

NAPA COUNTY

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

1195 THIRD STREET • ROOM 201 • NAPA, CALIFORNIA 94559-3092 PHONE 707-253-4351 • FAX 707-253-4627 www.co.napa.ca.us/PublicWorks/Default.htm

ROBERT J. PETERSON Director of Public Works County Surveyor-County Engineer Road Commissioner

WATER AVAILABILITY ANALYSIS

PHASE 1 STUDY

Introduction: As an applicant for a permit with Napa County, It has been determined that Chapter 13.15 of the Napa County Code is applicable to approval of your permit. One step of the permit process is to adequately evaluate the amount of water your project will use and the potential impact your application might have on the static groundwater levels within your neighborhood. The public works department requires that a Phase 1 Water Availability Analysis (WAA) be included with your application. The purpose of this form is to assist you in the preparation of this analysis. You may present the analysis in an alternative form so long as it substantially includes the information required below. Please include any calculations you may have to support your estimates.

The reason for the WAA is for you, the applicant, to inform us, to the best of your ability, what changes in water use will occur on your property as a result of an approval of your permit application. By examining the attached guidelines and filling in the blanks, you will provide the information we require to evaluate potential impacts to static water levels of neighboring wells.

Step #1:

Provide a map and site plan of your parcel(s). The map should be an 8-1/2"x11" reproduction of a USGS quad sheet (1:24,000 scale) with your parcel outlined on the map. Include on the map the nearest neighboring well. The site plan should be an 8-1/2"x11" site plan of your parcel(s) with the locations of all structures, gardens, vineyards, etc in which well water will be used. If more than one water source is available, indicate the interconnecting piping from the subject well to the areas of use. Attach these two sheets to your application. If multiple parcels are involved, clearly show the parcels from which the fair share calculation will be based and properly identify the assessors parcel numbers for these parcels. Identify all existing or proposed wells.

<u>Step #2:</u> Determine total parcel acreage and water allotment factor. If your project spans multiple parcels, please fill a separate form for each parcel.

Determine the allowable water allotment for your parcels:

Step #4:

Provide any other information that may be significant to this analysis. For example, any calculations supporting your estimates, well test information including draw down over time, historical water data, visual observations of water levels, well drilling information, changes in neighboring land uses, the usage if other water sources such as city water or reservoirs, the timing of the development, etc. Use additional sheets if necessary.

See Water Availability Analysis Supporting Calculations prepared by Applied Civil Engineering Incorporated (attached).

Conclusion: Congratulations! Just sign the form and you are done! Public works staff will now compare your projected future water usage with a threshold of use as determined for your parcel(s) size, location, topography, rainfall, soil types, historical water data for your area, and other hydrogeologic information. They will use the above information to evaluate if your proposed project will have a detrimental effect on groundwater levels and/or neighboring well levels. Should that evaluation result in a determination that your project may adversely impact neighboring water levels, a phase two water analysis may be required. You will be advised of such a decision.

Signature: 14/4/2008 Phone: 707-320-4968



Parcel Location Factors

Revised Phase One Analysis from Applicant

The allowable allotment of water is based on the location of your parcel.

There are 3 different location classifications. Valley floor areas include all locations that are within the Napa Valley, Pope Valley and Carneros Region, except for areas specified as groundwater deficient areas. Groundwater deficient areas are areas that have been determined by the public works department as having a history of problems with groundwater. All other areas are classified as Mountain Areas. Please circle your location classification below (Public Works can assist you in determining your classification if necessary):

Valley Floor

1.0 acre feet per acre per year

Mountain Areas

0.5 acre feet per acre per year

MST Groundwater Deficient Area

0.3 acre feet per acre per year

| Number(s) | Parcel Size (A) | Rarcel Location Factor (B) | Allowable Water Allotment (A) X (B) |
|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 020-350-038 | 12.63 ac | 1.0 AF/acre | 12.63 AF |

Step #3:

Using the guidelines in Attachment A, tabulate the existing and projected future water usage on the parcel(s) in acre-feet per year (af/yr). Transfer the information from the guidelines to the table below.

| EXISTING USE: | | PROPOSED USE | : (w/ Cave) | w/o Cave |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Residential | 0.75_ af/yr | Residential | af/yr | |
| Farm Labor Dwelli | ngaf/yr | Farm Labor Dwelli | | |
| Winery | af/yr | Winery | 0.53 af/yr | 0.53 af/yr |
| Commercial | af/yr | Commercial | af/yr | |
| Vineyard* | 2.20_ af/yr | Vineyard* | 2.04 af/yr | 1.97 af/yr |
| Other Agriculture | af/yr | Other Agriculture | af/yr | - |
| Landscaping | af/yr | Landscaping | af/yr | |
| Other Usage (List S | Separately): | Other Usage (List | | |
| | af/yr | Winery Office | • • • | .04 af/yr |
| | af/yr | | af/yr | |
| | af/yr | *** | af/yr | |
| TOTAL: | 2.95 af/yr | TOTAL: | 2.61 af/yr | 2.54 af/yr |
| TOTAL: | 961,261 gallons" | TOTAL: | 850,472 gallons | 827,662 gallons |

^{*}Water use for vineyards should be no lower than 0.2 AF—unless irrigation records are available that show otherwise.

^{**}To determine your existing and proposed total water use in gallons, multiply the totals (in acre- feet) by 325,821 gal/AF.

<u>Attachment A: Estimated Water Use Guidelines</u>

Typical Water Use Guidelines:

Primary Residence Secondary Residence Farm Labor Dwelling 0.5 to 0.75 acre-feet per year (includes some landscaping)

0.20 to 0.30 acre-feet per year

0.06 to 0.10 acre-feet per person per year

Non-Residential Guidelines:

Agricultural:

Vineyards

Irrigation only
Heat Protection
Frost Protection
Farm Labor Dwelling
Irrigated Pasture

Orchards Livestock (sheep or cows) 0.2 to 0.5 acre-feet per acre per year

0.25 acre feet per acre per year0.25 acre feet per acre per year

0.06 to 0.10 acre-feet per person per year

4.0 acre-feet per acre per year 4.0 acre-feet per acre per year 0.01 acre-feet per acre per year

Winery:

Process Water
Domestic and Landscaping

2.15 acre-feet per 100,000 gal. of wine 0.50 acre-feet per 100,000 gal. of wine

Industrial:

Food Processing Printing/Publishing

31.0 acre-feet per employee per year 0.60 acre-feet per employee per year

Commercial:

Office Space Warehouse

0.01 acre-feet per employee per year 0.05 acre-feet per employee per year

PHASE I WATER ANALYSIS SUPPORTING CALCULATIONS FOR VENGE WINERY

LOCATED AT:
4708 Silverado Trail
Calistoga, CA 94515
NAPA COUNTY APN 020-350-038

PREPARED BY:

Applied Civil Engineering Incorporated 2074 West Lincoln Avenue Napa, California 94558 Telephone: (707) 320-4968 www.appliedcivil.com

EXISTING WATER USE

Assumptions:

- 1. Per Attachment A, assume Single Family Residence uses 0.75 Acre-Feet/Year including some landscaping.
- 2. The parcel contains 11 acres of vineyard. Per conversations with the Vineyard Manager and using the Napa County guidelines, assume 0.2 Acre-Feet per acre per year for the vineyard. The vineyard does not use water for heat or frost protection.

Residential Use (Acre-Feet/Year)

0.75 Single Family Residence

0.75 Acre-Feet/Year Total Residential Use

Agricultural Use (Acre-Feet/Year)

11 Acres of existing vineyard

0.2 Acre-Feet/Acre/Year

2.2 Acre-Feet/Year Total Agricultural Use

TOTAL EXISTING WATER USAGE 2.95 Acre-Feet/Year

PROPOSED WATER USE

Assumptions:

- 1. Production capacity of proposed winery is 20,000 gallons per year.
- 2. Per Attachment A, winery usage will include process, domestic and landscaping uses for a total of 2.65 Acre-Feet per 100,000 gallons of wine per year.
- 3. The proposed winery development will require the removal of approximately 0.8 acre of vineyard.
- 4. The development proposes to use the existing residence for winery offices. To calculate water usage for employees, use Attachment A, commercial office space usage of 0.01 Acre-Feet per employee per year.

Winery Office Use (Acre-Feet/Year)

- 4 Employees (2 Full-Time, 2 Part-Time)
- .01 Acre-Feet/Employee/Year

0.04 Acre-Feet/Year Total Office Use

Winery Use

20,000 Gallons of Wine/Year

2.65 Acre-Feet/Year per 100,000 Gallons of Wine

0.53 Acre-Feet/Year Total Winery Use

Vineyard Use

10.2 Acres of existing vineyard

0.2 Acre-Feet/Acre/Year

2.04 Acre-Feet/Year Total Vineyard Use

TOTAL PROPOSED WATER USAGE 2.61 Acre-Feet/Year

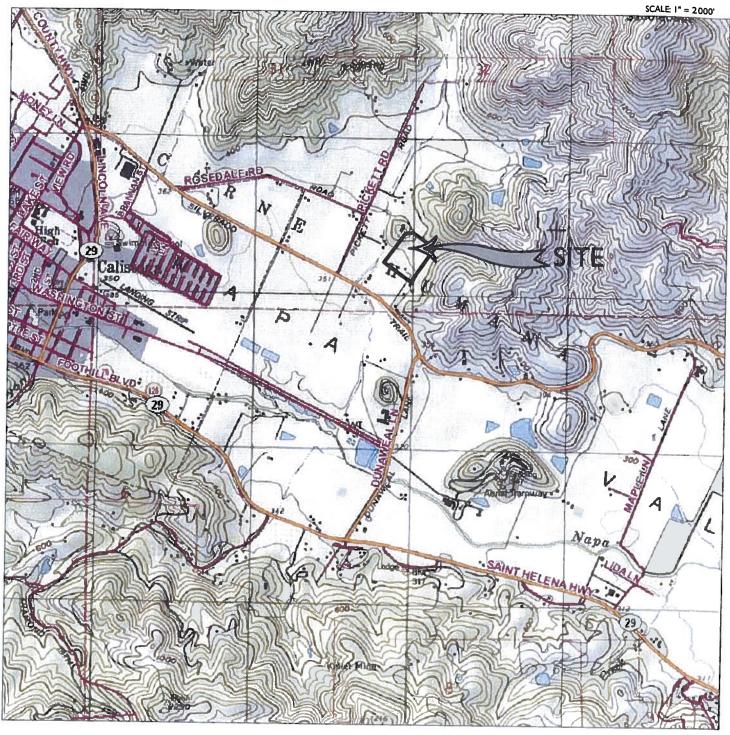
CONCLUSION:

The Phase I Water Analysis calculations in this analysis use a parcel location factor of 1.0 Acre-Feet per year based on the fact that a majority of the parcel is relatively flat similar to the Valley Floor. The existing and proposed water use falls below the fair share allotment. Furthermore, if the Mountain Areas parcel location factor was to be used in the calculations, the existing and proposed water use would still fall below the fair share allotment.

SITE TOPOGRAPHY MAP

REPRESENTS A PORTION OF THE USGS 7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE "CALISTOGA"
REPRODUCED FROM NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC TOPO!
OUTDOOR RECREATION MAPPING SOFTWARE







2074 West Lincoln Avenue Napa, CA 94558 (707)320-4968 (707)320-2395 Fax www.appliedcivil.com VENGE WINERY 4708 SILVERADO TRAIL CALISTOGA, CA 94515

APN 020-350-038

JOB NO. 08-141

DECEMBER 2008



Napa County Department of Environmental Management CUPA-Related Business Activities Form

| Business Name: Venge Vineyards, Inc. | - Marrie anni Africa de Carre |
|---|--|
| Business Address: 4708 Silverado Trail Calistoga, CA | 94515 |
| Contact: Kirk Venge Phone #: 707- | 942-9100 |
| A. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Have on site (for any purpose) hozaidous materials at or above 55 gallous for liquids, 500 pounds for solids, or 200 cubic feet for compressed gases (include liquids in AST's and UST's or hundle radiological materials in quantities for which an emergency plan is required pursuant to 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 or 70? | D YES 🛎 NO |
| B. UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS (UST's) 1. Own or operate underground storage tanks? | □ YES ☒ NO |
| 2. Intend to upgrade existing or install new UST's? | ☐ YES Ø NO |
| | |
| C. ABOVE GROUND STORAGE TANKS (ASPs) Own or eperate ASP's above these thresholds: Any tank capacity with a capacity greater than 660 gallous, or -The total capacity for the facility is greater than 1,320 gallous? | ⊔ YES ଔ NO |
| D. HAZARDOUS WASTE | And the surgeon of the forest surgeon of the surgeo |
| Generate hazardous waste? | □ YES ☒ NO |
| Recycle more than 220 ths trained of exchaled or exempted recyclable materials (per HASC §25143.2)? | □ YES 🔯 NO |
| 3. Treat hazardous waste on sinc® | YES Z NO |
| 4. Freatment subject to financial assurance requirements (for Permit by Rule and Conditional Authorization)? | O YES & NO |
| 5. Consolidate hazardous waste generated at a remote site? | ☐ YES ❷ NO |
| | |
| E. OTHER | |
| Does the business activity include can fleet washing, mobile detailing, auto-body related activities? | ☐ YES 웹 NO |
| Does the business handle Extremely Hazardous Substances in amounts that would qualify for the Risk Management Program? Some examples and their thresholds common to Napa County include: Ammonta = 500 lbs, Sulfur Dioxide = 500 lbs, Chloring ≈ 500 lbs. | □ YES थ NO |
| | |

Business Activity, doe (1/99) -1/2

Hev. 2/02

ONSITE WASTEWATER DISPOSAL FEASIBILTY STUDY

FOR

VENGE WINERY

LOCATED AT: 4708 Silverado Trail Calistoga, CA 94515 NAPA COUNTY APN 020-350-038

> PREPARED FOR: Venge Vineyards c/o Kirk Venge 4708 Silverado Trail Calistoga, CA 94515

Telephone: (707) 942-9100

RECEIVED

DEC 0 4 2008

MAPA CO. CONSERVATION DEVELOPMENT & PLANNING DEPT.

PREPARED BY:



2074 West Lincoln Avenue Napa, California 94558 Telephone: (707) 320-4968 www.appliedcivil.com

Job Number: 08-141



Michael R. Muelrath R.C.E. 67435 Date

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INTRODUCTION

Venge Vineyards, Inc. is applying for a Use Permit to construct and operate a new winery at 4708 Silverado Trail in Napa County, California. The subject property, known as Napa County Assessor's Parcel Number 020-350-038, is located just east of Silverado Trail, approximately 0.2 miles north of the intersection of Dunaweal Lane and Silverado Trail.

The use permit application under consideration proposes the construction and operation of a new winery with the following characteristics:

- Wine Production:
 - o 20,000 gallons of wine per year
 - o Crushing, fermenting, aging and bottling
- Employees:
 - o Two (2) full-time employees
 - o Two (2) part-time employees
- Marketing Plan:
 - Daily Tours and Tastings by Appointment
 - 20 visitors per day maximum
 - o Private Food and Wine Events for Trade
 - 3 per year
 - 10 guests maximum
 - o Private Food and Wine Events
 - 5 per year
 - 30 guests maximum
 - Wine Auction or Similar Charity Events
 - 2 per year
 - 30 guests maximum

Existing improvements on the property include an existing residence, existing vineyard and the associated driveway and utility infrastructure improvements. The existing residence is currently served by a standard gravity distribution type septic system. As part of the winery development plan the existing residence will be converted to a winery accessory use.

Kirk Venge has requested that Applied Civil Engineering Incorporated (ACE) evaluate the feasibility of disposing of the winery process wastewater and the winery domestic sanitary wastewater via an onsite wastewater disposal system and determine whether or not it is feasible to utilize all or part of the existing septic system to accommodate the wastewater from the proposed winery. The remainder of this report describes the onsite soil conditions, the existing septic system, the predicted process and sanitary wastewater flows and outlines the conceptual design of improvements to the existing septic system to serve the proposed winery.

SOILS INFORMATION

The United States Department of Agriculture Soil Conservation Service Soils Map for Napa County shows a majority of the parcel mapped as Pleasanton loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes and the northern corner of the parcel is mapped as Forward-Kidd complex, 50 to 75 percent slopes.

A site specific soils analysis was conducted during a site evaluation performed by ACE on October 7, 2008. The site evaluation consisted of the excavation and observation of nine test pits in the eastern portion of the property near the proposed winery site. During our site evaluation we found approximately 72 to 78 inches of sandy clay loam soil with a moderate to strong angular blocky to subangular blocky structure. None of the test pits exhibited signs of groundwater as evidenced by a free water table or redoximorphic mottling.

EXISTING SEPTIC SYSTEM

The existing septic system consists of a 1,500 gallon septic tank and approximately 680 lineal feet of standard gravity distribution leach lines. The leach lines were installed in 1988 by Blakeley Construction. At that time a 1,200 gallon septic tank was also installed. The 1,200 gallon septic tank was replaced in 1996 by the 1,500 gallon septic tank that exists today.

The existing leach line trenches are approximately 36 inches deep with 24 inches of gravel in the bottom of the trenches. The invert of the perforated polyvinylchloride (PVC) gravity distribution laterals are approximately 18 inches above the trench bottom, within the gravel backfill.

See Appendix 4 for the Napa County Department of Environmental Management Existing Individual Septic System Inspection Report Form prepared by Blakeley Construction for complete details about the existing septic system.

PREDICTED WASTEWATER FLOW

The onsite wastewater disposal system will be designed for the peak winery process wastewater flow and the peak sanitary wastewater flow from the proposed winery.

Winery Process Wastewater

We have used the generally accepted standard that six gallons of winery process wastewater are generated for each gallon of wine that is produced each year and that 1.5 gallons of wastewater are generated during the crush period for each gallon of wine that is produced. Based on the size of the winery we have assumed a 45 day crush period. Using these assumptions, the annual, average and peak winery process wastewater flows are calculated as follows:

Annual Winery Process Wastewater Flow =
$$\frac{20,000 \text{ gallons wine}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{6 \text{ gallons wastewater}}{\text{I gallon wine}}$$

Annual Winery Process Wastewater Flow = 120,000 gallons per year

Average Winery Process Wastewater Flow =
$$\frac{120,000 \text{ gallons}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{1 \text{ year}}{365 \text{ days}}$$

Average Winery Process Wastewater Flow = 329 gallons per day (gpd)

Peak Winery Process Wastewater Flow =
$$\frac{20,000 \text{ gallons wine}}{\text{year}} \times \frac{\text{1.5 gallons wastewater}}{\text{I gallon wine}} \times \frac{\text{1 year}}{\text{45 crush days}}$$

Peak Winery Process Wastewater Flow = 667 gallons per day (gpd)

Winery Sanitary Wastewater

The peak sanitary wastewater flow from the winery is calculated based on the number of winery employees, the number of daily visitors for tours and tastings and the number of guests attending trade and marketing events. In accordance with Table 4 of the Napa County Environmental Management Department "Regulations for Design, Construction, and Installation of Alternative Sewage Treatment Systems" we have used a design flow rate of 15 gallons per day per employee and 3 gallons per day per visitor for tours and tastings. Table 4 does not specifically address design wastewater flows for guests at marketing events. Since the applicant is proposing to have food service at these marketing events and all food will be catered, we have conservatively estimated 5 gallons of wastewater per guest at marketing events. Based on these assumptions, the peak winery sanitary wastewater flows are calculated as follows:

Employees

Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 4 employees X 15 gpd per employee

Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 60 gpd

Daily Tours and Tastings

Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 20 visitors per day X 3 gallons per visitor

Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 60 gpd

Marketing Events

Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 30 guests X 5 gallons per guest

Peak Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 150 gpd

Total Peak Winery Sanitary Wastewater Flow

Assuming that daily tours and tastings and marketing events may occur on the same day, the total peak winery sanitary wastewater flow is calculated as follows:

Total Peak Winery Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 60 gpd + 60 gpd + 150 gpd

Total Peak Winery Sanitary Wastewater Flow = 270 gpd

Combined Peak Wastewater Flow

Combined Peak Wastewater Flow = Peak Winery Process Wastewater Flow + Total Peak Winery Sanitary Wastewater Flow

Combined Peak Flow = 667 gpd + 270 gpd

Combined Peak Flow = 937 gpd

RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the anticipated wastewater flows and the finding of 72 to 78 inches of acceptable clay loam soil with a moderate to strong angular blocky to subangular blocky structure, ACE recommends that the process and sanitary wastewater generated at the proposed winery be disposed of onsite in a standard gravity distribution type septic system.

Required Disposal Field Area

The disposal field area is calculated based upon the design hydraulic loading rate for the soil conditions and the effective trench sidewall area. Based on the findings of 72 to 78 inches of acceptable soil depth and a minimum requirement of 36 inches of undisturbed soil between the trench bottom and the limiting condition, we recommend using 36 inch deep trenches filled with 24 inches of gravel. The invert of the distribution lateral should be placed 18 inches below existing grade, within the gravel strata. This proposed trench configuration provides four square feet of sidewall area per lineal foot of trench. Based on these design parameters, the required length of trench is calculated as follows:

Required Length of Trench = 937 gpd ×
$$\frac{1 \text{ square foot}}{0.33 \text{ gpd}}$$
 × $\frac{1 \text{ lineal foot}}{4 \text{ square feet}}$

Required Length of Trench = 710 lineal feet, use 800 lineal feet

Existing Septic System

Approximately 500 out of the 680 lineal feet of existing standard gravity distribution leach lines are located within the proposed winery development area and will be removed during construction. The remaining 180 lineal feet of standard gravity distribution leach lines can be utilized toward the required 800 lineal feet of trench calculated above. An additional 620 lf of leach line trench will be required to provide a total of 800 lineal feet.



Available Disposal Field Area

Based on the topographic map prepared by Albion Surveys, ACE has determined that there is enough area to install the required 520 lineal feet of standard gravity distribution laterals in the vicinity of Test Pits #1, #2 and #3. The conceptual layout of the laterals is shown on the Venge Winery Conceptual Site Plan prepared by ACE, dated November 2008.

100% Reserve Area

Napa County code requires that an area be set aside to accommodate a future onsite wastewater disposal system in the event that the primary system fails. Based on the topographic map prepared by Albion Surveys, ACE has determined that there is enough area to set aside for an additional 800 lineal feet of standard gravity distribution laterals in the vicinity of Test Pits #5 and #7.

Septic Tank Capacity

We recommend that two 1,500 gallon septic tanks be installed to provide a minimum of three days hydraulic retention time for peak winery process wastewater flows as recommended by Napa County Environmental Management Department. Furthermore, for ease of operation and maintenance, we recommend that the sanitary wastewater flows from the winery buildings be kept separate from the process wastewater flows and be directed to a separate 1,500 gallon septic tank. The 1,500 gallon sanitary wastewater septic tank will provide in excess of the recommended three days of hydraulic retention time for the sanitary wastewater flows. The sanitary wastewater septic tank should be located to achieve gravity flow from the office and winery building to the septic tank and from the septic tank to the leach field. Alternatively, the existing 1,500 gallon septic tank may be utilized but effluent from the existing septic tank may have to be pumped to the leach field depending on final site layout and grading designs.

Effluent from the winery process wastewater septic tanks and effluent from the winery sanitary wastewater septic tank should join in a distribution box that will evenly distribute the effluent to the gravity distribution laterals in the disposal field.

CONCLUSION

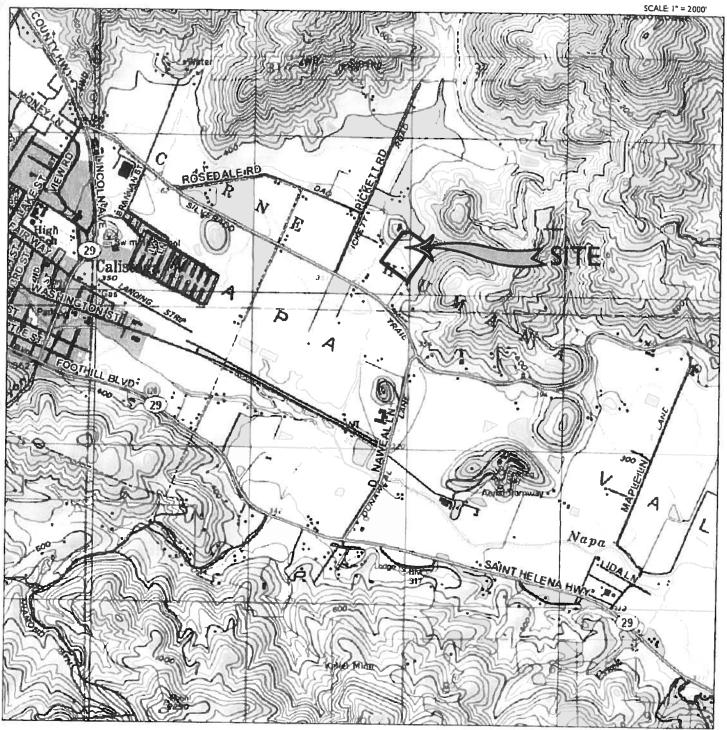
It is our opinion that the proposed winery can be served by a standard gravity distribution type onsite wastewater disposal system as generally outlined in this report. Full design calculations and construction plans should be prepared in accordance with Napa County Environmental Management Department standards at the time of building permit application.

APPENDIX I: Site Topography Map

SITE TOPOGRAPHY MAP

REPRESENTS A PORTION OF THE USGS 7.5 MINUTE QUADRANGLE "CALISTOGA" REPRODUCED FROM NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC TOPO! OUTDOOR RECREATION MAPPING SOFTWARE





ENGINEERING

2074 West Lincoln Avenue Napa. CA 94558 (707)320-4968 (707)320-2395 Fax www.appliedcivil.com

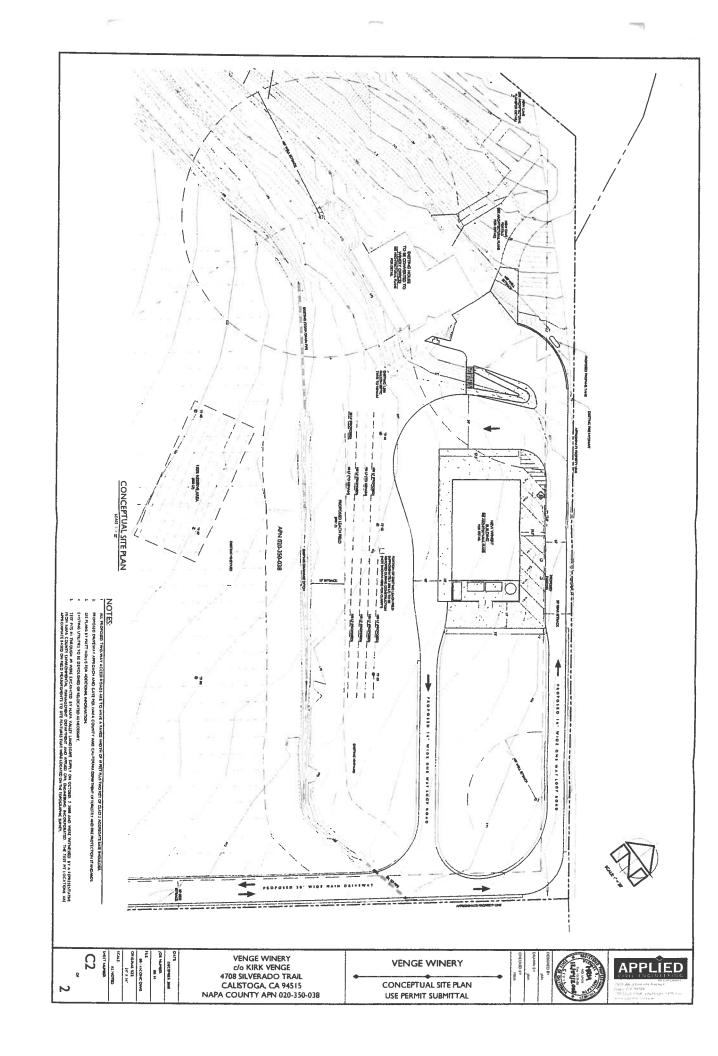
VENGE WINERY 4708 SILVERADO TRAIL

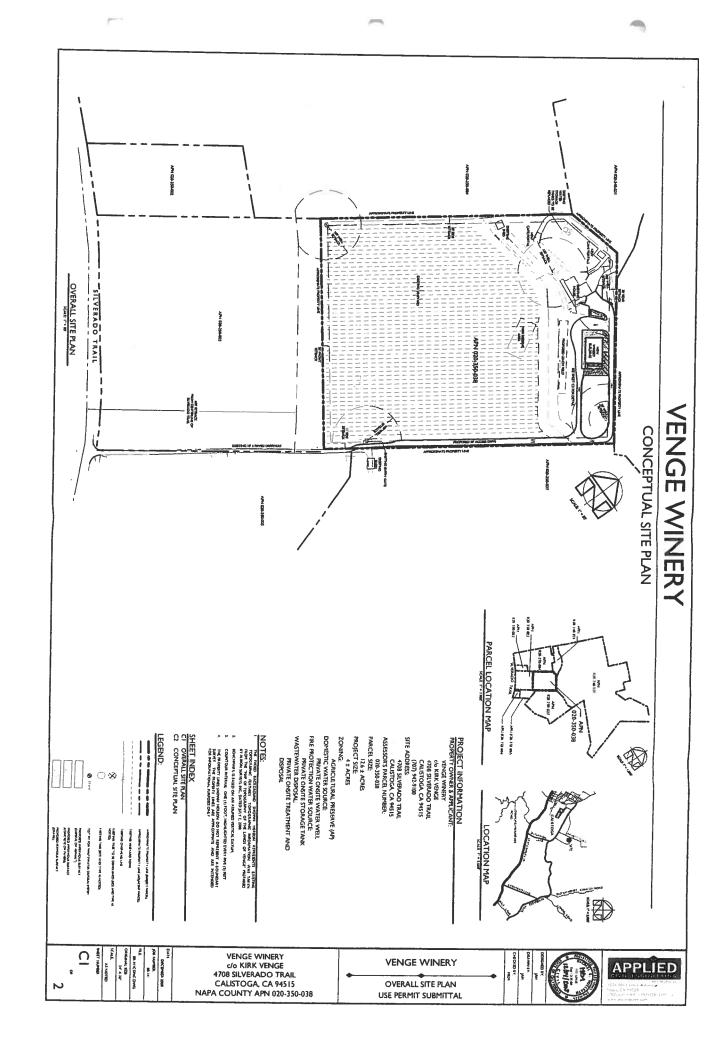
CALISTOGA, CA 94515 APN 020-350-038

JOB NO. 08-141

DECEMBER 2008

APPENDIX 2: Venge Winery Conceptual Site Plan Reduced to 11" X 17"





APPENDIX 3: Site Evaluation Report and Test Pit Map

Napa County Department of **Environmental Management**

SITE EVALUATION REPORT

| Page_ | <u>1</u> _of_ | 4_ |
|-------|---------------|----|
|-------|---------------|----|

Please attach an 8.5" x 11" plot map showing the locations of all test pits triangulated from permanent landmarks or known property corners. The map must be drawn to scale and include a North arrow, surrounding geographic and topographic features, direction and % slope, distance to drainages, water bodies, potential areas for flooding, unstable landforms, existing or proposed roads, structures, utilities, domestic water supplies, wells, ponds, existing wastewater treatment systems and facilities.

| Permit #:E08-00555 | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|--|
| APN: 020-350-038 | | |
| (County Use Only) Reviewed by: | Date: | |
| | | |

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

| I LEASE PRINT OR | I TPE ALL | INFORMATION | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-------------|---|--------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Property Owner | | | — | | | | |
| Kirk Venge | | | × | New Construction | ☐ Addition | ☐ Remodel | ☐ Relocation |
| Property Owner Mailing Address | | | 10 | Other: | | | |
| 1732 Main Street | | | | Residential - # of | Bedrooms: | Design Flow | |
| City | State | Zip | + | | | | gpd |
| St. Helena | CA | 94574 | × | Commercial - Ty | pe: Winery | | |
| Site Address/Location 4708 Silverado Trail | | | Sanitary Waste: 250 to 500 gpd Process Waste: 750 to 1,50 | : 750 to 1,500 gpd | | | |
| Calistoga, CA 94515 | | | | Other: | | | |
| | | | | Sanitary Waste: | gpd | Process Wa | aste: gpd |
| Evaluation Conducted By | • | | | | | | 353 |

| Company Name Applied Civil Engineering Incorporated | Evaluator's Name Michael R. Muelrath, R.C.E. 67435 | Signature (Civil Engineer, R.E.H.S., Geologist, Soil Scientist) **Turker** R. **Nutrat** |
|---|---|---|
| Mailing Address: 2074 West Lincoln Avenue | | Telephone Number (707) 320-4968 |
| City Napa | State Zip CA 94558 | Date Evaluation Conducted October 7, 2008 |

| Primary Area | Expansion Area |
|---|--|
| Acceptable Soil Depth: 72 to 74 inches Test pit #s: 1 & 2 | Acceptable Soil Depth: 72 to 78 inches Test pit #'s: 3,4,5,6,7,8 & 9 |
| Soil Application Rate (gal. /sq. ft. /day): 0.33 | Soil Application Rate (gal. /sq. ft. /day): 0.33 |
| System Type(s) Recommended: Standard | System Type(s) Recommended: Standard |
| Slope: <5 % Distance to nearest water source: 100+ feet | Slope: <5 % Distance to nearest water source: 100+ feet |
| Hydrometer test performed? No X Yes □ (attach results) | Hydrometer test performed? No X Yes □ (attach results) |
| Bulk Density test performed? No X Yes □ (attach results) | Bulk Density test performed? No X Yes □ (attach results) |
| Percolation test performed? No X Yes □ (attach results) | Percolation test performed? No X Yes □ (attach results) |
| Groundwater Monitoring Performed? No X Yes □ (attach results) | Groundwater Monitoring Performed? No X Yes □ (attach results) |
| Site constraints/Posemmendeti- | |

Site constraints/Recommendations:

Test Pits #1 though #9 were excavated to locate a primary and reserve area for a septic system to serve a new winery.

The soil type and structure was acceptable to the full depth explored in each of the test pits. The depth of excavation was limited by the backhoe's ability to dig within the vineyard rows and not by soil conditions.

The existing leachfield was discovered in portions of test pits #1 and #2. We recommend that an inspection be performed by an appropriately licensed contractor to determine whether or not it is feasible to re-use the existing leachfield.

The primary setbacks in the areas tested are the well setbacks and the setback to the drainage course.

Test Pit #1

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL INFORMATION

| (Inches) O-36 G <15 SCI SSP C FEE | 4 | e | | Consistence | | 84 | Tandonia | %Rock | Boundary | Horizon | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------|--------|-------------|-----|----|-----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| U-36 G <15 SCI SCB C FDD | ots Mottling | Roots | Pores | Wet | Ped | | Structure | rexture | /arcock | | (Inches) |
| | | | 05/014 | | FRB | S | SSB | SCL | <15 | G | |
| 36-74 <15 SCI MSP SU 5 CF/CM FF/ | | FF/FM FF/FM | | <u> </u> | F | SH | | | <15 | | 36-74 |

Test Pit #2

| Horizon | Boundary | %Rock | Texture | 04 | (| Consistenc | е | | | Τ |
|-------------------|----------|-------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-----|-------|-------|----------|
| Depth (inches) | | MOCK | rexture | Structure | Side Wali | Ped | Wet | Pores | Roots | Mottling |
| <u>0-66</u> | C | <15 | SCL | SSB | 8 | FRB | | 05/51 | | |
| 66-72 | | <15 | SCL | | | | 5 | CF/FM | FF | NONE |
| | | -10 | - GCL | MSB | <u> </u> | VFRB | S | FF | FM | NONE |

Test Pit #3

| Depth (Inches) Boundary %Rock Texture | Structure | Side | Ped | 10/-4 | Pores | Do-4- | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|------|------|-------|--------|-------|----------|
| | | Wall | . 54 | Wet | 1 0.03 | Roots | Mottling |
| 0-72 <15 SCL | MSB | S | FRB | S | CF/FM | FF | NONE |

Test Pit #4

| Horizon | Boundary | %Rock | Texture | 24 | C | Consistenc | е | | | T |
|-------------------|----------|-------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-----|--------|-------|----------|
| Depth (inches) | | MOCK | rexture | Structure | Side Wall | Ped | Wet | Pores | Roots | Mottling |
| 0-18 | G | <15 | SCL | SSB | SH | F | | 05/01/ | | |
| 18-74 | | <15 | SCL | MSB | | | S | CF/CM | CF | NONE |
| | | | | I MOD | | FRB | S | CF/FM | FF/FM | NONE |

Test Pit #5

| Horizon | Boundary | %Rock | Texture | S44 | C | onsistenc | е | | | |
|-------------------|----------|---|---------|-----------|--------------|-----------|----------|-------|-------|----------|
| Depth (inches) | | ZUROCK | rexture | Structure | Side Wall | Ped | Wet | Pores | Roots | Mottling |
| 0-36 | С | <15 | SCL | SSB | SH | F | | | | |
| 36-74 | | 15-30 | SCL | | | | <u> </u> | CF/CM | FF/FM | NONE |
| | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | JOL | MSB | SH | FRB | S | CF/FM | FF | NONE |

Test Pit #6

| Horizon | Boundary | %Rock | Texture | S44 | C | onsistenc | е | | | |
|-------------------|----------|--------|---------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----|-------|-------|----------|
| Depth (Inches) | | ANCOCK | rexture | Structure | Side Wall | Ped | Wet | Pores | Roots | Mottling |
| 0-48 | G | <15 | SCL | MSB | SH | FRB | S | CF/CM | FF/FM | NONE |
| 48-78 | | <15 | SCL | MSB | Н | F | S | CF | FF | NONE |

Test Pit #7

| Horizon | Boundary | %Rock | Texture | C4m4 | C | Consistenc | е | | | T |
|-------------------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|-----|-------|-------|--------------|
| Depth (inches) | | /orcock | rexture | Structure | Side Wall | Ped | Wet | Pores | Roots | Mottling |
| 0-48 | G | <15 | SCL | MSB | SH | FRB | S | CF/CM | FF/FM | NONE |
| 48-78 | | <15 | SCL | MSB | S | FRB | S | CF | FF | NONE NONE |

Test Pit #8

| Horizon | Boundary | %Rock | Texture | Camarata | C | onsistenc | e | | | |
|-------------------|----------|--------|---------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----|-------|-------|----------|
| Depth (inches) | | /BROCK | rexture | Structure | Side Wall | Ped | Wet | Pores | Roots | Mottling |
| 0-78 | | <15 | SCL | MSB | SH | FRB | S | CF/FM | FF/FM | NONE |

Test Pit #9

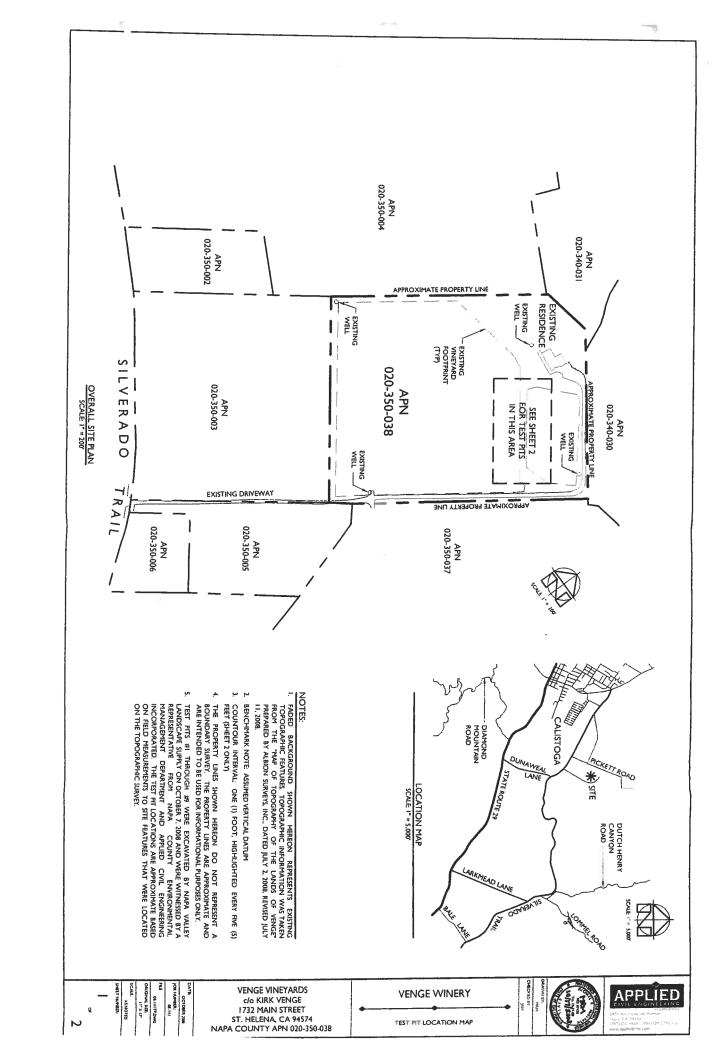
| Horizon | Boundary | %Rock | Texture | S44 | (| Consistenc | e | | 190 | Τ |
|-------------------|----------|--------|---------|-----------|--------------|------------|----------|-------|-------|----------|
| Depth (inches) | | JUNOCK | rexture | Structure | Side Wall | Ped | Wet | Pores | Roots | Mottling |
| 0-78 | | <15 | SCL | MSB | SH | FRB | S | CF/FM | FF/FM | NONE |
| | | | | OB | 011 | FRD | <u> </u> | CF/FM | FF/FM | L |

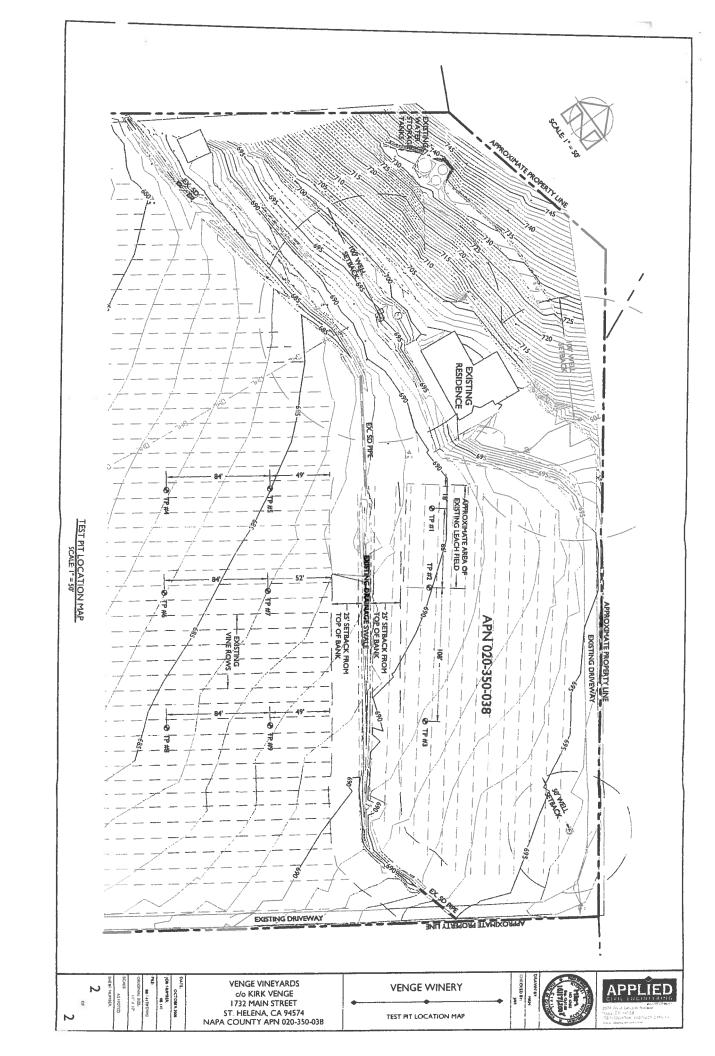
| _ | $\overline{}$ | _ | | - |
|---|---------------|---|---|---|
| - | " | - | N | |
| | | | | |

| Boundary | Texture | Structure | | Consistence | | Porce | | 1 |
|----------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | S=Sand LS=Loamy Sand SL=Sandy Loam SCL=Sandy Clay Loam SC=Sandy Clay CL=Clay Loam L=Loam C=Clay SiC=Silty Clay SiCL=Silty Clay Loam SiL=Silt Loam Si=Silt | W=Weak M=Moderate S=Strong G=Granular PI=Platy Pr=Prismatic C=Columnar B=Blocky AB=Angular Blocky SB=Subangular Blocky M=Massive SG=Single Grain C=Cemented | Side Wall L=Loose S=Soft SH=Slightly Hard H=Hard VH=Very Hard ExH=Extremely Hard | Ped L=Loose VFRB=Very Friable FRB=Friable F=Firm VF=Very Firm | Wet NS=NonSticky SS=Slightly Sticky S=Sticky VS=Very Sticky NP=NonPlastic SP=Slightly Plastic P=Plastic VP=Very Plastic | Pores Quantity: F=Few C=Common M=Many Size: VF=Very Fine F=Fine M=Medium C=Coarse VC=Very Coarse | Roots Quantity: F=Few C=Common M=Many Size: F=Fine M=Medium C=Coarse VC=Very Coarse ExC=Extremely Coarse | Mottling Quantity: F=Few C=Commo M=Many Size: F=Fine M=Medium C=Coarse Contrast: Ft=Faint D=Distinct P=Promine |

Notes:

Structure is recorded as Modifier then Structure - for example, Moderate (M) Subangular Blocky (SB) is recorded as MSB Pores and Roots are recorded as Quantity then Size – for example Few (F) Coarse (C) is recorded as FC Mottling is recorded as Quantity then Size then Contrast – for example Few (F) Coarse (C) Distinct (D) is recorded as FCD





APPENDIX 4: Napa County Department of Environmental Management Existing Individual Septic System Inspection Report Form

EXISTING INDIVIDUAL SEPTIC SYSTEM INSPECTION REPORT FORM

| PROPERTY OWNER | KIRK VENGE | DATE | 10-21-08 | |
|---|---|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| ADDRESS4708 | SILVERADO TRA | L APN_ | 20-350-38 | |
| PRIMARY TREATMENT Distance from clos | sest well: | a | | |
| this parcel 318' a | djacent parcel | Date tank was last | pumped | |
| Distance from four | perty line 140' | Pumped by DEPEA | IONSCE SEPTIC THINK PUM | PIN |
| | NETE lid CONCRETE | Pre-fab tank or po | ured in place (describe) | |
| Number of compar | tments 2 | Inside level 100' | width 48'h" depth 5 | TE. |
| Total Capacity | 1500 GMcons | mside length 704 | width_48kdepth_5 | 9 |
| Distance from close this parcel <u>HY</u> adjading from foun Distance to property Number of lines | dation 47' below y line 94' abov Trench widt | | | WHN |
| n commercial use-h | ON To presently occupied | LPT) N/A How man | y units corved by this seed- | |
| AT THIS TIME, WE | dition of the septic tank and in 1970 THUK AND BAFF | CES SEEM TO BE | E 141 (repol Condition |) |
| DEPENDITULE SEPTIC | INVO THEN WE INSPEC | CTED IT | | |
| Note. It tank is over five y | ears old, it must be inspected | d (pumping is require | d to allow inspection). | |
| Make a statement on the cor | ndition of the sump/pump (if Sump in Tites SYS. | applicable), including | g size, alarm, structure, etc. | |
| Ruch Looks Clem M | dition of the distribution box ned LEACH FIELD 15 IN M THERE IS NO SIGN | Ser Plus | EAT This Time | |
| ENDS OF LINES AND | CHECKED 3 OTHER P | MAS IN THE | WE EXPOSED ALL | |
| Note: Information on dispos All distribution boxes must b | ai ficiu musi ne aeierminea | by physically locating | g each line by exposing the | end |
| N PLOT PLAN OF THE SE TO THIS REPORT-DISTAN | PTIC SYSTEM AND ALL CE TO PONDS/STREAMS | , WELLS. BUILDING | GS, ETC. MUST BE SHO | HE Wh |
| | _ | 1 Inte Blabeles | | |

Note: In order to secure clearance of an individual sewage disposal system from the Department of Environmental Management, the system must be inspected by a licens other improvements on the property and the 100% expansion area.