

Wastewater Feasibility Study Staglin Family Vineyards Major Modification P18-00253-MOD

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Napa County Planning, Building & Environmental Services

WASTEWATER FEASIBILITY STUDY

STAGLIN FAMILY VINEYARD

1570 Bella Oaks Lane Rutherford, CA 94574 APNs: 027-250-063, 027-250-064 & 027-250-065



Project No. 2018041 June 12, 2018 Revised October 16, 2018

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Overall Site Plan

2002 WW Management System Expansion Plans

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SUMMIT ENGINEERING, INC.

Project No.: 2018041

PROJECT OVERVIEW

Staglin Family Vineyard is applying for a Use Permit Modification to allow for increased employees and marketing events at its existing winery facility located at 1570 Bella Oaks Lane, in Rutherford (APN: 027-250-063, 027-250-064 & 027-250-065). The project site is located approximately 0.7 miles southwest of Highway 29/128. The majority of the project site extends over a gently sloping terrain along the valley floor, sloping northeast at approximately 5% or less towards the Napa River.

Staglin Family Vineyard is made up of three parcels, a 10 acre parcel containing the winery and hospitality buildings, a 50 acre vineyard parcel, and a 3.4 acre parcel containing a single family residence. The single family residence utilizes a separate septic system and is not considered as part of this feasibility study. The Use Permit Application includes modifications to the winery's marketing program. Changes include modifications to the approved tours and tastings program to allow activities for up to 44 visitors per day and increasing the number of employees to 11 full-time and 5 part-time. The number of marketing events per year will also be increased, but all events will utilize portable toilet facilities and will not contribute to sanitary sewage generation. No increase to the process wastewater (PW) production is proposed, as no increase in wine production is proposed. The existing combined SS and PW pressure distribution (PD) leachfield (installed in 2001, expanded in 2002) will continue to be used for disposal of wastewater from winery processes and domestic uses. The PD leachfield is located on parcel 027-250-065 under an existing solar array permitted under B07-00337. Summit Engineering has prepared the following Wastewater Feasibility Study outlining the PW and SS flows from the existing winery and the associated treatment and disposal system.

WINERY PROCESS WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

The existing PD leachfield is sized to include PW generation from an annual production of 36,000 gallons of wine. The PW portion of the system includes a gravity collection system, 2-3,000 gallon septic tanks, 1-1,500 gallon septic tank, a combined 1,500 gallon PW and SS pump station, and a combined PD leachfield. No changes to the wine production are proposed, and as such, no changes to the PW flows are expected.

The PW management system was designed and installed in accordance with all necessary Napa County Planning, Building and Environmental Services (PBES) and Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) criteria and requirements.

PROCESS WASTEWATER CHARACTERISTICS

Process wastewater will consist primarily of wastewater collected at floor drains within the winery, receiving, crush, tank, and wash down areas. No distillation occurs at the facility; hence there is no stillage waste. Typical winery wastewater characteristics are as summarized below:

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Staglin Family Vineyard

TABLE 1.TYPICAL WINERY PROCESS WASTEWATER CHARACTERISTICS

<u>Characteristic</u>	<u>Units</u>	Crushing Season <u>Range</u>	Non-crushing Season Range
рН		2.5 - 9.5	3.5 - 11.0
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/L	0.5 - 8.5	1.0 - 10.0
BODs	mg/L	500 – 12,000	300 – 3,500
COD	mg/L	800 – 15,000	500 – 6,000
Grease	mg/L	5 - 30	5 - 50
Settleable Solids	mg/L	25 - 100	2 - 100
Nonfilterable Residue	mg/L	40 - 800	10 - 400
Volatile Suspended Solids	mg/L	150 - 700	80 - 350
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	80 – 2,900	80 – 2,900
Nitrogen	mg/L	1 - 40	1 - 40
Nitrate	mg/L	0.5 - 4.8	-
Phosphorous	mg/L	1 - 10	1 - 40
Sodium	mg/L	35 - 200	35 - 200
Alkalinity (CaCO ₃)	mg/L	40 - 730	10 - 730
Chloride	mg/L	3 - 250	3 - 250
Sulfate	mg/L	10 - 75	20 - 75

PROCESS WASTEWATER DESIGN FLOWS

Based on typical flow data from wineries of similar size and characteristics and corresponding process wastewater (PW) generation rates, projected flows are calculated as follows:

Annual Volume

Annual Production	=	36,000	gal wine/year
Generation Rate (assumed) ^a		165	gal wine/ton grapes
Tons Crushed	=	218	tons grapes/year
Process Wastewater (PW) Generation Rate ^b	=	6.00	gal PW/gal wine
Annual PW Flow	=	<u>216,000</u>	gal PW/year
Average Day Flow	=	<u>592</u>	gal PW/day
Napa County Peak Day Flow			
Peak Harvest Day Flow (45 day harvest)	=	<u>1,200</u>	gal PW/day

Average, Day Peak Harvest Month Flow

The harvest month of September accounts for approximately 16.4 percent of the annual PW flow.

Peak Flow	=	<u>1,181</u>	gal PW/day
	=	1,200	gal PW/day

Notes:

- a. 165 Gal wine per ton of grapes is used as a wine industry standard
- b. 6.0 gal of PW per gallon wine produced over the course of 1 year is based on the average of data from approximately 16 wineries

The PW design flow accounts for the most conservative approach; therefore 1,200 gpd will be used for preliminary system sizing as outlined below.

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SOIL INVESTIGATION RESULTS

A site evaluation was performed by Nat Passaglia of Napa County Environmental Management on November 11, 2000 in the area of the existing leachfield. In the primary area, acceptable soil was found to be 36" to 42" with an assigned percolation rate of 20 MPI and a soil application rate of 0.657 gallons per square foot per day. See Enclosure C for the soil evaluation results.

PROCESS WASTEWATER CONVEYANCE, TREATMENT, AND DISPOSAL

The owner intends to continue to use the existing PD leachfield for all PW and SS generated by winery operations. The footprint of the combined PW and SS system will remain the same at 14,400 SF or 1,800 LF.

The existing and proposed process wastewater system consists of the components listed below. Refer to Enclosure A for the PW management system schematic and Overall Site Plan.

EXISTING AND PROPOSED PW TREATMENT SYSTEM

SOLIDS REMOVAL

PW flows by gravity to 2-3,000 gallon settling tanks and 1-1,500 gallon settling tank. Solids settling and digestion in the settling tanks helps to reduce BOD and TSS concentrations entering the disposal system, resulting in higher treatment, and reduced potential for clogging of the disposal field. The existing 7,500 gallons of settling tank volume exceeds the Napa County PBES criteria, which requires 3 days min of settling capacity.

Volume = 3 HRT x Flow rate Volume = 3 (1,200 gpd) <u>Volume = 3,600 gallons</u>

COMBINED PUMP TANK

A 1,500 gallon pump station receives PW and SS collected from the winery and hospitality buildings, and sends it to disposal in the existing PD leachfield.

PD DISPOSAL SYSTEM - SS & PW

The existing PD system will be utilized for disposal of PW and SS. The PD system is sized for disposal of PW in combination with SS flows. The system is designed with 1,800 LF of leachline, spaced 8 feet on center and with 12" to 15" of fill.

PD Leach Field Size =
$$\frac{1,572 \text{ gpd}^a}{1.33 \frac{\text{SF}}{\text{LF}} x \frac{0.657 \text{ gal}}{\text{SF} \text{ x day}}} = 1,800 \text{ LF minimum}$$

^a The total flow accounts for 1,200 gpd of PW and 372 gpd of SS.

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Three 600 LF subfields provide a total of 1,800 lineal feet of PD leachline. With trench spacing at 8 feet oncenter, a total area of 14,400 SF is utilized for combined SS and PW flow disposal. A 100% expansion area is located southeast of the existing PD leachfield adjacent to Bella Oaks Lane. See Enclosed Use Permit site plan and 2002 WW Management System Expansion plans for details.

SOLID WASTES

Solid wastes from the winery primarily include pomace, seeds, and stems. The estimated quantities of these wastes (at peak capacity) are as follows:

Peak annual production =
$$36,000 \text{ gal wine} \times \frac{1 \text{ ton}}{165 \text{ gal}} = 218 \text{ tons}$$

Ultimate Annual Total =
$$35\% \times 218 tons = 76 tons$$

Based on a unit weight of 38 pounds per cubic foot, the annual volume of solids wastes is:

$$76 \ tons \times \frac{2,000 \ lb}{1 \ ton} = 152,000 \ lb$$

152,000 lbs
$$\times \frac{1 ft^3}{38 lb} \times \frac{1 yd^3}{27 ft^3} = 148 yd^3$$

These organic solids are hauled to an off-site composting location, or composted and land applied to the existing vineyards.

SANITARY SEWAGE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Staglin Family Vineyard intends to utilize the existing combined PW and SS wastewater management system in accordance with all necessary Napa County Planning, Building, and Environmental Services (PBES) criteria and permits. SS flows will continue to be disposed of in the PD leachfield.

The SS management system includes SS collection, 1,500 gallon septic tank, a combined 1,500 gallon PW and SS pump station, and discharge to a PD leachfield. The existing wastewater management system has been sized for a peak daily SS flow of approximately 150 gal/day. The proposed marketing changes increase the peak daily SS flow to approximately 372 gal/day.

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SANITARY SEWAGE CHARACTERISTICS

SS will consist primarily of wastewater generated from restrooms, offices, and tasting room facilities. Typical SS characteristics are summarized below:

TABLE 2.TYPICAL SANITARY SEWER CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	<u>Units</u>	Raw Wastewater ¹ Range
BOD _s	mg/L	110 - 220
Grease	mg/L	50-100
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	mg/L	100 - 220
Volatile Suspended Solids	mg/L	80 - 165
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	mg/L	250 - 500
Nitrogen	mg/L	20 - 40
Nitrate	mg/L	0
Phosphorous	mg/L	4 - 8
Alkalinity (CaCO₃)	mg/L	50 - 100
Chloride	mg/L	30 - 50
Sulfate	mg/L	20 - 30

¹Typical composition of untreated domestic wastewater, Metcalf & Eddy, "Wastewater Engineering, Third Edition", 1991

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WINERY SANITARY SEWAGE DESIGN FLOWS

The proposed SS management system at Staglin Family Vineyard will consist of typical wastewater generated from the offices and tasting room restrooms. In addition to regular tasting visitors, Staglin Family Vineyard will have 32 marketing events per year with up to 12 visitors, 16 marketing events per year with up to 32 visitors, 4 marketing events per year with up to 100 visitors, and 1 marketing event per year with up to 250 visitors. Portable toilets will be provided for all visitors associated with marketing events, therefore peak SS generation is estimated using only employees and daily tasting visitors. For tasting visitors, the peak flow is estimated using 3 gallons per capita per day (gpcd) cap for wine tasting with hors d'oeuvres. The estimated peak day harvest flows are provided below.

Peak Day – Harvest and Maximum Market	<u>ing Eve</u>	nt					
Employee (full-time)	11	Х	15	gpcd	=	165	gal/day
Employees (part-time)	5	Х	15	gpcd	=	75	gal/day
Tasting Visitors (30 person event)	44	Х	3	gpcd	=	132	gal/day
Total					=	372	gal/day

The SS management system is designed to handle a peak daily SS flow of 372 gpd, in addition to the 1,200 gpd expected from the PW system.

WINERY SANITARY SEWAGE CONVEYANCE, TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL

The winery SS treatment and disposal system has the components described below. Refer to the enclosed Use Permit site plan and 2002 WW Management System Expansion plans for details.

SEPTIC TANK

Solids settling and digestion in the septic tanks helps to reduce BOD and TSS concentrations entering the disposal system, reducing the potential for clogging of the disposal field. An effluent filter is provided to remove additional suspended solids which do not settle out in the septic tank. The required septic tank size for the SS flows was evaluated based on the Uniform Plumbing Code, as follows:

Uniform Plumbing Code Method:

$$Volume = 1,125 + 0.75 \times Flow Rate$$

$$Volume = 1,125 + 0.75 \times 372 \ gpd$$

$$Volume = 1,404 \ gallons$$

The existing 1,500 gallon precast concrete septic tank is adequately sized for estimated SS flows.

PD DISPOSAL SYSTEM - SS & PW

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The PD system sized for disposal of the SS in combination with PW flows requires a total area of 14,400 square feet (See PD disposal system description above). A total of 1,800 LF of combined PW & SS pressure distribution leachfield is provided for disposal of all SS & PW flows.

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

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ODOR CONTROL

There should be no noxious odors from a properly designed and operated treatment system. See Alternative Courses of Action for operation alternatives.

GROUND WATER CONTAMINATION

The nearest water well to the PW and SS treatment and disposal system is a minimum of 100 feet. No disposal of wastewater effluent will occur within 100 feet of any existing wells. Neither PW nor SS is used, or will be used in the future for irrigation.

PROTECTION

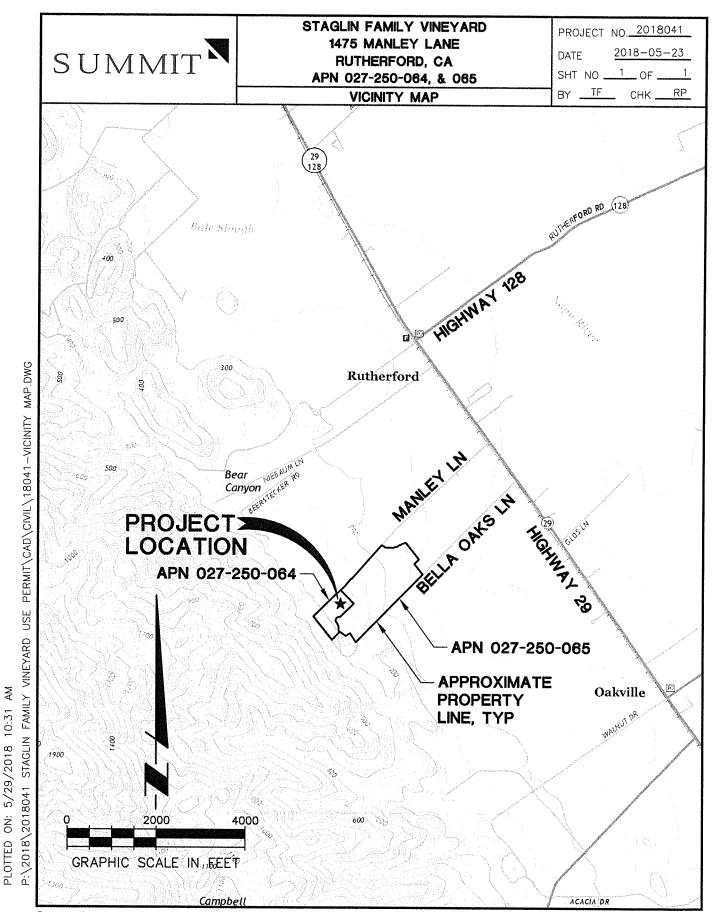
Exposed wastewater treatment facilities are posted with appropriate warning signs. The PD leachfield treatment area is protected by a photovoltaic solar array that is installed directly over the disposal field. The solar field both restricts access and minimizes potential damage to the system.

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ENCLOSURE A

VICINITY MAP

OVERALL SITE PLAN



Summit Engineering, Inc

Summit Engineering, Inc. 463 Avaken Bird, Suin 200 - Sonia Roso, CA 95403 707-521-0715 - www summit-st.com \overline{c} APN 027-250-084, & 085 STAGLIN FAMILY VINEYARD 1476 MANLEY LANE ROHDFORD, CA OVERALL SITE PLAN TIMMUS DATE.
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ENCLOSURE B

SANITARY SEWAGE FLOW ESTIMATES

SUMMIT ENGINEERING, INC.	STAGLIN FAMILY VINEYARD Wastewater Feasibility Study	PROJECT NO. BY:	2018041 NM
	Proposed Sanitary Sewage Flows	снк:	JR

SANITARY SEWAGE - PROPOSED

DESIGN FLOW					=	372	gal/day
Total					=	372	gal/day
Tasting Visitors	44	Х	3	gpcd	=	132	gal/day
Employee (part-time)	5	x	15	gpcd	=	75	gal/day
Employee (full-time)	11	х	15	gpcd	=	165	gal/day
Peak Tasting Day Harvest w/Ev	<u>ent</u>						
					=	<u>297</u>	gal/day
Total					=	297	gal/day
Tasting Visitors	44	х	3	gpcd	=	132	gal/day
Employee (part-time)	0	х	15	gpcd	=	0	gal/day
Employee (full-time)	11	Х	15	gpcd	=	165	gal/day
Average Day w/o Event - Non-ha	rvest						

Notes:

¹⁾ All marketing events are to be catered, and portable toilets will be required for all events. Multiple private/large events will not occur on the same day

SUMMIT ENGINEERING, INC. Project No. 2018041

ENCLOSURE C

SITE EVALUATION DATA

TYPE OF TEST:

Purpose of Test:

Depth of trenches:

NAPA COUNTY ENV MGMT PAGE 01 NAPA COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT RECEIVED REQUEST FOR SITE EVALUATION INSPECTION . ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH DEPT. USE, ONLY PARCEL NUMBER: 2750 JOB ADDRESS: OWNER: Activities on 10 TEST CONDUCTED BY: FATT DIVORUS PIELD ANALYSIS. :: PERCOLATION TEST To be run on 11/9/00 at 10.00 (am) pm To be run on from am/pm to . HOUSE: WINERY: OTHER: PROJECTED WASTEWATER FLOWS: Pre-soak checked? yes no ___ Length of pre-soak: Datex Rate at time of inspection: Stabilized perc rate: no If so, take the perc rate Gravel and Pipe Used? yes _ TYPE OF SYSTEM APPROVED STANDARD SYSTEM Control of the Contro Acceptable soff-to: 36-42 / Assigned perc range: 1-3 / 3-6-/ / Rock under pipe: 101 ___/ Cover over rock: / Plot plan received:

Lineal feet of leachline required: Slope: FLAT I / Surface drainage problems: Additional information: SPECIAL DESIGN SYSTEM DUE TO THE FOLLOWING - Size constraints: Perc rate too slow: /Perc rate too fast: /Steep slope: Insufficient soil depth: /High seasonal groundwater:

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Acceptable soil for special design: 36-42 /Other problems:

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		Low (<15)
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8# MANLEY LANE EXISTING VINEYARD (TYPICAL) \$, £1.2

PAGE 02

NAPP COUNTY ENV MGMT

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Contact: Jason Roberts, P.E. Project Manager jason@summit-sr.com (707) 495-5254



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