

Collection System Future Project Priorities





Purpose

- Project planning
- Past projects
- 2017 projects
- Jan-Feb 2017 storm impacts
- Future project budgets
- Future project areas

Confirm scope of 2018 project



Historical Rainfall

 2016/17 winter is the 7th wettest season since 1892

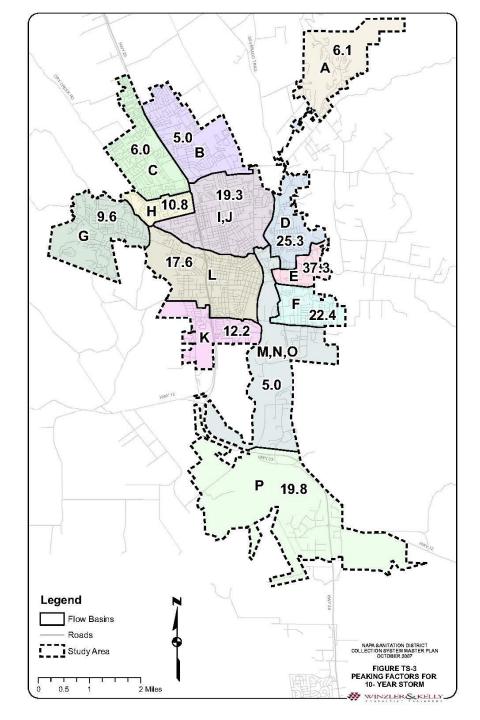
- Napa State Hospital rain gauge
 - 2016/17 40.39 inches (to date)
 - Annual average is 25 inches



Example Planning Schedule 2019 Project

Task	Year
Flow Monitoring	Winter 2016/17
Nighttime Reconnaissance	Winter 2017/18
CCTV Inspection	Winter 2017/18
Office Research	Spring 2018
Manhole Survey	Spring 2018
Design	Summer 2018
Bidding	Winter 2018/19
Construction	Summer 2019
Post-Construction Flow Monitoring	Winter 2019/20







Flow Monitoring

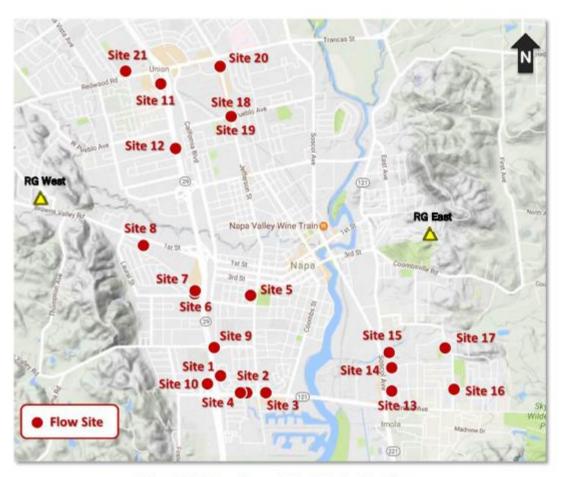
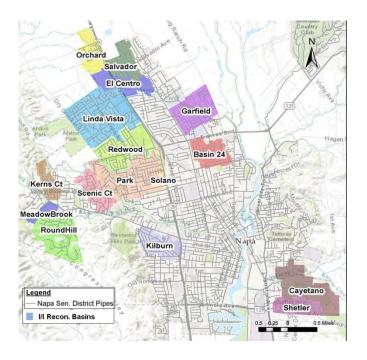


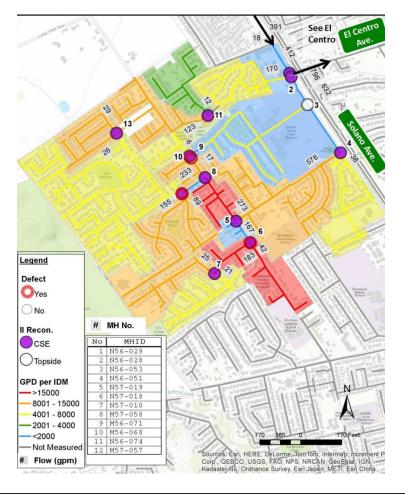


Figure ES-1. Locations of Flow Monitoring Sites



Nighttime Reconnaissance







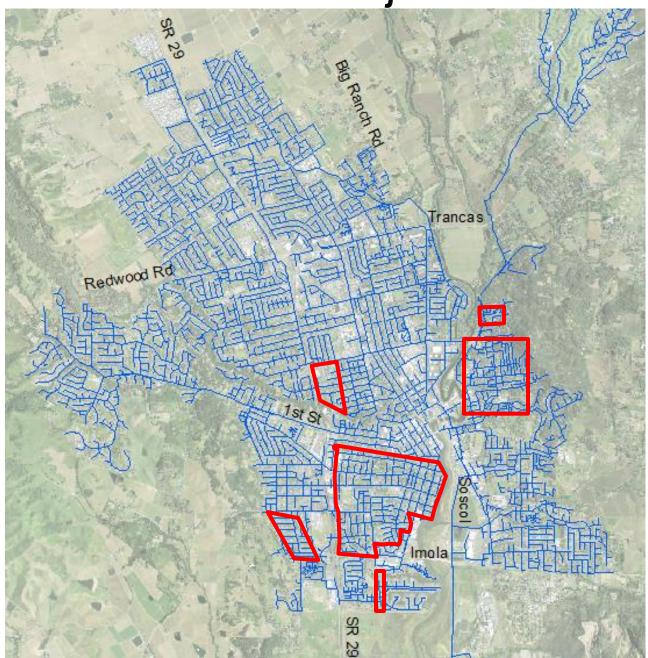
Inspection





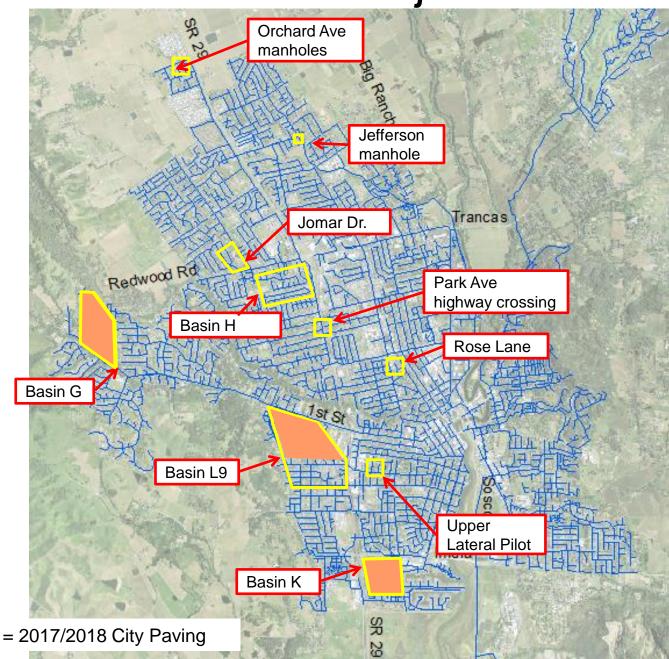


Past I&I Projects



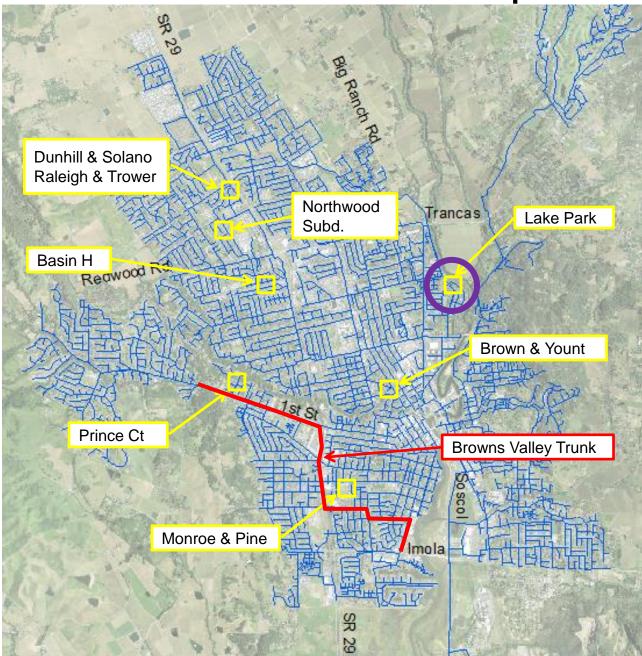


2017 I&I Projects



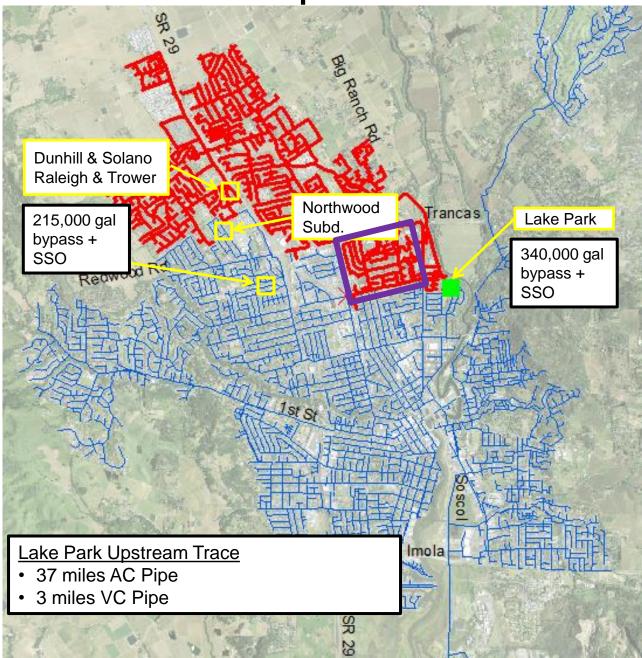


Jan/Feb 2017 Storm Impacts



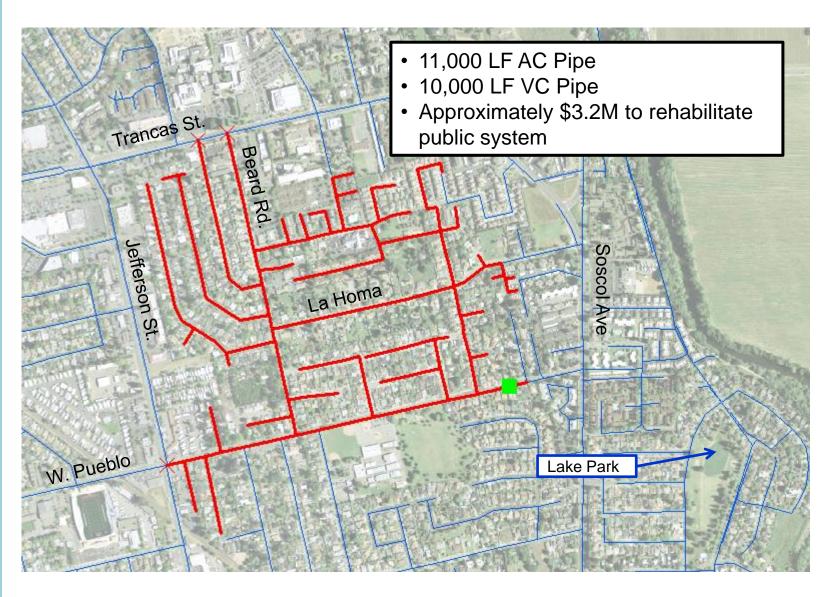


Lake Park Upstream Trace





Pear Tree Area





Nighttime Recon

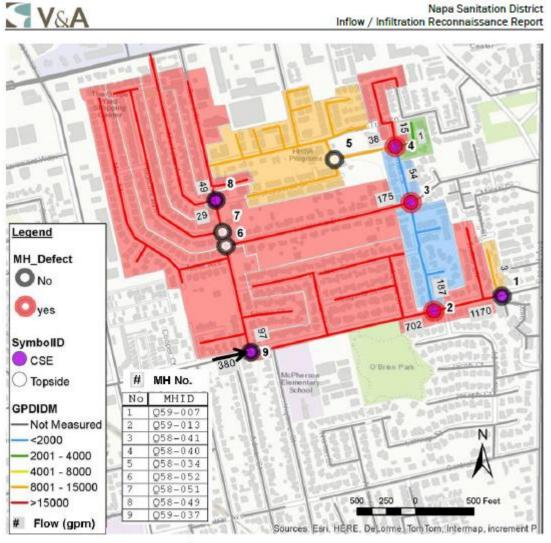
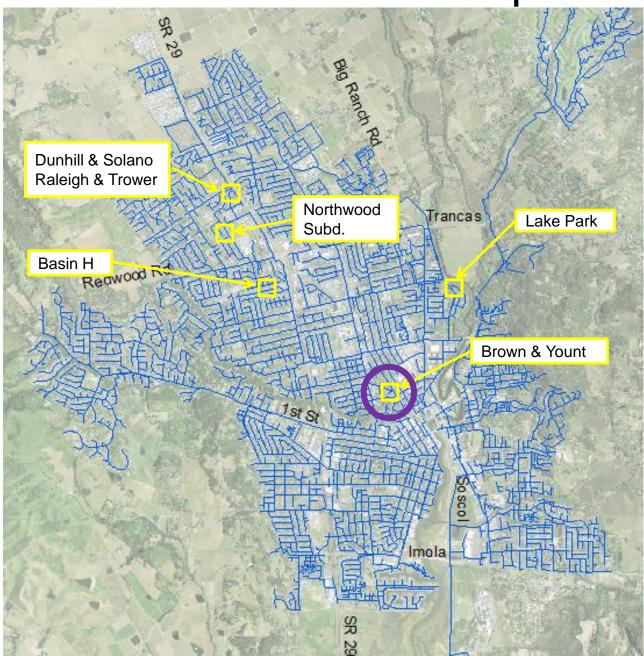


Figure 3-3. I/I Reconnaissance Summary, IJ-2- Basin 24

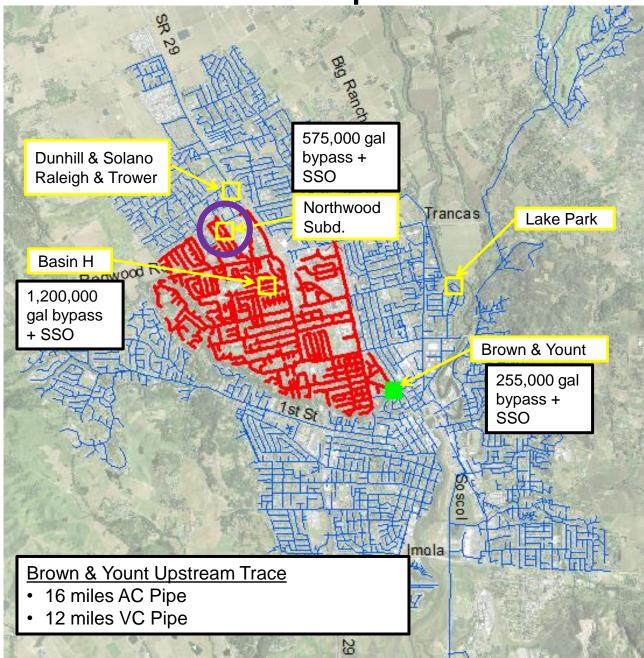


Jan/Feb 2017 Storm Impacts



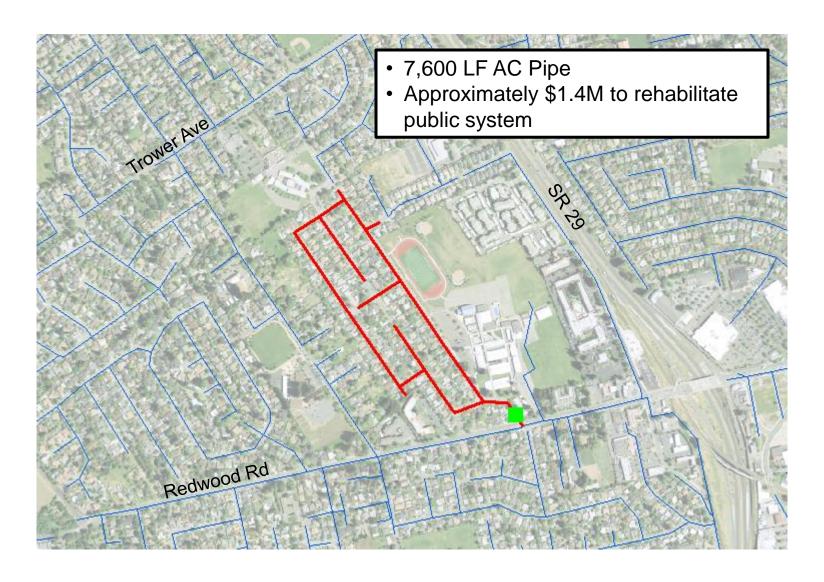


Brown & Yount Upstream Trace



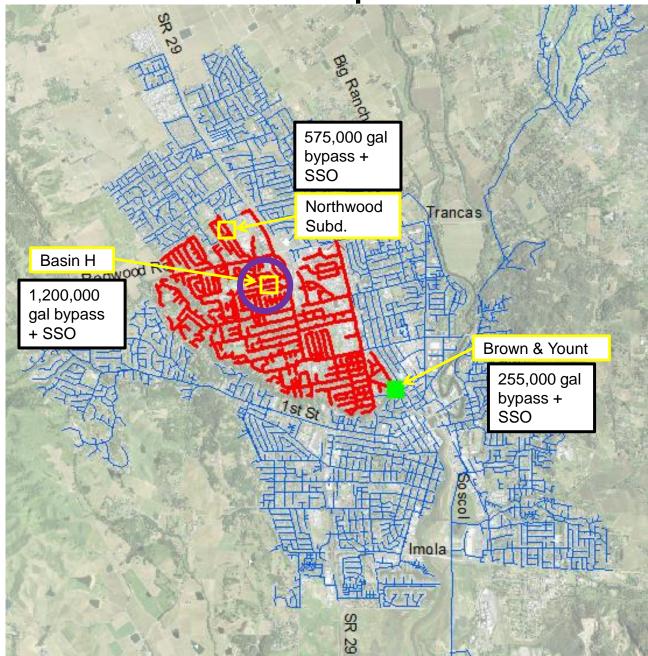


Northwood Subdivision



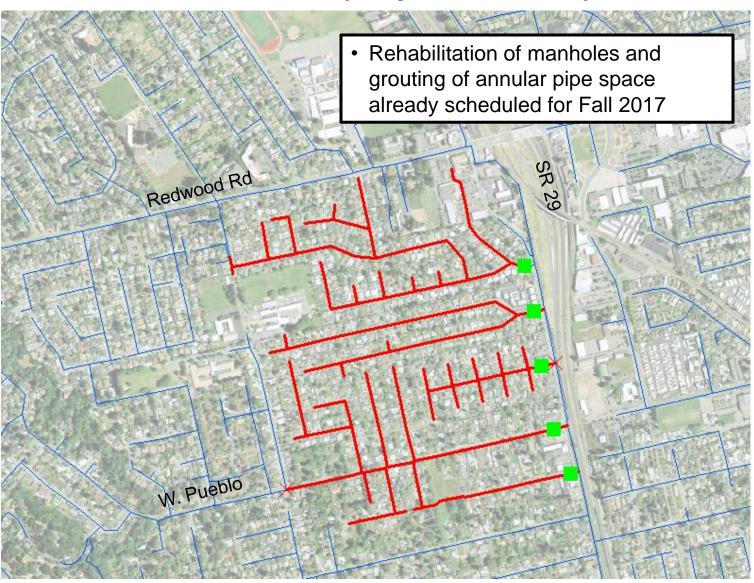


Brown & Yount Upstream Trace





Basin H (Nipak area)





Project Budgets

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
per 218 & 16/17 CIP	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	2.0%	2.0%



Project Budgets

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
per 218 & 16/17 CIP	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	2.0%	2.0%
Revised 16/17 CIP	1.8%	0.8%	1.6%	2.0%	2.0%



Project Budgets

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
per 218 & 16/17 CIP	1.3%	1.3%	1.3%	2.0%	2.0%
Revised 16/17 CIP	1.8%	0.8%	1.6%	2.0%	2.0%
% of system	2.1%	1.7%	1.6%	2.0%	2.0%
Budget	\$5.3m	\$4.6m	\$4.8m	\$6.0m	6.2m
Miles	5.7	4.0	4.3	5.4	5.4



Proposed 2018 I&I Project

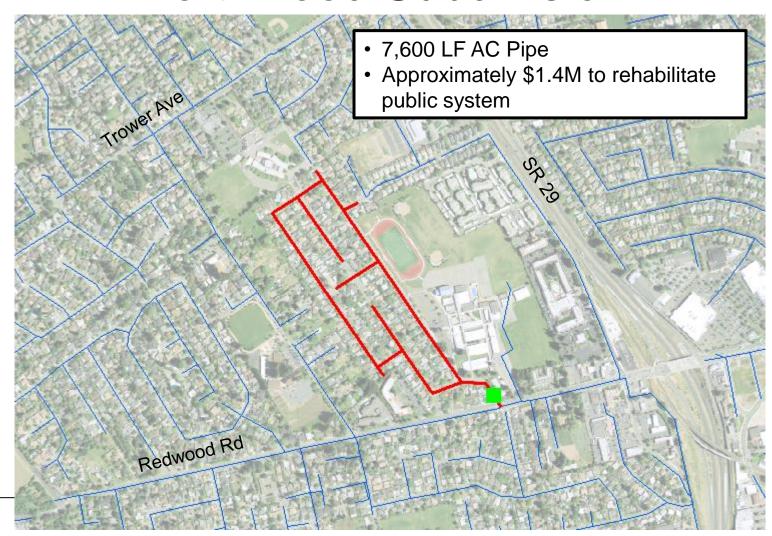
Pear Tree Area





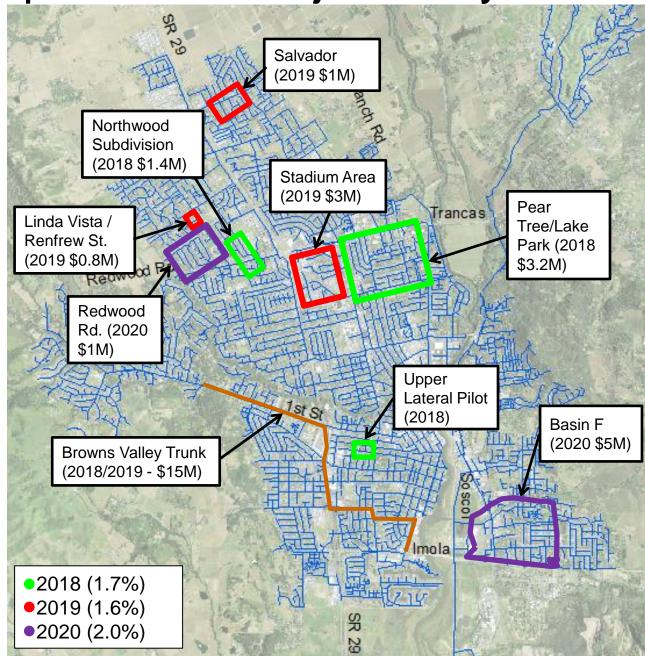
Proposed 2018 I&I Project

Northwood Subdivision





Proposed I&I Projects beyond 2017





Questions & Discussion



Extra Slides



Proposed 16/17 10-Year CIP

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Budget	\$4.7m	\$3.9m	\$4.8m	\$6.0m
Miles	3.5	3.5	4.3	5.4
% of system	1.3%	1.3%	1.6%	2.0%

Revised 16/17 10-Year CIP

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Budget	\$6.0m	\$2.6m	\$4.8m	\$6.0m
Miles	4.9	2.2	4.3	5.4
% of system	1.8%	0.8%	1.6%	2.0%

Proposed 17/18 10-Year CIP

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Budget	\$6.3m	\$4.4m	\$4.8m	\$6.0m
Miles	5.7	4.0	4.3	5.4
% of system	2.1%	1.5%	1.6%	2.0%



Planned Projects

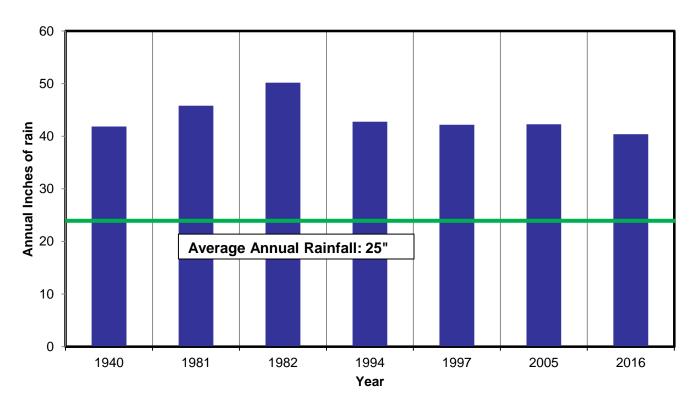
- 2017 Large rehab project in West Napa Basin (\$5M)
- 2017 Soscol/Sousa Trunk (\$1M)
- 2017 Manhole rehab in Basin H (\$365k)
- 2018 Northwood Subdivision (\$2.6M)
- 2018/19 Browns Valley Trunk (\$15M)
- 2019/20 Pear Tree/Lake Park (\$5.9M)
- 2020/21 Basin F (southeast Napa) (\$6.1M)



Historical Peak Rainfall

2017 marks 7th largest rainfall since 1892

Historical Peak Annual Rainfall at Napa Hospital





Jan/Feb 2017 Storm Data

Location/System	SSO (gal)	Bypass (gal)	STotal (gal)
West Napa	30,000	530,000	600,000
North Napa – Park/Solano/ Redwood	170,000	1,860,000	2,030,000
North Napa – Lake Park/ El Centro	530,000	230,000	560,000
Total '''	530,000	2,660,000	3,190,000



R&R Project Prioritization

- Use Asset Management to prioritize R&R
 - Consequence/Probability of Failure
 - Condition Assessment/CCTV
 - Locations of SSOs
 - Frequency of Maintenance
 - Pipe failure locations
 - Flow Monitoring
 - Nighttime reconnaissance
 - Manhole inspections
 - Smoke Testing
- R&R based on actual conditions



Reasons to be Proactive

Emergency repairs are costly and disruptive to the community

Failures and capacity issues can lead to sewer overflows

Regional Board comments during NPDES permit approval



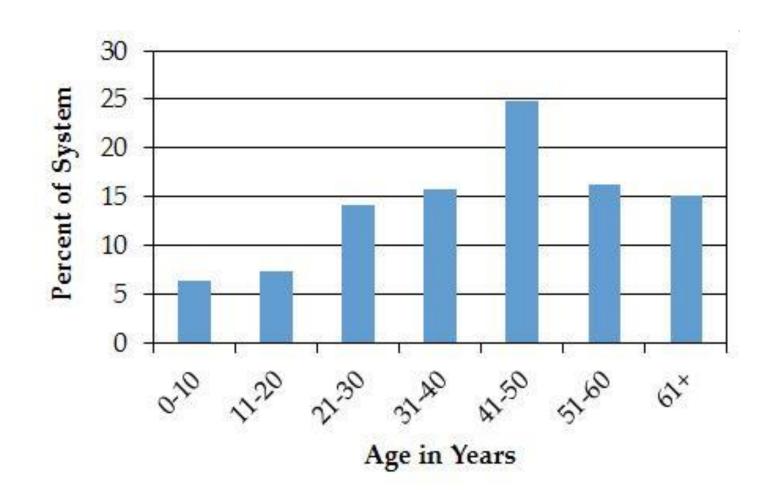
I/I Project Results

Project	Year	Miles	% of System	Peak Reduction
Upper Alphabet	2011	2.0	0.7%	53%
Basin L#1	2012	1.7	0.6%	34%
Basin L#2	2013	1.8	0.7%	11%
Basin L#3	2014	2.5	0.9%	26%
Basin L#4	2015	3.8	1.4%	41%

Total reduction in peak flow from 5 projects = 8.7 mgd



Age of Existing System





Replacement Time

- 270 miles of mainline pipe
- 1.0% of the system is 2.7 miles

- 0.8% = every 125 years
- 1.0% = every 100 years
- 2.0% = every 50 years



Benefits of Pipe Rehab

- Inflow/Infiltration (I/I) reduction
 - Decrease sanitary sewer overflows (SSO)
 - Decrease treatment costs
 - Decrease pond storage issues in winter
- Failure avoidance
 - Minimize costly emergency repairs
 - Decrease environmental impacts
 - Creeks/rivers
 - Traffic
- Avoid projects to increase collection system and treatment plant capacity



Costs: Rehab vs. Repair

Main St (2 nd to 3 rd)	44-years old	8" AC
	y	

Repair cost \$90,100 128 feet of open cut repair

\$636 per foot + CIPP lining

Est Rehab cost \$8,700 290 feet of CIPP

\$30 per foot

Silverado Resort 51-years old 6" AC

Repair cost \$81,000 100 feet of open cut repair

\$370 per foot + alignment change

Est Rehab cost \$12,740 260 feet of CIPP

\$49 per foot



Recent Repair Costs

Jefferson St (near Old Sonoma)	64-years old	Clay
	-	-

Repair cost \$34,300 Open cut of 2 laterals

Est Rehab cost \$3,620 2 lateral rehab CIPP \$1,820 each

3rd Street (East of Jefferson)60-years old8" ClayRepair cost \$15-20kOpen cut repair

Issues with old rail car tracks

Recently paved street

Est Rehab cost \$2,000 Spot liner

\$2,000 each