

Girard Winery

1077 Dunaweal Ln., Calistoga, CA 94515 APN: 020-150-017

USE PERMIT WASTEWATER FEASIBILITY STUDY

Project and Site Background

Vintage Wine Estates owns and operates the existing "Clos Pegase" Winery located at 1060 Dunaweal Ln in Calistoga, Ca (APN: 020-150-012). Vintage Wine Estates also owns the parcel across Dunaweal Ln., (1077 Dunaweal Ln., APN: 020-150-017), which has the existing process wastewater ponds and water well for Clos Pegase.

Vintage Wine Estates is proposing to construct a new winery and tasting room (the Girard Winery) on the above referenced parcel. A production capacity of 200,000 gal of wine annually is proposed for the new Girard Winery. With the Use Permit, it is proposed to also treat the process waste (PW) generated by Girard Winery using the existing Clos Pegase Pond Treatment system. A new collection system and transfer pump sump will be required for Girard Winery. A new aerator in the process waste ponds will also be required. A new sanitary sewage system on-site is proposed to accommodate the winery employees, visitors, and events.

The parcel consists of existing vineyards, water supply well and treatment, an agricultural storage building, 2 PW treatment ponds and an irrigation storage pond. The parcel is generally flat, with a small flow line along the southern property line.

A site plan is provided in Enclosure B displaying the existing site and proposed wastewater system improvements.

SANITARY SEWAGE (SS)

Existing Site Evaluation

A site evaluation was performed by Ben Monroe, P.E. of Always Engineering and Peter Ex of Napa County on November 14, 2013. A total of 16 soil profiles were evaluated and 6 were logged for use. Test pits displayed a sandy clay loam surface soil which ranged in depth from 36" to 56" in depth. Soils were underlain by a sandy loam or loamy sand for a total permeable depth ranging from 49" to 60" in depth. All soil displayed a moderate to strong sub-angular blocky structure. Faint mottling was observed to 24" deep, with increasing intensity with depth below that. Prominent mottling was observed below 48" in all test pits. Additional groundwater monitoring is required onsite to determine if the upper mottling is due to subsurface groundwater or heavy irrigation of the onsite vineyards. At the time of preparation of this study, there has not been sufficient rainfall



to perform groundwater monitoring and therefore, it is assumed that a minimum of 24" suitable soil is available for septic system design. An interceptor drain is also proposed with this feasibility study to ensure we have the required separation to seasonal groundwater. The Napa County Site Evaluation procedures indicate a Sandy clay loam or sandy loam with moderate structure should be loading at 0.75 to 1.0 gpd using pretreated effluent.

Proposed Wastewater Flows

The proposed onsite sanitary wastewater flow rate is entirely associated with the proposed Girard Winery. The use permit is requesting a similar level of use as Clos Pegase; an average number of 10 employees (15 gpcd) along with 75 visitors (3gpcd), and a peak number of 30 employees (15 gpcd) along with 100 visitors (3 gpcd). There will be one large event per year which will have 500 attendees. Portable toilets will be used for this event. All events will have fully catered food with all preparation and cleanup occurring off site. The proposed wastewater flows are estimated as follows:

<u>Average</u> Employees

	8 FT employees 3 PT employees	x x	15 gpd/employee 7.5 gpd/employee	=	120 gpd 22.5 gpd
	3 11 employees	Λ	7.5 gpa/ompioyee		0 8ha
Tasti	ng Room				
	42 tasting visitors	x	3 gpd/visitor	==	126 gpd
Even	ts				
	75 event visitors x	5 gpd	/visitor	=	375 gpd
TOTA	AL PROPOSED AVEF	RAGE I	DESIGN FLOW	=	643.5 GPD
<u>Peak</u> Empl	loyees				
	20 FT employees			=	300 gpd
	10 PT employees	X	7.5 gpd/employee	=	75 gpd
Tasti	ng Room				
	100 tasting visitors	x	3 gpd/visitor	gyanna equation	300 gpd



Events

200 event visitors x

5 gpd/visitor

= 1,000 gpd

TOTAL PROPOSED PEAK DESIGN FLOW <u>Proposed Sanitary Sewage Loading</u>

= 1,675 GPD

It is proposed to design a subsurface drip system to accommodate all sanitary sewage dispersal. Sizing as follows:

Proposed Septic System Design Flow:

1,675 gpd

Proposed Pretreated Effluent Loading Rate:

0.6 gpd/sf (Moderate -Strong Sandy

Loam/Sandy Clay loam)

This loading rate is within the suitable range for pretreated effluent in the onsite soil types. Because there has not been sufficient rainfall to perform ground water monitoring

Proposed Sanitary Sewage Management System

With improvement to the site, the following tanks are proposed for the Girard Winery septic system. Because a pretreatment system is required for subsurface drip, a septic, recirculation, and sump tank are required for an AdvanTex pretreatment system. Other NSF Certified pretreatment systems may be reviewed at the time of Construction Drawings. Tank sizes are verified using the plumbing code commercial sizing formula.

 $V = 1,125 + 0.75 \times Q$

= 1,125 + 0.75 x 1,675 gpd

= 2,381.25 gallons

Septic Tank:

6,000 gallons (3.6 days retention time)

Recirculation Tank:

2,000 gallons (1.2 days retention time)

Sump/Dispersal Equalization Tank:

3,000 gallons (1.8 days retention time)

These tank volumes meet the minimum criteria for an AvanTex pretreatment system.

Leachfield Sizing

The area required for a primary sanitary sewer drip system is as follows:



Area Required

Flow/Application Rate

1,675 gpd / 0.6 gpd/sf

2,792 sf

Reserve Area

200% reserve area, or 5,584 sf, is required for this site and is shown adjacneet to the primary septic area on the Use Permit Site Plan.

Irrigation Reuse Alternative

In the event that groundwater monitoring cannot occur prior to the application for construction permits, it is also desired to have the ability to provide a pretreatment and irrigation reuse system. The Lyve Wastewaer System has been used at Alpha Omega Winery to treat and reuse domestic wastewater for irrigation. Also, the Biomicrobics BioBarrier Membrane Bioreactor (MBR) is NSF 350 certified for reuse. A design for a BioBarrier MBR would include the following:

Septic Tank:

2,000 gallons

Processing Tank:

13,000 gallons

Treated Collection Sump: 1,500 gallons

Treated Storage Tank:

40,000 gallons

A storage tank would be provided for period in the winter when irrigation reuse cannot occur. As demonstrated in the process wastewater section of this study, more than sufficient vineyard is available onsite for irrigation dispersal of effluent. Approximately 3 acres is required for process wastewater and a total of 18 acres is available onsite.

If treatment, irrigation, and reuse is proposed for construction of this project, the project must first obtain approval from the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (SFBREWQCB) for this use. Prior to issuance of building permits, the RWQCB will need to approve of the proposal, and issue Waste Discharge Requirements for the reuse of the sanitary sewage. If future groundwater monitoring cannot occur in a time schedule appropriate for building permits, or does not provide at least 24 inches of separation to groundwater, treatment, irrigation, and reuse will be required for the project. In this event, the RWQCB must also grant system approval prior to building permit issuance.



PROCESS WASTEWATER (PW)

Existing System

The existing on-site process wastewater system consists of 2 aerated facultative lagoons and an irrigation holding pond. This system is currently treating the process waste from the Clos Pegase winery located across Dunaweal Lane under the same ownership. No sanitary wastewater is discharged into the process wastewater system.

Before entering the process wastewater ponds, the entire flow of process wastewater is filtered through a rotary screen where suspended solids are collected and removed. Biological stabilization occurs in the facultative pond system. The total volume of the existing pond system is approximately 1.5 MG. There is a 10 hp aerator in Pond 1 and a 5 hp aerator in Pond 2. Clos Pegase is currently producing 200,000 gallons of wine with an average annual PW production of 920,000 gallons. This pond system is large enough to provide at least 200 days of retention time at current Clos Pegase average flow conditions. Treated PW is used for irrigation of the onsite vineyards.

Proposed System

The proposed PW system for the new Girard Winery will connect to the existing PW wastewater pond system. The new PW connection will include a pump sump and new aerators to accommodate the increase in flows.

Proposed Flow Calculations

The winery is currently proposing a production of 200,000 gallons of wine per year. Using a monthly PW distribution from multiple wineries and a PW generation rate of 4.6 gal PW per gal wine produced (from Clos Pegase data) flow rates are estimated as follows:

Winery Process Wastewater (PW)

Average Daily Flow = 2,521 gal PW/day

Average Harvest Day = 3,950 gal PW/day

Average Day, Peak Harvest Month = 5,060 gal PW/day (See calculations spreadsheet)

The **design flow proposed** to the system is **10,120 gpd** (5,060 gpd from Girard and 5,060 gpd from Clos Pegase).

Aerator Sizing

The Aerators have been sized using a BOD mass loading and the Aqua-Jet Surface Mechanical Aerator brochure specifications. Calculations (attached) show that a total of 22.5 hp of aerators is required for both ponds. It is proposed to add a second 10 hp



aerator to Pond 1 for a total of 20 hp in Pond 1. This results in a power to volume (P/V) ratio of 0.21 hp per 1000 ft³. This is sufficient for surface mixing and aeration in Pond 1. Pond 2 has an (E) 5 hp aerator. This provided a P/V ratio of 0.05 hp per 1000 ft³. This is sufficient for surface mixing and to prevent odors in Pond 2. No aeration should be required in the irrigation pond due to dilution, level of treatment exiting Pond 2, and natural aeration from algae. In addition, an Anti-Erosion Assembly is recommended for both aerators, to minimize sediment mixing during periods of low liquid levels in the ponds.

Pond Sizing

The facultative ponds combined volume is roughly 1.5 MG. This provides for a retention time of >140 days at peak month flows (see calculations spreadsheet). Facultative pond systems are sized with a minimum of 60 days in the entire system, and at least 45 days in the first pond. Therefore, this system will have sufficient contact time for treatment before discharge. During the rainy winter months when irrigation needs are low the existing irrigation pond will be used as a detention system to hold excess effluent until the spring months when increased irrigation loading is appropriate.

Irrigation Reserve/Dispersal

A total of 7.5 acres of vineyard is required for dispersal of effluent to avoid ponding and concentration.

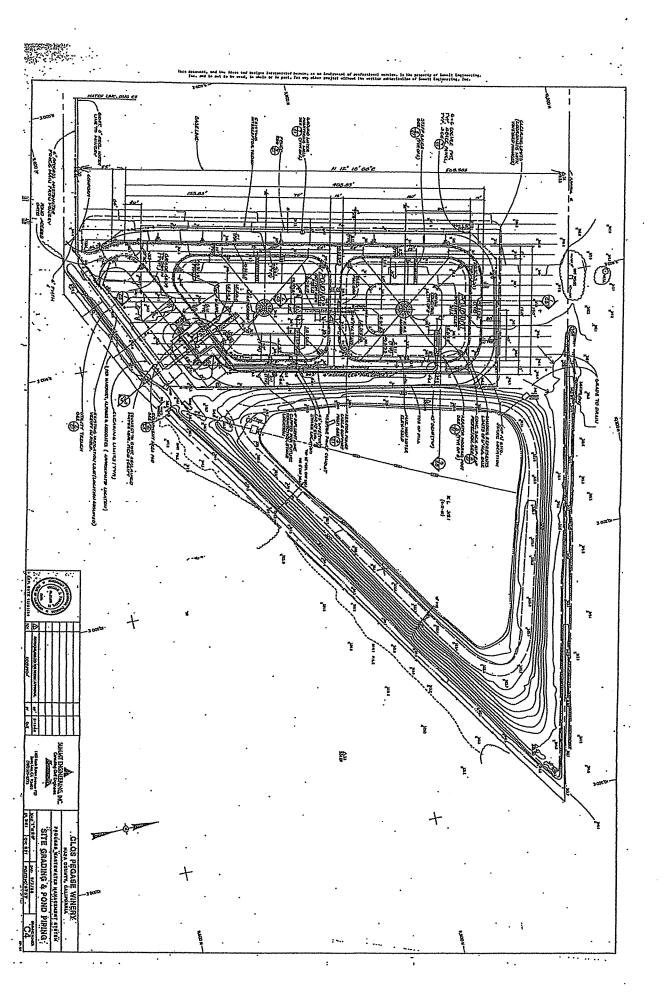
SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

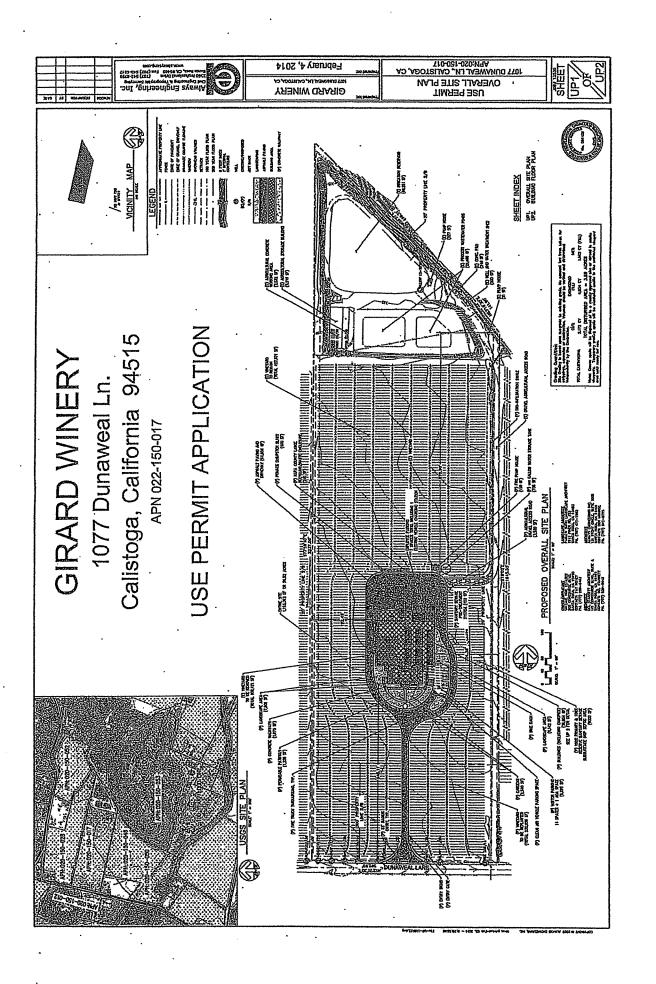
Sanitary Wastewater

With the proposed installation of a new sanitary management system, as discussed in this report, the site is capable of supporting the proposed sanitary sewage loads.

Process Wastewater

With the proposed installation of additional aerators and a collection system and pump station, the existing aerated facultative pond system is sufficient for the proposed Girard Winery PW flows in addition to the existing Clos Pegase Winery PW flows.





Designed By:

BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Girard Winery

Annual Process Wastewater Flow

=

920,000 gallons PW/year

*Refer to the design calculations report for additional flow estimates.

		T	-
Month .	Percentage of Annual Flow (%)	Monthly Flow (MGal)	Days
January	6.50%	0.060	3:
February	7.00%	0.064	28
March	8.00%	0.074	31
April	7.00%	0.064	30
May	6.50%	0.060	31
June	5.50%	0.051	30
July	6.00%	0.055	31
August	10.50%	0.097	31
September	16.50%	0.152	30
October	12.50%	0.115	31
November	7.50%	0.069	30
December	6.50%	0.060	31
Total	100.00%	0.920	365

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Designed By: BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Girard Winery PROCESS WASTEWATER

Annual Volume

Annual Production (projected)				=	1,212 ton/year
Wine Generation Rate (assumed) ^a				=	165 gal wine/ton
Wine Produced	1,212 ton/year	x	165 gal wine/ton	=	200,013 gal wine/year
Process Wastewater (PW) Generation Rateb	(assumed)		•	=	4.60 gal PW/gal wine
Annual PW Flow	200,013 gal wine/year	ĸ	4.60 gal PW/gal wine	=	920,060 gal PW/year
Average Day Flow					
	920,060 gal PW/year	÷	365 days	=	2,521 gal PW/day
Average Harvest Day			•		
Total Harvest Flow ^e	920,060 gal PW/year	×	39.5%	=	363,424 gal PW/harvest
Average Harvest Flow (3 month harvest)	363,424 gal PW/harvest	÷	92 days	=	3,950 gal PW/day
Average Day, Peak harvest Month - Pond Design					
Total Peak Month Flow	920,060 gal PW/year	x ,	16.5%	=	151,810 gal PW/month
Average Day, Peak Month Flow	151,810 gal PW/month	*	30 days	=	5.060 gal PW/day

a. 165 Gal wine per ton of grapes is used as a wine industr standard

b. 4.6 gal of PW per gallon wine produced over the course of 1 year is based on hisotrical data from Clos Pegase and existing Griard operations. c. Percentage of PW produced during each month is based on the average flow distirubtion from 16 winerles

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Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Clos Pegase Winery

Annual Process Wastewater Flow

==

920,000 gallons PW/year

*Refer to the design calculations report for additional flow estimates.

		e commuces	•
Month	Percentage of Annual Flow (%)	Monthly Flow (MGal)	Days
January	6.50%	0.060	31
February	7.00%	0.064	28
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April	7.00%	0.064	30
Мау	6.50%	0.060	31
June	5.50%	0.051	30
July	6.00%	0.055	31
August	10.50%	0.097	31
September	16.50%	0.152	30
October	12.50%	0.115	31
November	7.50%	0.069	30
December	6.50%	0.060	31
Total	100.00%	0.920	365

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

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Clos Pegase Winery PROCESS WASTEWATER

Annual Volume

Annual Production (projected)			•	=	1,212 ton/year
Wine Generation Rate (assumed) ^a				=	165 gal wine/ton
Wine Produced	1,212 ton/year	×	165 gal wine/ton	=	200,013 gal wine/year
Process Wastewater (PW) Generation Rate ^b	(assumed)			=	4.60 gal PW/gal wine
Annual PW Flow	200,013 gal wine/year	×	4.60 gal PW/gal wine	=	920,060 gal PW/year
Average Day Flow					
	920,060 gal PW/year	÷	365 days	=	2.521 gal PW/day
Average Harvest Day					•
Total Harvest Flow ^e	920,060 gal PW/year	×	39.5%	=	363,424 gal PW/harvest
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a, 165 Gal wine per ton of grapes is used as a wine industr standard

b. 4.6 gal of PW per gallon wine produced over the course of 1 year is based on hisotrical data from Clos Pegase and existing Griard operations.

c. Percentage of PW produced during each month is based on the average flow distirubtion from 16 wineries



Project: Girard Winery Use Permit.

BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc. Designed By:

			Clima	Climate Data			
Month	. Days	Reference Evapotranspiration ¹ (inches)	Pan Evaoporation	Lake Evaporation	Average Precipitation	10-Year Precipitation	100-Year Precipitation
January	31	1.0	(incles)	(inches)	(inches)	(inches)	(inches)
February	28	i H	ů c	1.2	0.6	12.9	17.6
. March	33	2.9	7 0) i	5.6	8.0	11.0
April	8	4.7	. n	Z. Z.	5.7	8.1	11.2
May	31	. w	ာ တ က် ထ	4 r	2.6	3.7	S, L
June	33	ດ _ິ ຍ	5 5	5) L	. မွ ်	0.9	1.2
July	31	7.2	13.2	, ¢,	0.2	0.3	0.4
August	31	6.4	12.2	7.0T	0.1	0.1	0.2
September	99	6.4	141.4	ກຸ່	0,2	0.3	0,4
October	31	່ເນື	n ç	6. ′	0.3	0.4	0.6
November	30	1.6	, u	ą <i>"</i>	2.4	3,4	4.7
December	31	27	3 -	<u>ب</u>	8.8	5.6	13.3
TOTAL	365.0	7. 47		1.3	8.2	11.7	16.1
			0.//	59.3	41,7	59.6	81.0
					The state of the s		~

1. Reference Evapotranspiration data is for the Angwin FS obtained from the California Irrigation Management Information System See http://www.cimis.water.ca.gov/cimis/monthlyEToReport.do

81.8

2 Average Monthly Pan Evaopration Rates observed at Berryessa Lake, Ca between 1957 and 1970.

3 Lake evaopration is pan evaporation multiplied by a 0.77 factor.

4 Average precipitation data is from TheWeatherChannel.com for Calistoga, CA

See http://www.weather.com/weather/wxclimatology/monthly/94515

Designed By: BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Date: 02/20/2014 Project: Girard Winery Use Permit Pond 1 Balance

	Volume	(Infan)	(Ivigal)	0.293	0.137	0.000	0.000	-0.100	2000	-0.106	-0.200	0000	000	0,000	-0.024	0.000	0000	0000	0.000
	Water Depth at end of month	(feet)	11001	00,	70.0	10.0	10.0	9.1	00	0.0	5.7	5.7	5.7		5.4	5.4	D 2		
	Volume at end of Month	(Meal)	0.503	0.730	027.00	0.730	0.730	0.630	0 524	430.0	0.324	0.324	0.324	0 300	0000	0.300	400300 PM		
put	Discharge to Pond 2	(Mgal)	1000000					0.031				0.000	6080			K 1072 691 6		2.643	
Output	Pond Evaporation*	(Mgal)	0.009	0.015	7,000	770.0	0,042	0.061	0.070	0.077	0,072	0.059	0.042	0.027	0.000	0.012	0.008	0,444	
4.2	10 Year Precipitation	(Mgal)	0.173	0.108	0.110	0300	0000	0.012	0.004	0000	7000	0.004	0.006	0.046	1000	TCT-O	0.158	0.803	
Input	Process Wastewater In	(Mgal)	0.120	0.129	0.147	0.129	0000	0,120	0.101	0.110	2040	CKT'O	0.304	0.230	0.138	0.1.30	0.120	1.840	
	Start Volume	(Mgal)	.00300	0.593	0.730	0.730	22.0	05/:0	0.630	0.524	7,50	0.324	0.324	0.324	0 300	2000	0.300		
	Month		January	February	March	April	2,401.	way	June	July	Aiioiiet	Jones L	September	October	November		necember	Total	

Designed By: BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Date: 02/20/2014 Project: Girard Winery Use Permit Pond 2 Balance

	·	Volume	Change	1	(Mgal)	0.175	0.200	7800	-0.002	-0.1/U	-0.057	-0.085	-0.086	-0.099	0.015	2000	500.0	-0,049	0.231	0.000	
			Water Depth		(feet)	9.1	10.8	10.2	27	3	8.2	7,4	6.5	5,4	5.6	5.5	CV	2:5	7.5		The same of the sa
	Volume at	end of	Month		(Mgal)	0.705	0.915	0.833	0.662	1000	0.603	0.520	0.434	0.335	0.350	0.347	0.299	S. S	all a margan and a		
Output	Discharge to	Irrigation	Pond	7,7	(INIBAI)	1000000	01000	05/10/19	100400	STATE OF STA		(00)	0.400	0.01	(0.300)	10,350	0.450		CLY C	5,430	
ont		Pond	Evaporation*	(Moal)	(mSm)	0.011	0.017	0,031	0.044	0.062	6200	0,0/3	0.082	0.068	0.047	0.031	0.013	0.010	0 480	20110	
		10 Year Precinitation	I Charles	(Mgal)	0 175	0.470	0.103	0.111	0.051	0.012	0.004	2000	2000	900.0	0000	0.047	0.133	0,160	0.813		
Thou Thou	Mastallate	From Pond 1		(Mgal)	0.00	0.100	0.257	0.170	2000	0.231	0.211	0,312	0.197	0.309	0.300	0.269	0200	0,278	2.643		
	Start	Volume		(Mgal)		0.705	0.915	0.833	O RR2	2000	0.605	0,520	0.434	0.335	0.350	0.347	0 200	2			
		Month			January	February	March	April	Mav		June	July	August	September	October-	November	December		lotal		

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Landscape Vineyard = 0.5 ₹ 2.5 : Pasture = Soil perc rate = 1 i

- Average monthly reference evapotranspris
 Pasture coefficient from Table 5-1, "Irrigati
 Vineayrd coefficient from Table 5-12, "Irrig
 Crop coefficient times the reference evapo

- 5 Precipitation for a 10-yr event, refer to the
- 6 Irrigation demand is the evapotrasnpiration
- 7 Residual capacity estimates irrigation/pero

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Effluent BOD

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Designed By: BM/RO-Always Engineering, Inc. **Aeration Calculations**

Design Flow = Estimated Average Daily Flow = 10,120 gol/day 0.010 Mgal/day == 38 m^3/day 38,294 liters/day BOD MASS LOADING - Amount of Blochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) Based on Amount of Organics in Wastewater **BOD Into Pond** = \$700 mg/L (Table 4-12 & 4-14 of Small and Decentralized Wastewater Management Systems) BOD Mass Load 38 m^3/day 7700 mg 800/L 1000 mL/m⁴³ x 0.000001 kg/mg 294.9 kg BOD/day 648.7 lb BOD/day OXYGEN REQUIREMENTS - The amount of oxygen requiremed to breakdown the waste in the water O2 Requirement 648.7 Ib BOD/day 1.5 lbs 02/16 BOD 973.1 lbs 02/day HORSEPOWER REQUIREMENTS - The horsepower of aeration required to provide the necessary amount of oxygen = 18 lbs O2/Hp*hr (3.4 assumes a VBT aerator, model 100) Oxygen Transfer Efficiency Horsepower Requirement 973.1 lbs O2/day 1.8 lbs O2/Hp*hr + 24 hr/day 22.5 Hp required POWER TO VOLUME RATIO (Hp/10^3 ft^3) - This is used to estimate the amount of mixing which will occur in a pond due to seration Pond Volume 0.723 Mgal 722,797 gallons 96,631 ft^3 Number if cells 2 Ratio of first to second cell 2 Valume in Pond 1 722,797 gallons 95,631 ft^3 Volume in Pond 2 803,995 gallons 107,486 ft^3 Horsepower In Pond 1; cell 1 20 Hp Pond 1 Power to Volume Ratio 20 Hp 1000 RA3 96,631 ft^3 1000 ft^3 0.21 Hp/1000 ft^3 Horsepower in Pond 2, cell 2 **學不過**更Hp Pond 2 Power to Volume Ratio 5 Hp 1000 ft^3 ÷ 107,486 ft^3 1000 ft^3 0.05 Hp/1000 ft^3 Complete Mix Hp/1000 ft^3 = 0.75 - 1.5 (Page 463 of Small and Decentralized Wastewater Management) Partial Mbs Hp/1000 ft^3 = 0.4 - 0.75Facultative = 0.1-0.4Hp/1000 ft^3 Pond 1 Retention Time (t)/ Estimated Efficient Cn = Efficient BOD Co 7700 mg/L 1 for single cell pand n 0.276 d\(-1) = = 71.4 days Cn 372 mg/L Effluent BOD 372 mg/L Pond 2 Pond 1 Retention Time (I)/ Estimated Effluent = Effluent BOD Co 372 mg/L 1 for baffled pond 0.276 d^(-1)

71.4 days

18 mg/L

18 mg/L

Napa County Department of Environmental Management

SITE EVALUATION REPORT

Please attach an 8.5" x 11" plot map showing the locations of all test pits triangulated from permanent landmarks or known property corners. The map must be drawn to scale and include a North arrow, surrounding geographic and topographic features, direction and % slope, distance to drainages, water bodies, potential areas for flooding, unstable landforms, existing or proposed roads, structures, utilities, domestic water supplies, wells, ponds, existing wastewater treatment systems and facilities.

Permit #: E13-00744	
APN: 020-150-017	
(County Use Only) Reviewed by:	Date:

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION .

Property Owner Vintage Wine Estates dba Girard Win	inery .	x New Construction Cl Other:	Addition	□ Remodel □ Relo	ocation
Property Owner Mailing Address 205 Concourse Blvd		☐ Residential - # o	f Bedrooms:	Design Flow:	gpd
	State Zip CA 95403	x Commercial – T Sanitary Waste: 6 Other: Sanitary Waste:	500-1675 gpd	nestic Process Waste: Process Waste:	0 gpd
Evaluation Conducted By:					
Company Name Always Engineering, Inc.	Evaluator's Name Ben Monroe, P.E.	E70012	Ta	Engineer R.E.H.S. Geologist So	xil Scientist)
Mailing Address: 131B Stony Circle, Sutie 1000		•	Telephone Nui (707) 542-879	5 x 17 /	
City Santa Rosa, Ca 95401	State	Zip	Date Evaluatio 11/14/2013	n Conducted	

	Primary Area	Expansion Area
	Acceptable Soil Depth: 24-48 in. Test pit #'s: TP1-TP6	Acceptable Soll Depth: 24-48 in. Test pit #'s: TP1-TP6
-	Soil Application Rate (gal. /sq. ft. /day): 0.75 to 1.0 gpd/sf	Soil Application Rate (gal. /sq. ft. /day):0.75 to 1.0 gpd/sf
I	System Type(s) Recommended: PD, drip - pending gw	System Type(s) Recommended: PD, drip - pending gw
	Slope; 3-5 %. Distance to nearest water source: 1000 ft.	Slope: 3-5 %. Distance to nearest water source: 1000 ft.
	Hydrometer test performed? No	Hydrometer test performed? No
	Bulk Density test performed? No	Bulk Density test performed? No
	Percolation test performed? No	Percolation test performed? No
	Groundwater Monitoring Performed? Pending Rain	Groundwater Monitoring Performed? Pending Rain
t		

Site constraints/Recommendations:

- Existing well
- Groundwater monitoring to be performed to identify perched groundwater level due to presence of mottling at less than 24 inches deep.
- Interceptor drain and surface drainage to divert away from septic area recommended.
- Proposed drainage features and grading will need to avoid.
- Additional test pits near wastewater ponds showed signs of significant seasonal saturation and lesser depths of permeable soils. Pits on map but not logged due to time onsite.

Test Pit # 1

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

Horizon	Boundary	0/101-	~		C	onsistenc	e			T
Depth (Inches)		%Rock	Texture	Structure	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	Mottling
34	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
48	D/G	35	SCL	SAB,3	VF	S	SS	3,M	1,M	1,F
60+	**********	<10	SCL	SAB,2	D/L	M	М	1,VF	1,M	2,P
	·									
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Test Pit #2

Horizon	Boundary	%Rock	7		C	onsistenc	e			1
Depth (Inches)		76HUCK	Texture	Structure	Side Wali	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	Mottling
24	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
56	D/G	35	SCL	SAB,3	VF	8.	SS	3,M	1,M	1,F
65+	**********	<10	SCL	SAB,2	D/L	М	М	1,VF	1,M	2,P

Test Pit #3

Horizon	Poundam	0/Deale			C	onsistenc	e	1		
Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture .	Structure	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	Mottling
28	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	\$	3,C	1,M	1,VF
60	D/G	15-20	SL/LS	SAB,3	F	М	SS	3,M/F	1,M	1,F
70÷		<10	SCL	SAB,2	D/L	M	М	1,VF	1,M	2,P

Test Pit # 4

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

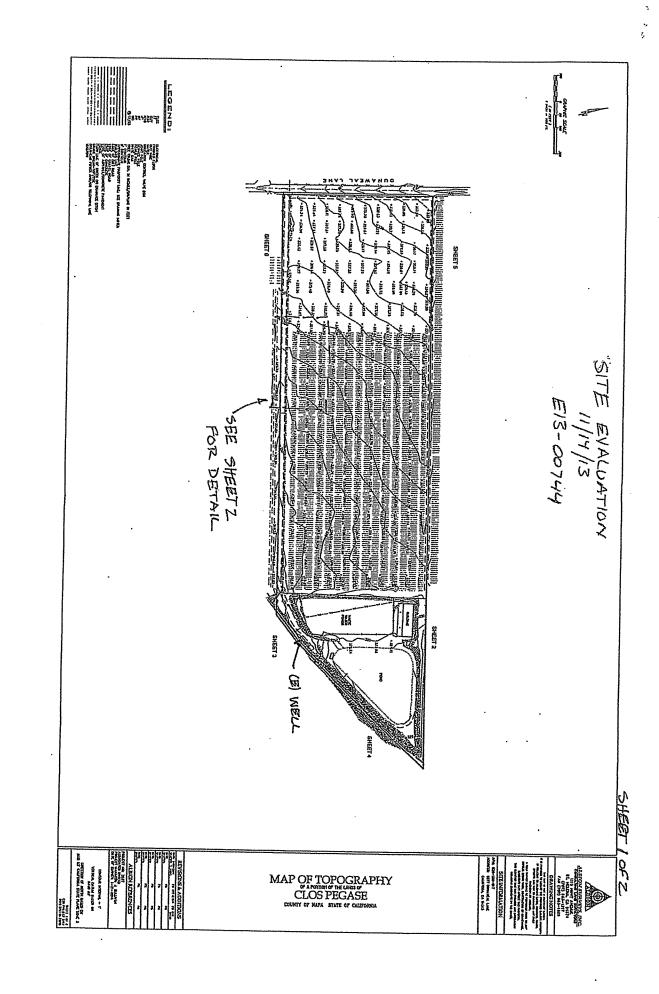
Horizon		COD: 1			C	onsistenc	e			T
Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	Mottling
24	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
49	D/G	25	SCL	SAB,3	FR	F	S	·2,M	1,M	2,F
60+		<10	SCL	SAB,2	D/L	L	М	1,VF	1,M	2,P
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Test Pit #5

Horizon		a(D .			(Consistenc	e	1		Mottling
Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	
24	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
49	D/G	25	SCL	SAB,3	F	MFR	SS	2,F	1,F	1,F
54+		>50%								

Test Pit # 6

Horizon					C	onsisten	e			Mottling
Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	
36	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	8	3,C	1,M	1,VF
55	D/G	25	SL	G/B,2	L	L	SS	2,C	1,M	1,D
70+		>50%								
		·								
			•							



1077 DUNAMER LN CRUSTOGA, CA RPN:020-150-017

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13530.0 Vintage Wine Estates_Girard Winery Wastewater Feasibility Study February 20, 2014

Revised: May 5, 2014



Girard Winery

1077 Dunaweal Ln., Calistoga, CA 94515 APN: 020-150-017

USE PERMIT WASTEWATER FEASIBILITY STUDY

Project and Site Background

Vintage Wine Estates owns and operates the existing "Clos Pegase" Winery located at 1060 Dunaweal Ln in Calistoga, Ĉa (APN: 020-150-012). Vintage Wine Estates also owns the parcel across Dunaweal Ln., (1077 Dunaweal Ln., APN: 020-150-017), which has the existing process wastewater ponds and water well for Clos Pegase.

Vintage Wine Estates is proposing to construct a new winery and tasting room (the Girard Winery) on the above referenced parcel. A production capacity of 200,000 gal of wine annually is proposed for the new Girard Winery. With the Use Permit, it is proposed to also treat the process waste (PW) generated by Girard Winery using the existing Clos Pegase Pond Treatment system. A new collection system and transfer pump sump will be required for Girard Winery. A new aerator in the process waste ponds will also be required. A new sanitary sewage system on-site is proposed to accommodate the winery employees, visitors, and events.

The parcel consists of existing vineyards, water supply well and treatment, an agricultural storage building, 2 PW treatment ponds and an irrigation storage pond. The parcel is generally flat, with a small flow line along the southern property line.

A site plan is provided in Enclosure B displaying the existing site and proposed wastewater system improvements.

SANITARY SEWAGE (SS)

Existing Site Evaluation

A site evaluation was performed by Ben Monroe, P.E. of Always Engineering and Peter Ex of Napa County on November 14, 2013. A total of 16 soil profiles were evaluated and 6 were logged for use. Test pits displayed a sandy clay loam surface soil which ranged in depth from 36" to 56" in depth. Soils were underlain by a sandy loam or loamy sand for a total permeable depth ranging from 49" to 60" in depth. All soil displayed a moderate to strong sub-angular blocky structure. Faint mottling was observed to 24" deep, with increasing intensity with depth below that. Prominent mottling was observed below 48" in all test pits. Additional groundwater monitoring is required onsite to determine if the upper mottling is due to subsurface groundwater or heavy irrigation of the onsite vineyards. At the time of preparation of this study, there has not been sufficient rainfall



to perform groundwater monitoring and therefore, it is assumed that a minimum of 24" suitable soil is available for septic system design. An interceptor drain is also proposed with this feasibility study to ensure we have the required separation to seasonal groundwater. The Napa County Site Evaluation procedures indicate a Sandy clay loam or sandy loam with moderate structure should be loading at 0.75 to 1.0 gpd using pretreated effluent.

Proposed Wastewater Flows

The proposed onsite sanitary wastewater flow rate is entirely associated with the proposed Girard Winery. The use permit is requesting a similar level of use as Clos Pegase; an average number of 10 employees (15 gpcd) along with 75 visitors (3gpcd), and a peak number of 30 employees (15 gpcd) along with 100 visitors (3 gpcd). There will be one large event per year which will have 500 attendees. Portable toilets will be used for this event. All events will have fully catered food with all preparation and cleanup occurring off site. The proposed wastewater flows are estimated as follows:

Average Employees

* ·	8 FT employees 3 PT employees	x x	15 gpd/employee 7.5 gpd/employee	=	120 gpd 22.5 gpd
Tastii	ng Room				
•	42 tasting visitors	x	3 gpd/visitor	=	126 gpd
Event	ts				
	75 event visitors x	5 gpd,	/visitor	district design	375 gpd
ТОТА	AL PROPOSED AVER	AGE I	DESIGN FLOW	=	643.5 GPD
Peak Empl	oyees				
	20 FT employees 10 PT employees		15 gpd/employee 7.5 gpd/employee	=	300 gpd 75 gpd
Tastii	ng Room				
	100 tasting visitors	x	3 gpd/visitor		300 gpd

13530.0 Vintage Wine Estates_Girard Winery Wastewater Feasibility Study February 20, 2014

Revised: May 5, 2014



Events

200 event visitors x

5 gpd/visitor

1,000 gpd

TOTAL PROPOSED PEAK DESIGN FLOW Proposed Sanitary Sewage Loading

1,675 GPD

It is proposed to design a subsurface drip system to accommodate all sanitary sewage dispersal. Sizing as follows:

Proposed Septic System Design Flow:

1,675 gpd

Proposed Pretreated Effluent Loading Rate:

0.6 gpd/sf (Moderate -Strong Sandy

Loam/Sandy Clay loam)

This loading rate is within the suitable range for pretreated effluent in the onsite soil types. Because there has not been sufficient rainfall to perform ground water monitoring

Proposed Sanitary Sewage Management System

With improvement to the site, the following tanks are proposed for the Girard Winery septic system. Because a pretreatment system is required for subsurface drip, a septic, recirculation, and sump tank are required for an AdvanTex pretreatment system. Other NSF Certified pretreatment systems may be reviewed at the time of Construction Drawings. Tank sizes are verified using the plumbing code commercial sizing formula.

V $1,125 + 0.75 \times Q$

 $1,125 + 0.75 \times 1,675 \text{ gpd}$

2,381.25 gallons

Septic Tank: Recirculation Tank:

6,000 gallons (3.6 days retention time)

2,000 gallons (1.2 days retention time)

Sump/Dispersal Equalization Tank:

3,000 gallons (1.8 days retention time)

These tank volumes meet the minimum criteria for an AvanTex pretreatment system.

Leachfield Sizing

The area required for a primary sanitary sewer drip system is as follows:



Area Required

Flow/Application Rate

1,675 gpd / 0.6 gpd/sf

2,792 sf

Reserve Area

200% reserve area, or 5,584 sf, is required for this site and is shown adjacneet to the primary septic area on the Use Permit Site Plan.

Irrigation Reuse Alternative

In the event that groundwater monitoring cannot occur prior to the application for construction permits, it is also desired to have the ability to provide a pretreatment and irrigation reuse system. The Lyve Wastewaer System has been used at Alpha Omega Winery to treat and reuse domestic wastewater for irrigation. Also, the Biomicrobics BioBarrier Membrane Bioreactor (MBR) is NSF 350 certified for reuse. A design for a BioBarrier MBR would include the following:

Septic Tank:

2,000 gallons

Processing Tank:

13,000 gallons

Treated Collection Sump: 1,500 gallons

Treated Storage Tank:

40,000 gallons

A storage tank would be provided for period in the winter when irrigation reuse cannot occur. As demonstrated in the process wastewater section of this study, more than sufficient vineyard is available onsite for irrigation dispersal of effluent. Approximately 3 acres is required for process wastewater and a total of 18 acres is available onsite.

If treatment, irrigation, and reuse is proposed for construction of this project, the project must first obtain approval from the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (SFBREWQCB) for this use. Prior to issuance of building permits, the RWOCB will need to approve of the proposal, and issue Waste Discharge Requirements for the reuse of the sanitary sewage. If future groundwater monitoring cannot occur in a time schedule appropriate for building permits, or does not provide at least 24 inches of separation to groundwater, treatment, irrigation, and reuse will be required for the project. In this event, the RWQCB must also grant system approval prior to building permit issuance.



PROCESS WASTEWATER (PW)

Existing System

The existing on-site process wastewater system consists of 2 aerated facultative lagoons and an irrigation holding pond. This system is currently treating the process waste from the Clos Pegase winery located across Dunaweal Lane under the same ownership. No sanitary wastewater is discharged into the process wastewater system.

Before entering the process wastewater ponds, the entire flow of process wastewater is filtered through a rotary screen where suspended solids are collected and removed. Biological stabilization occurs in the facultative pond system. The total volume of the existing pond system is approximately 1.5 MG. There is a 10 hp aerator in Pond 1 and a 5 hp aerator in Pond 2. Clos Pegase is currently producing 200,000 gallons of wine with an average annual PW production of 920,000 gallons. This pond system is large enough to provide at least 200 days of retention time at current Clos Pegase average flow conditions. Treated PW is used for irrigation of the onsite vineyards.

Proposed System

The proposed PW system for the new Girard Winery will connect to the existing PW wastewater pond system. The new PW connection will include a pump sump and new aerators to accommodate the increase in flows.

Proposed Flow Calculations

The winery is currently proposing a production of 200,000 gallons of wine per year. Using a monthly PW distribution from multiple wineries and a PW generation rate of 4.6 gal PW per gal wine produced (from Clos Pegase data) flow rates are estimated as follows:

Winery Process Wastewater (PW)

Average Daily Flow = 2,521 gal PW/day

Average Harvest Day = 3,950 gal PW/day

Average Day, Peak Harvest Month = 5,060 gal PW/day (See calculations spreadsheet)

The **design flow proposed** to the system is **10,120 gpd** (5,060 gpd from Girard and 5,060 gpd from Clos Pegase).

Aerator Sizing

The Aerators have been sized using a BOD mass loading and the Aqua-Jet Surface Mechanical Aerator brochure specifications. Calculations (attached) show that a total of 22.5 hp of aerators is required for both ponds. It is proposed to add a second 10 hp



aerator to Pond 1 for a total of 20 hp in Pond 1. This results in a power to volume (P/V) ratio of 0.21 hp per 1000 ft³. This is sufficient for surface mixing and aeration in Pond 1. Pond 2 has an (E) 5 hp aerator. This provided a P/V ratio of 0.05 hp per 1000 ft³. This is sufficient for surface mixing and to prevent odors in Pond 2. No aeration should be required in the irrigation pond due to dilution, level of treatment exiting Pond 2, and natural aeration from algae. In addition, an Anti-Erosion Assembly is recommended for both aerators, to minimize sediment mixing during periods of low liquid levels in the ponds.

Pond Sizing

The facultative ponds combined volume is roughly 1.5 MG. This provides for a retention time of >140 days at peak month flows (see calculations spreadsheet). Facultative pond systems are sized with a minimum of 60 days in the entire system, and at least 45 days in the first pond. Therefore, this system will have sufficient contact time for treatment before discharge. During the rainy winter months when irrigation needs are low the existing irrigation pond will be used as a detention system to hold excess effluent until the spring months when increased irrigation loading is appropriate.

Irrigation Reserve/Dispersal A total of 7.5 acres of vineyard is required for dispersal of effluent to avoid ponding and concentration.

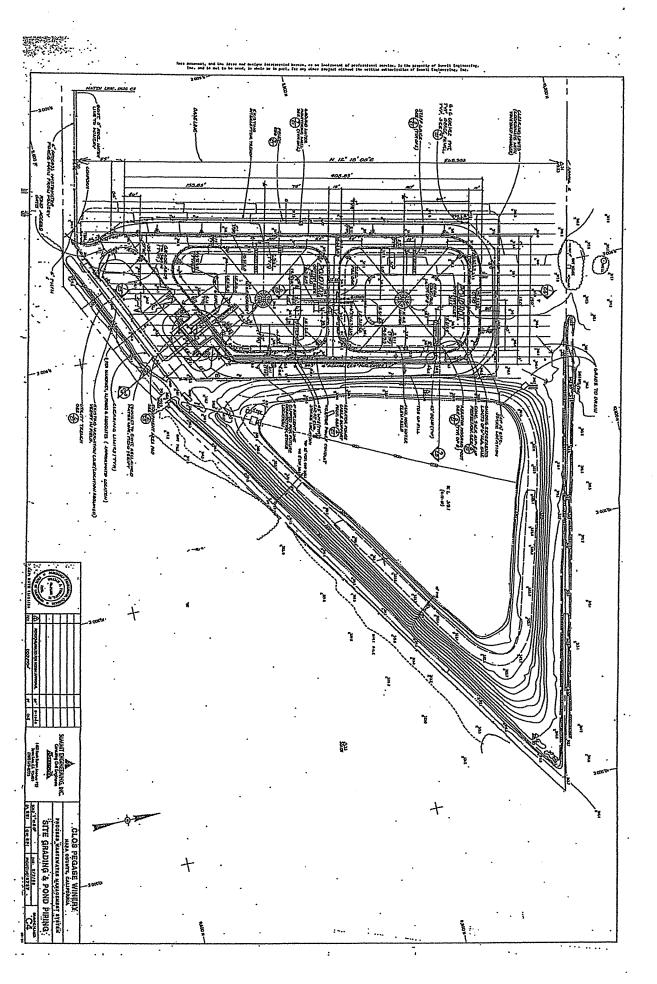
SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

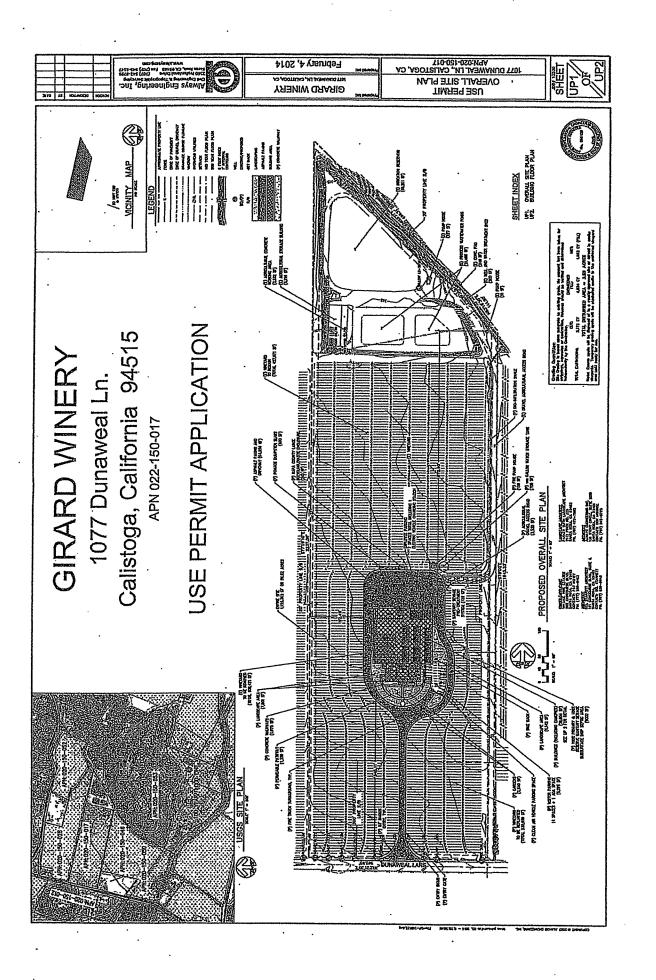
Sanitary Wastewater

With the proposed installation of a new sanitary management system, as discussed in this report, the site is capable of supporting the proposed sanitary sewage loads.

Process Wastewater

With the proposed installation of additional aerators and a collection system and pump station, the existing aerated facultative pond system is sufficient for the proposed Girard Winery PW flows in addition to the existing Clos Pegase Winery PW flows.





Designed By:

BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Girard Winery

Annual Process Wastewater Flow

=

920,000 gallons PW/year

*Refer to the design calculations report for additional flow estimates.

Month .	Percentage of Annual Flow (%)	Monthly Flow (MGal)	Days ·
January	6.50%	0.060	31
February	7.00%	0.064	28
March	8.00%	0.074	31
April	7.00%	0.064	30
May	6.50%	0.060	31
June	5.50%	0.051	30
July	6.00%	0.055	31
August	10.50%	0.097	31
September	16.50%	0.152	30
October	12.50%	0.115	31
November	7.50%	0.069	30
December	6.50%	0.060	31
Total	100.00%	0.920	365

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Designed By: BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Girard Winery PROCESS WASTEWATER

Annual Volume

Annual Production (projected)				=	1,212 ton/year
Wine Generation Rate (assumed) ^a				=	165 gal wine/ton
Wine Produced	1,212 ton/year	×	165 gal wine/ton	=	200,013 gal wine/year
Process Wastewater (PW) Generation Rateb	(assumed)		•	=	4.60 gal PW/gal wine
Annual PW How	200,013 gal wine/year	ĸ	4.60 gal PW/gal wine	=	920,050 gal PW/year
Average Day Flow					
	920,060 gal PW/year	÷.	365 days	=	2,521 gal PW/day
Average Harvest Day			•		
Total Harvest Flow ^e	920,060 gal PW/year	×	39.5%	æ	363,424 gal PW/harvest
Average Harvest Flow (3 month harvest)	363,424 gal PW/harvest	÷	92 days	=	3,950 gal PW/day
Average Day, Peak harvest Month - Pond Design					
Total Peak Month Flow ^F	920,060 gal PW/year	×	16.5%	=	151,810 gal PW/month
Average Day, Peak Month Flow	151,810 gal PW/month	÷	30 days	=	5,060 gai PW/day

a. 165 Gal wine per ton of grapes is used as a wine industr standard

b. 4.6 gal of PW per gallon wine produced over the course of 1 year is based on hisotrical data from Clos Pegase and existing Griard operations.

c. Percentage of PW produced during each month is based on the average flow distirubtion from 16 wineries

Designed By:

BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Clos Pegase Winery

Annual Process Wastewater Flow

==

920,000 gallons PW/year

*Refer to the design calculations report for additional flow estimates.

		·	,	
Month		Percentage of Annual Flow (%)	Monthly Flow (MGal)	Days
January		6.50%	0.060	31
February		7.00%	0.064	f :
March		8.00%	0.074	31
April		7.00%	0.064	30
Мау		6.50%	0.060	31
June		5.50%	0.051	30
July		6.00%	0.055	31
August	I	10.50%	0.097	31
September		16.50%	0.152	30
October .	ļ	12.50%	0.115	31
November		7.50%	0.069	30
December		6.50%	0.060	31
Total		100.00%	0.920	365

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Designed By:

BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Clos Pegase Winery PROCESS WASTEWATER

<u>Annual Volume</u>

Annual Production (projected)				=	1,212 ton/year
Wine Generation Rate (assumed) ^a				==	165 gal wine/ton
Wine Produced	1,212 ton/year	×	165 gal wine/ton	==	200,013 gal wine/year
Process Wastewater (PW) Generation Rate ^b	(assumed)		•	=	4.60 gal PW/gal wine
Annual PW Flow	200,013 gai wine/year	×	4.60 gal PW/gal wine	=	920,060 gal PW/year
Average Day Flow					
	920,060 gal PW/year	÷	365 days	20	2,521 gal PWiday
Average Harvest Day					
Total Harvest Flow ^e	920,060 gal PW/year	×	39.5%	=	363,424 gal PW/harvest
Average Harvest Flow (3 month harvest)	363,424 gal PW/harvest	÷	92 days	=	3,950 gal PW/day
Average Day, Peak harvest Month - Pond Desi	<u>lan</u>				
Total Peak Month Flow	920,060 gal PW/year	×	16.5%	=	151,810 gal PW/month
Average Day, Peak Month Flow	151,810 gal PW/month	÷	30 days	=	5,060 gal PW/day

a. 165 Gal wine per ton of grapes is used as a wine industr standard

b. 4.6 gal of PW per gallon wine produced over the course of 1 year is based on hisotrical data from Clos Pegase and existing Griard operations.

c. Percentage of PW produced during each month is based on the average flow distirubtion from 16 wineries



Project: Girard Winery Use Permit.

Designed By: BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Climate Data

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1. Reference Evapotranspiration data is for the Angwin FS obtained from the California Irrigation Management Information System See http://www.cimis.water.ca.gov/cimis/monthlyEToReport.do

2 Average Monthly Pan Evaopration Rates observed at Berryessa Lake, Ca between 1957 and 1970.

3 Lake evaopration is pan evaporation multiplied by a 0.77 factor.

4 Average precipitation data is from TheWeatherChannel.com for Calistoga, CA

See http://www.weather.com/weather/wxcilmatology/monthly/94515

Designed By: BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Date: 02/20/2014 Project: Girard Winery Use Permit Pond 1 Balance

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	Volume		(Ivigal)	0.293	0.137	0.000	900	0,000	-0.100	-0.106	0000	-0.200	0.000	0.000	-0.024	000	2000	0.000	0000
	Water Depth at end of month	(£004)	וממו	8.7	10.0	10.0	007	70.0	9.1	8.0	5.7		5.7	5.7	5,4	Z 4	t :	5,4	
	Volume at end of Month	(Maa)	100.0	0.333	0,730	0.730	0.730	2000	0.030	0.524	0,324	0 224	1700	0.524	0,300	0.300	2000	in a sum of the second	
put	Discharge to Pond 2	(Mgal)	Manage Company			10.057		Mary No Control				STATE OF THE STATE				0.269		E CONTRACTOR DE LA CONT	2.643
Output	Pond Evaporation*	(Mgal)	0000	0.04	0.00	0,027	0.042	0.061	2000	0,0,0	0.072	0.059	0.042	2000	0.027	0.012	0.008	****	. U.444
Input	10 Year Precipitation	(Mgal)	0.173	0.400	27.0	OTT'O	0.050	0.012	7000	0.004	0.002	0.004	0.006	0.00	0.0.0	0.131	0.158	0 802	5000
	Process Wastewater In	(Mgal)	0.120	0.129	0.177	7440	0.129	0.120	0 104	044.0	0770	0,193	0.304	0.230	2 4 2 2	0.138	0.120	1.840	
	Start Volume	(Mgal)	00800	0.593	0.730	250	0.730	0.730	0.630	0.524	0.024	0.324	0.324	0.324	0020	0000	0.300		
	Month		January	February	March	Ameil	and w	May	June	Airl		August	September	October	November	100001	December	Total	

Designed By: BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Date: 02/20/2014 Project: Girard Winery Use Permit Pond 2 Balance

7					_											
	Volume Change		(Mgal)	0.175	0.209	-0.082	-0.170	-0.057	-0.085	-0.086	-0.099	0.015	-0.003	-0.049	0.231	0.000
	Water Depth		(feet)	9.1	10.8	10.2	8.7	8.2	7.4	6.5	5,4	5.6	5.5	5.0	7.5	
	Volume at end of Month	10 400	(Ivigal)	0.705	0.915	0.833	0.662	0,605	0.520	0.434	0.335	0,350	0.347	0.299	0.530	
put	Discharge to Irrigation Pond	(Mga))	(ITISATE STATE		00000	0500	(10.0400)	00.00	WW 003000 WW	(0.400)	0080	(0.500)	0.000	0.54500	90700	3.456
Output	Pond Evaporation*	(Meal)	0.011	11700	0.027	0.031	0.044	0.062	0.0/3	0.082	0.068	0.047	0.031	0.013	OTOTO	0,489
.	10 Year Precipitation	(Mgal)	0.175	0.100	0 111	0.054	0.002	0.004	1000	0,002	0.004	0.047	0.133	0.160	0040	Crow
Input	Process Wastewater In From-Pond 1	(Mgal)	0.000	0.100	0.257	0.179	0.231	0.211	0.312	0.197	0.309	0.300	0.269	0.278	2.643	
	Start Volume	(Mgal)	((0)230)	0.705	0.915	0.833	0.662	0,605	0,520	0.434	0.335	0.350	0.347	0,299	-	
	Month		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October-	November	December	Total	

Date: 02/20/2014

Project: Glrard Winery Use Permit

Landscape Vineyard = 0.5 z 2.5 € Pasture = 0 ; Soil perc rate = 1 F

- 1 Average monthly reference evapotransprix
- 2 Pasture coefficient from Table 5-1, "Irrigati
 3 Vineayrd coefficient from Table 5-12, "Irrig
 4 Crop coefficient times the reference evapo

- 5 Precipitation for a 10-yr event, refer to the
- 6 Irrigation demand is the evapotrasnpiration
- 7 Residual capacity estimates irrigation/pero

Date: 02/20/2014

Project: Girard Winery Use Permit

Designed By: BM/RO - Always Engineering, Inc.

Aeration Calculations

Design Flow = Estimated Average Daily Flow

10,120 gol/day 0.010 Mgal/day 38 m^3/day = -38,294 liters/day

BOD MASS LOADING - Amount of Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) Based on Amount of Organics in Wastewater
BOD into Pond = Table 4-12 & 4-14 of Small and Decentr

(Table 4-12 & 4-14 of Small and Decentralized Wastewater Management Systems)

BOD Mass Load

38 m^3/day

1000 ml/m^3 × 0.000001 kg/mg

294.9 kg BOD/day 648.7 lb BOD/day

OXYGEN REQUIREMENTS - The amount of oxygen requiremed to breakdown the waste in the water

O2 Requirement

648.7 lb BOD/day

1.5 lbs O2/lb BOD x

7700 mg BOD/L

973.1 lbs 02/day

HORSEPOWER REQUIREMENTS - The horsepower of aeration required to provide the necessary amount of oxygen

Oxygen Transfer Efficiency Horsepower Requirement

= 18 lbs 02/Hp*hr (3.4 assumes a VBT aerator, model 100) 973.1 lbs 02/day

1.8 lbs O2/Hp*hr +

22.5 Hp required

POWER TO VOLUME RATIO (Hp/1043 ft43) - This is used to estimate the amount of mixing which will occur in a pond due to seration

0.723 Mgal 722,797 gallons

Number if cells

96,631 R^3

Ratio of first to second cell

2

Volume in Pond 1

722,797 gallons 96,631 ft^3

Volume in Pond 2

803,995 gallons

107,486 ft^3 - 320) Hp

Horsepower in Pond 1; cell 1 Pond 1 Power to Volume Ratio

20 Hp

1000 ft^3

95,631 ft^3 1000 ft^3

Horsepower in Pond 1, cell 2 Pond 2 Power to Volume Ratio 0,21 Hp/1000 ft^3

= \$350 E5 Hp

5 Hp

1000 ft^3

÷ 107,486 ft^3

1000 ft^3

Complete Mix

0.75 - 1.5

0.05 Hp/1000 ft^3 Hp/1000 ft^3

(Page 463 of Small and Decentralized Wastewater Management)

Partial Mix Facultative 0.4 - 0.75

Hp/1000 ft^3 Hp/1000 ft^3 = 0.1 - 0.4

372 mg/L

Pond 1

Retention Time (t)/ Estimated Effluent

Cn = Effluent BOD

Co 7700 mg/L

1 for single cell pand

n k 0.276 04(-1) 71.4 days = Cn 372 mg/L =

Pond 2

Effluent BOD

Pond 1

Retention Time (i)/ Estimated Effluent

Cn = Effluent BOD

Co 372 mg/L

n 1 for baffled pond =

k 0.276 d'(-1) = ł 71.4 days Cn 18 mg/L Effluent BOD 18 mg/L

Napa County Department of Environmental Management

SITE EVALUATION REPORT

Please attach an 8.5" x 11" plot map showing the locations of all test pits triangulated from permanent landmarks or known property comers. The map must be drawn to scale and include a North arrow, surrounding geographic and topographic features, direction and % slope, distance to drainages, water bodies, potential areas for flooding, unstable landforms, existing or proposed roads, structures, utilities, domestic water supplies, wells, ponds, existing wastewater treatment systems and facilities.

Permit #: E13-00744	
APN: 020-150-017	
(County Use Only) Reviewed by:	Date:

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

Property Owner Vintage Wine Estates dba Girard V	Ninery		x New Construction
Property Owner Mailing Address 205 Concourse Blvd			☐ Residential - # of Bedrooms: Design Flow: gpd
City Santa Rosa	State Zip CA 95403		x Commercial – Type: Winery domestic
Site Address/Location 1077 Dunaweal Lane	OA 93400		Sanitary Waste: 500-1675 gpd Process Waste: 0 gpd
Callstoga, CA 94515			Other:
			Sanitary Waste: gpd Process Waste: gpd
Evaluation Conducted By:			
Company Name Always Engineering, Inc.	Evaluator's Name Ben Monroe, P.E.	RCE	Signal fire (Civil Engineer, R.E.H/S/Geologist, Soil Scientist) 700/7 Number Civil Engineer, R.E.H/S/Geologist, Soil Scientist)
Mailing Address: 131B Stony Circle, Sutie 1000			Tejephone Number / (702) 542-8795 x 17
Clty Santa Rosa, Ca 95401	State	Zip	Date Evaluation Conducted 11/14/2013

Primary Area	Expansion Area
Acceptable Soil Depth: 24-48 in. Test pit #s: TP1-TP6	Acceptable Soll Depth: 24-48 in. Test pit #'s: TP1-TP6
Soil Application Rate (gal, /sq. ft. /day): 0.75 to 1.0 gpd/sf	Soll Application Rate (gal. /sq. ft. /day):0.75 to 1.0 gpd/sf
System Type(s) Recommended: PD, drip - pending gw	System Type(s) Recommended: PD, drlp - pending gw
Slope: 3-5 %. Distance to nearest water source: 1000 ft.	Slope: 3-5 %. Distance to nearest water source: 1000 ft.
Hydrometer test performed? No	Hydrometer test performed? No
Bulk Density test performed? No	Bulk Density test performed? No
Percolation test performed? No	Percolation test performed? No
Groundwater Monitoring Performed? Pending Rain	Groundwater Monitoring Performed? Pending Rain

Site constraints/Recommendations:

- Existing well
- Groundwater monitoring to be performed to identify perched groundwater level due to presence of mottling at less than 24 inches deep.
- Interceptor drain and surface drainage to divert away from septic area recommended.
- Proposed drainage features and grading will need to avoid.
- Additional test pits near wastewater ponds showed signs of significant seasonal saturation and lesser depths of permeable soils. Pits on map but not logged due to time onsite.

Test Pit # 1

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

Horizon	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure	C	onsistenc	e			Mottling
Depth (Inches)					Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	
34	D/G ·	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
48	D/G	35	SCL	SAB,3	VF	S	SS	3,M	1,M	1,F
60+	***********	<10	SCL	SAB,2	D/L	M	М	1,VF	1,M	2,P
							·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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Test Pit #2

Horizon	Daundame	0/Dank	Texture		C	onsistenc	e			T
Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock		Structure	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	Mottling
24	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
56	D/G	35	SCL	SAB,3	VF	S.	SS	3,M	1,M	1,F
65+	***	<10	SCL	SAB,2	D/L	М	М	1,VF	1,M	2,P

									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Test Pit #3

Horizon	Boundary	%Rock	Texture .		C	onsistenc	e	T		Mottling
Depth (Inches)				Structure	Side Wali	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	
28	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
60	D/G	15-20	SL/LS	SAB,3	F	М	SS	3,M/F	1,M	1,F
70+		<10	SCL	SAB,2	D/L	M	М	1,VF	1,M	2,P
	·									

Test Pit # 4

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

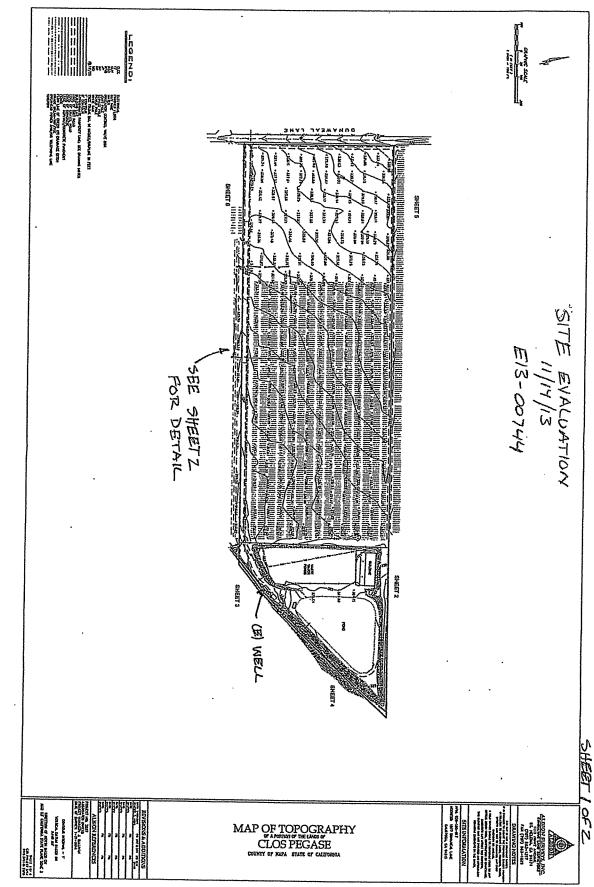
Horizon			Texture	Structure	C	onsistenc	e		l .	
Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock			Side Wali	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	Mottling
24	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
49	D/G	25	SCL	SAB,3	FR	F	S	·2,M	1,M	2,F
60+	************	<10	SCL	SAB,2	D/L.	L	М	1,VF	1,M	2,P

Test Pit #5

Horizon			Texture	Structure	C	Consistenc	æ			
Depth (Inches)	Boundary	%Rock			Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	Mottling
24	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
49	D/G	25	SCL	SAB,3	F	MFR	SS	2,F	1,F	1,F
54+		>50%								
:										

Test Pit # 6

Horizon					C	Consisten	ce			T
Depth (inches)	Boundary	%Rock	Texture	Structure	Side Wall	Ped	Wet	Pores	Roots	Mottling
36	D/G	15-20	SCL	SAB,3	FR	S	S	3,C	1,M	1,VF
55	D/G	25	SL	G/B,2	L.	L	SS	2,C	1,M	1,D
70+		>50%								
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
			•							



1077 DUNAMER LN CRUSTOGA, CA APN:020-150-017

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13530.0 Dunaweal Winery Storm Drainge for Use Permit modification April 28, 2014



Jeanette Doss Napa County Department of Public Works 1195 3rd St., Room 201 Napa, CA 94555 MAY
Napa County To have the same
& Environments see the

Project:

Use Permit Modification for Dunaweal Winery,

1077 Dunaweal Ln. APN 020-150-017 File #14-00053 RECEIVED

7 2014

Napa County Planning, Building & Environmental Services

Jeannette,

This correspondence is provided to satisfy the requirements list in the Memorandum of Incompleteness dated April 3, 2013.

Vintage Wine Estates is proposing to construct the Girard Winery and associated improvements on the parcel located at 1077 Dunaweal Ln., Calistoga CA (APN 020-150-017). The parcel is currently a planted vineyard with a Waste Water Pond treatment system for process waste presently located in the rear of the parcel.

The proposed AC driveway, parking, and winery accessory structures will result in an increase in impervious area of approximately 130,803 sf (3.003 acres). Our preliminary calculations show this will result in an increase in the 2-yr 24-hr storm water runoff of approximately 16,722 cf. At this stage of design, we are anticipating utilizing a bio-retention swale with subsurface storage chambers totaling 910 LF. During detailed design, alternative methods such as pipes/chambers under paved areas or other acceptable retention methods may be used to provide the required volume retention.

The anticipated surface flow across the project site due to the 10-yr Storm is approximately 35.28 cfs. It is proposed to direct this flow around the project site using a grass lined trapezoidal swale 0.75' deep, 2' wide at the bottom, and 32' wide at the top which will accommodate 52.71 cfs.

The sizing of pipes was reviewed as well. Runoff from the entire site can be accommodated with a 30" pipe with a minimum 1% slope. However, the site will likely be split into multiple smaller drainage areas with multiple smaller pipes discharging into the proposed bioswale.

13530.0 Dunaweal Winery Storm Drainge for Use Permit modification April 28, 2014



To assist with your review the following is attached:

- Stormwater Runoff Management Plan (SRMP)
- Ex 1: Hydrology Map
- Ex 2: NOAA Precipitation Data
- Ex 3: Drainage Area Calculations
- Ex 4: Composite C and CN Calculations
- Ex 5: Pre vs Post Runoff Calculations
- Ex 6: Swale Calculations and Pipe Sizes
- Ex 7: Precipitation Chart Lower County
- Ex 8: Mean Annual Precipitation vs. 60 Minute Rainfall
- Ex 9: Intensity Duration Chart
- Ex 10: Table of Runoff Curve Numbers
- Ex 11: NRCS Hydrologic Soil Group

Please feel free to contact me should you have any questions or require additional information.

We trust that this letter sufficiently responds to the items of incompleteness. If you require clarification or have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

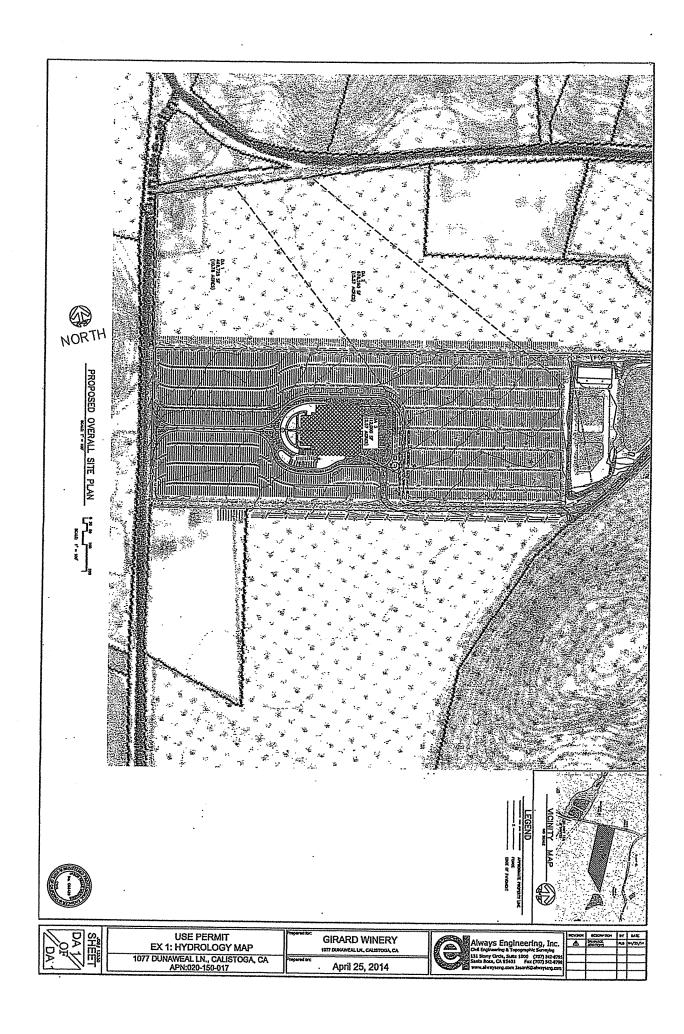
Ben Monroe, P.E.

LWAYS ENGINEERING, INC.

Project Manager

cc: Heather McCollister

Amy Haedt (Vintage Wine Estates)



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 6, Version 2 Location name: Calistoga, California, US* Latitude: 38.5725°, Longitude: -122.5537° Elevation: 329 ft* * source: Google Maps



POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Paviovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekla, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybok, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

PF tabular | PF graphical | Maps & aerials

PF tabular

PI	PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹									
Duration			7	Aver	age recurrer	ce interval (y	rears)			
	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.154 (0.137-0.175)	0.186 (0.165-0.211)	0.228 (0.202-0.260)	0.263 (0.231-0.303)	0.311 (0.263-0.373)	0.349 (0.288-0.428)	0.389 (0.311-0.490)	0.430 (0.334-0.560)	0,489 (0,362-0,667)	0.536 (0.381-0.760
10-min	0,221 (0.196-0.251)	0,266 (0,236-0,303)	0.327 (0.289-0.373)	0.377 (0.331-0.434)	0.446 (0.377-0.534)	0.501 (0.413-0.614)	0.557 (0.446-0.703)	0.617 (0.479-0.803)	0.701 (0.519-0.956)	0.768 (0.547-1.09)
15-min	0.267 (0.237-0.303)	0.322 (0.286-0.366)	0.395 (0.350-0.451)	0.456 (0.400-0.525)	0.540 (0.455-0.646)	0.606 (0.499-0.743)	0.674 (0.540-0.850)	0.746 (0.579-0.971)	0.847 (0.627-1.16)	0.929 (0.661-1.32)
30-min	0.392 (0.348-0.445)	0.473 (0.420-0.538)	0.580 (0.514-0.662)	0.669 (0.587-0.771)	0.792 (0.669-0.949)	0,889 (0.732-1.09)	0.990 (0.793-1.25)	1.10 (0.850-1.43)	1.24 (0.921-1.70)	1.36 (0.971-1.94)
60-min	0.573 (0.509-0.650)	0.691 (0.614-0.786)	0.849 (0.751-0.968)	0.979 (0.859-1.13)	1.16 (0.978-1.39)	1.30 (1.07-1.59)	1.45 (1.16-1.82)	1.60 (1.24-2.09)	1.82 (1.35-2.48)	1.99 (1.42-2.83)
2-hr	0.871 (0.775-0.990)	1.05 (0.932-1.19)	1.28 (1.13-1.46)	1.47 (1.29-1.69)	1.72 (1.45-2.05)	1.91 (1.57-2.33)	2.10 (1.68-2.64)	2.29 (1.78-2.98)	2.55 (1.89-3.48)	2.76 (1.96-3.91)
3-hr	1.12 (0.997-1.27)	1.35 (1.20-1.54)	1.65 (1.46-1.88)	1,88 (1.65-2.16)	2.19 (1.85-2.62)	2.42 (1.99-2.97)	2.65 (2.12-3.34)	2.88 (2.24-3.76)	3.19 (2.36-4.36)	3.43 (2.44-4.86)
6-hr	1.70 (1.51-1.93)	2.06 (1.83-2.34)	2.51 (2.22-2.87)	2.87 (2.52-3.30)	3,33 (2.81-3.98)	3.67 (3.02-4.50)	4.00 (3.21-5.05)	4.33 (3.36-5.64)	4.77 (3.53-6.50)	5.09 (3.62-7.22)
12-hr	2.42 (2.16-2.75)	3.01 (2.68-3.43)	3.74 (3.31-4.27)	4.31 (3.78-4.96)	5.04 (4.25-6.03)	5.56 (4.58-6.82)	6.08 (4.87-7.67)	6.59 (5.11-8.57)	7.24 (5.36-9.88)	7.72 (5.50-11.0)
24-hr	3,38 (3,04-3,84)	4.32 (3.88-4.92)	5.49 (4.92-6.25)	6.39 (5.69-7.33)	7.55 (6.54-8.90)	8.39 (7.14-10.1)	9,21 (7.68-11.3)	10.0 (8.16-12.5)	11.1 (8.70-14.3)	11. 8 (9.04-15.8)
2-day	4.45 (4.00-5.05)	5.70 (5.12-6.48)	7.29 (6.53-8.30)	8.54 (7.60-9.79)	10.2 (8.81-12.0)	11.4 (9.69-13.7)	12.6 (10.5-15.4)	13,8 (11,2-17,3)	15.3 (12.1-19.9)	16. 5 (12.6-22.0)
3-day	5.17 (4.64-5.87)	6.62 (5.95-7.53)	8.49 (7.60-9.67)	9.97 (8.88-11.4)	11.9 (10.3-14.1)	13.4 (11.4-16.1)	14.9 (12.4-18.2)	16.4 (13.4-20.6)	18.4 (14.5-23.9)	19.9 (15.2-26.6)
4-day	5.76 (5.18-6.54)	7.39 (6.63-8.40)	9.48 (8.49-10.8)	11.1 (9.92-12.8)	13.4 (11.6-15.8)	15.1 (12.8-18.1)	16.8 (14.0-20.5)	18.5 (15.0-23.1)	20.8 (16.3-26.9)	22.5 (17.2-30.0)
7-day	7.12 (6.40-8.09)	9.11 (8.18-10.3)	11.7 (10.4-13.3)	13.7 (12.2-15.7)	16,4 (14.2-19.4)	18.5 (15.8-22.2)	20.6 (17.2-25.2)	22.7 (18.5-28.4)	25.5 (20.1-33.1)	27.7 (21.2-37.0)
10-day	8.10 (7.28-9.20)	10.4 (9.30-11.8)	13.2 (11.9-15.1)	15.5 (13.8-17.8)	18.6 (16.1-21.9)	20.8 (17.7-25.0)	23.1 (19.3-28.3)	25.4 (20.7-31.8)	28,4 (22,4-36.8)	30.7 (23.5-41.0)
20-day	10.7 (9.62-12.2)	13.7 (12.3-15.6)	17.4 (15.6-19.9)	20.3 (18.1-23.3)	24.0 (20.8-28.3)	26.7 (22.7-32.0)	29.3 (24.5-35.9)	31.9 (26.0-39.9)	35.2 (27.7-45.6)	37.6 (28.7-50.2)
	12.9	16.5	20,9.	24.2	28 <i>.</i> 4	31.4	34.3	37.1	40.5	43.0
30-day	(11.6-14.6)	(14.8-18.8)	(18.7-23.8)	(21.6-27.8)	(24.6-33.5)	(26.8-37.7)	(28.6-42.0)	(30.2-46.4)	(31.9-52.6)	(32.9-57.4)
45-day	15.8 (14.2-17.9)	20.1 (18.1-22.9)	25.3 (22.7-28.8)	29.1 (25.9-33.4)	33.9 (29.4-40.0)	37.3 (31.7-44.7)	40.4 (33.7-49.4)	43.4 (35.3-54.3)	47.0 (37.0-61.0)	49.6 (38.0-66.3)
60-day	18.8 (16.9-21.3)	23.7 (21.3-27.0)	29.6 (26.5-33.7)	33.9 (30.2-38.9)	39.2 (33.9-46.2)	42.8 (36.4-51.3)	46.2 (38.5-56.5)	49.4 (40.2-61.8)	53.3 (41.9-69.1)	56.0 (42.8-74.7)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are FF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper bounds are not checked against probable maximum precipitation (PMP) estimates and may be higher than currently valid PMP values.

Please refer to NOAA Atlas 14 document for more information.

	Annual Average Rainfall = Time of concentration =			mNapa County Precipitation Char ilmum Pper Napa Road and Street	
Drainage Area-	Watershed Area			arge Rate (cfs) rn Period (years)	
per attached	(acres)	10	25	100	Rainfall Intensity (I = in/hr) From Ex. 9 Intensity
	<u> </u>	2.80		3.60	Duration
DA 1	Runoff Coefficient (C) = 10.78	0.4 12.08	•	15.53	
DA 2	Runoff Coefficient (C) =	0.4 17.44		22.42	
	D 000 00 10 100				
DA 3	Runoff Coefficient (C) =	0.8 5.76		7.40	
TOTAL		35.28		4	15.35



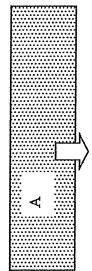
			<u> </u>		EXIST	ING		T		PROPOSI	ED	
	Total Area	il .		<u> </u>	C Runoff	C Runoff	CN group B		i .	C Runoff		CN group B
	(acre)	Desc.	(acre)	(SQ. FT.)	10 -Yr	85th %	from SCS	(acre)	(SQ. FT.)	10 -Yr	85th %	from SCS
	3.00	3 Vineyard				0.80		0.00			0.10	81
		AC/Roof	0.00			0.10		2.62			0.80	98
	l	Undeveloped				0.10		0.38		0.45	0.10	69
DI #1	TOTAL	- Unacticiopea	3.00	130,803	0.70		<u>-</u> -	3.00				
	c*a		- 5.55	200,000	112,542	81,401	10,196,619			110,304	93,102	12,340,571
	combined	c			0.86	0.62				0.84	0.71	94.34
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OTALS:	3.00			130,803					130,803			
	AVERAGE:				0.86	0.62	77.95			0.84	0.71	94.34

Exhibit 5: Pre vs Post

Vintage_ Dunaweal Winery 1077 Dunaweal Ln Calistoga, CA 94515 APN: 020-150-017 25-Apr-14 Proposed Winery NOAA 2-Year, 24-Hour Storm (Inches):

Hydrologic Condition and Direction of Runoff



Runoff Volume (acre-feet)	0.536	
Q (Rainfall Excess, inches)	2.141	
လ	2.83	
Combined CN (Curve Number)	77.95	
Soil Group	В	
Land Use	Agricultural	
Area (Acres)	3.003	
Area ID	DA1	

Runoff Volume

(cu ft)

Total Runoff 0.54 23,339 Volume

Pre-Development Total Runoff Volume NRCS Curve Number Procedure,
Weighted Average Volume Technique
Q=(P-0.2S)^2/(P+0.8S) where, S=1000/CN-10



Exhibit 5: Pre vs Post

Vintage_ Dunaweal Winery 1077 Dunaweal Ln Calistoga, CA 94515 APN: 020-150-017 25-Apr-14 Proposed Winery NOAA 2-Year, 24-Hour Storm (Inches):

4.32

⋖

Post-Development Total Runoff Volume NRCS Curve Number Procedure, Weighted Average Volume Technique Q=(P-0.2S)^2/(P+0.8S) where, S=1000/CN-10



Volume 40,061 Runoff (cn ft) 40061 (acre-feet) Runoff Volume 0.920 0.92 Excess, (Rainfall Volume Runoff inches) Total 0.60 S CN (Curve cubic-feet Number) 23,339 94.34 Soil Group acre-feet 0.54 മ Agricultural Land Use Area (Acres) Area ID DA1

ф

Total Pre-Project Runoff Volume Total Post-Project Runoff Volume	acre-feet 0.54 0.92	cubic-feet 23,339 40,061
Difference in Runoff Volume Percent Change	0.38388 72%	16,722 72%
Bioretention Swale Linear Volume (cubic ft/ft) Bioretention Swale Length (ft)	18.41 ft^3/ft 908 lf	
Area of Development (Acres)	3.00	

Ex 6: Swale Calculations & Pipe Sizes 1077 Dunaweal Ln. April 25, 2014



Swale Capacity 0.75 ft n = .0275 short grass

OUTPUT INFORMATION

This report is for a channel running full.

The Flow Capacity is 52.71 cfs The flow velocity is 4.134 fps

CHANNEL PROPERTIES

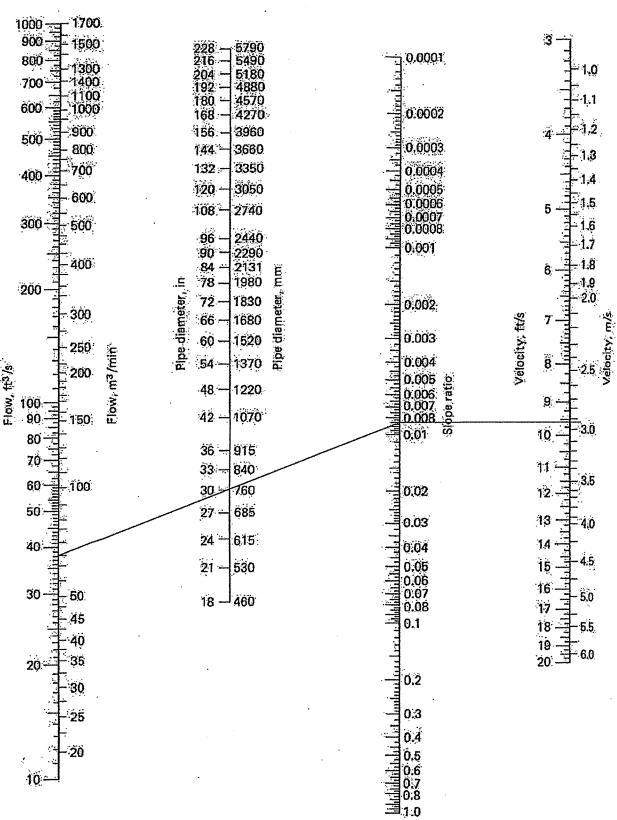
The friction factor 'n' = 0.0275 The channel slope = 0.0200 ft/ft

'Trapizoidal' Shaped Channel:

Width at top = 32.00ft
Width at bottom = 2.000ft
Height = 0.750ft
Flow Area = 12.75 sq-ft
Wetted perimiter = 32.04 ft
Hydraulic radius = 0.398 ft

Ex 6: Swale Calculations & Pipe Sizes 1077 Dunaweal Ln. April 25, 2014





ROOD CONTROL
GENERAL DESIGN MENDANDUM
NAPA RIVER CHANNEL IMPROVEMENTS
NAPA COUNT, CULTORNIL
HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS
NORMAL ANNUAL PRECIPITATION AND MEHO. 50-47-1 HYDROLOGIC INDEX MAP U.S. Army engineer district, san fransico, corps of Engineers PRECIPITATION CHART LOWER COUNTY TO ACCOMPANY REPORT DATED 12 March 75 上の +ļ 7,1

Exhibit 7: Precipitation Chart Lower County

1077 Dunaweal Ln. April 25, 2014

Page | 47

Exhibit 8: MEAN ANNUAL PRECIPITATION VS. 60 MINUTE RAINFALL 1077 Dunaweal Ln. April 25, 2014

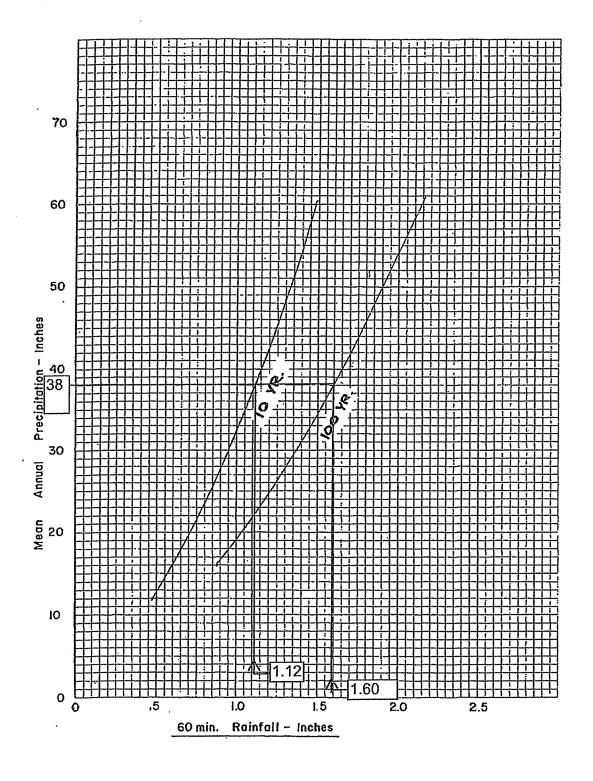
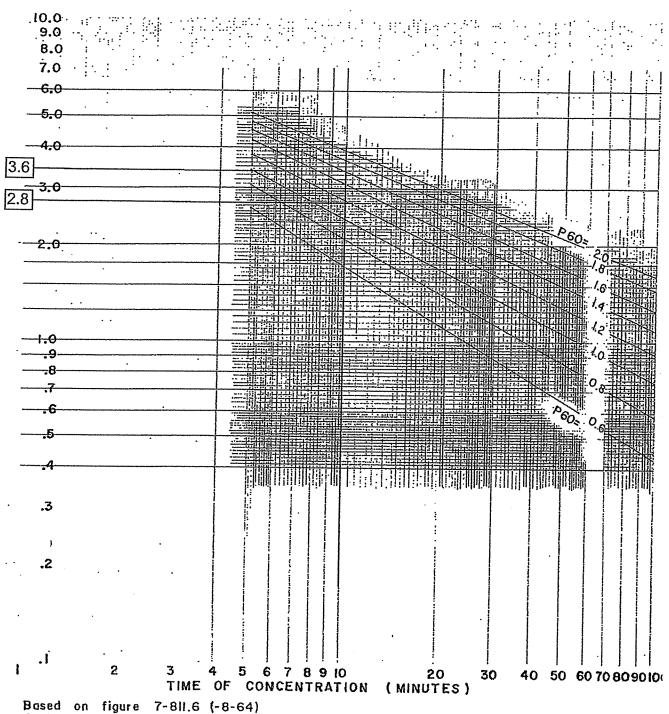


Exhibit 9: INTENSITY – DURATION CHART

1077 Dunaweal Ln.

April 25, 2014



State of California Division of Highways

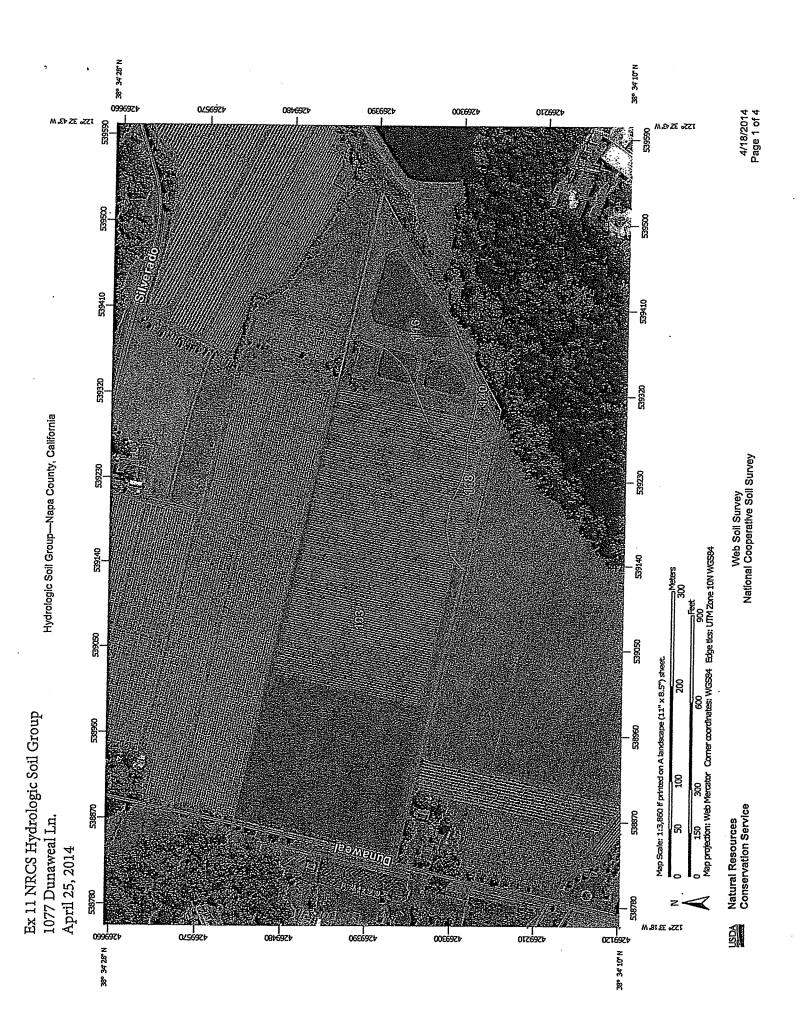
Planning Manual



Table of Runoff Curve Numbers (SCS, 1986)

Description of Land Use	Ну	Hydrologic Soil Group					
	Α	В	С	D			
Paved parking lots, roofs, driveways	98	98	98	98			
Streets and Roads:							
Paved with curbs and storm sewers	98	98	98	98			
Gravel	76	85	89	91			
Dirt	72	82	87	89			
Cultivated (Agricultural Crop) Land*:							
Without conservation treatment (no terraces)	72	81	88	91			
With conservation treatment (terraces, contours)	62	71	78	81			
Pasture or Range Land:				and the second of the second second			
Poor (<50% ground cover or heavily grazed)	68	79	86	89			
Good (50-75% ground cover; not heavily grazed)	39	61	74	80			
Meadow (grass, no grazing, mowed for hay)	30	58	71	78			
Brush (good, >75% ground cover)	30	48	65	73			
Woods and Forests:	AN A AMERICA		1. mgg-1, p 3. t., 18. d. 18. d. 18. d. 19. p. t	nga grapagan na naganan na ang kanagan			
Poor (small trees/brush destroyed by over-grazing or burning)	45	66	77	83			
Fair (grazing but not burned; some brush)	36	60	73	79			
Good (no grazing; brush covers ground)	30	55	70	77			
Open Spaces (lawns, parks, golf courses, cemeteries, et	c.):		7	, ., ., ., .,			
Fair (grass covers 50-75% of area)	49	69	79	84			
Good (grass covers >75% of area)	39	61	74	80			
Commercial and Business Districts (85% impervious)	89	92	94	95			
Industrial Districts (72% impervious)	81	88	91	93			
Residential Areas:							
1/8 Acre lots, about 65% impervious	77	85	90	92			
1/4 Acre lots, about 38% impervious	61	75	83	87			
1/2 Acre lots, about 25% impervious	54	70	80	85			
1 Acre lots, about 20% impervious	51	68	79	84			

^{*}From Chow et al. (1988).



Not rated or not available Area of Interest (AOI) Ex 11 NRCS Hydrologic Soil Group Soil Rating Polygons Area of Interest (AOI) Soli Rating Lines 8 8 ş Δ 4 æ 1077 Dunaweal Ln. Solls April 25, 2014

MAP LEGEND

Not rated or not available 8 ပ 4 3 4

Streams and Canals **Nater Features** Fransportation

Interstate Highways ‡

Major Roads Local Roads **US Routes**

Background

Aerial Photography

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting

soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

MAP INFORMATION

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Napa County, California

Version 5, Nov 25, 2013 Survey Area Data:

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Nov 2, 2010—Feb 17,

Not rated or not available

80

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Soll Rating Points

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imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background of map unit boundaries may be evident.

ACC

Hydrologic Soil Group

Totals for Area of Intere	st		25.5	100.0%
140	Forward gravelly loam, 30 to 75 percent slopes	В	0.2	0.7%
118	Cole silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	С	1.1	4.3%
116	Clear Lake clay, drained	С	4.0	15.7%
103	Bale loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes		20.3	79.3%
	Map unit name			TANKS OF THE PARTY
Hyo	lrólögic Soll Greup—Sur	nmary by Map Unit — Na	ina County California (c/	055)

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

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