more of the priorit | y project categories? | | | | |
| 1. | . Residential with 10 or more units Ye | | | | | |
| 2. | 2. Commercial development greater than 100,000 square feet Yes No | | | | | |
| 3. | 3. Automotive repair shop Yes (N | | | | | |
| 4. | . Retail Gasoline Outlet . Yes No | | | | | |
| 5. | i. Restaurant Yes No | | | | | |
| 6. | Parking lots with greater than 25 spaces or greater than 5,0 | 00 square feet | | Yes (No | | |
| *Refer to the definitions section for expanded definitions of the priority project categories. Part B: Standard Project Categories | | | | | | |
| Do | es the project propose: | | | | | |
| 1. | A facility that requires a NPDES Permit for Stormwater Discl | narges Associated with Industria | al Activities? | (Yes) No | | |
| 2. | | | | | | |
| 3. | Hillside residential greater than 30% slope Yes No | | | | | |
| 4. | Roadway and driveway construction or reconstruction which requires a Grading Permit | | | | | |
| 5. | 5. Installation of new storm drains or alteration to existing storm drains? | | | | | |
| 6. | \sim | | | | | |
| 7. | | | | | | |
| В. | | | | Yes (No) | | |

Note: To find out if your project is required to obtain an individual General NPDES Permit for Stormwater discharges Associated with Industrial Activities, visit the State Water Resources Control Board website at, www.swrcb.ca.gov/stormwtr/industrial.html

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AUG 19 2013

NAPA COUNTY POST-CONSTRUCTION RUNOFF MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS APPENDIX A – APPLICABILITY CHECKLIST

Impervious Surface Worksheet

Project phasing to decrease impervious surface area shall not exempt the project from Post-Construction Runoff Management requirements. A new development or redevelopment project must comply with the requirements if it is part of a larger common plan of development that would result in the creation, addition and/or reconstruction of one acre or more of impervious surface. (For example, if 50% of a subdivision is constructed and results in 0.9 acre of impervious surface, and the remaining 50% of the subdivision is to be developed at a future date, the property owner must comply with the Post-Construction Runoff Management requirements.

| | | Total New and | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Type of Impervious Surface | Pre-Project (if applicable) | New (Does not replace any existing impervious area) | Reconstructed (Replaces existing impervious area) | Reconstructed Impervious Surfaces (Sq Ft) |
| Buildings, Garages, Carports, other Structures with roofs | 5545 | 12,130 | 820 | 18,495 |
| Patio, Impervious Decking, Pavers and Impervious Liners | | 9,125 | | 9,125 |
| Sidewalks and paths | | 510 | | 510 |
| Parking Lots | | 530 | | 530 |
| Roadways and Driveways, | | | | |
| Off-site Impervious Improvements | | | | |
| Total Area of Impervious Surface (Excluding Roadways and Driveways) | 5545 | 22, 295 | 820 | 28,660 |

Incorrect information on proposed activities or uses of a project may delay your project application(s) or permit(s).

I declare under penalty of perjury, that to the best of my knowledge, the information presented herein is accurate and complete.

| Name of Owner or Agent (Please Print): | Title: |
|--|------------------------|
| Tamara Martin, REHS | Owner's Representative |
| Signature of Owner or Agent: | Date: |
| Januarall | 7-30-13 |

Date: June 3, 2008 Page 2 of 2

Oueen or use

anning full cloray 12/Jameson for 3 nights ng Jameson

1 Monday, Tues-

; will be from 11 sday nights this ng project. tions of roadway ty barriers and allowing worker's

ing wall. , switch near the atest phase of conwing crews to come westbound Hightraffic on a new secay. The switch will could occur on or y/Solano Couraty which includes the in preparation of a

, 12-Jameson Canyon osted on the Caltrans' mal project informa- $_{\it f}$ as summer 2014. s will be detoured to ge at dot.ca.gov/dist4/ ject could be complet-7 in Vallejo. permitting, the

age applications **county offers online**

junity's website, Countyplication for the license on y clerk can now complete ge license from the Napa ples wishing to obtain a

l our staff to issue marriage nd more efficient for couples on process will make it easi-Tuteur. "Our online appliained Napa County Clerk apa County has become a nation marriage site for les from across the nation around the world,"

protection from HINI and

Register staff

increase in the Bay Area, including the Napa Valley, where four of the Valley Medical Center's were admitted to the ICU. Flu activity continues to

Intensive Care Unit over the weekend with flu symptoms, county officials reported. age of 64, according to county All four patients were over the

causing the most severe illness this season is HINI, known as "swine flu" when it emerged in 2009. This strain typically causes more illness in children and young adults. People of any age with other medical conditions

are also at higher risk.

H3NZ, as well as an influenza B

tions have been reported in Napa virus. County. Seven of those patients been reported in the county, but Since Jan. 6, eight hospitaliza-No flu-related deaths have

The strain of flu that's been "droplets," most often produced according to news accounts. occurred in the Bay Area, more than a dozen fatalities have by coughing; which is why doccoughs and washing hands fretors recommend always covering quently. Experts say the best inside of one's elbow. People way to cover a cough is with the with flu symptoms should stay home and not return to work or The flu is spread through

doctor or health care provider to vaccine or visit pharmacies and make an appointment for a flu To get vaccinateu, can ,-

ask for a flu vaccine. ty Public Health at 707-253the flu vaccine, call Napa Coun-4270 for a free flu vaccine at the Napa County Health and Human If you have no other access to

Sonoma Road, Napa. Mondays and Wednesdays. Appointments are available

4 p.m. include a fever, usually 100 three to four days; sudden onset degrees and higher, that lasts after symptoms start. headaches that can be severe; body aches, often severe; as well influenza symptoms typically

Services Agency, Public Health Division, in Building G, 2344 Old

days, 1-5 p.m., and Thursdays, 1- medications such as Tylenol.

Sore throats are common. Tiredbe severe. Sneezing can occur-Some people, especially children, may have vomiting and ness can be moderate to severe. A dry, unproun-

diarrhea. symptoms - fever over 100 until you have been free of a degrees with cough and/or sore throat - you should stay home out the use of fever-reducing fever for at least 24 hours with-If you become ill with flu-like

help to reduce the severity and length of illness if taken soon provider if you or someone you care for develops flu symptoms. Anti-viral medication may Talk to a doctor or health care

is still widely available, includes according to officials. Hall family puts conservation easement on Rutherford vineyard This year's flu vaccine, which school until they are healthy,

Register Staff

Land Trust of Napa County announced Monday the donation of a conservation easement parcel in Rutherford. over an 11-acre prime vineyard Long Meadow Ranch and the

etors Ted, Laddie and Chris Hall to build a winery and a residence have relinquished entitlements on the parcel. The Halls also extinguished rights for any commercial purpose unrelated to Long Meadow Ranch propri-

known as Long Meadow Ranch agriculture. easement created by Long V, is the fifth major conservation the Halls said in a release. This Meadow Ranch and its affiliates, new gift brings the total land under conservation easements created by the Halls to 395 acres. The new easement, to be Jim Verhey, a founder of Pre-

Napa County, said, "This is the miere Viticultural Services and a kind of project that the Land trustee of the Land Trust of sustaining economically viable the Land Trust are committed to Trust should be noted for. We at Only with a viable agricultural agriculture in the Napa Valley. economy can we preserve the

open space we treasure." 1790 St. Helena Highway South, will be part of Long Meadow Ranch's 90-acre Rutherford international recognition as a which produces extraordinary "grand cru" quality vineyard, Estate. The estate has gained sauvignon blanc wines as well as The new easement, located at ly agricultural uses, which will cabernet sauvignon wine, the the valley floor in Rutherford will remain uncluttered by new

Halls said. produce Long Meadow Ranch's estate wines and are sold to ultra-premium wine producers Today the grapes are used to

Bale Slough in the center of the Ranch and one of it's affiliates in the fall of 2012, is located along Rutherford appellation. in Napa County and this ease-The property, which was and water conservation projects ment will restrict future develthe preservation of agriculture opment of this property to pure. "We are deeply committed to

residential and small winery development," said Ted Hall. protect an additional section of tributary to the Napa River," said Bale Slough, which is a major wwe are also pleased to help

provides for continued agricul- conservation easements can be a and includes provisions for soil tural use for crops and livestock planning.

and wind energy, and alternative fuel production. made with the Land Trust of ated under this program are Napa County as the grantee and are held in perpetuity. The Land the terms of the easement while Trust monitors compliance with Conservation easements cre-

The language of the easement California tax codes. In addition, landowners continue to own and can accrue to donors of conserto be stewards of their land. ence in market value between vation easements, as the differthe pre-easement and posteasement property values can be deductible as a charitable contribution under the federal and Substantial tax advantages