

History and Background Information

Antonio and Catarina Carbone Winery
Coombsville, Napa County
2031 Coombsville Road

Napa

City Register • Daily Register • Daily Journal • Register

— Names in the News —

Carbone — Ferroggiaro — Luchetti

-26-1897 3:2

NDJ 2-13-1898 3:3

NDJ 12-21-1898 3:2

club with the following members organized in this city: Jaro (Pres.), Frank Jackle Jas. Kyser (Sec.), Grafton (as.), John Parker, Bergt. Crowley, D. Schwarz, P. S. McKie, T. Parker, Chas. McEcker, Bert Eaton, A. AmThomas, A. A. Gardiner, Ed. Amstutz, F. Thedens, L. Roberts, G. W. Love, n and Wm. Riley. The next Wednesday night, at constitution and by-laws d.

Weddings Saturday.

Miss Mamie Lee, eldest daughter of J. D. Lee, was married at her father's house on Soscol avenue, Saturday afternoon, to James R. Campbell of the Spreckels Stock Farm, Rev. Richard Wylie officiating. The bridesmaid was Miss Mary Ferroggiaro and the groomsmen, Dan Campbell. After the wedding feast the couple departed on the train for San Francisco, where they will spend their honeymoon.

NDJ 8-30-1898 3:1

A license was issued Monday to Frank B. Gibb to wed Miss Mary Ferroggiaro.

-10-1897 2:3

NDJ 12-3-1899 3:1

Monday Wedding.

of P. M. Bergamini and Rafetto, both of Martinez, ed at the Catholic church noon by Rev. M. D. ise Lena Ferroggiaro was and Antonio Rafetto.

After the ceremony a leon was partaken of at of Mrs. Ferroggiaro on Ran- and then the happy pair elock train for their wed- hey would not tell where ng, but after a short honey- they will make their neez.

Officers of Court Paragon.

Court Paragon elected the following officers Friday evening. They will be installed on the first Friday in January: O. R., A. Ferroggiaro; S. C. R., J. O'Sullivan; Treas., R. M. Kyser; Fin. Sec'y, Geo. Head; Rec. Sec'y, Chas. Kather; Sr. Woodward, C. N. Peterson; Jr. Woodward, C. Blechen; Sr. Beadle, R. B. Phillips; Jr. Beadle, J. Hoy; Treas. Jno. Tierlich.

HEAVY LOSS BY FIRE.

Antone Carbone's Wine Cellar and Stable Destroyed With Their Contents.

The wine cellar and stable on Antone Carbone's place in Coombsville were destroyed by fire about midnight Monday night. Mr. Carbone places his loss at about \$25,000, but this is covered by insurance to the extent of \$16,000.

Everything in the two buildings, hay, feed, machinery, cooperage, harness, about 62,000 gallons of wine, some of which was old wine and very valuable, and two horses, were destroyed.

Fortunately the wind was blowing from the southwest, for had it been from the north the residence would have gone also.

The fire was not discovered until both buildings were enveloped and nothing could be done to stay the progress of the flames.

The flames ran two hundred feet high casting a lurid glare against the low hanging clouds for miles around and lighting up the whole county even as far as this city, where many enjoyed the strange spectacle.

The cause of the fire is unknown, but it is thought that it started in the stable.

NDJ 1-21-1899 3:3

Installation and Banquet.

District Deputy Grand Chief Ranger James Forrester, of Yountville, installed the following newly elected officers of Court Paragon No. 48, F. O. A., at Odd Fellows' Hall Friday night: O. R., A. Ferroggiaro; S. C. R., J. O'Sullivan; Fin. Sec., Geo. Head, Jr.; Treasurer, R. M. Kyser; Rec. Sec., C. Kather; S. W., C. Peterson; J. W., C. Blechen; S. B., J. Hoy; J. B., L. F. Roberts; Trustee, J. Tierlich; Thraldon, R. W. Hennessy; Deputies, Jos. Levinson.

After the installation one new member

CARBONE, ANTOINE

Fire NR 10-26-1888 1:4

House Burned.

The residence of Antoine Carbone, located on the Wild Horse valley road east of Tulocay cemetery, was destroyed by fire Thursday afternoon. The building was valued at \$1,500 or \$2,000. With it was burned \$500 in money and a lot of jewelry. It is supposed that the fire started from the chimney in the roof. There was some insurance on the house.

New house finished NR 8-23-1889

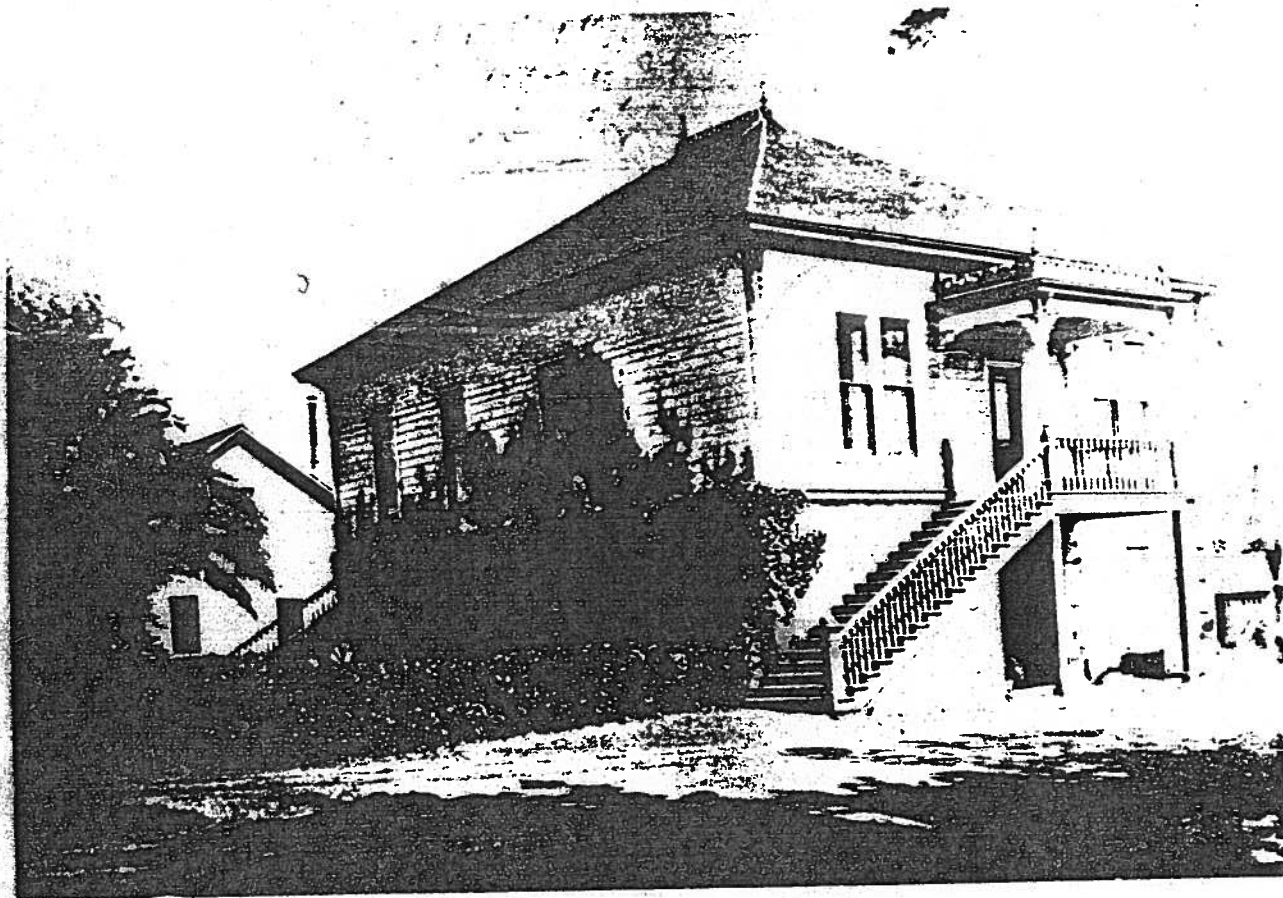
LOCAL BRIEFS.

[From Tuesday's Daily]

The new residence of A. Carbone in Coombsville is about finished. The painters are putting on the finishing touches.

Aunt died in Italy NR 5-23-1890 1

Messrs. L. and A. Carbone have received news of the death of their aunt, Giovanna Carbone, aged 94 years. The lady died at Campi, Province of Ottone, Italy, April 17th inst.



For the Earthquake Sufferers.

L. Carbone and G. Rossi have collected \$128.85 for the sufferers from the late earthquakes in Italy. The money will be forwarded immediately through the Italian Consul at San Francisco. They desire to thank those who have so kindly contributed.

CARBONE, A.

NR 2-22-1889 3:1

A. Carbone has established a fish stand at No. 75 First street. He also keeps on hand a quantity of choice potatoes, onions and other vegetables grown by himself.

S E T T L I N G I N N A P A

The TORNARI SISTERS' immigration to Napa can be initially attributed to the CARBONE FAMILY. The following article at Lorenzo Carbone's death in 1908 describes his early days in Napa. It states that Lorenzo, born on May 19, 1843, was the first Italian to settle in Napa in 1863. After a short return trip to Italy, he returned to Napa in 1867. Lorenzo's death certificate (January 30, 1908) states he had resided in Napa for 46 years.

NAPA, NAPA COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 31, 1908.

LORENZO CARBONE

Old and Highly Esteemed Pioneer Answers Death's Call.

Lorenzo Carbone is dead. This old, well known and highly esteemed citizen of Napa passed to his final reward at his home, No. 223 Caymus street, at half-past five yesterday morning. Mr. Carbone had been in ill health for a year past, and although death was not wholly unexpected, it came as a severe shock to his family, relatives and countless friends.

Lorenzo Carbone was a native of Genoa, Italy, and was born on May 19th, 1843. In 1863 he came to Napa county, and after remaining here a year, returned to his native land, where he wedded the widow, who survives him. The year 1867 found Mr. Carbone again in Napa county, where for some years he successfully engaged in farming near the State Hospital with his brothers, the late Antoine Carbone and the late Nicholas Carbone.

Some years later Mr. Carbone embarked in the butcher business here, and after being thus engaged for a considerable period, opened and conducted a produce and commission business in this city.

Some twelve years ago he retired from the active affairs of the business world, and lived quietly, happily and comfortably upon the money accumulated in his younger days.

Lorenzo Carbone was a quiet, industrious, honest and upright man and citizen, and gained and maintained the esteem of his fellowmen. He was a devoted husband, an indulgent father, and the vacancy in the family circle is one that can never be filled.

As far as known Mr. Carbone was the first Italian to settle in this city.

In addition to the widow, deceased is survived by the following children: Edward Carbone and Lee A. Carbone

Lorenzo and his older brother Nicola, born 1841, probably made their initial trip to Napa in 1863. The following article about Nicola's son, Charles, indicates that after Nicola came to the United States in the 1860's, he returned to Italy and married CATARINA TORNARI. It is presumed that Nicola and Catarina were married in her hometown, Corbesassi. The article states that after their marriage, they returned to the United States in 1869 and settled in Contra Costa County. According to the article and the 1870 Contra Costa County census, Nicola, age 29, and Catarina, age 20 operated the first vegetable garden business in Contra Costa County.

CHARLES L. CARBONE.

Among the citizens of Napa county whose life has been characterized by steady and persistent industry and who is now prominent among the oil operators of this state, Charles L. Carbone holds a prominent place. He is a native son of Napa County, born here on the 24th day of June, 1871, and is the son of Nicholas and Catharine (Tarnari) Carbone. His father was a native of Italy, from which country he emigrated to the United States in the '60s. Later he returned to his native land and was married, bringing his bride to this country in 1869. He established the first vegetable garden in Contra Costa county and, later, the first one in Napa county. He was an expert in the raising of vegetables and continued that vocation up to the time of his death. He is survived by his widow, who still lives in the old home place, which has been her residence for fifty-six years.

Charles L. Carbone received the major portion of his education in a private school at Oak Mound and he remained on the home place with his father until he had attained his majority, when he came to Napa and took the position of United States storekeeper and gauger, to which he was appointed under President Cleveland. He held that position six years, and then for a similar period of time was employed as a traveling salesman. He then became engaged in the wholesale and retail liquor business, which he carried on until 1920, since which time he has devoted the major portion of his time and attention to the oil business. He was president of the J. Carbone Liquor Company, which firm still continues, and he is a trustee of the Mendocino Midway Oil Company. He has for a number of years been deeply interested in the development of oil lands and has been successful in this business to a notable degree.

Mr. Carbone married Miss Hazel D. Cassaday and they have a son, Charles L. Carbone, Jr. Mr. Carbone gives his political support to the democratic party and is deeply interested in all public affairs affecting the welfare or prosperity of his community. He is a past president of Grove No. 77 of the Order of Druids at Napa, and is also a member of the Loyal Order of Moose, the Improved Order of Red Men and the Fraternal Order of Eagles. He is an ardent lover of outdoor life and is never happier than when, with rod, gun and dogs, he is tramping over hill and dale or skirting the streams, and seldom returns home without evidences of his skill. Genial and companionable, he easily makes acquaintances, among whom are many admiring friends who esteem him for his genuine worth.

Carbone Nicola 29	Farmer	20
Catherine 20	Keeping House	
Paffatti Antonio 23	Labour	
Madalyn 22	Domestic	
Rampardi Peter 33 M	Labour	
Capelli Joseph 34	✓	
Cagessa Antonio 34	✓	
Carbone John 19	✓	
Carbone Antonio 18	✓	
Malopano Stephen 15	✓	
Capelli Nicola 16	✓	
Robt. H. Mann 3		

Pacheco, Contra Costa County

On September 7, 1865, Andrea Capelli, Nicola Carbone and Luigi Carbone purchased 50.09 acres of land from Cayetano Juarez for one thousand dollars (\$1,000). The land was situated in the grant of land made Salvio Pacheco about one-half miles above Pachecoville in Township No. 3 in the County of Contra Costa. The deed states that the partners to the transaction were residents of Napa County.

Early Settlement.—During the year 1828, the Rancho Monte del Diablo, comprising four leagues of land, was granted to Don Salvio Pacheco, a gentleman who was widely known throughout the Department of California, and held many high offices in the gift of the Mexican Government. At this time he was a resident of the Pueblo de San José, and it was not until the year 1834 that he took actual possession and commenced stocking his vast property with cattle, for he remembered the early Californian was a stock-raiser rather than a farmer. Don Salvio died at his residence near Concord, where now resides his son Fernando. This gentleman came to the township in 1835, and brought with him some cattle, but only remained on the Rancho during a portion of each year. In 1845 he brought his family to the county and made his permanent home in Contra Costa, in 1851 moving to his present house. In the early days the Pachecos owned fully five thousand head of cattle, while it may be stated, as showing that the Rancheros life was not always one of indolence, that it was usual to shut for the night as many as one thousand calves.

PACHECO.—Situated in the midst of a lovely valley, five miles distant from the county seat of Martinez, is the village of Pacheco. In 1860 Messrs Hale and Fassett, with Dr. Carothers, purchased the site of the place and laid it out in town lots. With a keen perception of the natural advantages of the situation, its proximity to an embarcadero, and its lying on the main line of travel, these enterprising gentlemen at once commenced building. Hale & Fassett erected a store and a large warehouse at the bay side, and in a short time were doing a large and profitable business. Others came in, lots were bought and the place soon had the elements of prosperity.

Long before Pacheco was, however, G. L. Walrath had in 1853 erected the residence now owned and occupied by George P. Loucks. In 1856 that gentleman purchased it from Walrath, and on December 4, 1857, took possession. As far back as 1853 there was a warehouse owned by Lathrop, Fish and Walrath—that now possessed by Bray Brothers of San Francisco; while, in 1857, Mr. Loucks built another of one hundred and fifty feet in length, and in 1858, one hundred and twenty-five feet were added to it. This building stood on the bank of Walnut creek, about one mile east of Pacheco. In the Fall of 1862 it was moved down the creek about three-quarters of a mile, owing to the rapid filling in of the stream. In 1857 W. K. Hendricks acquired land from Mr. Loucks, and on it built the mill. These two enterprises were the primary causes of the starting of Pacheco.

At an early date the creek had its course to the rear of the present store of John Gambs, while the county road ran along the line of the creek as it is now.

The earliest sailing craft to ply to the locality were those trading to the lime-kiln of F. L. Such, mentioned above. Those first to come to Louck's wharf were the C. E. Long, Capt. Gus. Henderson, and Ida, Capt. Ludwig Anderson.

The land on which the town stands was surveyed by J. B. Abbott, and on it Hale & Fassett built the first house, it being the aforesaid long store now occupied by John Gambs. About the same time Ludwig Anderson erected his residence; while the first brick house was put up by Elijah Hook. The first hotel was opened by Woodford in the present Eagle Hotel, and

In the year almost of its birth Pacheco was visited by a devastating fire ; let us, however, take these catastrophes in their chronological order. On August 11, 1860, a fire broke out in the village, when the store of Elijah Hook, known as the "Farmers' Block," the concrete block of Dr. J. H. Carothers, and several other buildings, were consumed, with a loss of about twenty-six thousand four hundred dollars. Almost seven years later another disastrous conflagration took place. On August 15, 1867, the Pacheco Flour Mills were totally destroyed by fire. This loss was a public as well as a private calamity, it being one of the greatest conveniences in the neighborhood. The loss on the proprietor, W. J. Ireland, was a very severe one, and swept away the earnings of a life of industry, amounting in value to no less than from fourteen to sixteen thousand dollars, upon which there was no insurance ; besides about two thousand dollars' worth of wheat and flour was consumed, the property of various farmers in the vicinity. The next fire we have heard of is the burning of Judge Warmcastle's farm-house on April 1, 1870, during that gentleman's absence at the East. The building was rented by Mr. Minaker. The last of all these conflagrations was the most destructive. On the morning of Tuesday, September 5, 1871, the village was once more visited by the "Fiery Fiend," and damage done to the amount of thirty thousand dollars and more. The principal losers were E. Hook, three buildings and stock, loss eighteen thousand dollars ; L. F. Moreno, building harness stock and household goods, loss two thousand five hundred dollars ;

On July 3, 1866, Andrea Capelli and Nicola Carbone purchased Luigi Carbone's one-third ($1/3$) interest in the 50.09 acres for \$450. This deed also states that they were residents of Napa County.

On January 22, 1867, Andrea Capelli and Nicola Carbone purchased 22 acres of land from Peter Pons for \$550. The land parcel was a part of the Rancho Monte del Diablo situated above the town of Pacheco. This deed states that the parties to the transaction were residents of Pacheco in Contra Costa County.

On April 28, 1871, Nicola Carbone, Andrea Capelli, and Antonio Raffetto purchased 25.5 acres of land from George D. and Alexander Danskin for \$1,530. The deed states that the land is situated next to the 50.09 and 22-acre parcels.

On June 13, 1871, Andrea Capelli and Nicola Carbone sold one-third ($1/3$) interest in the 50.09- and 22-acre parcels to Antonio Raffetto. At this point in time, Capelli, Carbone, and Raffetto each owned a one-third ($1/3$) interest in the three parcels.

On July 9, 1872, Antonio Raffetto sold one-half ($1/2$) of his one-third ($1/3$) interest in the 50.09- and 22-acre parcels to Giovanni Carbone.

On May 4, 1874, Nicola Carbone sold his one-third ($1/3$) interest in the three parcels to Pietro Rampordi.

After 1874, there were several more transactions involving these three parcels. It appears that Capelli finally sold his one-third ($1/3$) interest in 1878. The other Italians involved in these transactions were Guisepe Doni, Guisepe Raffetto, Giovanni DeMartini and Luigi Rampordi.

Also located in the Contra Costa County Recorder's office was a Power of Attorney from Antonio Raffetto to the brothers Antonio and Lorenzo Carbone, dated April 8, 1880. The Power of Attorney, executed in Genoa, Italy states that Antonio Raffetto of Guiseppe, free holder, born at Ognio in the commune of Neirone and residing at San Pierre d'Arena gave Antonio and Lorenzo Carbone of Giambattista both residing at Napa City, California the power to handle, direct, and administer all his property and affairs. The power of attorney was revoked when Raffetto returned to Contra Costa County from Italy.

The 1870 Contra Costa census listed Nicola's younger brother Antonio, age 18. Antonio probably moved to Napa in 1870 since he is also listed in the 1870 Napa census.

750	751	Russi Federico	17	M	M	Labourer
		Carbone Antonio	19	M	M	Labourer
		Mangini Nicola	15	M	M	Labourer
		Barrois Andrea	19	M	M	Labourer

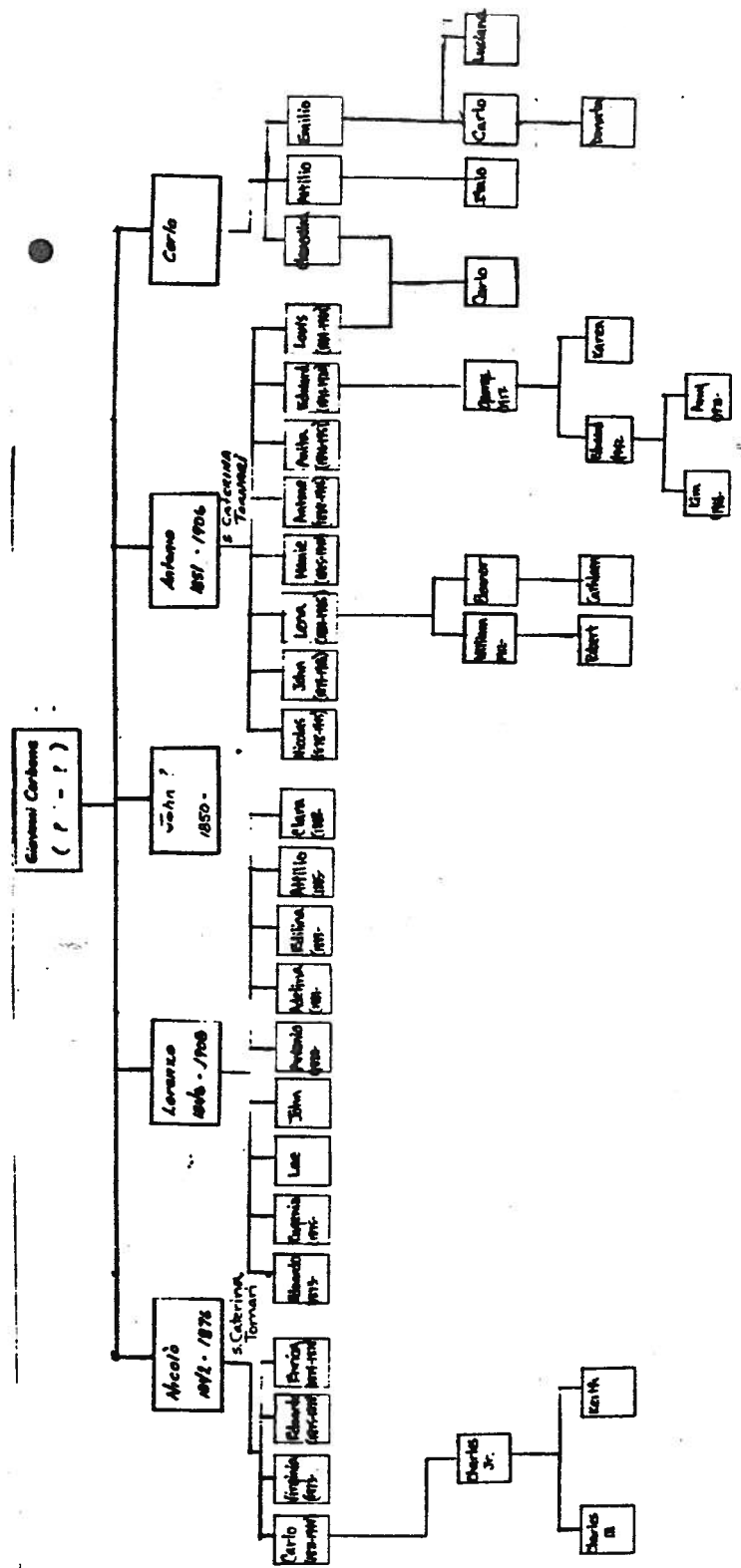
Napa

Since Nicola was involved in a business and real estate transaction in 1870, he and Catarina must have moved to Napa shortly after Antonio. On February 3, 1870, Nicola Carbone, Andrea Capelli and Luigi Carbone purchased 125 acres of property from Cayetano Juarez in the Coombsville area that eventually became known as "The Italian Garden".

Andrea Capelli and Luigi Carbone are listed in the 1870 Napa census. Also listed with them are Luigi Boracco and Carlo Repetino. Antonio Carbone was listed separately.

4	792	Capelli Andrea	36	M	M	Farmer	2000
		— Quigley	20	F	M	Keyping Board	
		— Angelo	1	M	M	Str. House	
		Carbone Luigi	50	M	M	Labourer	
		Boracco Luigi	37	M	M	Labourer	
		— Nicellia	21	M	M	Labourer	
		Repetino Carlo	21	M	M	Labourer	

It is not known how this Luigi Carbone was related to the three brothers - Nicola, Lorenzo, and Antone. We know that he was not the father or a brother. The death records of Lorenzo and Antonio indicate that their father's name was John. We know that there was one other brother, Carlo Carbone who stayed in the home-town of Giambattista or Campi in the commune of Ottone, Province of Piacenza, Emilia-Romagna. It is probable that the John Carbone listed in the 1870 Contra Costa County census is also related. Several of the Carbone descendants still communicate with relatives in Italy.



During the 1870's, several property transactions occurred involving the 125-acre "The Italian Garden".

Date	Grantor (Seller)	Grantee (Buyer)	Description of Transaction
2/03/1870	Cayetano Juarez and his wife Maria de Jesus Higuera by Mexico	<u>SOLD</u> Andrea Capelli Nicola Carbone Luigi Carbone	125.74 acres for \$6,800

Deed
Book M
19 286

5# Stamp
C.J. M.J. & H.
3/2/70

2# Stamp
C.J.
M.J. & H.
3/2/70

Cayetano Juarez & Maria de Jesus
Andrea Capelli & Nicola Carbone & Luigi Carbone
 This Indenture, Made the fourth third day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred & sixty seven. Between Cayetano Juarez & Maria de Jesus Higuera his wife both of County of Napa, State of California, parties of the first part & Andrea Capelli, Nicola Carbone & Luigi Carbone of the same County & State, parties of the second part. Witnesseth, that the said parties of the first part for & in consideration of the sum of Six Thousand & Eight Hundred Dollars lawful money of the United States of America to them in hand paid by the said parties of the second part, at or before the making & delivery of these presents, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged have granted, bargained & sold, conveyed & confirmed & by these presents do grant bargain & sell, convey & confirm unto the said parties of the second part & to their heirs & assigns forever all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Napa County State of California, being a part of the Tulocay Ranch. Granted to the said parties of the first part, by the Mexican Government and duly approved and patented by the United States, and being bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at the southwestern corner of a County Road leading from Napa to Wild Horse Valley, and of another County Road leading to Fran Valley. Thence running with the western side of the Green Valley Road, S. 4° W. 41¹/₂ chains, of four poles, to the limit of the said Ranch; thence with said limit due west 19¹/₂ chs to a fence dividing the land hereby sold from the lands of the said parties of the first part; thence with said fence N. 27° 45' W. 16¹/₂ chs, to an angle in said fence; thence N. 56° 45' W. 21¹/₂ chs to another angle in said fence; thence N. 32° 0' W. 28¹/₂ chs to the southern line of the road leading to Wild Horse Valley; thence with said line S. 87° 3/4 W. 40¹/₂ chs to the place of beginning, containing one hundred and twenty five acres and seventy four hundredths (125⁷⁴/₁₀₀) acres be the same more or less.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainders and remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof. And also, all the estate, right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, of the said parties of the first part, of, in or to the above described premises, and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances. To Have and to Hold, all and singular the above mentioned and described premises, together with the appurtenances, unto the said parties of the second part their heirs and assigns forever.

In Witness Whereof, the said parties of the first part have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, Sealed and delivered in the presence of
 The words "fourth" on the first line interlined
 before signing.
 Louis Bruck

Cayetano Juarez
 Maria de Jesus x Higuera

Date	Grantor (Seller)	Grantee (Buyer)	Description of Transaction
9/13/1870	Luigi Carbone	<u>SOLD</u> Andrea Capelli	1/3 interest in land and partnership for \$2,000
8/01/1871	Andrea Capelli	<u>SOLD</u> Lorenzo Carbone	1/3 interest in land for \$2,000
2/14/1872	Luigi Carbone signed agreement not to compete with Andrea Capelli, Lorenzo Carbone, and Nicola Carbone for \$1,000.		

Book of Deeds Misc / pg 299

Bond

Luigi Carbone }
A Capelli et al } That I Luigi Carbone, of the County of Napa,
State of California, am held and firmly bound
unto Andrea Capelli Nicola Carbone and Lorenzo
Carbone of the same County and State in the sum of One Thousand Dollars
U.S. Gold Coins to be paid to the said Andrea Capelli Nicola Carbone and
Lorenzo Carbone their Executors, Administrators and assigns for which
payment well and truly to be made I bind myself my heirs Executors and
Administrators sealed with my seal, Dated the 14th day of February 1872
The Conditions of the above obligation is such that if the above bounden Luigi
Carbone should not plant any vegetable garden nor cause to be
planted any vegetable garden in Counties of Napa and Solano nor
shall he drive any wagon with vegetables for the purpose of selling them
nor shall he sell any vegetables except in all cases above mentioned. The
planting and selling be for the account and with the consent of
Andrea Capelli, Nicola Carbone and Lorenzo Carbone aforesaid nor
therefore of the above bounden Luigi Carbone his Executors, Administrators
and assigns shall in all things stand to abide by and well and truly
keep and perform the above Covenants, Conditions and agreements
on his part to be kept and performed as above specified then this
obligation shall be void and null; Else to remain in full force
and virtue

Sealed with my seal this 14th day of February A.D. 1872
in presence of
Louis Bernick

Luigi Carbone 

Date	Grantor (Seller)	Grantee (Buyer)	Description of Transaction
7/03/1872	Andrea Capelli Lorenzo Carbone Nicola Carbone	<u>LEASE</u> Luigi Carbone	125.74 acres for \$750 and declared agreement not to compete null and void.

Andrea Capelli et al.
vs.
Luigi Carbone

This Indenture made this third day of July one thousand eight hundred and seventy two between Andrea Capelli, Lorenzo Carbone and Nicola Carbone all of Napa County and State of California, parties of the first part and Luigi Carbone of the same County and State, party of the second part. Witnesseth; That the said parties of the first part for and in consideration of the rents, covenants and agreements hereinafter reserved and contained to be paid and kept and performed by the said party of the second part, have demised, leased and to farm let, and by these presents do demise, lease and to farm let unto the said party of the second part, all that certain piece parcel or tract of land lying being and situate in the County of Napa, State of California (a portion of the Bullocky Rancho, bounded and described as follows, to wit:) Beginning at the Southwestern corner of the County Road leading from Napa to Wild Horse Valley and of another Road leading to Green Valley, thence running with the West-tern side of the Green Valley Road S. 4° W. 4 1/2° chains to the limit of the Bullocky Rancho; thence with said limit due West 19 3/4° chains to a fence dividing this tract of land from the land now or formerly belonging to Boynton Juarez; thence with said fence N. 27° 45' W. 16 1/4° chs. to an angle in said fence; thence N. 58° 45' W. 4 1/2° chains to another angle in said fence; thence N. 32° 0' W. 2 8 1/2° chs. to the Southern line of the road leading to Wild Horse Valley; thence with said line S. 87° 3/4° W. 40 3/4° chs. to the place of beginning. Containing 125 3/4° Acres of land, more or less and being the same tract of land sold on the 3^d day of February 1870 by Boynton Juarez to Andrea Capelli et al, the deed whereof is recorded in the office of the County Recorder of Napa County in Book M. of Deeds page 286, and which said record is hereby made part of this instrument by reference thereto. Together with all and singular the tenements hereditaments and appurtenances therunto belonging or in any wise appertaining; To Have and to Hold the above mentioned premises unto the said party of the second part, his executors, administrators and assigns, from and after the date hereof for and during and until the full end and term of five years next ensuing.

And the said parties of the first part furthermore demise and let unto the said party of the part for the same term of five years from the date hereof the following described personal property to wit:- Four (4) Horses, Two (2) Mules, Three (3) Spring Wagons, One (1) Farm Wagon, One (1) Mower, Three (3) Saddle Horses, Three (3) Cows, Three (3) Hens, One (1) Harrow and a lot of Spades, Shovels, Rakes, and other garden utensils, also all the Household and Kitchen Furniture now on the Premises; for all of said personal property reference is hereby made to an inventory of even date herewith, which said inventory is made in the Italian Language, duly signed by all of the parties to this instrument witnessed by Edward Bale and J. Jones - and acknowledged before Louis Bruck, Notary Public in and for Napa County and which said inventory is hereby made part of this instrument by reference thereto. Yielding and paying therefore half-yearly at the end of every period of six months during the continuance of the term hereby demised unto the said parties of the first part, their heirs and assigns the sum of Seven Hundred and fifty Dollars U.S. Gold Coin. And it is mutually covenanted

12-26-76 Hotel Arrivals. 12-26-76

PALACE HOTEL—*Luke Kelly, Proprietor*
SATURDAY, Dec. 9.—J. Carter, F. M. Baker, L. Oppenheimer, Arizona; Mrs. J. T. Boon, Va.; C. A. Darby, R. Crouch, Napa; G. L. Pratt, Miss E. J. Pratt, A. E. Pratt, Bishop Perkins, Calistoga; D. Curran, W. C. Wilcox, J. T. Batchelder, C. O'Neil, S. F.; W. M. Evans, Santa Rosa; A. McKenzie, Monticello; J. Quinestead, San Rafael.

✓ **SUNDAY, Dec. 10.**—J. T. Boon, S. Katten, Mrs. Fly, Mrs. Burrage, A. Raffetto, A. Carboni, C. O'Neil, S. F.; A. P. Voorhees, W. Hartwell, S. L. Haas, Napa; E. F. Whiting, E. B. Alden, W. Jones, Miss Sharp, Val.

Justices' Court.

John Massey was brought before Justice Hartwell yesterday afternoon, on a charge of assault, in throwing a stone at Charles Horrell, which hit the latter's horse and caused the rider to be thrown off and injured. The case was continued till to-morrow morning.

L. Frazer was fined \$9 for drunkenness, in the same court.

M. F. Weare, who was arrested by officer Hart last evening for being drunk and disorderly, was fined \$10 for the offence by Justice Swain this morning.

✓ Andrew Capelle was brought into Justice Swain's court yesterday afternoon, charged with misdemeanor, in refusing to give the names of his employes to the Roadmaster of District No. 2, James Kennedy. The case was continued till Saturday morning.

12-29-76

✓ Accident at St. Helena.

A report reached Napa on Sunday, that Antonio Carboni of Napa had been thrown out of a buggy near St. Helena and severely injured. Carboni had left Napa in company with a man who is hired on the Carboni rancho, and they were driving near St. Helena at the time of the accident. The buggy was capsized, both men being thrown out, and Carboni badly hurt. His brother went up to St. Helena on Sunday evening to attend the injured man, but we have been unable to ascertain any further particulars of the unfortunate affair.

Guardian's Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the County of Napa and State of California, made on the 19th day of March, 1877, in the matter of the estate of Carlo Carboni, Parties Carboni and Edoardo Carboni, minors, the undersigned, the Guardian of the persons and estates of said minors, will, on or after the 9th day of April, 1877, sell at private sale, to the highest bidder, for cash in U. S. gold coin, subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, all the right, title, interest and estate of said minors in and to that certain tract of land, to wit: One undivided one-sixth interest of all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Napa and State of California, and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the Southwestern corner of a County road leading from Napa to Wild Horse Valley, and of another County road leading to Green Valley; thence running with the western side of the Green Valley road S 4 deg. W 42.15 chs. of four poles, to the limit of the Talocay Rancho; thence with said limit due west 35.35 chs. to a corner dividing the land, hereby described from the land of Cayetano Juarez; thence with said Survey N 77 deg. 45 min. W 13.35 chs. to an angle in said fence; thence N 60 deg. 35 min. W 4.84 chs. to another angle in said fence; thence N 30 deg. W 23.45 chs. to the southern line of the road leading to Wild Horse Valley; thence with said line S 87 deg. 45 min. W 40.37 chs. to the place of beginning—containing 125 1/2 acres, more or less.

Bids in writing for the purchase of said land to be left at the office of Samuel A. Hall, in the City of Napa, or at the residence of the undersigned on the premises, at any time after the first publication of this notice and before making said sale.

Terms of Sale.—Cash in U. S. gold coin, 5 per cent of the purchase price to be paid at the time of sale, and the remainder on confirmation of said sale by the Probate Court. Deed at expense of purchaser.

CATARINA CARBONI,
 Guardian of the persons and estates of said minors.
 March 25, 1877.

8/13/1878 State of California filed suit against the Carbones and other land owners for condemnation of certain water sources and rights over certain lands for laying down water pipes to convey waters for the purpose of supplying the Napa State Asylum for Insane with pure fresh water.

Date	Grantor (Seller)	Grantee (Buyer)	Description of Transaction
12/21/1878	Antonio Carbone, Administrator of Estate of Eurica Carbone	<u>SOLD</u> B. Semorile	An undivided 1/9 interest in 125.74 acres
3/12/1879	Bartolomeo Semorile	<u>SOLD</u> Antonio Carbone	1/9 interest in land for \$1,000
6/09/1879	The Court ordered Catarina Carbone, Guardian of Carlo Carbone, a minor, to sell his 1/18 interest in the 125.74-acre parcel.		
6/09/1879	Catarina Carbone	<u>SOLD</u> Lorenzo Carbone	1/18 interest for \$335
6/10/1879	Lorenzo Carbone	<u>SOLD</u> Antonio Carbone	1/18 interest for \$340
6/10/1879	Lorenzo Carbone Antonio Carbone Catarina Carbone	<u>SOLD</u> Andrea Capelli	56.08 acres for \$1.00
6/10/1879	Andrea Capelli Antonio Carbone Catarina Carbone	<u>SOLD</u> Lorenzo Carbone	44.73 acres for \$1.00
6/10/1879	Andrea Capelli Lorenzo Carbone	<u>SOLD</u> Antonio Carbone Catarina Carbone	37.73 acres for \$1.00

**Real Estate Transactions for the Week
Ending Dec. 19th.**

Antonio Carbone, administrator of estate of Eurica Carbone, deceased sells to B Semorile, for \$1,000 an undivided 1-9 of 125.74 acres in or near Wild Horse Valley.

**Real Estate Transactions for the Week
Ending March 19th.**

Andrea Capelli et als to Trustees Napa State Insane Asylum water right \$4,000.

B Semorile to Antonio Carbone; lot of land in Napa City—\$1,500.

**Real Estate Transactions For Week End-
ing June 18th.**

Catarina Carbone to Lorenzo Carbone: an undivided 1-18 of 125 74-100 acres land in Napa County—\$335.

L. Carbone et al to Andrea Capelli: 56 8-100 acres land, more or less, near Napa City—\$1.

Andrea Capelli et al to Lorenzo Carbone: 44 73-100 acres land, more or less, near Napa City—\$1.

W. S. Bryant to Amelia Conner: lot one, Calistoga Cemetry—\$15.

Sacramento Savings Bank to E. D. Woolley: south 1/2, lot 5, block C, town of Calistoga—\$150.

J. W. Pearson by Sheriff to San Francisco Savings Union: land in Napa County—\$8,500.

L. Carbone to Antonio Carbone: 125 74-100 acres land near Napa City—\$1.

A. Capelli et al to A. Carbone et al: 37 73-100 acres land near Napa City—\$1.

The 1880 Napa Census shows the Carbone families:

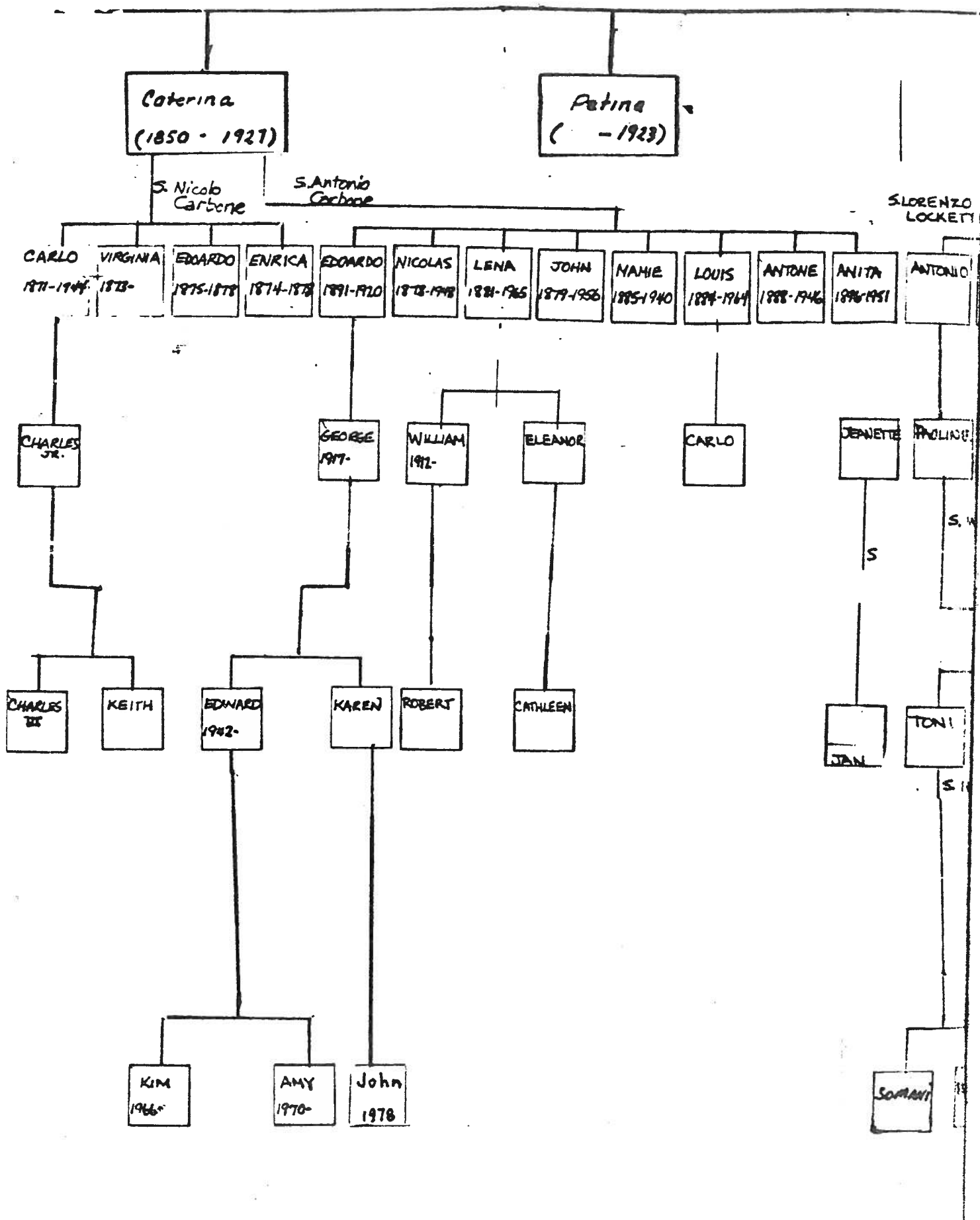
187	Carbone Antonio	W	M	30		
—	Catherine	W	F	30		Wife
—	Carlo	W	M	9		Son
—	Nicholas	W	M	2		Son
—	John	W	M	1/2	Nov	Son

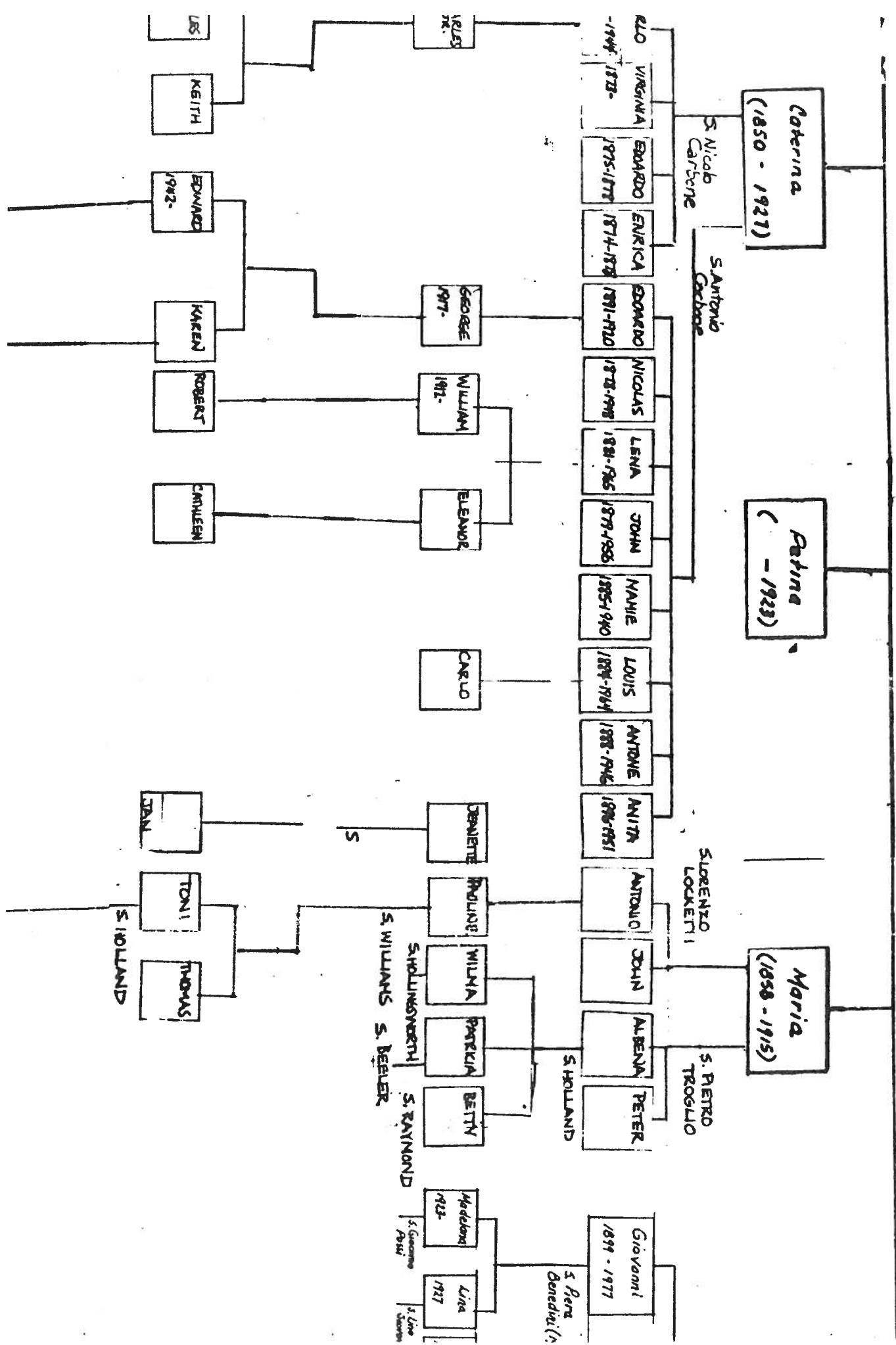
216	Carbone Lorenzo	W	M	47		
—	Barbara	W	F	32		Wife
—	Eduardo	W	M	7		Son
—	John	W	M	4		Son
—	Antonio	W	M	1/2	Jan	Son

Although the Lorenzo Carbone family is not related to the Tornari sisters, we obtained the following information while researching his brothers' families:

Born to LORENZO CARBONE

Name	Year of Birth	-----G O D P A R E N T S-----		Year of Death	Age
		Father	Mother		
Eduardo	1873	Antonio Carbone	Catarina Tornari	-No record-- located	
Eugenia	1875	Antonio Raffetto	Magdalena Carbone	-No record-- located	
John	1878	Antonio Carbone	Virginia Tornari	-No record-- located	
Antonio	1880	Antonio Casazza	Carla Casazza	-No record-- located	
Adeline	1881	Carlo Casassa	Magdalena Casassa	-No record-- located	
Edelina	1883	-----No record located-----		1884	7 mos
Attilio	1885	-----No record located-----		1893	8
Leonardo		-----No record located-----			
Clara	1888	Petrus Jacobone	Margarita Fleming	-No record-- located	





Luigi
Tornar
?

Giovanni Carbone
(? - ?)

Nicolò
1842 - 1876

Lorenzo
1848 - 1908

John ?
1850 -

S. Caterina
Tornari

Virginia
(1873-

Edoardo
(1875-1878)

Enrica
(1874-1878)

Edoardo
(1873-

Eugenia
(1875-

Lee

John

Antonio
(1880-

Adelina
(1881-

Edilina
(1883-

Attilio
(1885-

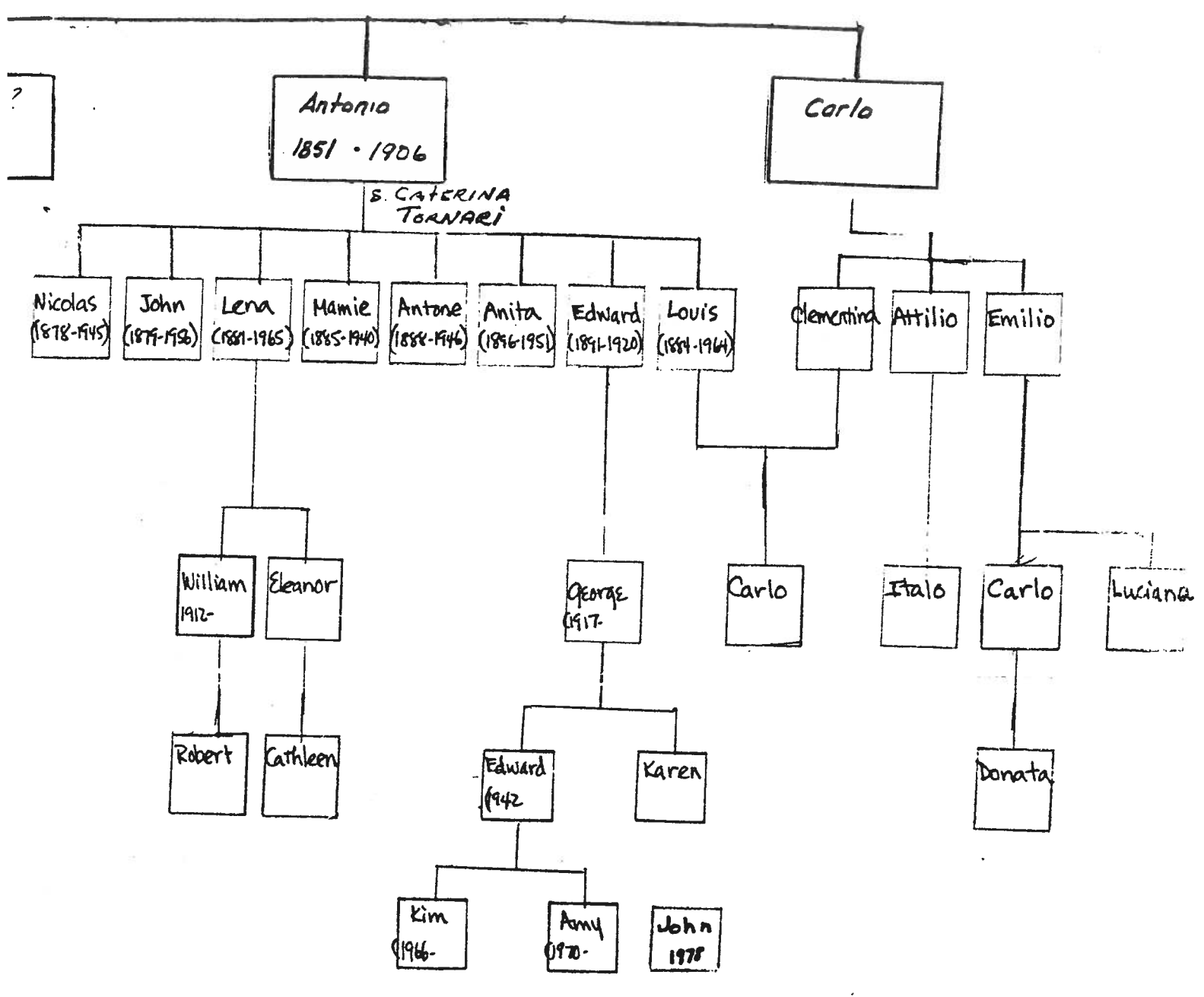
Clara
(1888-

Nix
(187

Charles
Jr.

Keith

DATE
?)



CARBONE, ANTOINE

Fire NR 10-26-1888 1:4

House Burned.

The residence of Antoine Carbone, located on the Wild Horse valley road east of Tulocay cemetery, was destroyed by fire Thursday afternoon. The building was valued at \$1,500 or \$2,000. With it was burned \$500 in money and a lot of jewelry. It is supposed that the fire started from the chimney in the roof. There was some insurance on the house.

New house finished NR 8-23-1889

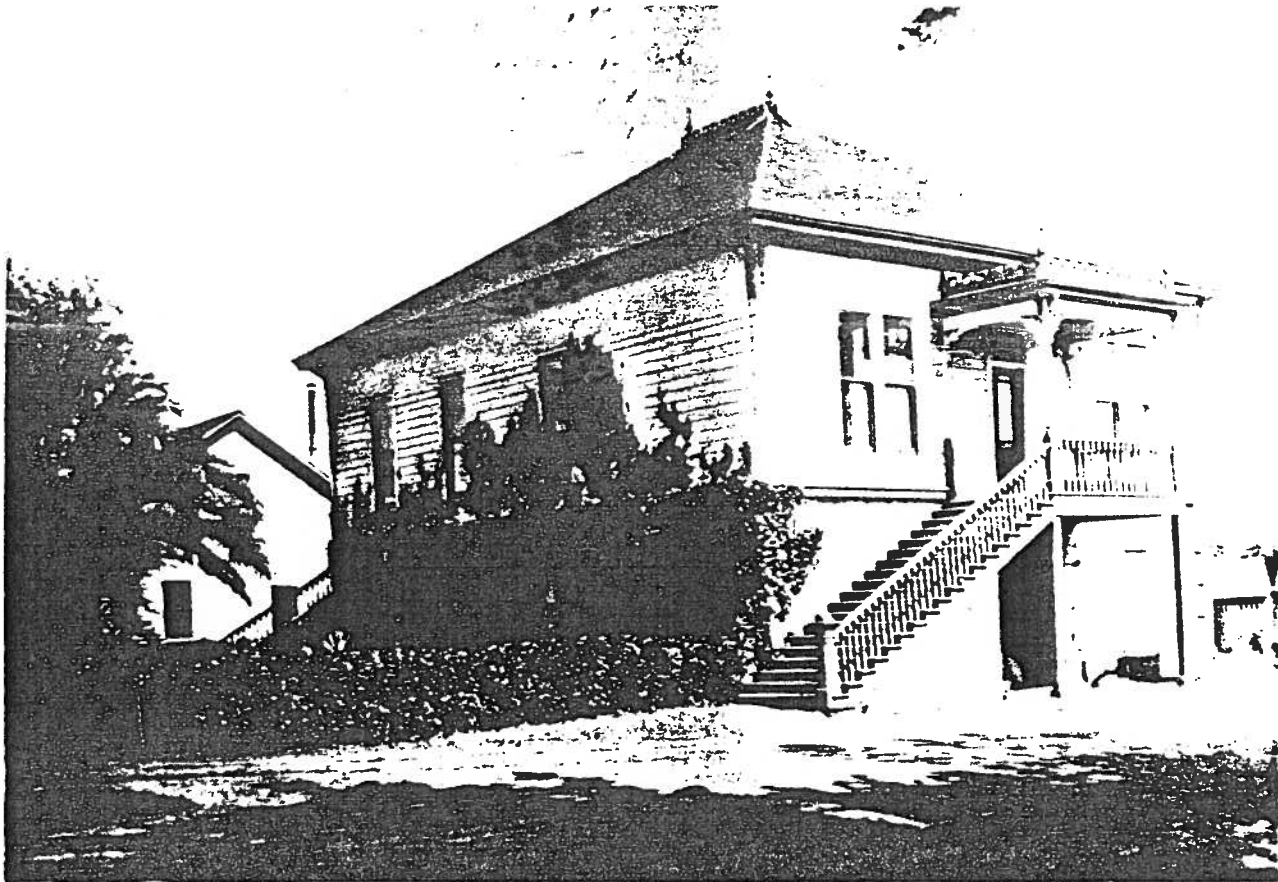
LOCAL BRIEFS.

[From Thursday's Daily]

—The new residence of, A. Carbone in Coombsville is about finished. The painters are putting on the finishing touches.

Aunt died in Italy NR 5-23-1890 1

Messrs. L. and A. Carbone have received news of the death of their aunt, Giovanna Carbone, aged 94 years. The lady died at Campi, Province of Ottone, Italy, April 27th last.



For the Earthquake Sufferers.

L. Carbone and G. Rossi have collected \$128.85 for the sufferers from the late earthquakes in Italy. The money will be forwarded immediately through the Italian Consul at San Francisco. They desire to thank those who have so kindly contributed.

CARBONE, A.

NR 2-22-1889 3:1

A. Carbone has established a fish stand at No. 75 First street. He also keeps on hand a quantity of choice potatoes, onions and other vegetables grown by himself.

Register.

NAPA, CAL., FRIDAY

NOVEMBER 7, 1890.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

(From Friday's Daily Journal.)

The funeral of the late G. B. Ferroggiaro was largely attended from the Catholic church Sunday afternoon.

G. B. Ferroggiaro, aged 56 years and a native of Italy, died in this city Wednesday night after a long and painful illness. He was the proprietor of the Depot Saloon and has been a resident of this city for many years. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the Catholic church.

G. B. Ferroggiaro died Wednesday night after a long illness at his home opposite the depot in East Napa. Deceased was a native of Italy, aged 56 years. The funeral will take place Sunday at 2 p. m. from the Catholic church.

The funeral of the late G. B. Ferroggiaro was largely attended from the Catholic church Sunday afternoon.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

IN THE ESTATE OF G. B. FERROGGIARO, deceased, notice is hereby given by the undersigned executrix of the estate of G. B. Ferroggiaro, deceased, to the creditors and all persons having claims against the said deceased to exhibit the same with necessary vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executrix, at the law office of A. J. Hull, in the City of Napa, County of Napa, State of California.

Napa, November 28th, 1890.

VIRGINIA FERROGGIARO,

Executrix of the Estate of G. B. Ferroggiaro, deceased.

A. J. HULL, Attorney for Executrix.



SUCCESS—These five hunters and their hounds found the hunting good at Booneville and Anderson Valley a half century ago. Left to right are Louis Carbone, Louis Ferroggiaro, Barney Offard, An. Carbone and Dan Ghee. The photo, taken by Louis Carbone, was taken at Samuel Springs.

TWELFTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES

SCHEDULE No. 1.—POPULATION.

Kapa Township

of township, town, precinct, district, or other civil division, as the case may be. See instructions.

above-named division,

Name of Institution,

Kapa City (part of)

me on the *12th* day of June, 1900,

John Howard Chalmers

LOCATION		NAME of each person whose place of abode on June 1, 1900, was in this family. Enter surname first, then the given name and middle initial, if any. Insert every person living on June 1, 1900. Omit children born since June 1, 1900.	RELATION Relationship of each person to the head of the family.	PERSONAL DESCRIPTION								CITIZENSHIP		
IN CITIES	House Number			Color or race	DATE OF BIRTH	Age at last birthday	Whether single, married, widowed or divorced	Number of years married	Number of living children	Number of those children living	Year of immigration to the United States	Number of years in the United States	Native-born	Naturalization
					Month	Year								
	223	<i>Lockett George</i>	Head	M	M	May 1858	42	M	8			1879	21	Na
		<i>Maria L</i>	Wife	F	F	Dec 1857	42	M	8	4	3	1881	18	
		<i>Allegre Antonio</i>	Step Son	M	M	July 1885	14	S						
		<i>Albena</i>	Step Daughter	F	F	May 1881	19	S						
		<i>Lockett Antonio</i>	Son	M	M	Mar 1893	6	S						

69 69 *Carbone Antonio* Head W M July 1850 49 M 23 1869 31
Catalina Wife W F May 1850 50 M 23 129
Charles L Son W M Jun 1871 28 M 1
Nicholas Son W M Jan 1872 22 S
John Son W M Nov 1879 23 S
Lena Daughter W F Nov 1881 18 S
Louis Son W M Nov 1884 15 S
Mamie Daughter W F Oct 1885 14 S
Tony Son W M Dec 1888 11 S
Eddie Son W M Mar 1891 9 S
Anita Daughter W F Sept 1893 3
Dorcas W F Nov 1872 26 M 1 0

409 21 22 *Famigiano Virginia* Head W F Feb 1853 46 M 47 7 6 1871 28
Anton Son W M Jul 1874 25 S
Lena Daughter W F Dec 1876 23 S
Edith Daughter W F Mar 1881 19 S
Louis Son W M Apr 1882 17 S
Albert Son W M Nov 1885 14 S

Hill Frank Head W M M 2
Mary Wife W F Dec 1878 21 M 2 1 1
Virginia Daughter W F June 1899 1/2

Randolph

Oak

YOUR NAME AND YOUR COAT OF ARMS — — Priceless Gifts From History

Until about 1100 A.D. most people in Europe had only one name (This is still true in some primitive countries today). As the population increased it became awkward to live in a village wherein perhaps 1/3 of the males were named John, another sizable percentage named William, and so forth.

And so, to distinguish one John from another a second name was needed. There were four primary sources for these second names. They were: a man's occupation, his location, his father's name or some peculiar characteristic of his. Here are some examples.

Occupation: The local house builder, food preparer, grain grinder and suit maker would be named respectively: John Carpenter, John Cook, John Miller, and John Taylor.

Location: The John who lived over the hill became known as John Overhill, the one who dwelled near a stream might be dubbed John Brook or perhaps John Atbrook. Patronymical (father's name): Many of these surnames can be recognized by the termination-son, such as Williamson, Jackson, etc. Some endings used by other countries to indicate "son" are: Armenian — ian, Danish and Norwegian — sen, Finnish — nen, Greek — pulos, Spanish — ez and Polish — wicz. Prefixes denoting "son" are the Welsh — Ap, the Scotch & Irish — Mac and the Norman —

Fitz. The Irish O' incidentally denotes grandfather.

Characteristics: An unusually small person might be labeled Small, Short, Little or Lytle. A large man might be named Large, Long, Lang or Longfellow. Many persons having characteristics of a certain animal would be given the animal name. Examples: a sly person might be named Fox, a filthy person — Hogg, a good swimmer — Fish, etc.

In addition to needing an extra name for identification, one occupational group found it necessary to go a step further. The fighting man: The fighting man of the middle ages wore a metal suit of armor for protection. Since this suit of armor included a helmet that completely covered the head, a knight in full battle dress was unrecognizable. To prevent friend from attacking friend during the heat of battle it became necessary for each knight to somehow identify himself. Many knights accomplished this by painting colorful patterns on their battle shields. These patterns were also woven into cloth surcoats which were worn over a suit of armor. Thus was born the term "coat-of-arms".

As this practice grew more popular, it became more and more likely that two knights unknown to each other might be using the same insignia. To prevent this, records were kept that granted the right to a particular pattern to a particular knight. His

family also shared his right to display these arms. In some instances, these records have been preserved and/or compiled into book form. The records list the family name and an exact description of the coat-of-arms granted to that family.

Interest in heraldry is increasing daily. This is especially true among people who have a measure of family pride and who resent attempts of our society to reduce each individual to a series of numbers stored somewhere in a computer. In our matter-of-fact day and age, a coat-of-arms is one of the rare devices remaining that can provide an incentive to preserve our heritage. We hope you'll agree that it is much more than just a wall decoration.

If you are interested in a more in-depth study of the subject of this paper, may we suggest you contact the genealogical department of any fair sized public library. We especially recommend the "Dictionary of American Family Names" published by Harper & Row and also "The Surnames of Scotland" available from the New York Public Library as excellent sources on the meaning of surnames.

Nancy Halbert
Nancy Halbert



Coat of Arms

Historiography

The Carbone Coat of Arms illustrated left was drawn by an heraldic artist from information officially recorded in ancient heraldic American Armory. Heraldic artists of old developed their own unique language to describe an individual Coat of Arms. In their language, the Arms (shield) is as follows:

"Bendy of six vert and argent."

When translated the blazon also describes the original colors of the Carbone Arms as it appeared centuries ago.

Family mottoes are believed to have originated as battle cries in medieval times. A Motto was not recorded with this Carbone Coat of Arms.

Individual surnames originated for the purpose of more specific identification.

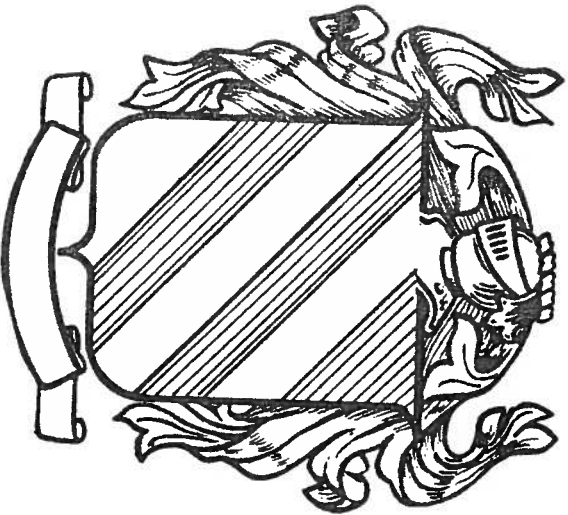
The four primary sources for second names were: occupation, location, father's name, or personal characteristics. The surname Carbone appears to be occupational in origin, and is believed to be associated with the Italian's, meaning, "one who worked in a mine; a coal miner." The supplementary sheet included with this report is designed to give you more information to further your understanding of the origin of names. Different spellings of the same original surname are a common occurrence. Dictionaries of surnames indicate probable spelling variations of Carbone to be Carbon, Carbondale, Collier, Carbo, Carbonero, Carbondala, and Carbones.

Although bearers of the old and distinguished Carbone name comprise a small fraction of the population there are a number who have established for it a significant place in history. They include: LUIGI CARBONE (1436-1482) Latin poet and orator who

was born in Ferrara, becoming one of the greatest artists in his field. GIOVANNI BERNARDO CARBONE (1614-1683) Painter of portraits and historical landscapes who became famous for some of his frescoes which can still be seen in Genoa. GIOVANNI CARBONE (Carbondale) (fl. 1270-1300) Italian surgeon and physician who, from 1296, was Professor

"De Operatione Manuali." LUIS FELIPE CARBONE (Carbo) (b. 1858) Ecuadorian diplomat who, from 1895 to 1896, was the acting President of Ecuador. From 1896 to 1903, he was both

chiefly between his country and the United States. AGOSTINO CARBONE (b. 1856) Italian operatic singer and vocal teacher who toured the United States from 1887 to 1899. He was selected, by the foremost Italian composers of his time, to create leading parts for many of the current popular operas being played in Italy. No genealogical representation is intended or implied by this report and it does not represent individual lineage or your family tree.



Carbone



Date	Grantor (Seller)	Grantee (Buyer)	Description of Transaction
12/31/1879	Andrea Capelli	<u>SOLD</u> Caenaroon Ashley	56.08 acres for \$3,000
3/17/1880	Lorenzo Carbone Andrea Capelli	<u>SOLD</u>	1/2 acre of land to the Trustees of the Harmony School District
5/20/1880	Lorenzo Carbone	<u>SOLD</u> Antonio Carbone	44.73 acres for \$3,600

At this point in time, Antonio and Catarina owned 82.46 acres.

**Real Estate Transactions for Week Ending
March 24th**

W H Chapman to A Van Auken. 76, 15-100 acres land in Browns Valley—\$5,208.

L Carbone and A Capelli to Trustees Harmony School District: 1/2 acre land more or less a portion of Tulocay rancho—\$47 50-100.

Carboni Antonia, farmer, 82 acres
Carboni Lorenzo, gardener

HAS LARGE FUNERAL

Many Friends Attend Last Rites Over Remains of Antonio

Carbone.

Friends from all over the county gathered at the bier of Antonio Carbone Saturday afternoon to pay their last sad homage to his memory. There were about one hundred carriages in line that formed the funeral cortege from the residence at Coombsville to the Catholic Church in this city, and later from the church to the Tulocay cemetery, where the interment took place.

The procession left the residence promptly at 1 o'clock and reached the church shortly after 2, when the services were immediately begun by Rev. Father Byrne. Every available seat in the church was crowded and the bier was one mass of flowers, the silent tokens of the esteem in which the deceased was held by those who knew him.

At the cemetery Father Byrne again recited the funeral prayers and the interment took place.

The pallbearers were Frank L. Coombs, H. Shwarz, H. M. Meacham, D. A. Dunlap, J. A. McClelland and

NAPA, CALIFORNIA.

SEPTEMBER 12, 1927

PIONEER NAPA WOMAN TAKEN BY DEATH

Mrs. Catarina Carbone, the aged widow of the late Antonio Carbone, passed peacefully away at the family residence in Coombsville at 1:30 o'clock Monday morning.

Mrs. Carbone had been ill for about three months and her demise did not come unexpectedly.

Deceased was 76 years of age and a native of Italy. She had lived in California ever since a young girl. She is survived by three children:

Charles L. Carbone, Nicholas Carbone, Mrs. Lena Winkler, Louis Carbone, Mamie Carbone, John Carbone and Anna Carbone of Napa. Also Mrs. Virginia Ferragamo of Napa, also survives.

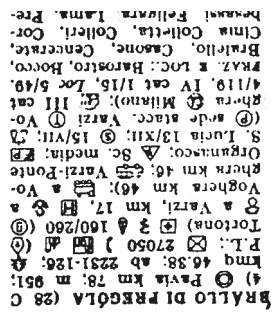
Two sisters and a brother live in Italy.

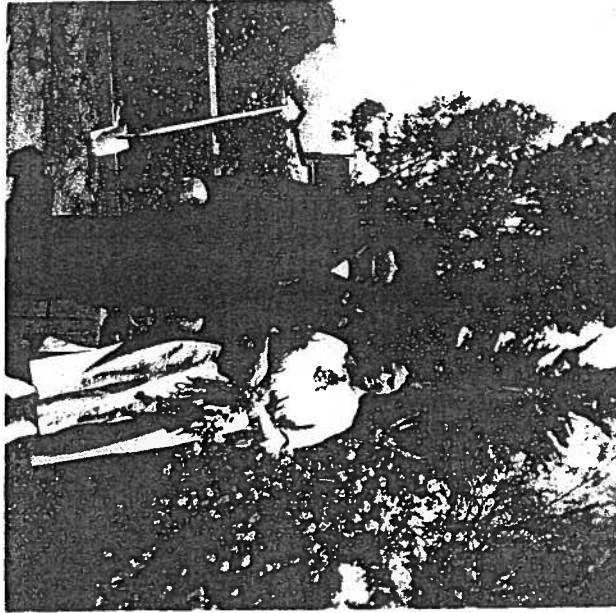
The remains are at the Webber Funeral Parlors.

The funeral will be held Wednesday morning at ten o'clock. The cortege will leave the Webber Chapel at 9:45 o'clock and proceed to the Catholic Church where services will be held.

* * *

The TORNARI SISTERS that settled in Napa were CATARINA, VIRGINIA, and MARIA. They were the first three of six children born to LUIGI and MARIA TORNARI in Corbesassi, Province of Pavia, Lombardy, Italy. The other three children, PETINA, CRISTOFORO, and ANTONIO visited the sisters in Napa, but stayed in Corbesassi. Corbesassi is located roughly between Genoa and Pavia in the Ligura Appennine Mountains which separate the Italian Riviera from the Po Valley. Corbesassi is part of the region of Lombardia and is in the Province of Pavia.





The Tornari Sisters

in

Napa

Catarina Carbone

Virginia Ferroggiaro

Maria Lachetti

and

The Ferroggiaro Families

in

San Francisco



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e

aro

and

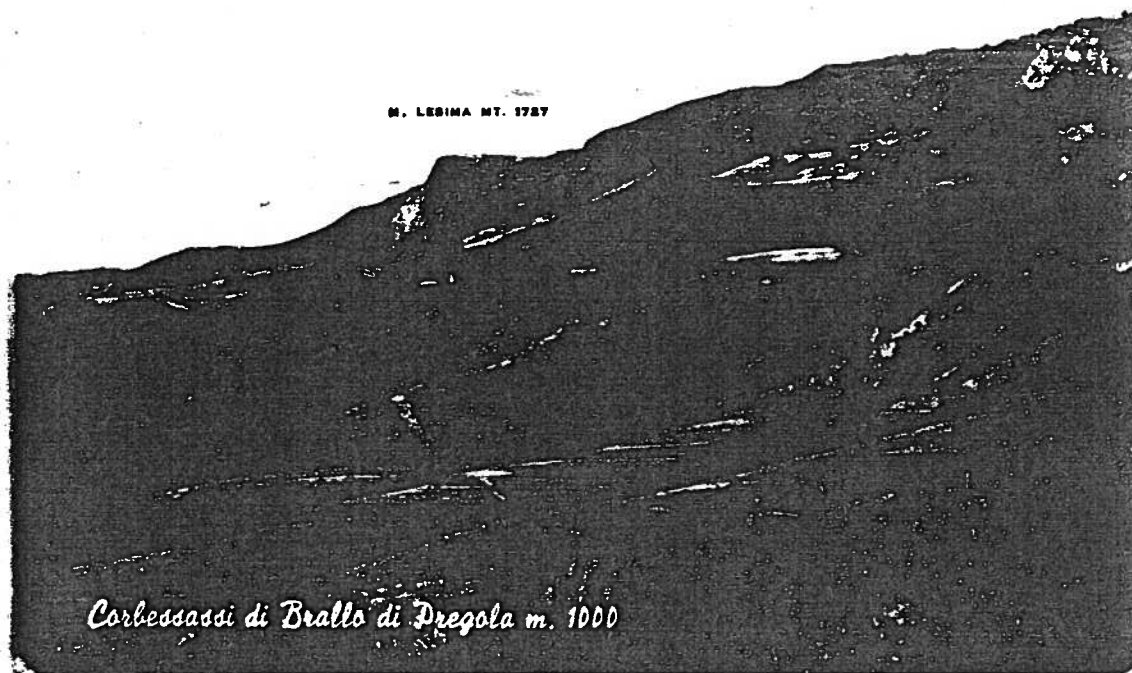
The Ferroggiaro Families
in
San Francisco

I N T R O D U C T I O N

* * *

If someone were to ask a question about the TORNARI SISTERS that settled in Napa, you would probably hear the same answer in 1980 as you would have in 1880. Who are the TORNARI SISTERS? This booklet contains all of the data collected on the TORNARI FAMILY history, including what we have learned to date about the family that stayed in Italy. Before describing the Tornari sisters' history in Napa, a summary of the various families follow.

The TORNARI SISTERS that settled in Napa were CATARINA, VIRGINIA, and MARIA. They were the first three of six children born to LUIGI and MARIA TORNARI in Corbesassi, Province of Pavia, Lombardy, Italy. The other three children, PETINA, CRISTOFORO, and ANTONIO visited the sisters in Napa, but stayed in Corbesassi. Corbesassi is located roughly between Genoa and Pavia in the Ligura Appenine Mountains which separate the Italian Riviera from the Po Valley. Corbesassi is part of the region of Lombardia and is in the Province of Pavia.

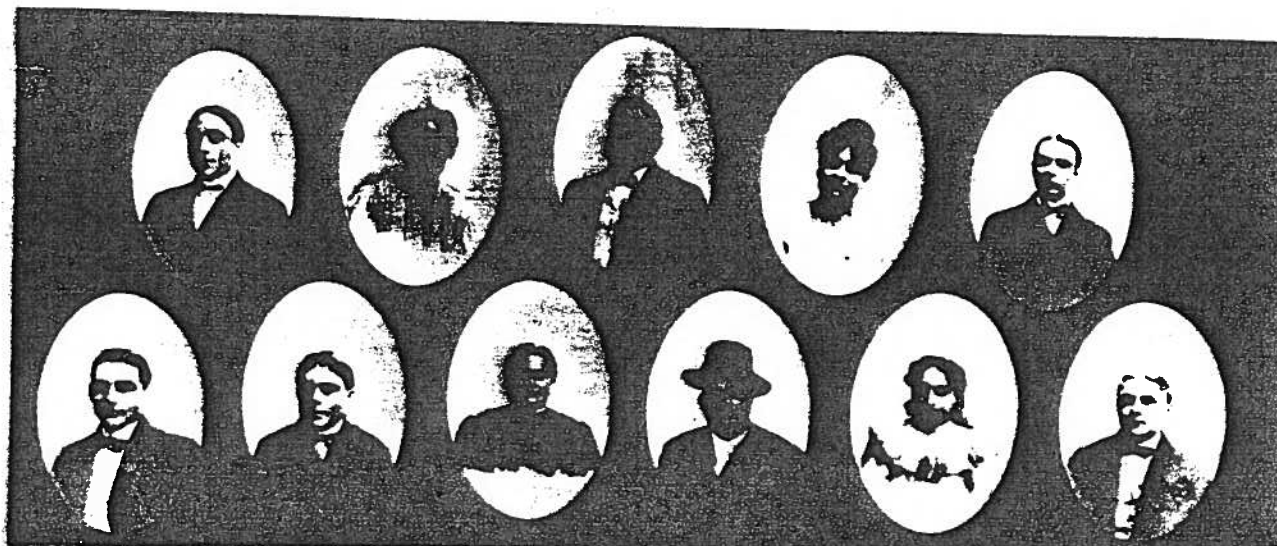


BRALLO DI PREGOLA (28 C
4) O Pavia km 78; m 951;
kmq 46.38; ab 2231-126; A
P.L.: 27050) (O
Tortona) 2 3 A 160/260 (O
S a Varzi, km 17, E S a
Voghera km 46; S a Vo-
ghera km 46; S Varzi-Ponte
Orgnasco; A Sc. media; EE
S. Lucia 13/XII; S 15/VII; A
(O sede stacc. Varzi O Vo-
ghera O Milano); G: III cat
4/119, IV cat 1/15, Loc 5/49.
FRAZ. E LOC.: Barostro, Bocco,
Brallio, Casone, Cenerate,
Cima Colletta, Colleri, Cor-
besassi, Feligara, Lama, Pre-
gola, Valformosa

CATARINA TORNARI, born on May 1, 1850, married Nicola Carbone in the late 1860's. After Nicola died of Typhoid on February 17, 1876, she married his brother Antonio. Based on cemetery and county recorder records and the 1880 and 1900 census records, Catarina had the following children:

Name	Year of Birth	-----G O D P A R E N T S-----		Year of Death	Age
		Father	Mother		
<u>Born to NICOLA AND CATARINA</u>					
Charles	1873	-----No record located-----		1944	72
Virginia	1873	G. B. Ferroggiaro	Virginia Tornari		
Edoardo	1875	-----No record located-----		1878	3
Enrica	1874	-----No record located-----		1878	4

<u>Born to ANTONIO AND CATARINA</u>					
Nicolas	1878	Antonio Raffetto	Magdalena Raffetto	1945	67
John	1879	Andrew Capelli	Virginia Tornari	1956	66
Lena	1881	-----No record located-----	-----	1965	83
Louis	1884	Santinus Castellii	Maria Troglia	1964	79
Mamie	1885	-----No record located-----	-----	1940	54
Antone	1888	Petrus Troglia	Lena Ferroggiaro	1946	57
Edward	1891	Petrus Rompoldi	Maria Bertola	1920	28
Anita	1896	Eduardo Carbone	Elizabeth Ferroggiaro	1951	55



ANTONIO AND CATARINA CARBONE FAMILY

** 1906 **

LEFT TO RIGHT

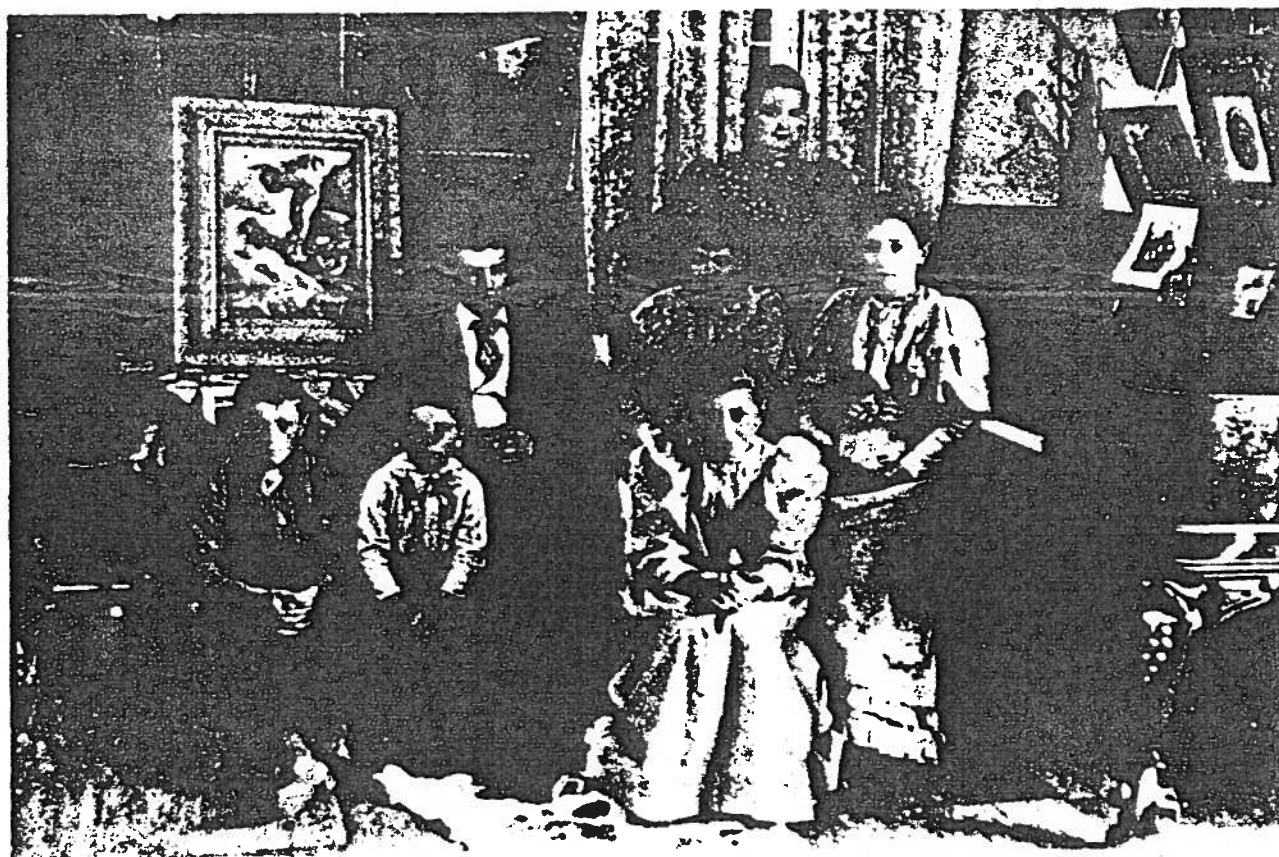
Back Row: Nick, Lena, Charles, Mamie, John

Front Row: Louie, Eddie, Mama, Papa, Anita, Tony

VIRGINIA TORNARI, born on July 10, 1853, married Giani (Giovanni) Baptista Ferroggiaro in the early 1870's.

Born to VIRGINIA AND GIANI

Name	Year of Birth	-----G O D P A R E N T S-----		Year of Death	Age
		Father	Mother		
Antonio	1874	-----No record located-----		1939	65
Adelina	1876	Louis Ferroggiaro	Louise Capelli	1968	91
Mary	1878	Antonio Carbone	Barbara Carbone	1973	94
Edith	1881	-----No record located-----		1916	35
Louis	1883	-	Maria Tornari	1971	88
Albert	1885	Christopher Tornari	Mary Ferroggiaro	1960	74
Baby	1890	-----No record located-----		1890	1 mo



GIANI BAPTISTA (DECEASED) AND VIRGINIA FEROGGIARO FAMILY

** 1895 **

LEFT TO RIGHT

Back Row: Antonio, Edith (Ada), Mama, Adelina (Lena)

Front Row: Louie, Albert (Nino), Mary

MARIA TORNARI, born in December 1857, married Pietro Troglia on December 31, 1883. After Pietro's death in approximately 1890, she married Lorenzo Locketti on July 31, 1892. Maria had the following children:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Year of Birth</u>	<u>Year of Death</u>	<u>Age</u>
-------------	----------------------	----------------------	------------

Born to PIETRO AND MARIA (TORNARI) TROGLIO

Albina	1884		
Pelegriano	1885	1929	44

Born to LORENZO AND MARIA (TORNARI) LOCKETTI

Antonio	1893	1956	63
Louis	1896	1899	3

CRISTOFORO TORNARI, born in 1860, visited Napa several times but never settled here. He stayed in Corbesassi and married Sabina Rossi. They had four children:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Year of Birth</u>	<u>Year of Death</u>	<u>Age</u>
-------------	----------------------	----------------------	------------

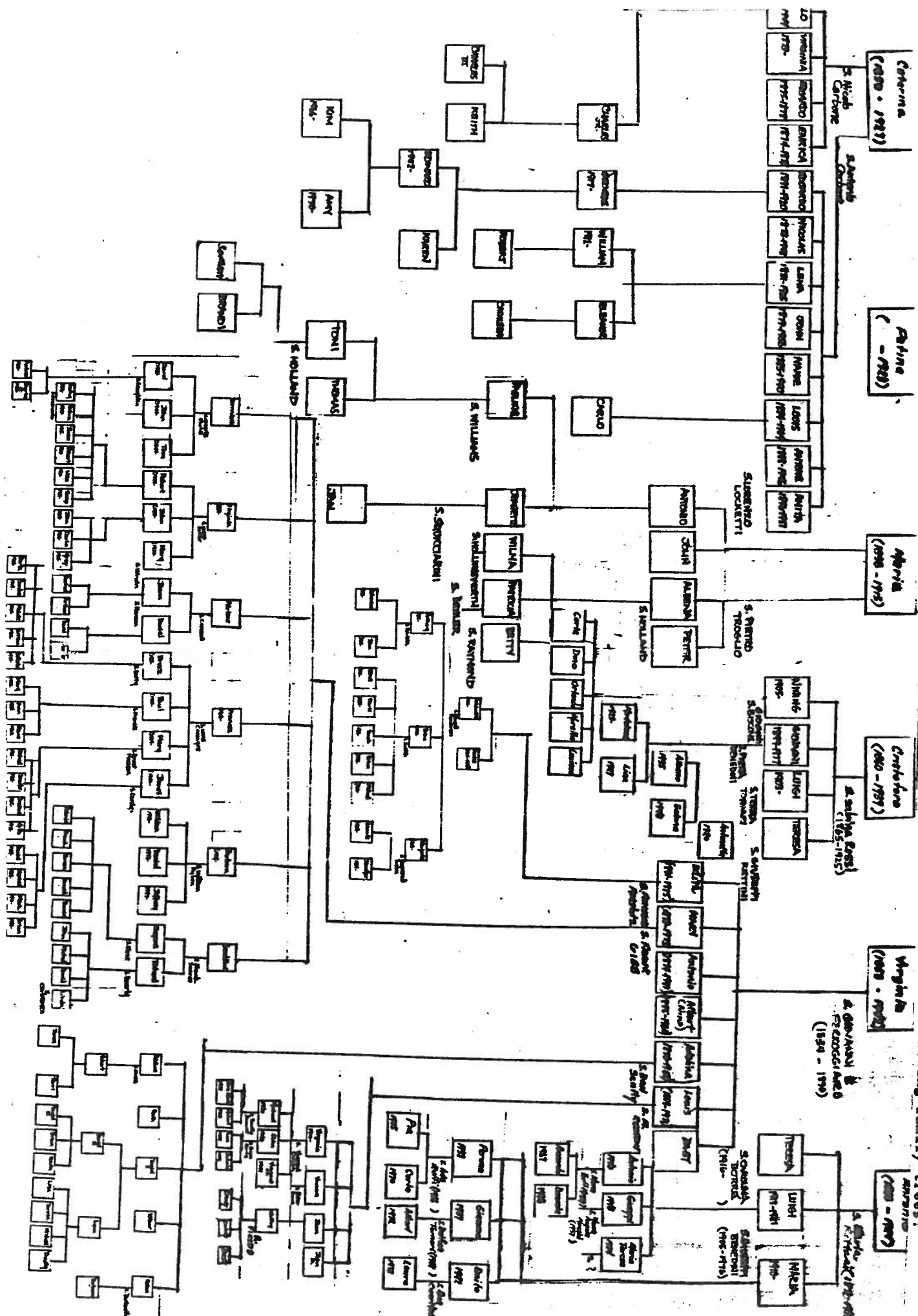
Giovanni	1899	1977	78
Luigi	1903		
Delina			
Nining	1905		

ANTONIO TORNARI, born in 1865, also stayed in Corbesassi and married Maria Rittani. They had three children:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Year of Birth</u>	<u>Year of Death</u>	<u>Age</u>
-------------	----------------------	----------------------	------------

Theresa			
Maria	1910		
Luigi	1913	1981	68

the var



NAPA COUNTY

Napa County lies almost in the central part of California, with its southern boundary line thirty miles north of San Francisco and extending forty miles northward to the summit of Mount St. Helena, from whose towering height of 4000 feet the greater part of Napa Valley can be overlooked.

Productiveness

This subdivision of about 800 square miles is one of the smallest, yet the most fertile county in the state, and in its sunny clime nearly every vegetable and fruit can be produced. The industrious man can here find a home and follow the labor of his choice. The comfort loving man is here in the midst of comfort. The lover of beautiful scenery and art can here get inspiration for his work and in no less degree can woman, around whom centers the home, as well as the people in general, here find an ideal spot.

Educational and Business Advantages

Our community is up-to-date in educational as well as in business enterprises. Churches of nearly every denomination are here. The public schools, a high school and a business college are well attended with the best of teachers in charge. Telegraph and telephones, steam boats and steam cars and the new electric railroad vie with each other in giving the best service to Napa, San Francisco and the world in general.

The new electric road just mentioned is an especially interesting route, going as it does through the best and prettiest part of the valley, on up to St. Helena. As the cars stop at the home of the farmer, the road gets the local patronage, as well as being a favorite route for tourists. The cars and its equipment are the best that money can buy.

Why Best of Climate

The county of Napa is about thirty miles from the ocean and lies between two parallel ranges of mountains which shield it from the ocean winds in winter and from the heat of the interior in summer, thus giving it its delightful climate so favorably known throughout the country. Other and equally great advantages are however as yet generally unknown.

Easterners Want Information

The writer never realized until canvassing the eastern country towns how (may we say uninformed) intelligent people of the East are about California, its resources, cost of commodities etc., etc., and how eager they are to get information, for most of them intend to see this country some day.

Napa and the Smaller Valleys

The main valley, Napa, lies between two ranges of hills running almost north and south. At its southern end it is about eight miles wide but gradually narrows toward the northern end till were it not for Mt. St. Helena, the hills would come together. This mountain is often covered with snow while the valley below is luxuriant with vegetation and blooming orchards. On either side of Napa are smaller valleys and dales and just as fertile and picturesque—Pope, Chiles, Cappell, Wooden, and Berryesse. Surrounding these are hills abundantly covered with trees of various kinds, such as pine, fir, spruce, cedar, live oak, birch, maple wood, manzanita, madrone, etc., while along upper Dry Creek, redwood trees are quite plentiful. If hills can yield such an abundance and variety, what may not be expected of the cultivated valleys? Expectations are often more than realized.

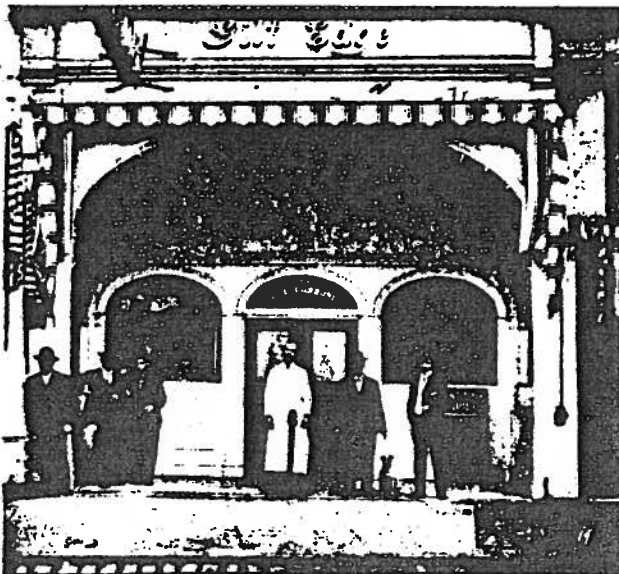
Napa River and Its Use

The main valley is drained by the Napa River, which has its source above St. Helena from where it flows down, fed by smaller streams on the way until, sixteen miles below Napa, it empties into San Pablo Bay.

These sixteen miles are navigable and kept deep by the occasional dredging done by the government. This is of special value to Napa and its industries which enables steamers to load at our doors and carry goods to any part of the coast. Steamboats plying daily between here and San Francisco carry both passengers and freight.

The Chief Income from Orchards and Vineyards

The chief income from the land is derived from orchards and vineyards. The fruits grown are numerous, almost every kind imaginable being produced. The varieties bringing the best returns



C. L. Carbone, Prop., 21 South Main Streets.

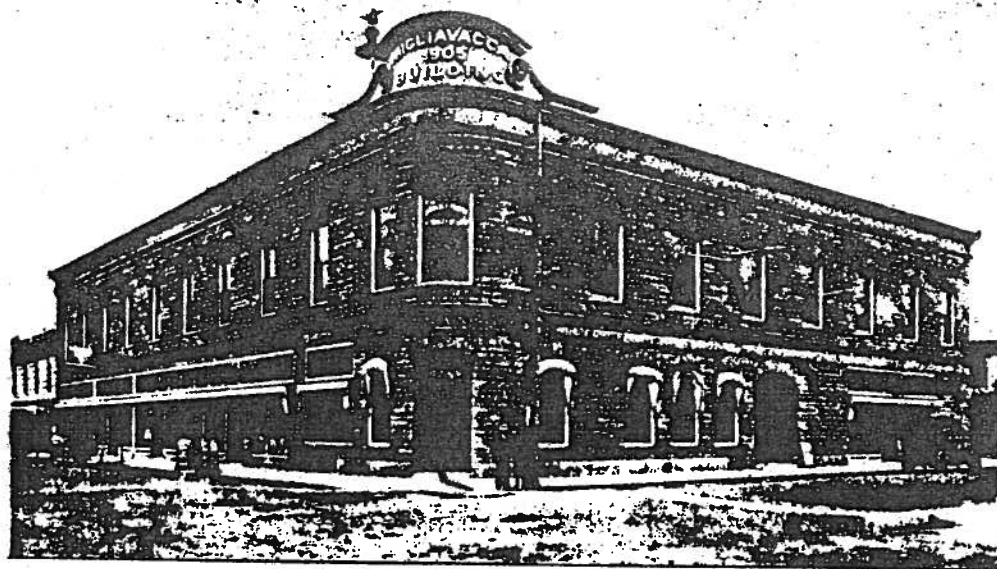


NAPA CITY

Ferrero, Alex., 43 Vallejo st.
Ferroggiaro, A. N., salesman, 317 Randolph st.
Mrs. A. N. Ferroggiaro.
Ferroggiaro, L., glove maker, B. st.
Mrs. L. Ferroggiaro.
Ferroggiaro, Mrs. V., 709 First.

Canepa, J., 500 N. Seminary st.
Mrs. J. Canepa.
Cantillon, Rev. Barnabas, Ass't Rector Catholic Church, 130 Caymus st.
Caravariar, Mrs. I., 47 Caymus st.; son, Benj.
Caraway, J. W., teamster, 827 Brown st.
Mrs. J. W. Caraway; children, Lolita, Hubert, Russell, Harold, Mervin.
Carbone, Chas. L., Gilt Edge, 21 Main st., r. 602 First st.
Mrs. C. L. Carbone.
Carbone, Mrs. L., 223 Caymus st.
Carbone, J., wines and liquors, 99 N. Main st., r. 223 Caymus st.
Carbone, Miss Clara, 223 Caymus st.

Locketti, Mrs. M., 222 Napa st.
 Locketti, Tony, 222 Napa st.
 Locketti, Johnnie, 222 Napa st.
 Troger, Paul, glove cutter, 122 N. Co
 Troglio, Miss A., 222 Napa st.
 Troglio, P., stableman, 222 Napa st.
 Trodden, Ed., tanner, 722 Randolph st.
 Mrs. E. Trodden; son, John.



Brown Street, Across First Street. Showing the Migliavacca Office and Bank Building.

may be mentioned: the prune, cherry, peach, apple, and Bartlett pear. Apricots, plums, figs, oranges, lemons, olives and several others also do well. Each variety requires a particular kind of soil, and much experience was necessary until their requirements were understood, but the experimental stage is past and fruit growing is today an established and profitable occupation.

Grapes are grown with great success and Napa wines are said to be specially well flavored. Near St. Helena the hills as well as the valleys are planted in vines. The Greystone Cellar above St. Helena is claimed to be the largest wine cellar in the world.

Poultry and Cattle Raising

In the foothills near Calistoga, poultry raising is quite an important feature. The climate, neither too hot nor too cold, seems specially adapted to its success.

Cattle raising and dairying are followed on land not so well adapted to fruit. Thus we see that the variety of occupations pursued here with success can hardly be equaled anywhere.

Near Calistoga are situated several quicksilver mines, which are among the richest in the state. The hills also give evidence of wealth as yet undiscovered.

For the Camper

Here are narrow valleys and canyons, with high hills on each side, giving shade and comfort to the camper, who can rest here if he chooses, or he can explore the neighboring canyons, visiting other springs by stage or on foot. This exhilarating exercise and change of living for a time, makes Calistoga and its surroundings a favorite to the lover of out-door life.

Summer Resorts

We are well supplied by Nature with the best of mineral waters and springs and the accommodations at the resorts are excellent. A short stay at one of them will refresh mind and body. A few places may be mentioned, as the Napa Soda Springs, St. Helena Sanitarium, Samuel Springs, Aetna, White Sulphur, Walters, and others.

Climate One of Greatest Attractions

One of the greatest among all the attractions of California is the climate and that of Napa can scarcely be excelled by that of any other county. In midwinter the hills and meadows are green, as

winter is here only in name and not in reality. The coldest weather Napa people experience is about 28 degrees above zero and that is only on a frosty morning and very seldom. This is just cold enough to give a person an incentive for exercise. In the summer the temperature seldom rises over 85 degrees, and a cool breeze usually springs up from the bay in the afternoon while the nights are always cool, making sleep refreshing. A medical authority writing of the climate of California, mentions Napa Valley as being one of the most healthful places for outdoor living and camping. The average rainfall for a season is about 27 inches.

Public Roads and Other Advantages

The roads in this county are of the best, the principal ones being sprinkled every day in summer. Driving or automobiling through our valleys is indeed a pleasure and as some easterners have said, "never-to-be-forgotten." The scenery so grand and ennobling, luscious fruits at nearly all seasons, and in abundance, mineral springs and watering places numerous, the air balmy and fragrant, the heart made light through Nature's kindness. Are not these incentives sufficient to cause one to choose a home here?

The City of Napa, Its People and Officials

Napa, the county seat of the county bearing its name, is forty-six miles from San Francisco at the head of navigation on the Napa River, and is a town noted for its many pretty homes surrounded by green lawns and beautiful flowers.

Its people are enterprising, yet home loving and sociable. Its officers, the men at the head of its affairs, are men whose interest in the welfare of this community lies at heart, whose homes and families are here and who make this their permanent home. Napa owes its progress in the past as well as the present to just such men as these, whose one aim has been to work for the advancement of our city and for the benefit of the people of Napa.

Fifty years ago there were few settlers here and no conveniences while today we are among the foremost and have about us all that is modern of the world's advancement. Napa, though perhaps not perfect, is for us, the one place to live.

The City Council is taking steps to annex territory to the present limits of the city, on the north, east and west, also including the County Hospital. This, if carried out, will increase the population about 1000.

Our population at present is a little over 6000. Our manufacturing establishments are numerous and send their goods to all parts of

the states while many people find employment in the factories at very fair wages. In summer, whole families work in the fruit, camping near the work, thus spending a profitable vacation.

Furthering the Interests of Napa

The Napa Chamber of Commerce, composed of about 250 of the most public-spirited citizens, is, through the secretary and its various committees, making special efforts to present the advantages of Napa to the world.

Through the advertising already done a number of eastern people have located here recently. Special inducements will be offered to manufacturing industries to locate here.

The new Chamber of Commerce Building, corner of Brown and Clay streets, is a monument to the public-spiritedness of our citizens and is always open to the public.

State Hospital

One mile south of Napa is located the State Hospital for the Insane, where at present about 1300 inmates are cared for. The buildings and a farm of 1100 acres belonging to it cost in the neighborhood of \$2,000,000. One hundred and ninety officers and attendants are employed. No one should leave Napa without having visited this institution.

A Trip Up the Valley

After noting the many pretty homes in the rural districts near by and viewing the residence section of the town and the new park on Seminary Street, we will leave the city by one of the several routes, for a trip up the valley, tarrying here and there on the way. After a drive of two and one half miles we come to Union Station, where the packing house of Wm. M. Fisher & Co., stands. Here hundreds of tons of prunes as well as peaches, pears, etc., are annually dried, graded, and packed. It is nothing unusual here to see ten and twelve acres of ground covered with trays of prunes, all drying at one time. And this fruit is dried and trays refilled three and four times a season, depending on crops. This fruit is shipped to eastern cities, principally.

Two steam car routes and the electric railroad furnish transportation to the markets.

Drying and Packing Fruit

Half a mile from here are the orchards of S. M. Tool, where likewise drying fruit is an important feature though more prominent here, is the shipping of green fruits to eastern markets.

This fruit cannot be allowed to ripen fully, but must be picked slightly green. Thus easterners cannot know the deliciousness of our ripe fruit when picked fresh from the trees as we get it.

No Rain in Summer

Continuing northward on the main county road we notice grain stacked up in the fields without any covering, but when it is known that our county knows nothing of rain in the summer months it is understood. The heavy dew in the morning supplies part of the moisture needed. Irrigation in this section is not necessary.

Oak Knoll and Eshcol Ranch

We next stop at Oak Knoll where another fruit center exists. Shipping full cars is a daily occurrence in the fruit season. The Oak Knoll Ranch was one of the first to plant fruit trees successfully in this valley. Across the road is the Eshcol Ranch, owned by Clark Fawver. Nearly 200 acres are in vines, and many hundred tons of grapes are crushed annually. The picking season is a busy time and a visit to the ranch at this period is well worth while.

Dry Creek and the Veterans' Home

Seven miles across the valley at an elevation of 1000 feet we notice a group of buildings which proves to be the famous Napa Soda Springs. Hastening onward we come to Dry Creek (Darms Station) on the electric line. This creek has its source in the Redwood Canyon, and in winter and spring it sometimes runs almost bank full, emptying into Napa River. This is when trout and salmon run up, later, when the water is lower much sport is indulged in in catching the fish.

Orchards Near Darms Station

Adjoining this creek and neighborhood many choice orchards are to be found; while not as large as many, the quality can not be excelled. The orchards of Joe Tyther, as well as those of Messrs. Kelly, Haas, Klam and Darms Brothers are located here and shipments made daily.

Veterans' Home

Trubody Station lies half a mile beyond, but we hasten on and reach the Veterans' Home, a little city of 700 inhabitants. Here are the heroes of the war. Men who left dear homes and bright prospects for a noble cause, to defend our country and our honor. They have fought the fight and won, but nearly all carry the scars

NAPA DIRECTORY (1912-13)

55

Ferrero Louis C, cutter Cal Glove Co, b 43 Vallejo.
 Ferroggiaro Anton N, clk E R Gifford Co, r 203 S Seminary.
 Ferroggiaro Louis, cutter Cal Glove Co, r 19 B.
 Ferroggiaro Nino, glove mkr, b 223 Napa.
 Ferroggiaro Mrs Virginia, b 709 1st.

Ferrero Louis ctr Cal Glove Co b 43 Vallejo
 Ferrero Victor ctr Cal Glove Co b 43 Vallejo
 Ferroggiaro Albert chauffeur b 223 Napa
 Ferroggiaro Anton N dept mgr Gifford Co h 203 Seminary
 Ferroggiaro Louis ctr Cal Glove Co h 43 B
 Ferroggiaro Virginia (wid G B) b 709 1st
 Fickas Adam h 1107 Calistoga

Ferris Wm B lab rms 222 Yount
 Ferroggiaro Alb chauf G G Pinkham r 205 Randolph
 Ferroggiaro Anton N dept mgr E R Gifford Co r 203 Seminary
 Ferroggiaro Louis (Margt) ctr Cal Glove Co r 43 B
 Ferroggiaro Ruth emp Cal Glove Co b 205 Randolph
 Ferroggiaro Virginia (wid Giulio B) r 223 Napa
 Fickas Adam (Polly E) r 1105 Calistoga av

FERRO GLOVE CO (Louis and Albt Ferrogiaro) 1630 B
Ferrogiaro Albt (Ferro Glove Co) r1031 Napa
Ferrogiaro Anthony N (Clara) gen mgr E R Gifford Co h742
Seminary
Ferrogiaro Louis (Margt; Ferro Glove Co) h1331 B
Ferrogiaro Virginia (wid John D) h1031 Napa

of battle upon them. These buildings and a farm of several hundred acres are owned by the state, but the expenses are partly borne by the United States Government.

Yountville

Yountville, nine miles north of Napa, is nestled amongst the hills which were almost close the valley but just above the city they widen out again making the situation of the town very picturesque.

This city has recently decided to close the saloons and stop the sale of intoxicating liquors.

While prohibition is fast claiming the western country, our fertile lands produce a variety, thus practically remaining unaffected by political movements.

This place is named after the pioneer Geo. C. Yount, who in 1831, made the perilous trip across the plains and settled here. On several occasions while at work in the field with his men they had to seek shelter in their cabins and fight off the Indians, who were then quite hostile.

Oakville

Oakville, three miles further on, is the center of many large vineyards and cellars, some quite prominent. Here most of the varieties of grapes are grafted on the resistant stock, a cutting imported from France. The Government experimental station is also located here and is conducted for the benefit of the grape grower.

Toward the west and over several hills and valleys a road leads into the neighboring county, Sonoma.

Rutherford

Two miles beyond is Rutherford, which, too, claims some special features, prune orchards and vineyards are the most in evidence.

A road toward the east from here will take you to Chiles Valley, an attractive little place, partly planted to vines and orchards.

St. Helena

Again we speed northward and arrive at the suburbs of St. Helena, eighteen miles from Napa. As we enter the pretty little city (2000 inhabitants) our first glance assures us that enterprise prevails here as well as good management in city affairs. The streets are clean and well kept, and in the residence section they are lined with immense shade trees, and many beautiful and expensive homes are evidence of wealth and prosperity. The drives are beautiful, the gardens and lawns prominent. Many springs close by with their waters clear as crystal. Churches

are numerous and schools the best. Its people with glad welcome bid us remain, which pleasure we must defer for a time.

The Crystal Springs

We take an avenue eastward two miles along the creek and foot hills and one mile up the mountain side to the Crystal Springs, where also is situated the St. Helena Sanitarium.

Beautiful is the view we here are permitted to gaze upon, looking over orchards and valleys and small hills. Yonder the train is winding its way along the foot hills and the Napa Creek. Here on our right from out the mountain's depths gushes forth a spring clear and cool. A lark on yonder tree is singing its praises to nature's kindness. Could we all this ignore?

Calistoga, The Geysers, and Petrified Forest

Reluctantly we retrace our steps down into the valley and again wend our way north toward the mountain which seems to stand in our way. But before reaching it we enter Calistoga, the terminus of the steam cars, and a model little town nestled at the foot of St. Helena Mountain. From appearance the people here are free from care. Summer resorts and resting places are numerous and close at hand, where people come to spend a vacation. The Geysers, where hot water gushes from the ground, can be visited by stage. A petrified forest, owned by the government, is a wonder of nature, and not far off, stages to the different places are in waiting. Shall we go to these or climb the mountain height? Suppose we climb to the summit and view the valleys from the clouds! How pure and clear the air! How grand a view! It was well worth the exertion.

On the Summit of Mt. St. Helena

On the summit we come to the boundary line where three counties join—Napa, Sonoma and Lake. We look with awe into the crater which Indians tell us was once a volcano and from appearances must have been; but it is now extinct. Looking southward from this lofty height among the clouds, through the clear air we view with ecstasy the beauty of the valley just travelled. Down over hills that seemed mountains before, into little valleys, as a bird would look down upon us, so we scan the depths below, our eyes held by unknown power as it were at the stations where we lingered on our upward way. O may these pleasant memories never be erased from our minds.

Napa Valley—the kindness of her people the grandeur of her nature, here would I linger long.

H. A. D.

RESUME of. STEPHEN L. CARBONE

P.O. Box 199
Calistoga, CA 94515
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 - A. I.R.A. (Individual Retirement Accounts)
 - B. KEOGH Plans
 - C. Mutual Funds
 - D. Tax-Free Bonds
 - E. Real Estate
- VI. Estate Conservation

QUALIFICATIONS

B.S. Mathematics, Marquette University
Completion of College Level Accounting Courses
General Manager, 5 Years, Agricultural & Industrial Equipment
Dealership
Member, International Business Network
(Business Support Organization)
Member, American Entrepreneur Association
(Professional Business Opportunity Counselors)
Member, International Association of Business & Financial Consultants
(Professional Financial Brokers Organization)

PERSONAL

Born in Norwood, Massachusetts
Residing in Calistoga, California for 12 years

PHILOSOPHY

"In serving my client, I shall recommend that course of action or
provide that service which I would have applied to myself."