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## Wastewater Feasibility Study



# WINERY WASTEWATER FEASIBILITY REPORT

SAM JASPER WINERY 4059 SILVERADO TRAIL NAPA, CALIFORNIA

APN 039-390-023

### **CLIENT:**

San Bernabe Vineyard LLC Chris Indelicato 455 Devlin Road, Suite 201 Napa, California 94558

Project# 4114025.0 November 13, 2015





## WASTEWATER FEASIBILITY REPORT

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#### INTRODUCTION

The Owner is applying to the County of Napa for a Winery Use Permit that will allow operation of a 20,000 gallon per year winery on a 10.23 +/- acre parcel located at 4059 Silverado Trail, Napa. The current Assessor's Parcel Number is 039-390-023. There is an existing two bedroom residence on the parcel. The proposed winery will have two full-time, two part-time, and two part-time harvest employees.

Most of the property is relatively level and is currently used for vineyards. The existing residence sits approximately 1,000 feet northeast of the Napa River. The winery is proposed to sit next to the residence approximately 800 feet northeast of the Napa River in an area that is currently vineyard. One well exists on the site near the southeastern property line and will be available for winery use. Appendix 1 contains a Vicinity Map and a USGS Site Map showing the parcel topography, features and boundary. Appendix 2 contains a reduced version of the proposed winery plan set.

This report will evaluate the disposal of wastewater consisting of winery process wastewater, winery domestic wastewater, and the domestic wastewater from the existing residence.

#### **EXISTING SEPTIC SYSTEM**

Information from Napa County files for the parcel shows an existing septic system for the house consisting of a septic tank, primary and reserve distribution areas.

The distribution areas are located near the northern property boundary. This area will be impacted by the proposed winery improvements. It is proposed that the existing drain field be abandoned.

#### SITE EVALUATION

Riechers Spence & Associates conducted a site evaluation on the subject parcel on October 28, 2011. Appendix 4 contains a map of test pit locations and test pit logs for the site evaluation.

The site evaluation was conducted by Bruce Fenton of Riechers Spence and Associates and observed by Peter Ex of Napa County Environmental Management.

The soil sample results are shown in Appendix 4. Site evaluation test pit logs are shown in Appendix 4.



## WINERY PROCESS WASTEWATER CHARACTERISTICS

Wine Production: 20,000 gallons of wine per year

2.38 gallons of wine per case = 20,000 gal/year/2.38 cases/year

= 8,403 cases/year

Wastewater Production: 5 gallons of wastewater/gallon of wine

= 20,000 gal/year x 5 gal wastewater/gal

= 100,000 gal/year wastewater

**Peak Daily Waste Water Flow:** Crush Period = 45 days

20,000 gallons x 1.5 / 45 days

= 666 gallons/day

Average Daily Flow: 100,000 gal/year

= 100,000 gallons/year/365

= 274 gallons/day

Monthly Wastewater Flows: (See Table 2)

## TABLE 2

	% By Month	Waste/Month	
Sept	15%	15,000	Gal/Month
Oct	15%	15,000	Gal/Month
Nov	11%	10,500	Gal/Month
Dec	8%	7,500	Gal/Month
Jan	4%	4,000	Gal/Month
Feb	6%	6,000	Gal/Month
Mar	6%	6,000	Gal/Month
Apr	5%	4,500	Gal/Month
May	6%	6,000	Gal/Month
Jun	7%	7,000	Gal/Month
Jul	9%	8,500	Gal/Month
Aug	10%	10,000	Gal/Month
Totals	100%	100,000	Gal/Year



### DOMESTIC WASTEWATER CHARACTERISTICS

The winery domestic waste system has been sized to accommodate the unit values in Table 2 below. The number of visitors and employees is based on information provided by the owner. The projected flow is based on Napa County Environmental Management guidelines. The following is a summary of the estimated flows from the proposed winery.

Table 2

Use	Source	Number	Projected Flow (gpd)	Total Flow (gpd)	
	Full-time Employees	2	15	30	
	Part-time Employees	2	15	30	
ery	Part-time Harvest Employees	2	15	30	
Winery	Visitors	25	3	75	
	Private Promotional with meals (on-site caterer)	50	15	750	
	Total People	81	Winery Peak Flow	915	
Residential	Bedrooms	2	120	240	
	Combined Domestic Waste Syst	em	Total Peak Flow	1,155	

## WINERY PROCESS WASTEWATER – SURFACE DRIP IRRIGATION

According to Napa County Environmental Management Sewage Treatment System Design Guidelines, winery process wastewater must be treated prior to surface discharge. Based on our experience, winery wastewater characteristics are as follows:

Characteristics	Units	Average
pН		3.5
BOD5	mg/l	6000
TSS	mg/l	500
Nitrogen	mg/l	20
Phosphorus	mg/l	10

The treatment goal is 160 mg/l BOD and 80 mg/l TSS. To meet this treatment goal a treatment train including a septic tank, treatment tank with High Strength Membrane Bio-Reactor (HSMBR)



unit, and pump tank are proposed. This treatment train may be modified for more desirable treatment processes prior to submitting construction plans. The following sections describe this process in more detail.

## **Septic Tank**

The septic tank will serve to buffer peak flows and strengths from overwhelming the system and impairing treatment. This tank has been designed with baffles near the outlet. This tank will provide three days storage and will also serve to function as a primary settling basin. This tank will be 2,000 gallons.

#### **Treatment Tank**

The treatment tank will serve to treat wastewater flows using a High Strength Membrane Bio-Reactor (HSMBR) unit. This tank will provide ten days storage. This tank will be 13,000 gallons.

## **Pump Tank**

The pump tank will serve to hold treated wastewater prior to pumping to the holding tanks. This tank will house dual pumps. This tank will be 1,000 gallons.

## **Holding Tank and Dispersal Field**

To provide a preliminary estimate of the amount of storage tanks required, we have prepared a monthly water balance, as shown in Appendix 7. Monthly wastewater production is based on a percentage of the total annual wastewater production. The amount of water allowed to be applied is estimated by the typical vine water demand. The irrigation will be applied to areas of vineyards outside well setback requirements. The area available for irrigation is shown in Appendix 6. An area of 4.60 acres of vineyard has been used to calculate the storage capacity required. Based on monthly analysis 14,115 gallons of storage is required. Storage capacity of 20,000 gallons is proposed.

During the summer months all of the treated wastewater will be used for irrigation. During the wet winter months, a limited discharge will be consistent with landscape water demand and no discharge will occur within 48-hours of a forecasted rain event and also for 48-hours after a rain event. These irrigation scheduling constraints necessitate installing tanks to store excess water that cannot be discharged during the winter months. All stored water will then be used for irrigation during the summer months.

### **DOMESTIC WASTEWATER - SUBSURFACE DRIP**

The existing septic system will be removed in accordance with Napa County Environmental Management requirements. Domestic wastewater from the existing residence will flow into a new HOOT H-600 tank. After pretreatment in the HOOT H-600, wastewater will be pumped to the proposed dispersal field.



Domestic wastewater for the proposed winery will flow to a 3,000 gallon septic tank. The effluent will then flow to a HOOT-1000 tank for treatment before being pumped to the dispersal field.

Wastewater from the kitchen will first flow to a 750-gallon grease interceptor tank before flowing to the 3,000-gallon septic tank. The 750-gallon grease interceptor tank will be capable of supporting 21 Drainage Fixture Units (DFUs) from the kitchen. See Table 1014.3.6 from the 2013 California Plumbing Code in Appendix 5.

The subsurface drip field is sized to meet Napa County Environmental Management guidelines. The distribution field will be placed in the area of the site evaluation where the most limiting usable soil type was sandy clay loam. The allowable application rate for sandy clay loam is 0.6 gallons/square foot/day for pre-treated effluent. Peak daily domestic wastewater flow is 1,155 gallons/day.

Dispersal Field Area(primary) = 
$$\frac{1,155 \text{ gpd}}{0.6 \text{ gpd/SF}}$$
 = 1,925 square feet

In addition to the primary dispersal area of 1,925 square feet, a 200% reserve area is required. The reserve area will be located adjacent to the primary field where the soil application rate is also 0.6 gallons/square foot/day.

Dispersal Field Area (reserve area) = 
$$\frac{1,155 \text{ gpd}}{0.6 \text{ gpd/SF}}$$
 = 1,925 square feet

The total requirement for domestic wastewater reserve dispersal area is 3,850 square feet. Total area required for the primary and reserve is 5,775 square feet.

The system layout is shown on Use Permit Plans in Appendix 2.

## STORMWATER DIVERSION

Operational areas including crush pad, trash and recycling enclosure, and mechanical pad will be covered.

#### **OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

The winery process and domestic waste systems will be fully automated and has been designed so minimal input from winery staff is required. Per Napa County guidelines, a Registered Civil Engineer, Registered Environmental Health Specialist, or Licensed Contractor will provide semi-annual monitoring and evaluation of the system. The contract with the responsible party will be provided prior to the final inspection for the system installed.



## **CONCLUSION**

This report demonstrates that enough dispersion area is available making a subsurface drip system a feasible option for treating the Sam Jasper Winery's domestic wastewater. It has also been demonstrated that it is feasible to treat the winery process wastewater and distribute this to the vineyard using drip irrigation.

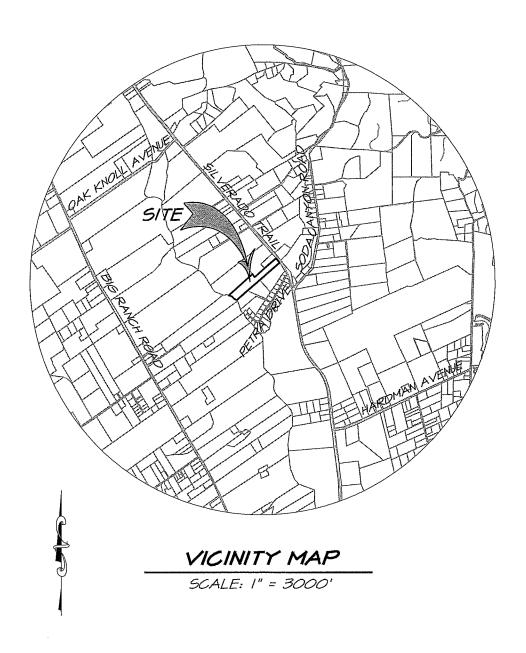
The above methodology results in a design that meets the Napa County Environmental Management Design standards for the treatment of winery and domestic wastewater.



## ATTACHMENT 1

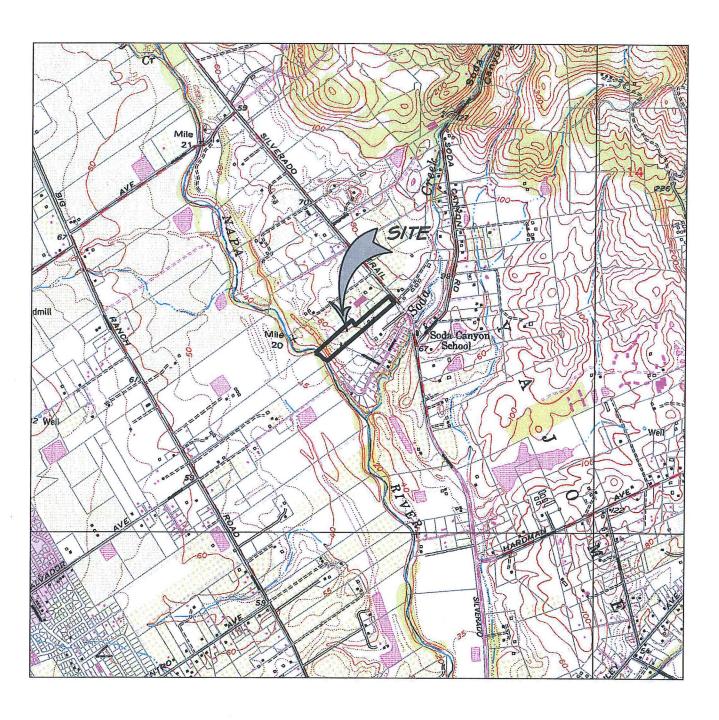
Vicinity Map & USGS Site Map

## SAM JASPER WINERY **VICINITY MAP**





## SAM JASPER WINERY **USGS MAP**





VICINITY MAP SCALE: I" = 2000'



1515 FOURTH STREET NAPA, CALIF. 94559 OFFICE | 707 | 252.3301 + www.RSAcivil.com +

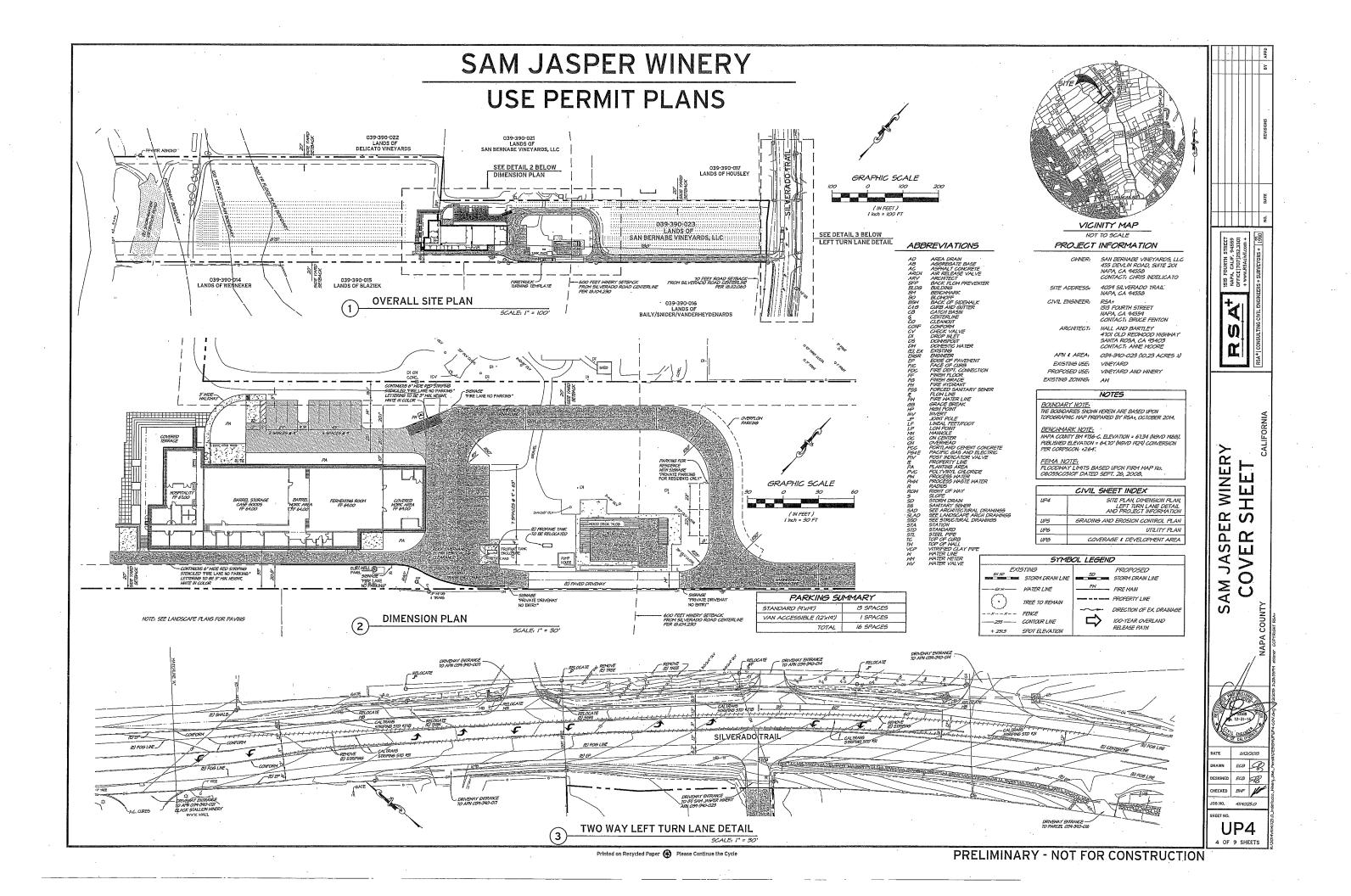
RSA+| CONSULTING CIVIL ENGINEERS + SURVEYORS + 1980

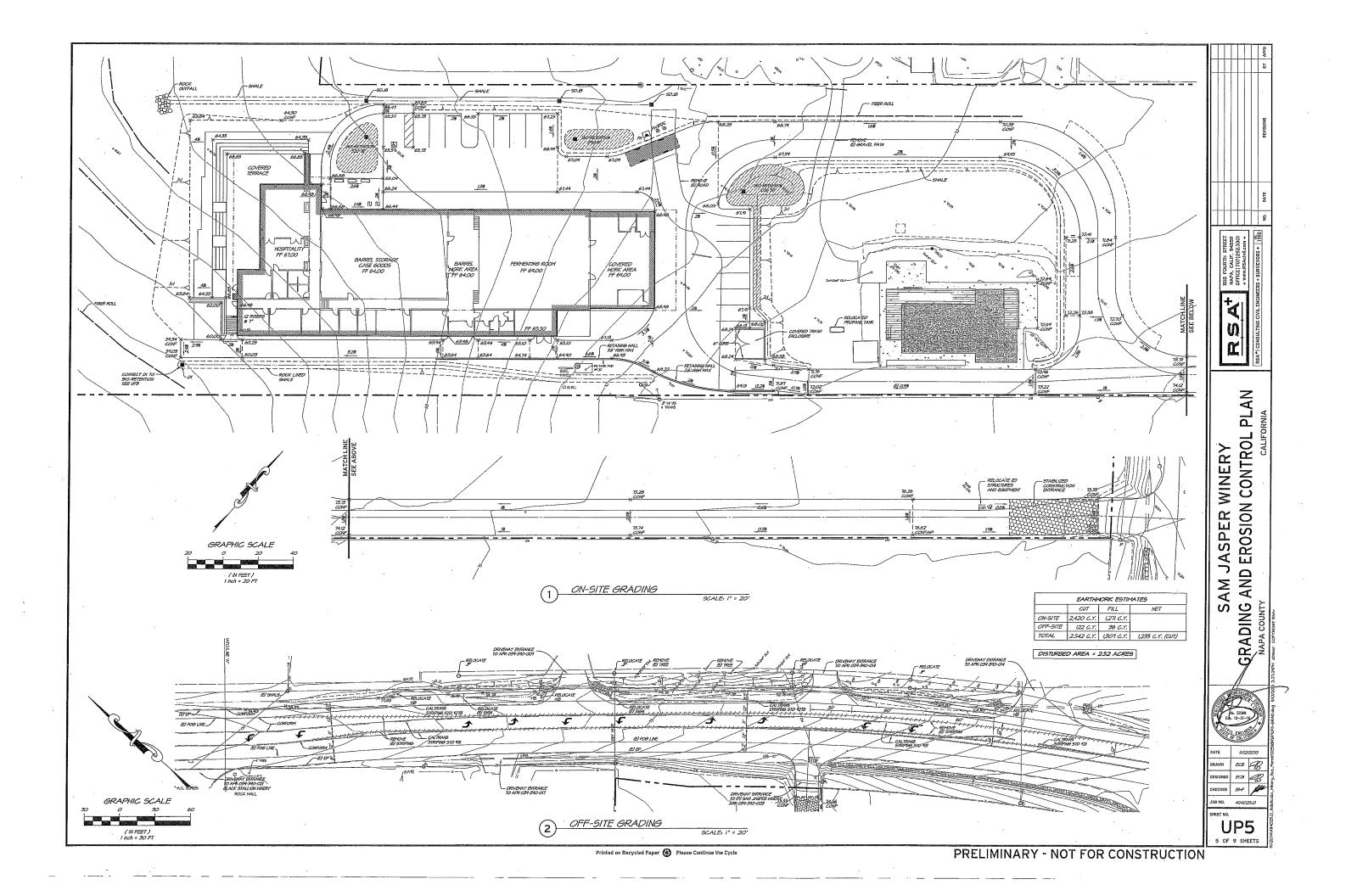


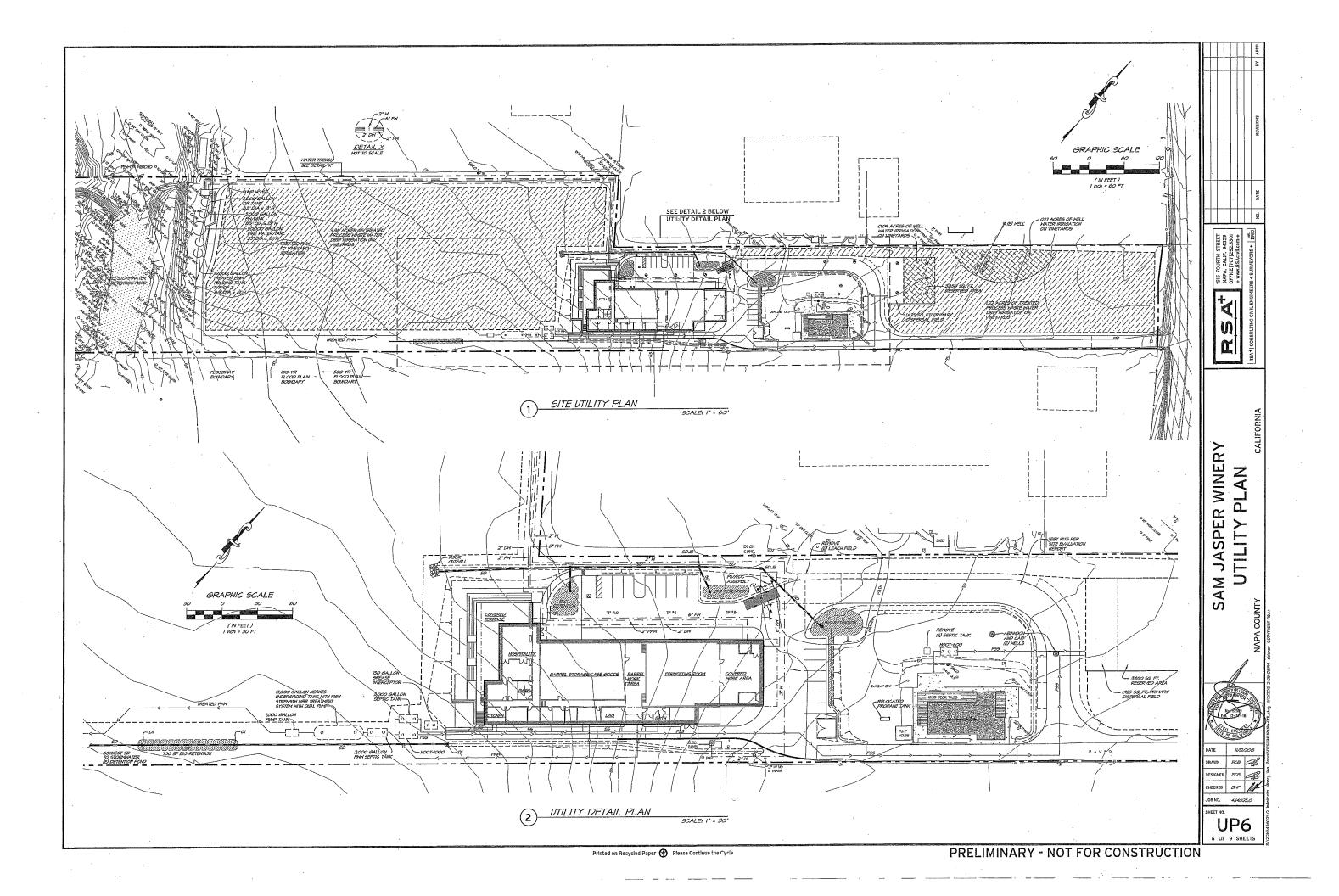


## ATTACHMENT 2

Reduced Use Permit Plan Set









## **ATTACHMENT 3**

**Existing Septic System Documentation** 

Attention: Shelton

Company: Napa Health

Parcel: 039390005000 4059 SILVERADO TR NAP

New well, casing below ground level

No visual concrete seal



Old well inside old pump house Existing not been use

## P & R Septic Systems

P.O. BOX 6776 • NAPA, CA 94581 (707) 252-6866 • fax (707) 252-7544 LIC.#482218

## RECEIVED

JUL 1 5 2010

PROPOSED SEPTIC SYSTEM REPAIR

DEPT. OF Environmental management

JERLY ACENANDER SILVERAPO TRAK - NAPA 39- 390-05 July 15, 2010 DRIVEWAY O SILVEN SPAIL WELL OLP 068 2-BPRM EXISTIM! RANCH HOUSE K cesspool BE PumpaD LOVEREV GARAGE, BACKF BARN 12 to 24 FAPPRIC 13 UlveyAnd EW 36 for CEACHEINES THE ONLY AVAICABLE AREA UINEYARD ROWS - THE ELECATION DIFFERENCE 15 12" 10 50!

N.T.S.



## **ATTACHMENT 4**

Site Evaluation

## **Napa County Department of Environmental Management**

## SITE EVALUATION REPORT

Please attach an 8.5" x 11" plot map showing the locations of all test pits triangulated from permanent landmarks or known property corners. The map must be drawn to scale and include a North arrow, surrounding geographic and topographic features, direction and % slope, distance to drainages, water bodies, potential areas for flooding, unstable landforms, existing or proposed roads, structures, utilities, domestic water supplies, wells, ponds, existing wastewater treatment systems and facilities.

Permit:	#: E11-00513		
APN:	039-390-005		
(County	Use Only)		
Review	Use Only) ed by:	Date:	

## PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

Property Owner			Addition 🛭	Remodel Relocation
San Bernabe Vineyards, LLC		☐ Other:		
Property Owner Mailing Address		☐ Residential - # of	Bedrooms: 5 De	esign Flow: 600 gpd
12001 S. Highway 99		_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
City State Manteca CA	Zip 95336	□ Commercial – Ty	pe: Winery	
Site Address/Location	***************************************	Sanitary Waste:	1000 gpd	Process Waste: 1000 gpd
4059 Silverado Trail		☐ Other:		
Napa, CA		Sanitary Waste:	gpd	Process Waste: gpd
Evaluation Conducted By:		Annual Control of the		
Company Name RIECHERS SPENCE & ASSOCIATES	Evaluator's Name BRUCE FENTON		Signature (Civil Engine	eer, R.E.H.S., Geologist, Soil Scientist)
RIECHERS SPENCE & ASSOCIATES	BROCE PENTON		19/	10
Mailing Address: 1515 4 <sup>TH</sup> STREET		5995555 46 5	Telephone Number 707-252-3301	SED PROFESSIONS
City Napa	State Zi CA 945		Date Evaluation Co October 28, 2011	ndused Bruce W. Fenton (2) No.77859
		Expansion Area		
Primary Area		Expansion Area		CIVIL
Acceptable Soil Depth: >30 in. Test pit	#s: 1,2,3,4,5	Acceptable Soil Depth:	>30 in. Test pit #'s	S: 6,7,8,9 COPIOALIFORNIE
Soil Application Rate (gal. /sq. ft. /day): 0.6		Soll Application Rate (ga	al. /sq. ft. /day): 0.6	
System Type(s) Recommended GEOFLOV	/ WITH PRETREATMENT	System Type(s) Recom	mended: GEOFLOV	/ WITH PRETREATMENT
Slope: 2%. Distance to nearest water so	ource: >100 ft.	Slope: 2%. Distance	e to nearest water so	urce: >100 ft.
Hydrometer test performed? No ⊠	Yes ☐ (attach results)	Hydrometer test perform	ned? No ⊠	Yes [ (attach results)
Bulk Density test performed? No ⊠	Yes ☐ (attach results)	Bulk Density test perfor	med? No ⊠	Yes (attach results)
Percolation test performed? No	Yes ☐ (attach results)	Percolation test perform	ed? No⊠	Yes ☐ (attach results)
Groundwater Monitoring Performed? No ∑	Yes ☐ (attach results)	Groundwater Monitoring	performed? No ⊠	Yes [ (attach results)
Site constrainte/Pasammendations				

- 1. Insufficient soil depth for pressure distribution system. Also vineyard rows not on contour.
- 2. Alternatively, primary area may be selected from areas 2 or 3 and area 1 reserved as expansion (minimum 200% of primary).
- 3. Vines to be removed to establish primary area.
- Vines may remain on expansion area until expansion area required.

			0/5 1		04	С	onsisten	ce	D	Doof	BB - 4411
X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores (QTY / Size)	Roots (QTY / Size)	Mottling (QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-39	GR	2	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/F	F/M	
	39-48	GR	30	SCL	s	Н	FRB	SS	M/M		
					papitalinaniuma sittima kapilaniuma						
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Test Pit # 2

						С	onsisten	ce	<b>_</b>	D = -4-	Mottling (QTY / Size/ Contrast)
X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores (QTY / Size)	Roots (QTY / Size)	
	0-36	GR	2	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/F	F/M	
	36-40	С	30	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/M		
	40"	Refusal with	h small ex	cavator							
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X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	(QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-42	GR	2	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/F	F/F	
	42"	Refusal with	n small ex	cavator							
Notes: Si	nall pocket	l of fine gravelly	sandy loar	n	<u> </u>	1	1	J	L	1	L

X=	Horizon	Poundant	%Rock	Texture	Structure		onsisten		Pores	Roots	Mottling
Limiting Horizon	Depth (Inches)	Boundary	76ROCK	Texture	(Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	(QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-36	С	1	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/F	F/F	
	36-42	GR∙	30	SCL	s	SH	FRB	SS	M/C	F/F	***
	42"	Refusal with	n small ex	cavator							
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Test Pit # 5

			0/5-1	<b></b> .	04	С	onsisten	ce	D	Danta	N.S 4412
X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores (QTY / Size)	Roots (QTY / Size)	Mottling (QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-38	GR	2	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/F	F/F/M	
	38-48	GR	30	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/M		
	47"	Refusal with	n backhoe	- rock							
Notes:	·		I	I		L			1		

					01	C	onsisten	ce	Daves	Roots	Mottling
X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores (QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-18	С	1	SCL	S	н	FRB	SS	M/F	F/M	
	18-30	GR	20	SCL	s	SH	FRB	SS	M/M		
-	30-40	GR	3	SCL	s	Н	FRB	SS	M/F		•••
	40-44	GR	30	SCL	s	Н	FRB	SS	M/C		
	44	Refusal with	h backhoe	}							
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X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	(QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size)	Mottling (QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-42	GR	1	SCL	S	Н	FRB	ss	M/F	F/F	
	42"	Refusal with	n small exc	cavator							
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										1	Af A P A P A Advanta unimproprieta en en
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Test Pit # 8

		Boundary	%Rock			C	onsisten	ce		D 4-	Mottling
X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)			Texture	Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores (QTY / Size)	Roots (QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-56		1	SCL	s	Н	FRB	ss	M/F	F/M	
	Ceased e	xcavation to	move to o	ther test p							
	Mottling b	elow 48"									
Notes:	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	J	L	!		<u> </u>	I	L

					01 (	Consistence				Desta	Mottling
X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores (QTY / Size)	Roots (QTY / Size)	Mottling (QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-24		1	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/F	F/M	
	24"	Ceased exc	avation d	ue to irriga	ation line pro	ximity					
Notes:		<u></u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u></u>
1,000.											

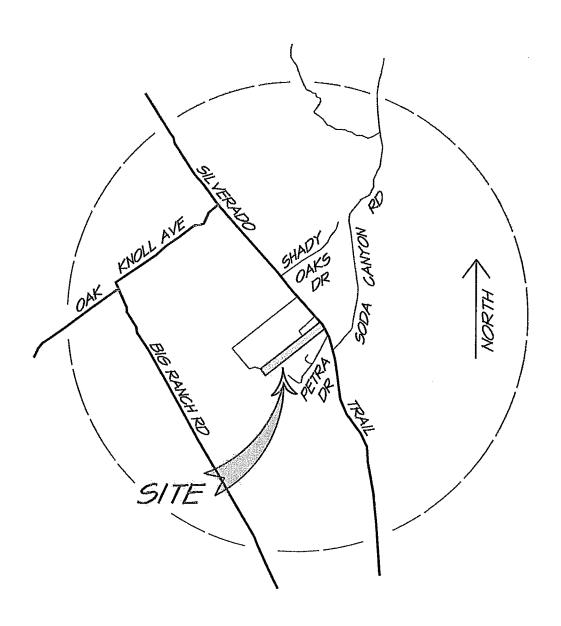
				Texture	01	С	onsisten	ce	Pores	Roots	3.8 - 1611:
X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock		Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	(QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size)	Mottling (QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-32		2	SCL	- S	Н	FRB	SS	M/F	M/F	
	32"	Refusal for	small exca	avator		1					
Notes:	L	1	1	L		1	J	L	I	I	

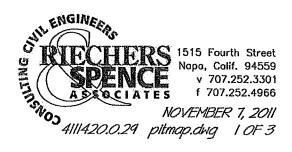
Test Pit # 11

			%Rock	Texture	01 1	С	onsisten	е	D	Roots	Mottling
X = Limiting Horizon	Horizon Depth (Inches)	Boundary			Structure (Grade / Shape)	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores (QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size)	(QTY / Size/ Contrast)
	0-30	GR	2	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/F	F/M	
	30-36	••	2	SCL	S	Н	FRB	SS	M/F		F/F/M
	36"	Refusal with	n small ex	cavator		·	y e muniminani				
Notes:	1	1	J								

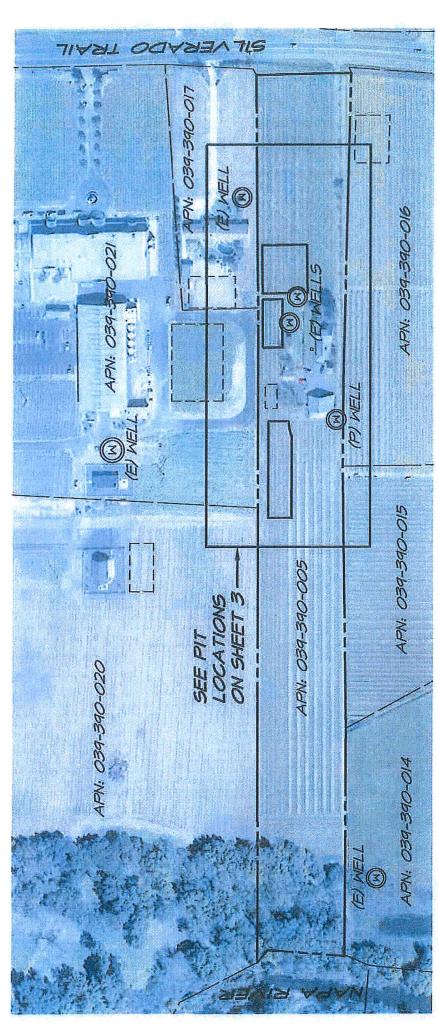
	Horizon Depth (Inches)		Ι		01 1	C	onsisten	ce	Pores	Roots	Mottling
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Notes: Si	nali pocket	of fine gravelly	sandy loar	n							

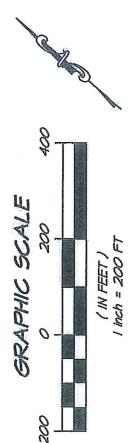
# ALEXANDER PROPERTY VICINITY MAP CALIFORNIA





# PROPERTY CALIFORNIA ALEXANDER ZAPA





ADDRESS: 4059 SILVERADO TRAIL SITE EVALUATION DATE: OCTOBER 28, 2011 APN: 039-390-005

NAPA, CA 9455B ENV. HEALTH INSPECTOR: PETER EX

(E) LEACH FIELD SFIBACK MELL

3

TEST PIT

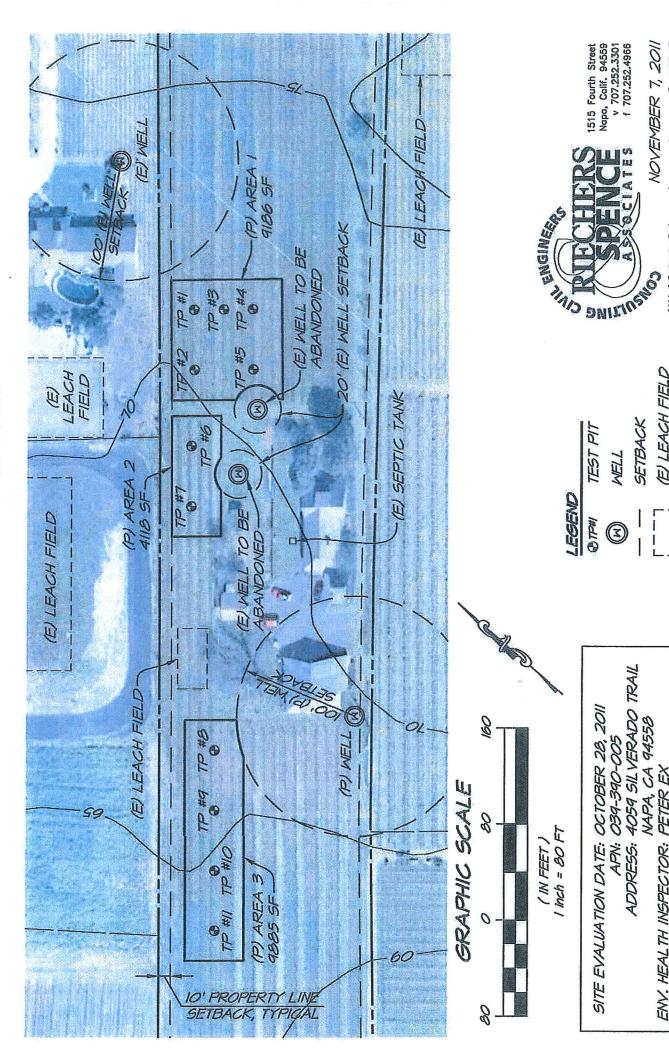
LEGEND の下野



1515 Fourth Street Napa, Calif. 94559 v 707.252.3301 f 707.252.4866 20F3 NOVEMBER 1, 2011

4111420.0.29 pitmap.dwg

## S CALIFORNIA 2 ALEXANDE A A A A A ۵



NOVEMBER 1, 2011

30F3

4111420.0.29 pitmap.dwg

(E) LEACH FIELD

SFIBACK

MELL

3

ADDRESS: 4059 SILVERADO TRAIL

APN: 039-390-005

NAPA, CA 94558 ENV. HEALTH INSPECTOR: PETER EX



## **ATTACHMENT 5**

**Grease Trap Sizing** 

drained into the sanitary waste through the interceptor where approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction.

1014.3.2.1 Toilets and Urinals. Toilets, urinals, and other similar fixtures shall not drain through the interceptor.

1014.3.2.2 Inlet Pipe. Waste shall enter the interceptor through the inlet pipe.

1014.3.3 Design. Gravity interceptors shall be constructed in accordance with the applicable standard in Table 1401.1 or the design approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction.

1014.3.4 Location. Each grease interceptor shall be so installed and connected that it shall be easily accessible for inspection, cleaning, and removal of the intercepted grease. A gravity grease interceptor in accordance with IAPMO Z1001, shall not be installed in a building where food is handled. Location of the grease interceptor shall meet the approval of the Authority Having Jurisdiction.

1014.3.4.1 Interceptors, Interceptors shall be placed as close as practical to the fixtures they serve.

1014.3.4.2 Business Establishment, Each business establishment for which a gravity grease interceptor is required shall have an interceptor which shall serve that establishment unless otherwise approved by the Authority Having Jurisdiction.

1014.3.4.3 Access. Each gravity grease interceptor shall be located so as to be readily accessible to the equipment required for maintenance.

1014.3.5 Construction Requirements. Gravity grease interceptors shall be designed to remove grease from effluent and shall be sized in accordance with this section. Gravity grease interceptors shall also be designed to retain grease until accumulations can be removed by pumping the interceptor. It is recommended that a sample box be located at the outlet end of gravity grease interceptors so that the Authority Having Jurisdiction can periodically sample effluent quality.

1014.3.6 Sizing Criteria. The volume of the interceptor shall be determined by using Table 1014.3.6. Where drainage fixture units (DFUs) are not known, the interceptor shall be sized based on the maximum DFUs allowed for the pipe size connected to the inter of the interceptor, Refer to Table 703.2, Drainage Piping, Horizontal.

1014.3.7 Abandoned Gravity Grease Interceptors. Abandoned grease interceptors shall be pumped and filled as required for abandoned sewers and sewage disposal facilities in Section 722.0.

1015.0 FOG (Fats, Oils, and Greases) Disposal System.

1015.1 Purpose. The purpose of this section is to provide the necessary criteria for the sizing, application, and installation of FOG disposal systems designated as a pretreatment or discharge water quality compliance strategy.

TABLE 1014.3.6
GRAVITY GREASE INTERCEPTOR SIZING

DRAINAGE FIXTURE UNITS <sup>1, 3</sup> (DFUs)	INTERCEPTOR VOLUME <sup>2</sup> (gallons)
8	500
51	750
35	1000
90	1250
172	1500
216	2000
307	2500
342	3000
428	4000
576	5000
720	7500
2112	10 000
2640	15 000

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#### Notes:

- <sup>1</sup> The maximum allowable DFUs plumbed to the kitchen drain times that will be connected to the grease interceptor.
- <sup>2</sup> This size is based on, DFUs, the pipe size from this code. Table 103.2. Useful Tables for flow in half-full pipes fret. Molander Navyan Piping Handbook, 3rd Edition, 1992). Based on 30-inmate retention time field George Teliobanoglous and Metcalf & Eddy. Wastewater Engineering Treatment Disposal and Reuse. 3rd Ed. 1991 & Ronald Crites and George Teliobanoglous. Small and Decentralized Wastewater Management Systems, 1998). Ronaled up to nonunal interceptor volume.
- <sup>3</sup> Where the flow rate of directly connected fixture(s) or appliance(s) have no assigned DLC values, the additional grease interceptor volume shall be based on the known flow rate (gpm) (E.s) multiplied by 30 minutes.

1015.2 Scope, FOG disposal systems shall be considered engineered systems and shall be in accordance with the requirements of Section 301.4 of this code.

1015.3 Components, Materials, and Equipment, FOG disposal systems, including components, materials, and equipment necessary for the proper function of the system, shall be in accordance with Section 301.1.2 or Section 301.2 of this code.

1015.4 Sizing Application and Installation. FOG disposal systems shall be engineered, sized, and installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and I as specified in ASME A112.14.6, as listed in Table 1401.1 of this code.

1015.5 Performance, FOG disposal systems shall be tested and certified as listed in Table 1401.1 of this code, and other national consensus standards applicable to FOG disposal systems as discharging a maximum of 5.84 grains per gallon (gr/gal) (100 mg/L) FOG.

1015.6 [OSHPD 1, 2, 3 & 4] Grease interceptors shall not be installed in food preparation area of kitchens.

1015.7 JOSHPD 1, 2, 3 & 4J Grease interceptors shall be installed ontside of the kitchen area in location affording ease of maintenance and servicing.

#### **TABLE 702.1** DRAINAGE FIXTURE UNIT VALUES (DFU)

PLUMBING APPLIANCES, APPURTENANCES, OR FIXTURES	MINIMUM SIZE TRAP AND TRAP ARM <sup>7</sup> (inches)	PRIVATE	PUBLIC	ASSEMBLY <sup>8</sup>
Bathtub or Combination Bath/Shower	11/2	2.0	] 2.0	·
Bidet		1.0	ii	· —
Bidet	1/2	2.0		and the second
Bidet Clothes Washer, domestic, standpipe 5	2		3.0	3.0
Dental Unit, cuspidor	1/4		1.0	1.0
Dishwasher, domestic, with independent drain <sup>2</sup>	152	2,0	2.0	2.0
Drinking Fountain or Water Cooler	14	0.5	0.5	1.0
Food Waste Grinder, commercial	; 2		3.0	3.0
Floor Drain, emergency	2	Section 1	0.0	0.0
Floor Drain (for additional sizes see Section 702.0)	2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Shower, single-head trap	2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Multi-head, each additional	2		1.0	1.0
Lavatory, single	11/2	1.0	1.0	1.0
Lavatory, in sets of two or three			2.0	2.0
332 Sept. 1. 1. 1.	1/4		2.0	2.0
Are at Comments			3.0	3.0
Washfountam  Mobile Home_trap <sup>9</sup> Receptor, indirect waste <sup>1,3</sup>		12.0	1.0	
Parantar indirect parts 1,3	3 1½		See footnote 1.3	
Descritor indicat waste	1		See footnote 1,4	-
Receptor, indirect waste " Receptor, indirect waste 14 Receptor, indirect waste 1		restance and article and restance and	See footnote	
Receptor, inducer waste			Sec monnoic	C. Aller
Sinks Bar	11/2	1.0		
The second secon	. 1½	1.0	7.0	
to 1999 the annual control of the state of t	1/2		2.0	2.0
Clinical		* \$1 \$1 \$1	6.0	6.0
Commercial with food waste	11/2		3.0	3.0
Special Purpose <sup>2</sup>	and the second s	2.0	3.0	3,0
Special Purpose	<u>.</u> 2	3.0	4.0	4.0
Special Purpose		****	6.0	6.0
Kitchen, domestie <sup>2</sup> (with or without food waste grinder, dishwasher, or both)	1½	2.0	2.0	
Laundry <sup>2</sup> (with or without discharge from a clothes washer)	1/2	2.0	2.0	2.0
Service or Mop Busin	2	<u>.</u>	3.0	3.0
Service or Mop Basin	3		3.0	3,0
Service, Ilushing rim	3	-dram	6.0	6.0
Wash, each set of fancets			2.0	2,0
Urinal, integral trap 1.0 GPF <sup>2</sup>	1	2.0	2.0	5.0
Urinal, integral trap greater than 1.0 GPF	2		2.0	6.0
Hrinal avnocad tran	HA	2.0	2.0	5.0
Water Closet, 1.6 GPF Gravity Tank <sup>6</sup>		3.0	4.0	6.0
Water Closet, L6 GPF Flushometer Tank <sup>9</sup>	3	3.0	4.0	6.0
Water Closet, 1.6 GPF Flushometer Valve <sup>6</sup>	3	3.0	46	
Water Closet, 1.6 GPF Flushometer Valve <sup>6</sup> Water Closet, greater than 1.6 GPF Gravity Tank <sup>6</sup> Water Closet, greater than 1.6 GPF Flushometer Valve <sup>6</sup>	3	4,0	6,0	8.0
Water Closet, greater than 1.6 GPF Flushometer Valve <sup>6</sup>	3	4.0	6.0	8,0
For SI units: 1 inch = 25 mm	estatura en		, W.Y	*******

## Notes:

- Indirect waste receptors shall be sized based on the total drainage capacity of the fixtures that drain therein to, in accordance with Table 702.2(b). Provide a 2 inch (50 mm) minimum drain.
- For refrigerators, coffee ums, water stations, and similar low demands.
- For commercial sinks, dishwashers, and similar moderate or heavy demands.
- Buildings having a clothes-washing area with clothes washers in a battery of three or more clothes washers shall be rated at 6 fixture units each for purposes of sizing common horizontal and vertical drainage piping.
- Water closets shall be computed as 6 fixture units where determining septic tank sizes based on Appendix H of this code.
- Trap sizes shall not be increased to the point where the fixture discharge is capable of being inadequate to maintain their self-scouring properties
- Assembly [Public Use (see Table 422.1)].
- JHCD 21 For draining efixture unit values related to mobilehome parks in all parts of the State of California, see California Code of Regulations, 17the 25, Division 1, Chapter 2, Article 5, Section 1268. For drainage fixure unit values related to special occupancy parks in all parts of the State of California, see California Code of Regulations, Title 25, Division 1, Chapter 2.2, Article 5, Section 2268.



## **ATTACHMENT 6**

Water Balance for Irrigation and Storage, Irrigation Areas Exhibit

## Reclaimed Process Wastewater Water Balance for Irrigation and Storage

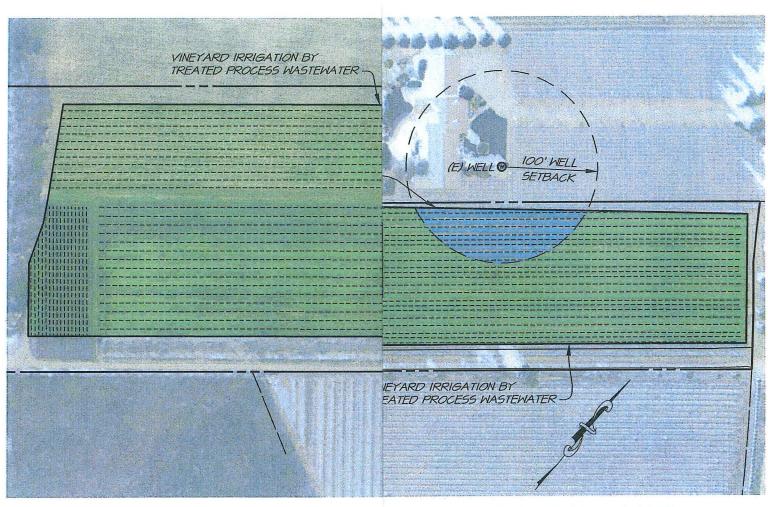
Project Description		Annual Process Waste Flow Volume											
Project Number:	4114025.0				Wine Produ	ction:				20,000		gal/year	
Project Name: Prepared By:	Sam Jasper Winery Maggie Schneider				Annual De	mon Wests	r Calles W					2216	
Date:	Maggie Schneider February 11, 2015				Annual Process Waste per Gallon Wine: Total Annual Process Waste Generated:				·····	100,000		gal/year gal/year	
		Y av 3		P						200,000		Aun rott	
Vineyard Irrigation Parameters  Acres of irrigated vineyard:	4.60 acres	Crop type / 1	pe Irrigati	on Paran	ieters								
Row spacing:	7.0 feet		ed acres of cre	op:		0.00	acres						Personal Property of the Party
Vine spacing:	8.0 feet												
Total number of vines:	3,578 vines												
Water use per vine per month (peak):  Total peak monthly irrigation demand:	26 gal 93,032 gal								<del>/////////////////////////////////////</del>			~	
					···								
Monthly Process Wastewater Generati	on	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Monthly process wastewater generated as % of annual	total:	4%	6%	6%	5%	6%	7%	9%	10%	14%	14%	11%	8%
Monthly process wastewater generated [gallons]:		4,000	6,000	6,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	9,000	10,000	14,000	14,000	11,000	8,000
Monthly Vineyard Irrigation Water Us	ie												
(Based on per-vine water use)		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Beginning of month reclaimed water in storage [gallon (This number brought forward from end of previous m		9,697	13,697	14,115	10,812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,697
Vineyard irrigation as % of peak month irrigation dem		6%	6%	10%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	10%	10%
Irrigation per month per vine (gallons):		2	2	3	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	3	3
Total vineyard irrigation demand [gallons]:	Alberta de la composito de la Maria de Carta de	5,582	5,582	9,303	93,032	93,032	93,032	93,032	93,032	93,032	93,032	9,303	9,303
Will vineyard be irrigated with reclaimed water this month?			У	у	у	у	у	у	у	У	у	у	n
Process wastewater generated this month, reclaimed for vineyard irrigation [gallons]			5,582	6,000	5,000	6,000	7,000	9,000	10,000	14,000	14,000	9,303	0
Iganious] Remaining vineyard irrigation demand after using this month's process water [gallons]		0	0	3,303	88,032	87,032	86,032	84,032	83,032	79,032	79,032	0	0
	Drawdown from storage for remaining vineyard irrigation [gallons]		0	3,303	10,812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Well water required to satisfy remaining vineyard irrig	ation demand	5,582	0	0	77,220	87,032	86,032	84,032	83,032	79,032	79,032	0	9,303
Net storage after vineyard irrigation drawdown [gallon	s]	9,697	13,697	10,812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,697
This month's process wastewater, remaining after vine for landscape irrigation[gallons]	yard irrigation, available	4,000	418	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,697	8,000
		Wate	r balance con	tinues on nex	t page for cov	er crop irrige	ation.						
Monthly Landscape Irrigation Water U	lse												
(Based on evapotranspiration crop demand and irrigate	ed area)	<u>Jan</u>	<u>Feb</u>	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	<u>Sep</u>	<u>Oct</u>	Nov	<u>Dec</u>
This month's process wastewater, remaining after vine for landscape irrigation[gallons] (From sheet 1)	yard irrigation, available	4,000	418	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,697	8,000
Reference ET (ETo) (in/month) (see note 1)		1.03	1.53	2.93	4.71	5.82	6.85	7.21	6.44	4.87	3.53	1.64	1.17
Crop Coefficient (k <sub>c</sub> ) (see note 2)		0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80	0.80
Crop water demand per acre [inches]		0.82	1.22	2.34	3.77	4.66	5.48	5.77	5.15	3.90	2.82	1.31	0.94
Crop water demand per acre [gallons]		22,374	33,235	63,645	102,310	126,422	148,795	156,615	139,889	105,786	76,678	35,624	25,415
Total crop water demand for irrigated area [gallons]		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Will landscape be irrigated with reclaimed water this n	nonth?	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	Y	Y
Process wastewater remaining after vineyard irrigation irrigation [gallons]	, reclaimed for landscape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Landscape irrigation water required from storage or other	ner source [gallons]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drawdown from storage for landscape irrigation [gallo	Drawdown from storage for landscape irrigation [gallons]			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Process wastewater generated this month, unused for in and stored [gallons]	rigation, to be reclaimed	4,000	418	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,697	8,000
Net end-of-month reclaimed water storage after all irrig	gation [gallons]	13,697	14,115	10,812	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,697	9,697
				End of Wa	ter Balance								

## Peak Monthly Storage =

## 14,115 gallons

#### Notes:

- 1. Reference ETo from California Irrigation Management Information System
- 2. Crop Coefficient from Table 1 of "Estimating Irrigation Water Needs of Landscape Plantings in California", University of California Cooperative Extension, August 2000.



## VINEYARD AREAS





TOTAL VINEYARD = 4.86 ACRES

## GRAPHIC SCALE



(IN FEET) 1 inch = 100 FT



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