Organics Legislation and Timeline												
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2030	
<b>AB 341</b> (Chesbro, 2011) COLLECTION	Starting in 2012, commercial generators with 4 cyd/week of MSW must have mandatory recycling program - with a focus on fiber and dry recyclables.			<u>Goal: 75%</u> statewide recycling rate								
AB 1826 (Chesbro, 2014) COLLECTION	Commercial generators w/ 8 cubic yards of organic waste per week.			Commercial generators w/ 4 cubic yards of MSW per week.	Commercial generators w/ 2 cubic yards of MSW per week, if 50% of all organics are not diverted by 2020. CalRecycle to conduct waste characterization study in 2018 with a 2019 determination.							
<b>AB 1594</b> (Williams, 2015) ADC			Jurisdictions submit green waste ADC plans.		No diversion credit for green waste ADC.							
AB 876 (McCarty, 2015) CAPACITY		County submits 15 year organics processing capacity each year.			nd AB 1826.	826. Annual report update on capacity.					Identify 15 years of capacity to 2030.	
SB 498 (Lara) AB 901 (Gordon) AB 1103 (Dodd) REPORTING	SB 498: Wood chips to bioenergy are reported.	energy are CalRecycle to adopt regulations AB 1103: Food waste, compost and wood commodities are reported each year.										
<b>SB 1383</b> ( <i>Lara, 2016</i> ) METHANE MITIGATION		CalRecycle to develop regulations in 2017.	CalRecycle to ad 2018.	dopt regulations in		the compost 5 <u>0%</u> reduction of posal (from 2014	Regulations become effective.		Statewide penalties for non- compliance.	75% reduction of disposal (from 2		
AB 1045 (Irwin, 2015) INFRA- STRUCTURE	CAL-EPA to promote compost use, assess progress and coordinate regulations.	CAL-EPA to post recommended actions.		neetings, annual pu -EPA update of rec								